

Lec-04-1 File System Permissions

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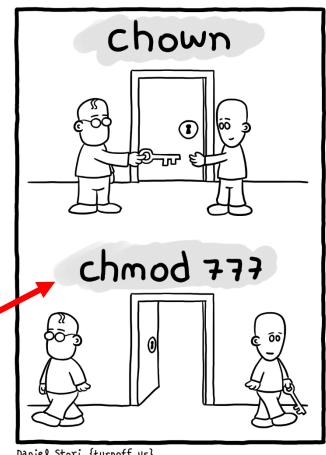
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Bachelor of Information Technology IN616 – Operating Systems Concepts Semester 1, 2020

Schedule

- File system permissions
 - Levels of permission
 - Types of access
- Modifying permissions
 - chown
 - chmod

Worst method ever!



Daniel Stori {turnoff.us}



TOPIC:

Overview of File System Permissions



File System Permissions

Controls who can access what (in the file system)

- Permissions can be divided into two principles
- 1. Levels of permission
- 2. Types of access

- We can view permissions using:
 - ls -1
 - ls -lisa



File System Permissions

- There are three types of permission levels
 - 1. User (commonly referred to as the owner)
 - 2. Group (usually the owners group)
 - 3. Others (anyone else)
 - Together the make ugo
- There are three types of access
 - 1. Read
 - 2. Write
 - 3. Execute
 - Together they make rwx

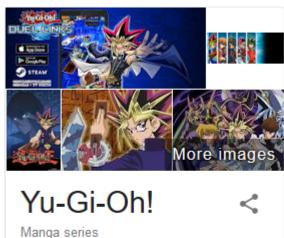


File System Permissions: Levels

There are three types of permission levels

- User (commonly referred to as the owner)
- Group (usually the owners group, not always)
- Others
- Together the make ugo





Yu-Gi-Oh! is a Japanese manga series about gaming written and illustrated by Kazuki Takahashi. It was serialized in Shueisha's Weekly Shonen Jump magazine between September 30, 1996 and March 8, 2004. Wikipedia



File System Permissions: Access

- There are three types of access
 - **1. R**ead
 - 2. Write
 - **3.** Execute
 - Together they make rwx

Really Weird Xray

$$\rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow$$





File System Permissions

1. Levels of permission

WHO CAN ACCESS THE FILE

2. Types of access

WHAT ACCESS DO THEY HAVE







File System Permissions: Visual

Command: 1s -1

```
Mode
                             File Size
                                    Last Modified
            Owner
                     Group
                                                    Filename
                               4096 Nov 10 12:15 everyone_directory
drwxrwxrwx 2 sammy sammy
                               4096 Nov 10 12:15 group_directory
drwxrwx--- 2 root developers
                                 15 Nov 10 17:07 group_modifiable
-rw-rw---- 1 sammy sammy
                               4096 Nov 10 12:15 private_directory
drwx---- 2 sammy sammy
-rw----- 1 sammy sammy
                                269 Nov 10 16:57 private_file
                              46357 Nov 10 17:07 public_executable
-rwxr-xr-x 1 sammy sammy
                               2697 Nov 10 17:06 public_file
-rw-rw-rw- 1 sammy sammy
drwxr-xr-x 2 sammy sammy
                               4096 Nov 10 16:49 publicly_accessible_directory
                               7718 Nov 10 16:58 publicly_readable_file
-rw-r--r-- 1 sammy sammy
drwx----- 2 root root
                               4096 Nov 10 17:05 root_private_directory
```



File System Permissions: Visual







File System Permissions: Visual

```
user@vCloud:/home/user19 ls -lisa
total 28
131639 4 drwxr-xr-x 3 user1 user1 1096 Aug 2 22:50 .
12 4 drwxr-xr-x 6 root root 4036 Jul 28 21:45 ...
13708 4 -rw----- 1 user1 user1 115 Jul 13 23:49 .bash_history
136208 4 -rw-r--r-- 1 user1 user1 22 Jul 13 21:28 .bash_logout
131678 4 -rw-r---- 1 user1 user1 3637 Jul 13 21:28 .bashrc
137077 4 drwx----- 2 user1 user1 4036 Jul 13 21:30 .cache
137048 4 -rw-r--r-- 1 user1 user1 675 Jul 13 21:28 .profile
```



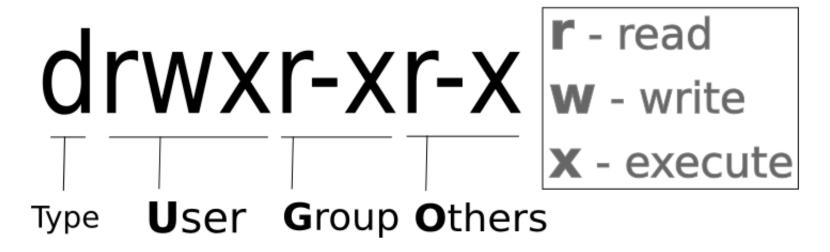
File System Permissions

```
manager@server:/home/student$ ls -lisa
total 36
   727 4 drwxr-xr-x 3 student student 4096 Aug 6 07:54
   792 4 drwxr-xr-x 4 root
                             root
                                     4096 Jul 13 08:47
 1113 4 -rw----- 1 student student 943 Jul 13 15:52 .bash history
 38136 4 -rw-r--r-- 1 student student 220 Jul 13 08:22 .bash logout
 36330 4 -rw-r--r-- 1 student student 3771 Jul 13 08:22
155078 4 drwx----- 2 student student 4096 Jul 13 08:31
 36328 4 -rw-r--r-- 1 student student
                                      655 Jul 13 08:22 .profile
                                        0 Jul 13 08:31 .sudo as admin successful
 38167 0 -rw-r--r-- 1 student student
                             root
                                      875 Jul 13 08:50 .viminfo
   312 4 -rw----- 1 root
                                                                  9
                               6
                                       7
                                                8
```

- 1. inode
- 2. Size of file (in blocks)
- 3. Permissions set (Really Weird Xray)
- 4. Number of links (discussed in another lecture)
- 5. Owner (Yu-Gi-Oh the user)
- 6. Group (Yu-Gi-Oh the group)
- 7. Size (in bytes)
- 8. Modification date
- 9. Name of directory or file



- A total of 10 characters (well 9 for permissions)
- The first character is the type (file, directory and others)



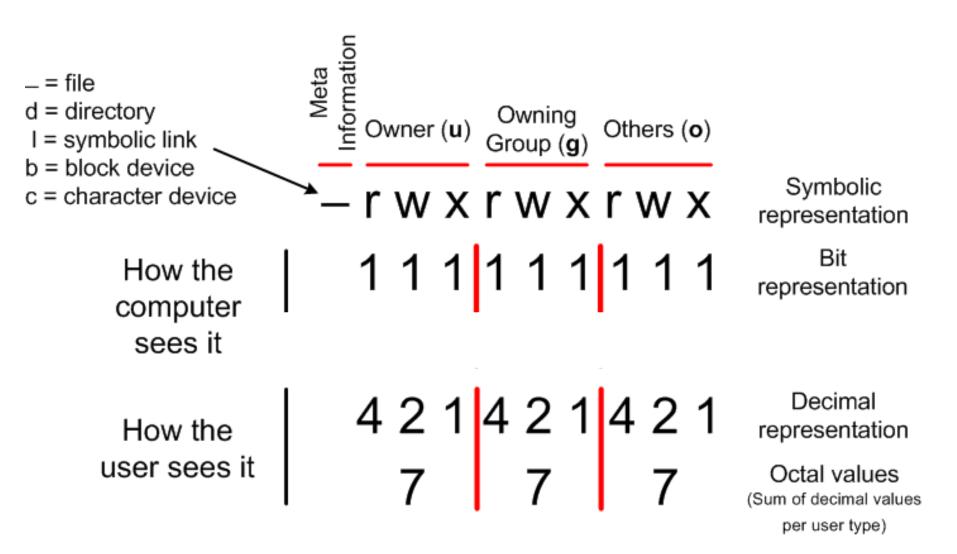
- **ENABLED**: A letter means it is enabled (can only be **r**, **w** or **x**)
- **DISABLED**: A dash "-" means it is disabled
- What can user, group and other access?



Permissions in Octal Representation

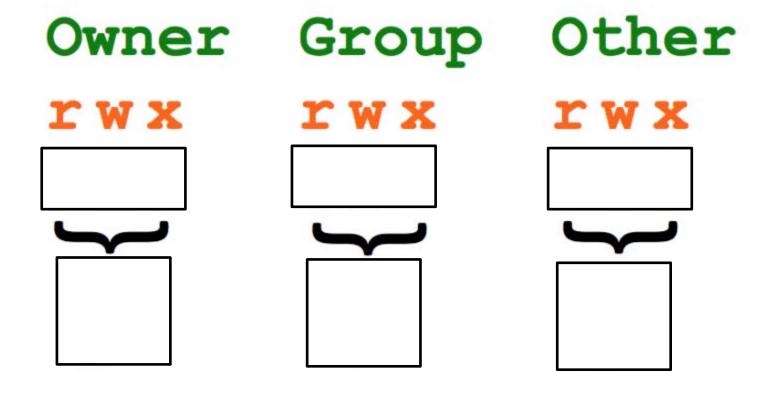
- Permissions have a number system
- User, group, other →
- What can user, group and other access?
- 754 = rwxr-xr--

total	rwx	r-x	r
result	4 2 1	4 0 1	4 0 0
enabled	1 1 1	1 0 1	1 0 0
binary	4 2 1	4 2 1	4 2 1
access	rwx	r w x	rwx
	-		*













Group Other Owner rwx r - xr - x



Permissions in Octal Representation

For each user, group, other in the permission ...

There are 8 variations for each Read, Write, eXecute (RWX)

- -0
- **-**1
- **-2**
- **-** 3
- **-** 4
- **-** 5
- **-**6
- **—** 7



Permissions Table

BINARY	Decimal	Permission	Representation
000	0 (0+0+0)	No Permission	
001	1 (0+0+1)	Execute	x
010	2 (0+2+0)	Write	-w-
011	3 (0+2+1)	Write + Execute	-wx
100	4 (4+0+0)	Read	r
101	5 (4+0+1)	Read + Execute	r-x
110	6 (4+2+0)	Read + Write	rw-
111	7 (4+2+1)	Read + Write + Execute	rwx
1	<u> </u>	A	A













Is Octal Important?

YES

- But there are online tools?!
 - http://permissions-calculator.org/
- It's still important
 - To fully understand permissions in Linux
 - To have better permission control
 - To understand Linux tutorials



Permissions on Files

• Read (r)

- Permission to read a file
- Example command?
- cat TestFile

Write (w)

- Permission to write or modify a file
- Deletion is managed by directory permissions
- Example command?
- touch TestFile

Execute (x)

- Permission to execute (run) a file
- Very important for running BASH scripts (.sh files)
- sh script.sh OR./script.sh





Permissions on Directories

• Read (r)

- Ability to list a directory
- Example command?
- ls /etc/ssh

• Write (w)

- Ability to add, delete and rename files in a directory
- Example command?
- touch /etc/ssh/TestFile

Execute (x)

- Ability to enter a directory and access files
- Example command?
- cd /etc/ssh



TOPIC:

Modifying: 1. Ownership 2. Permissions





Modifying Owners: chown

- There are three types of permission levels
 - User
 - Group
 - Others
- chown
 - <u>Ch</u>ange <u>own</u>ership for file or directory







Modifying Permissions: chmod

- There are three types of access
 - 1. Read
 - 2. Write
 - 3. Execute
 - Together they make rwx

Really Weird Xray

$$\rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow$$



- chmod
 - <u>Ch</u>ange/<u>mod</u>ification of permission for file or directory





Modifying Owners: chown

chown

- Change ownership for file or directory
- chown <username>:<groupname> <target>
- chown <username> <target>
 - Change user ownership
- chown :<groupname> target
 - Only change group ownership

Examples:

- chown frodo theonering.png
- chown -R samwise recipes/
- chown -R frodo:fellowship maps-of-Mordor/
- chown :fellowship fellowship-members.csv





Modifying Permissions: chmod

chmod

- Change permissions for file or directory
- chmod <permission-set> <target>

Examples:

- chmod 600 theonering.png
- chmod -R 770 recipes/



Using chmod with octals

chmod 212 theonering.png

```
User = write, Group = execute, Other = write -w--x-w-
```

chmod 401 youshallnotpass.txt
 User = read, Group = none, Other = execute
 r----x

• chmod 777 /theShire
User = full, Group = full, Other = full
rwxrwxrwx

chmod -R 644 maps-of-Mordor/
 User = read/write, Group = read, Other = read
 rw-r--r--

• chmod 511 recipes/
User = read/execute, Group = execute, Other = execute
r-x--x--x

Remember!

$$r = 4$$

$$W = 2$$

$$x = 1$$



Modifying Permissions: chmod

- chmod can also modify single permissions
 - Symbolic notation is finer-grained
 - Can modify user, group or other (ugo) or all (a)
 - Can modify read, write, execute (rwx)
 - Can add, remove or make exact permissions (+, -, =)
- chmod g+w painting-of-Mordor.png
 - Add group write permission to file
- chmod u=x script.sh
 - Only allow user execution permission to file
- chmod a-w do-not-edit.txt
 - Remove all (ugo) write permission to file



chmod and symbolic modes

Reference	Class	Description
u	owner	file's owner
g	group	users who are members of the file's group
0	others	users who are neither the file's owner nor members of the file's group
a	all	all three of the above, same as ugo

Operator	Description
+	adds the specified modes to the specified classes
_	removes the specified modes from the specified classes
=	the modes specified are to be made the exact modes for the specified classes

Mode	Name	Description	
r	read	read a file or list a directory's contents	
W	write	write to a file or directory	
×	execute	execute a file or recurse a directory tree	



Lab-04-1 — Start

- TOPICS:
- Setting ownership
- Setting permissions

