



o n A i r V R

# onAirVR Server for Unity User Manual

Version 1.4.0

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# INTRODUCTION

onAirVR makes a mobile VR device act as a wireless VR HMD for a desktop by streaming video/audio which are rendered in realtime on the desktop to onAirVR mobile apps. This document describes how to implement onAirVR desktop contents on Unity game engine using onAirVR Server for Unity.

## SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

### Hardware

- Desktop
  - NVIDIA graphics card (**Kepler architecture or later**)
- Mobile
  - Samsung GearVR

### Software

- Desktop
  - Windows 7 or later
  - **Unity 5.6.x or higher**
  - NVIDIA CUDA Toolkit 8.0  
<https://developer.nvidia.com/cuda-80-ga2-download-archive>
  - The latest NVIDIA Graphics Driver  
**You SHOULD update the graphics driver after installing CUDA toolkit because CUDA toolkit installation may include an older version of the graphics driver.**
- Mobile
  - Android 5.0 (Lollipop) or higher

## QUICK START

1. Put an **AirVRCameraRig** prefab onto a suitable place (e.g. the head position of a player character).

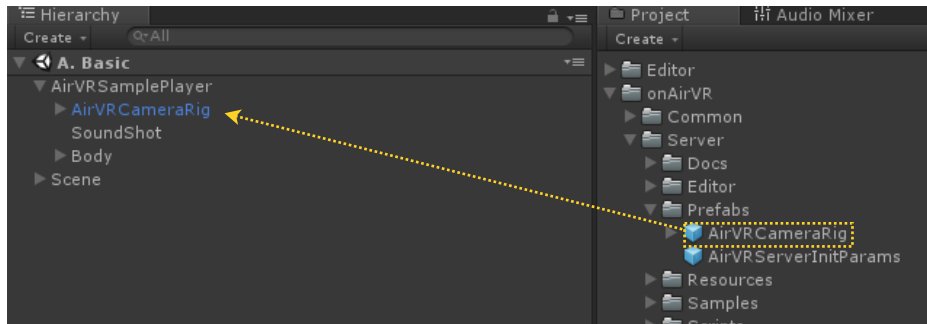


Figure 1. Put an AirVRCameraRig prefab under the player object.

2. Play your project in the editor.
3. Launch onAirVR App on your phone then combine the phone with your GearVR.
4. Enter the IP address of your desktop and click Play button.

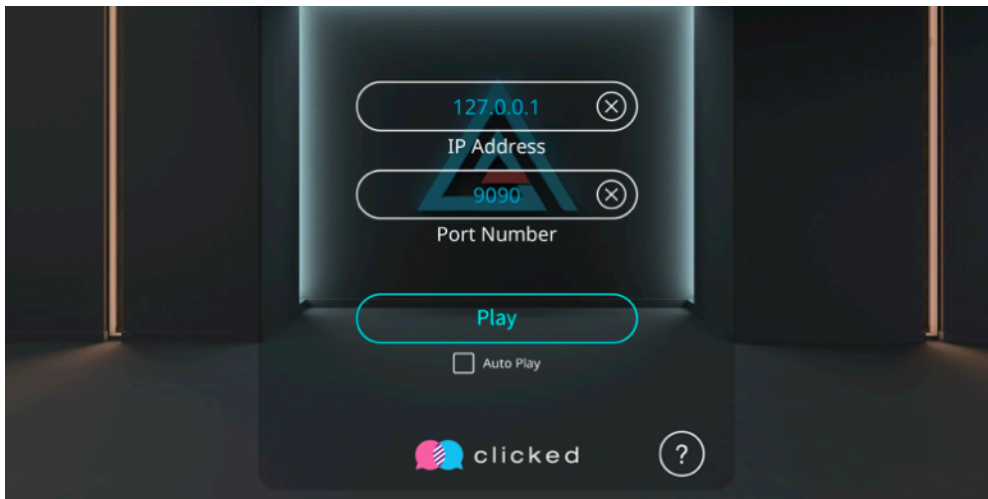


Figure 2. The scene of onAirVR App

5. Enjoy your scene!

# PROGRAMMING GUIDE

## How onAirVR Server Works

When an onAirVR server application is launched and the first scene is loaded, the first awakened `AirVRCameraRig` instantiates an `AirVRServer` instance and starts it up. And each `AirVRCameraRig` registers itself to `AirVRCameraRigManager` in the scene (If no `AirVRCameraRigManager` exists in the scene, one instance of it is automatically instantiated). Then,

1. When the onAirVR App on a mobile VR device connects to the onAirVR server application,
2. `AirVRServer` establishes a session and informs `AirVRCameraRigManager`.
3. `AirVRCameraRigManager` then finds an available `AirVRCameraRig`, and
4. Binds the `AirVRCameraRig` to the session.
5. Data from the client - such as the HMD orientation, input device values, etc. - are applied to the `AirVRCameraRig` through the session.
6. Meanwhile `AirVRCameraRig` renders video frames using child Unity cameras then encodes and sends the video frames back to the client.

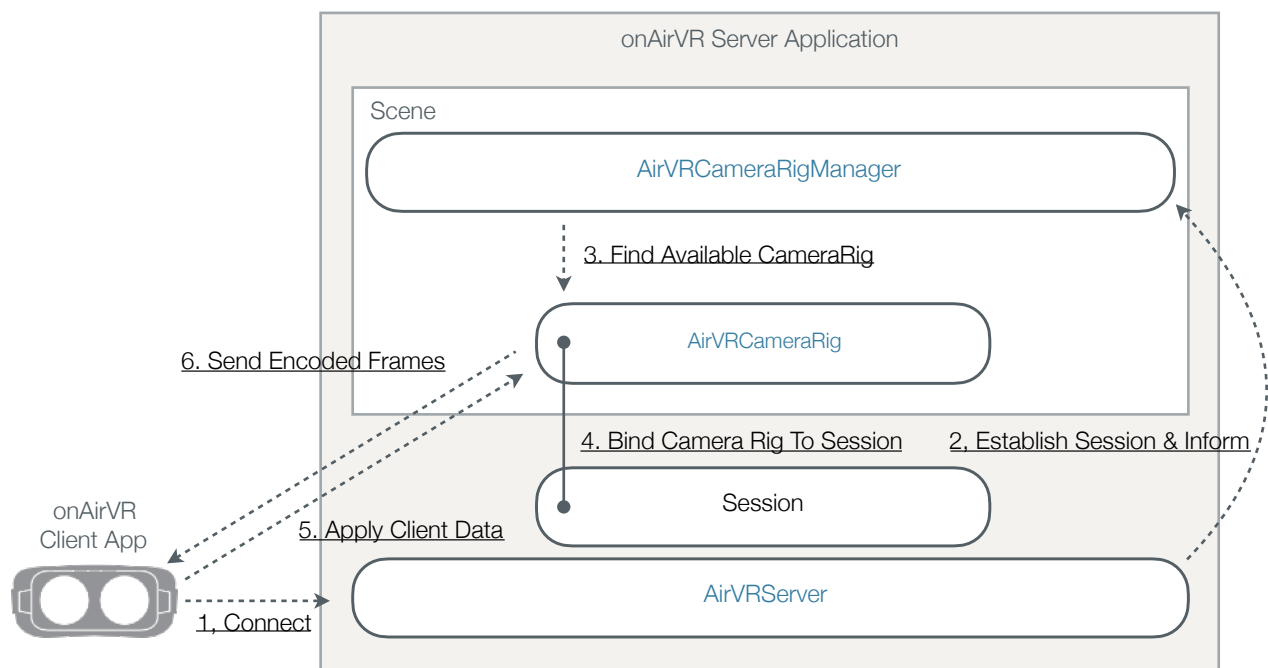


Figure 3. This diagram describes how onAirVR components interact each other.

If you load a new scene containing [AirVRCameraRigs](#),

1. [AirVRCameraRigs](#) in the old scene are unbound from the current sessions, then
2. [AirVRCameraRigManager](#) tries to bind [AirVRCameraRigs](#) in the new scene to the sessions.

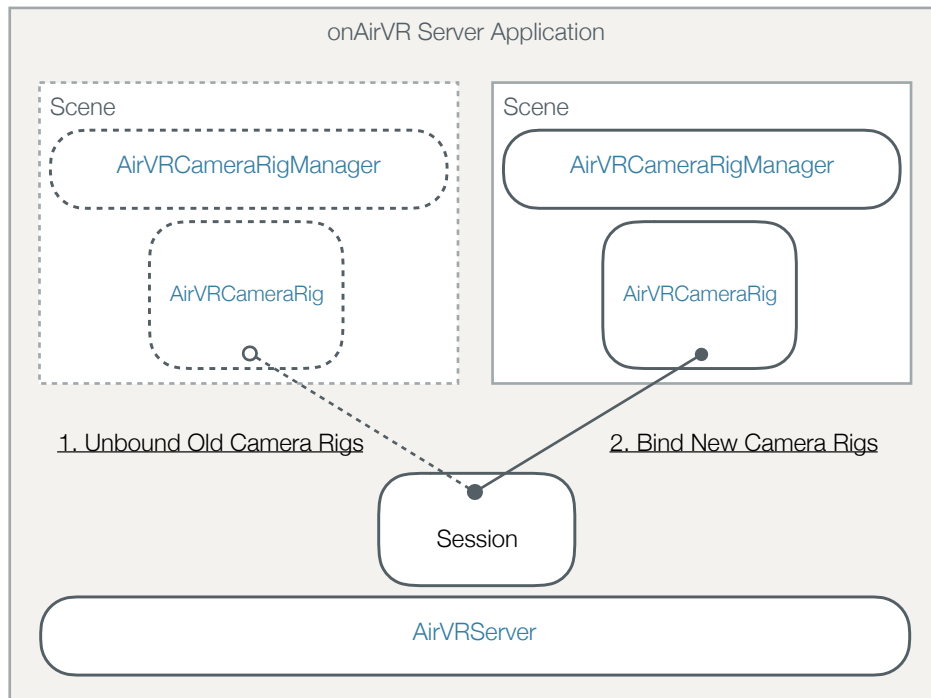


Figure 4. When loading a new scene, [AirVRCameraRig](#) bindings are transferred.

## Server Configuration

You can override network configuration and video encoding parameters by putting an [AirVRServerInitParams](#) on the scene where [AirVRServer](#) will be started up. Then the [AirVRServer](#) replace the default configuration to one of the [AirVRServerInitParams](#). Please see "References" section for each field for detail.

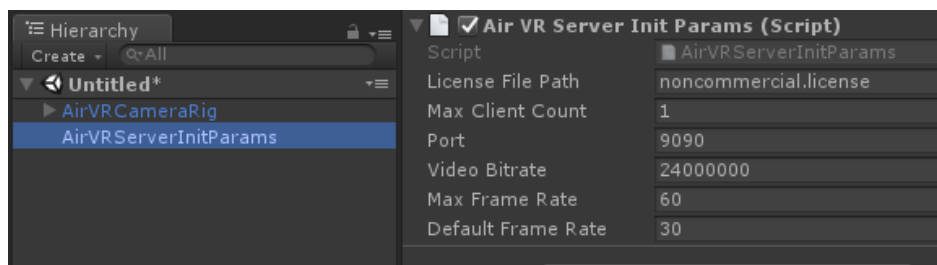


Figure 5. [AirVRServerInitParams](#) is put on a scene.

## Multiple Players

onAirVR server acts like a video streaming server which streams realtime-rendered video frames to clients. So it's possible that two or more clients are connecting and playing simultaneously. To make a scene with multiple players, you just need to :

1. Put two or more [AirVRCameraRig](#) instances in the scene, and
2. Override the maximum client count to two or more using [AirVRServerInitParams](#).

Then when a session is established for a client, [AirVRCameraRigManager](#) finds one of available [AirVRCameraRigs](#) in the scene randomly then binds it to the session.

Or if you implement [AirVRCameraRigManager.EventHandler](#), [AirVRCameraRigManager](#) requests you to select one of [AirVRCameraRigs](#) through [AirVRCameraRigManager.EventHandler.AirVRCameraRigWillBeBound\(\)](#).

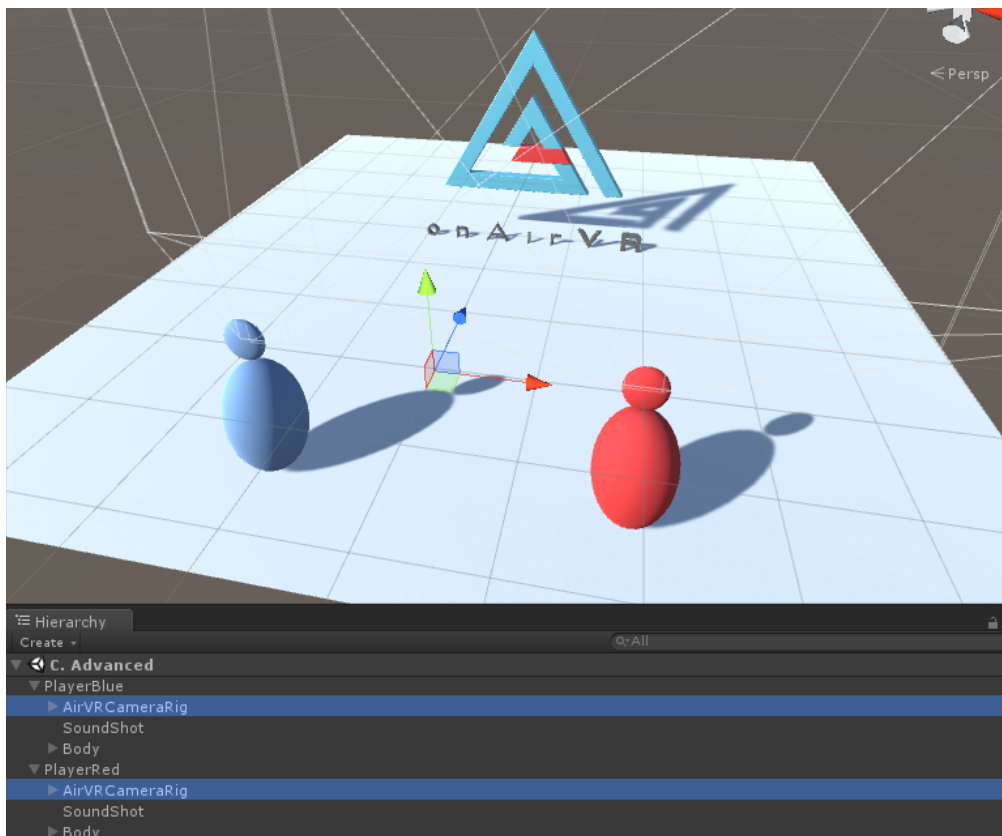


Figure 6. Two AirVRCameraRigs are instantiated in a scene to allow two players.

### Note

There is a limitation on the number of encoding sessions depending on your graphics card.

For example, NVIDIA Geforce graphics cards allow up to two encoding sessions due to licensing restrictions.

In this case you must not make your content available for more than two clients simultaneously.

## Event Handling

There are two main components where events you might be interested in are occurred - [AirVRServer](#) and [AirVRCameraRigManager](#). If you would like to do something for the events you need to

1. Implement [AirVRServer.EventHandler](#) interface and set to [AirVRServer.Delegate](#), and/or
2. Implement [AirVRCameraRigManager.EventHandler](#) interface and set to [AirVRCameraRigManager.managerOnCurrentScene.Delegate](#).

Please see “References” section for detail.

```
void Awake() {  
    AirVRServer.Delegate = this;  
}  
  
public void AirVRServerFailed(string reason) {  
    Debug.Log(reason);  
}  
  
public void AirVRServerClientConnected(IntPtr clientHandle) { }  
  
public void AirVRServerClientDisconnected(IntPtr clientHandle) { }
```

Figure 7. An example of [AirVRServer.EventHandler](#) implementation

```
void Awake() {  
    AirVRCameraRigManager.managerOnCurrentScene.Delegate = this;  
}  
  
public void AirVRCameraRigWillBeBound(int clientHandle, AirVRClientConfig config,  
                                       List<AirVRCameraRig> availables, out AirVRCameraRig selected) {  
    selected = availables.Count > 0 ? availables[0] : null;  
}  
  
public void AirVRCameraRigActivated(AirVRCameraRig cameraRig) {}  
  
public void AirVRCameraRigDeactivated(AirVRCameraRig cameraRig) {}  
  
public void AirVRCameraRigHasBeenUnbound(AirVRCameraRig cameraRig) {}
```

Figure 8. An example of [AirVRCameraRigManager.EventHandler](#) implementation



## Camera Rig Tracking Models

[AirVRStereoCameraRig.TrackingModel](#) defines how the eye cameras of a camera rig move along with the pose of HMD. You can choose one of tracking models for each [AirVRStereoCameraRig](#) :

### 1. Head

- This tracking model follows the head model of mobile VR of your onAirVR client HMD, which commonly includes eye height (from neck), eye depth and interpupillary distance. You might want to read Oculus developer documentation for the head model of onAirVR App for Oculus Mobile.

### 2. InterpupillaryDistanceOnly

- Two eye cameras rotate along with the pose of onAirVR client HMD, while keeping the interpupillary distance. You may consider this as Head model without eye height and eye depth.

### 3. NoPositionTracking

- Eye cameras only rotate along with the pose onAirVR client HMD. You can adjust the position of each eye camera manually.

And there is one more model which is specifically designed for external motion tracking system integration like Valve's Lighthouse, OptiTrack, etc. By attaching a tracker device onto your onAirVR client HMD you can achieve 6DOF mobile VR experience.

### 4. ExternalTracker

- Eye cameras follow a tracker transform which is tracked by external motion tracking system.
- Set the tracker transform which tracks the center position of eyes to [AirVRStereoCameraRig.externalTracker](#) and the tracking origin transform to [AirVRStereoCameraRig.externalTrackingOrigin](#). The below figure shows an example of how to integrate a Vive tracker with Valve's Lighthouse using SteamVR plugin in Unity.

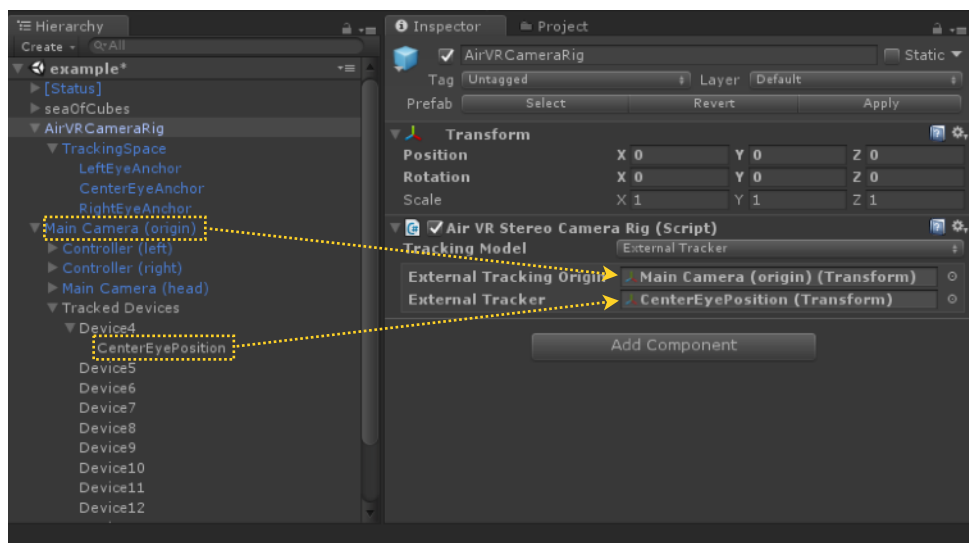


Figure 9. Setting up ExternalTracker tracking model with a Vive tracker in Unity

## Input

Using [AirVRInput](#) class, you can get the values of input devices of a connected mobile HMD bound to an [AirVRCameraRig](#). As you can see in “References” section, you can use [AirVRInput](#) class in the same manner with [UnityEngine.Input](#) except that [AirVRInput](#) methods require an [AirVRCameraRig](#) as an argument. Currently onAirVR mobile app supports GearVR Touchpad, Xbox Controller and GearVR Controller and the below figures describe input bindings of each input device. Also note that you can get the pose of a device tracked by sensor - HMD and GearVR Controller - using [AirVRInput.GetTrackedDevicePositionAndOrientation\(\)](#).

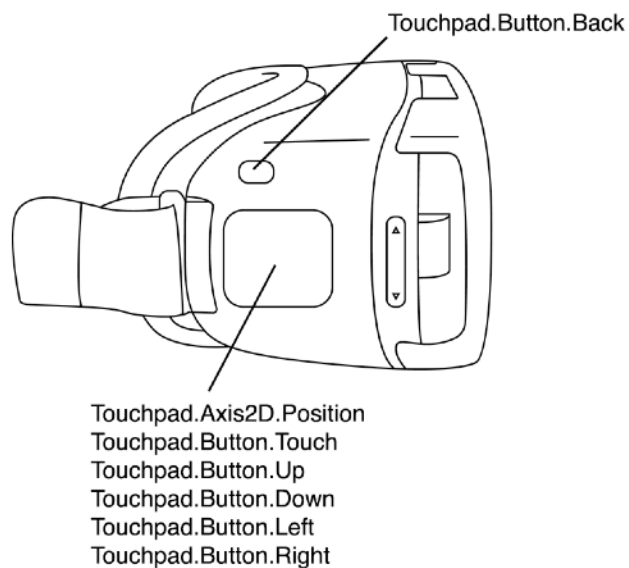


Figure 10. Axes and buttons of GearVR Touchpad

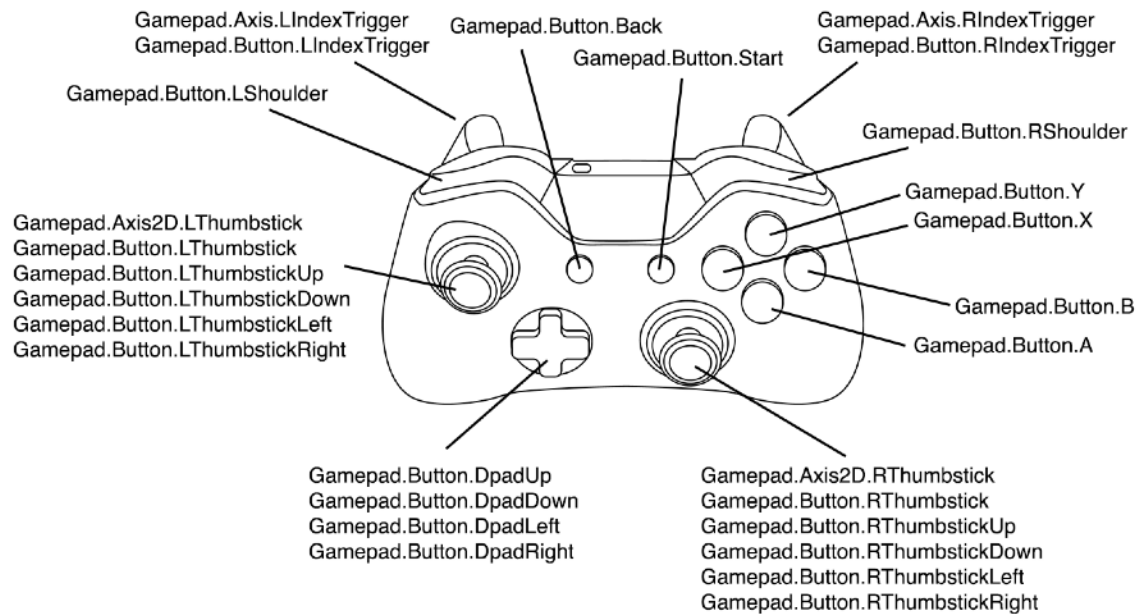


Figure 11. Axes and buttons of Xbox Controller

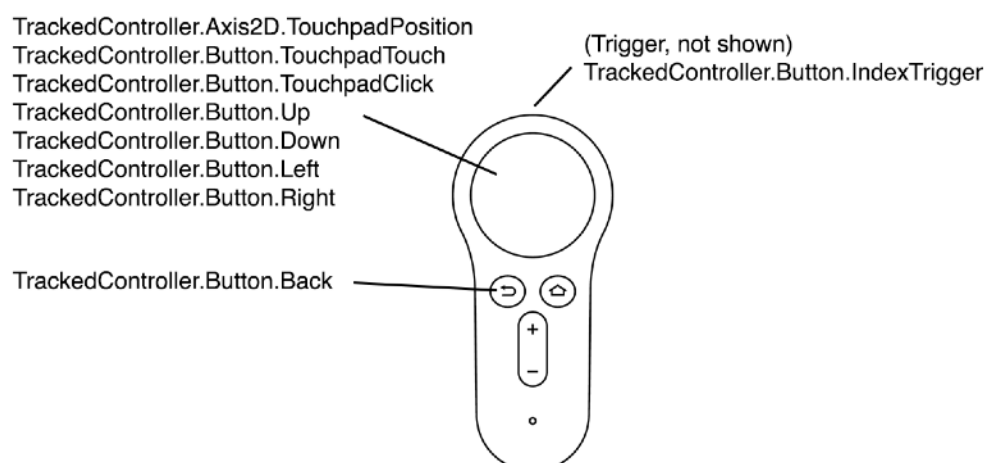


Figure 12. Axes and buttons of GearVR controller

## Unity Event System Integration For Tracked Devices (experimental)

Like camera view point or mouse pointer in desktop UI environment, tracked devices - HMD or tracked controller - are usually used as pointing devices in mobile VR UI. onAirVR Event System integrates such tracked devices into Unity Event System and you can use it in the same manner with Unity Event System. The below table describes which onAirVR Event System component corresponds to which Unity Event System component. Please see “B. Event System (experimental)” sample scene for an example of how to use onAirVR Event System in detail.

Component	UnityEngine.EventSystems	onAirVR
event system	<a href="#">EventSystem</a>	<a href="#">AirVREventSystem</a>
input module	<a href="#">StandaloneInputModule</a> , <a href="#">TouchInputModule</a> , etc.	<a href="#">AirVRInputModule</a>
raycaster on Canvas	<a href="#">GraphicRaycaster</a>	<a href="#">AirVRGraphicRaycaster</a> (working on Canvas in world space only)
raycaster in physics	<a href="#">PhysicsRaycaster</a>	<a href="#">AirVRPhysicsRaycaster</a>
pointer	<a href="#">UnityEngine.Camera</a> , mouse pointer, etc.	<a href="#">AirVRGazePointer</a> (HMD) <a href="#">AirVRTrackedControllerPointer</a> (tracked controller) <a href="#">AirVRAutoSelectPointer</a> (tracks tracked controller if available; else does HMD)

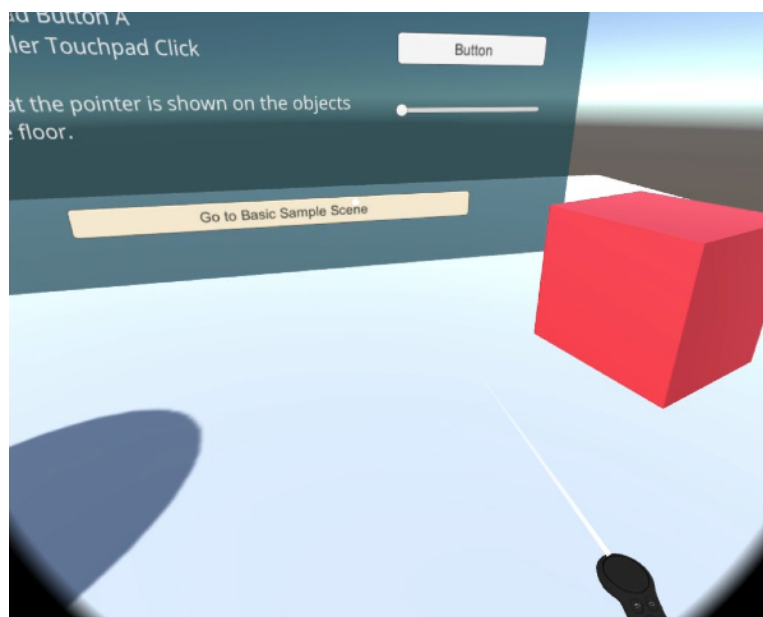


Figure 13. Tracked controller working with onAirVR Event System in onAirVR App

## Audio

[AirVRServerAudioOutputRouter](#) routes “stereo” audio rendered by Unity audio engine to connected clients. It must be attached to an [GameObject](#) on which a Unity’s [AudioListener](#) is attached.

(Please see [AirVRServerAudioOutputRouter](#) component in **CenterEyeAnchor** of **AirVRCameraRig** prefab.)

There are several options for input and output.

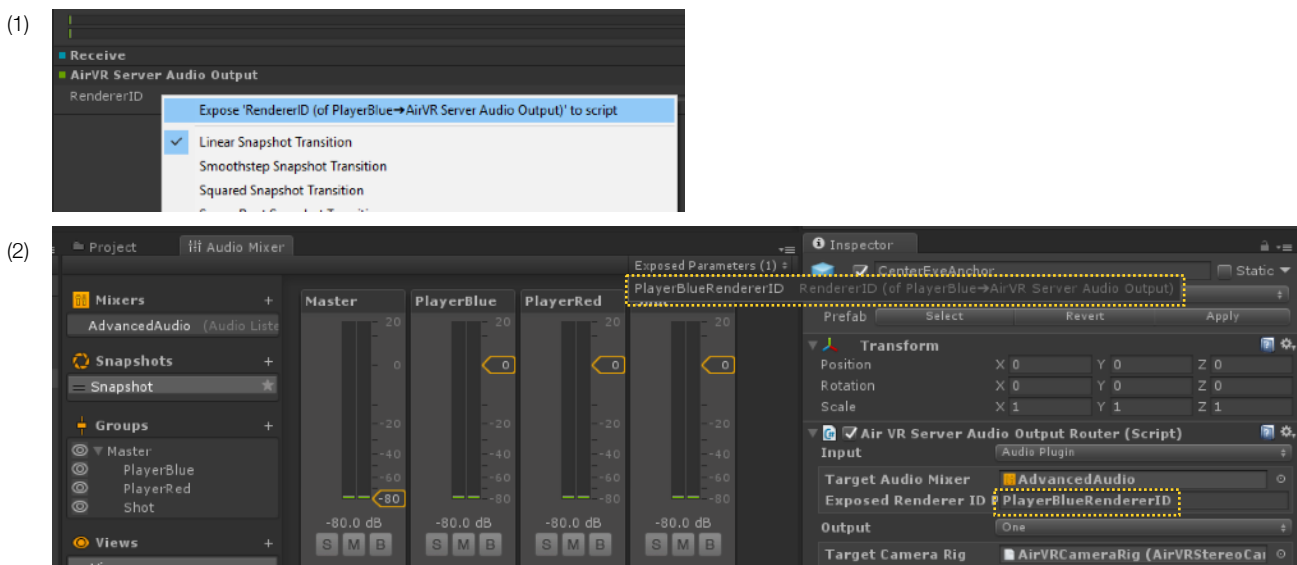
- Input
  - [AudioListener](#) : routes stereo audio heard by Unity’s [AudioListener](#) to clients
  - [AudioPlugin](#) : routes stereo audio passing through “AirVR Server Audio Output” audio plugin in a Unity’s [AudioMixer](#) to clients
- Output
  - [All](#) : broadcast audio to all of connected clients
  - [One](#) : routes audio to a specific client

In **AirVRCameraRig** prefab, [AirVRServerAudioOutputRouter](#) routes [AudioListener](#) input to [All](#) output by default. Please see “C. Advanced” sample scene for an example which uses [AudioPlugin](#) as input.

For advanced audio application, you might want to see the code of [AirVRServerAudioOutputRouter](#), in which it takes raw audio data from Unity audio engine then send them to clients using [AirVRServer.SendAudioFrame\(\)](#). You can use this method if you want to send your own raw audio directly, for example in the case you are using a 3rd-party or your own audio engine.

### Note

“AirVR Server Audio Output” audio plugin uses “audio renderer ID” to send audio data to [AirVRCameraRig](#). When you set [AudioPlugin](#) as input, you must <sup>(1)</sup> expose `RendererID` parameter of the plugin then <sup>(2)</sup> set it to `ExposedRendererIDParameterName` field of [AirVRServerAudioOutputRouter](#).



## BUILD

onAirVR Server for Unity supports only 64bit architecture. So you must set 'Architecture' in Build Settings to 'x86\_64' before you build.

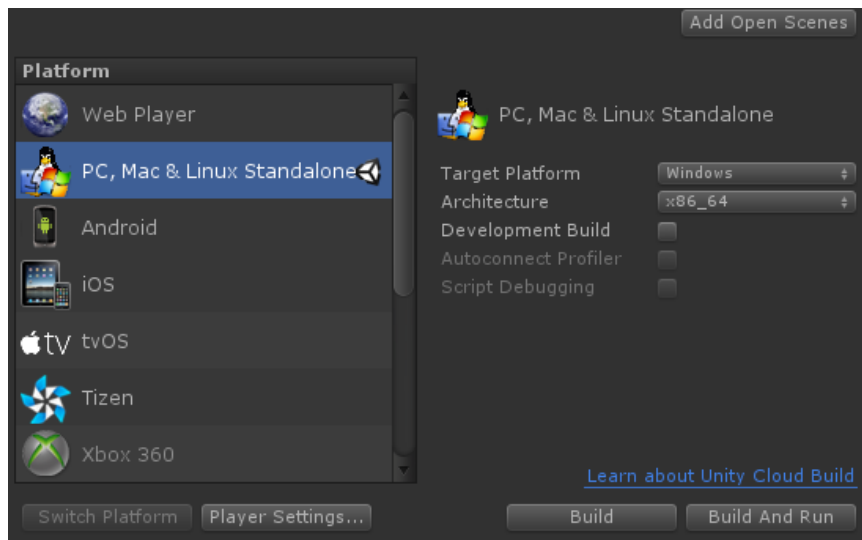


Figure 14. 'Architecture' must be set to x86\_64 in Build Setting.

And you have to distribute the built application with dependent libraries as below :

- **cuda64\_80.dll**
  - *C:\Program Files\NVIDIA GPU Computing Toolkit\CUDA\v8.0\bin\cuda64\_80.dll*

Finally, an onAirVR server license file must be in the directory the executable is in. You can use *noncommercial.license* - which is in *Assets/onAirVR/Server/Editor/Misc/* - included in our package, only for noncommercial purpose.

Name	Date modified	Type	Size
onAirVRServerSample_Data	6/21/2017 3:16 AM	File folder	
noncommercial.license	6/14/2017 10:39 PM	LICENSE File	2 KB
onAirVRServerSample.exe	5/8/2017 8:43 PM	Application	22,258 KB

Figure 15. You can copy *noncommercial.license* file into the directory the executable is in.

## BEST PRACTICES

### Setting User ID In onAirVR App

There might be cases where an onAirVR server application need to know actually what onAirVR client is connected. For example if you plan to integrate an outside-in positional tracking system into your onAirVR contents for multiple players, you need to match an onAirVR client to the rigid body which tracks the HMD of that client in the positional tracking system. We provide the way to assign a User ID to an onAirVR client to solve such problems.

This is how to assign a User ID in onAirVR App :

1. Swipe up Touchpad while focusing IP Address input field, then User ID input field appears.
2. Enter a number as a User ID which you want to assign, then click Play button.
3. You can get the User ID from [AirVRClientConfig.userID](#) property.



Figure 16. User ID input field in onAirVR App

## REFERENCES

### AirVRServer

Fundamental component responsible for onAirVR server startup/shutdown, video encoder and network configuration and client connection management. It also includes methods to send audio.

#### Static Variables

Delegate	<a href="#">AirVRServer.EventHandler</a>	instance of interface through which events are notified
----------	--	---

#### Static Functions

```
void SendAudioFrame(AirVRCameraRig cameraRig, float[] data, int sampleCount, int channels, double timestamp)
void SendAudioFrameToAllCameraRigs(float[] data, int sampleCount, int channels, double timestamp)
```

sends raw audio data directly to the client of a camera rig.

- Parameters
  - cameraRig : camera rig to which you want to send audio data
  - data : raw audio data in which each sample is represented in float
  - sampleCount : the number of samples in data
  - channels : the number of channels. the first two channels are considered as left and right channels.
  - timestamp : the timestamp of audio data (in seconds).



## AirVRServerInitParams

Overrides onAirVR server configuration if this component exists in the scene where [AirVRServer](#) is started up. Please read “Programming Guide - Server Configuration” section to see how to use in detail.

Variables		
licenseFilePath	string	the path of an onAirVR server license file which the built executable will use. (In editor, <i>Assets/onAirVR/Server/Editor/Misc/noncommercial.license</i> is used always. See “Build” section for detail.)
maxClientCount	int	the maximum number of clients which can be connected simultaneously
port	int	onAirVR server port number
videoBitrate	int	bitrate in which to encode video for each client (bps)
maxFrameRate	float	maximum frame rate in which to encode video for each client (fps)
defaultFrameRate	float	default frame rate in which to encode video for each client (fps)

## AirVRServer.EventHandler

Interface through which [AirVRServer](#) events are notified. You might implement this interface and set to [AirVRServer.Delegate](#) to do something for events on server errors or client connections. The below figure describes what events are occurred when in [AirVRServer](#).

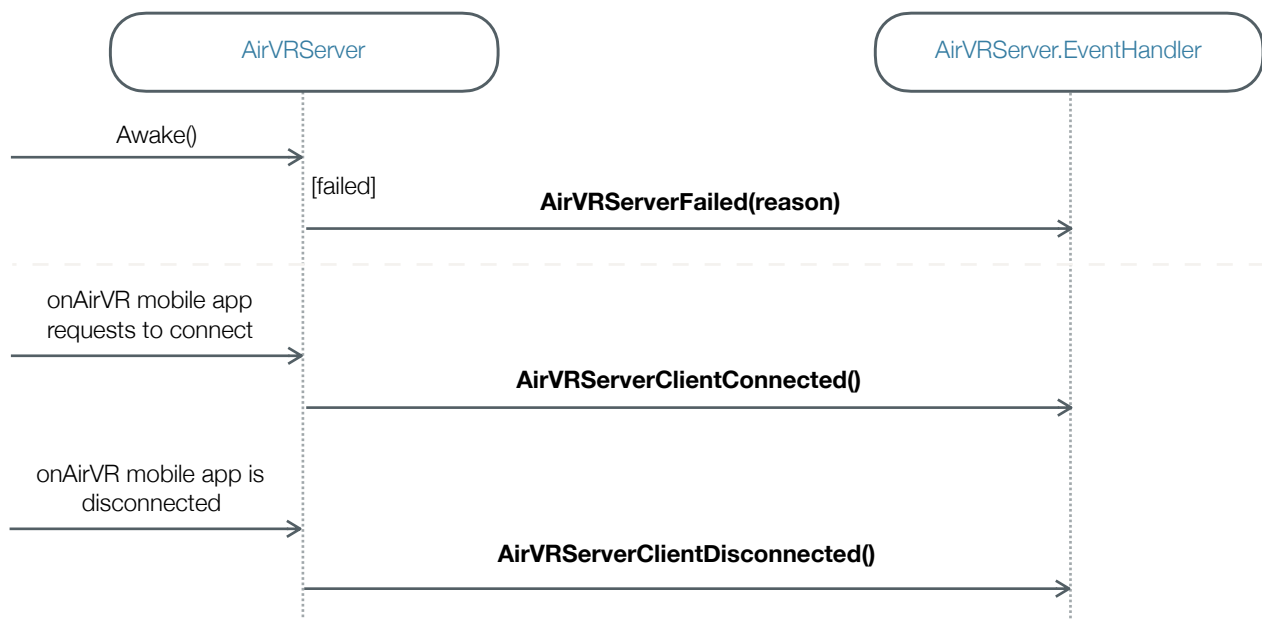


Figure 17. This sequence diagram describes what AirVRServer events are occurred when, through AirVRServer.EventHandler.

### Public Functions

<code>void AirVRServerFailed(string reason)</code>	called when onAirVR server fails to startup <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Parameters               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- reason : reason why startup is failed</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<code>void AirVRServerClientConnected(int clientHandle)</code>	called when a client is connected. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Parameters               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- clientHandle : the connection handle of the connected client</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<code>void AirVRServerClientDisconnected(int clientHandle)</code>	called when a connected client is disconnected. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Parameters               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- clientHandle : the connection handle of the client</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

## AirVRCameraRigManager

Is responsible for binding [AirVRCameraRigs](#) in a scene to the sessions of connections to onAirVR clients. It is guaranteed that there is an [AirVRCameraRigManager](#) instance in a scene as long as the scene contains more than one [AirVRCameraRig](#).

### Static Variables

Delegate	<a href="#">AirVRCameraRigManager.EventHandler</a>	instance of interface through which events are notified
managerOnCurrentScene	<a href="#">AirVRCameraRigManager</a>	the instance on the current scene

## AirVRCameraRigManager.EventHandler

Interface through which [AirVRCameraRigManager](#) events are notified. You might implement this interface and set to [AirVRCameraRigManager.Delegate](#) to do something for events occurred for [AirVRCameraRig](#). The below figure describes what events are occurred in [AirVRCameraRigManager](#).

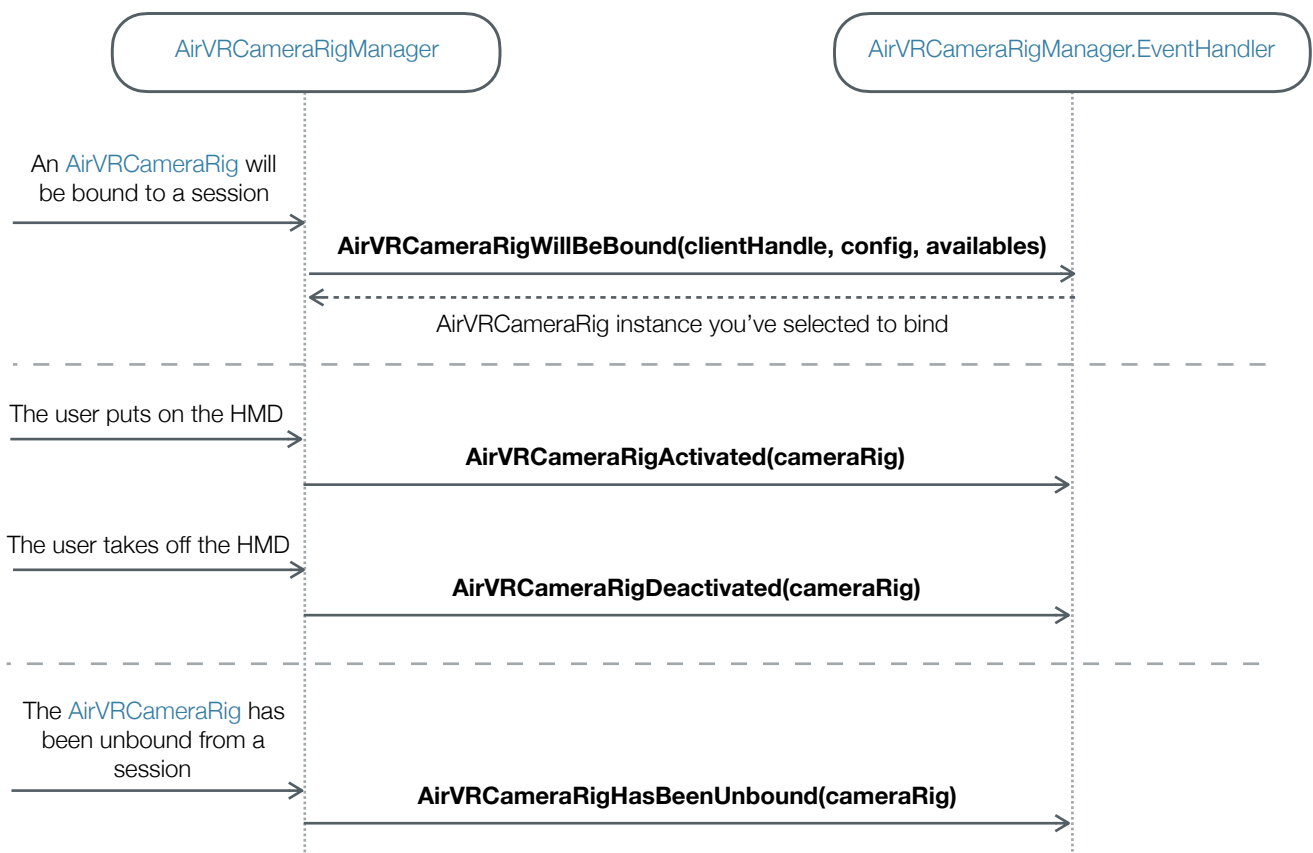


Figure 18. This sequence diagram describes what [AirVRCameraRigManager](#) events are occurred when, through [AirVRCameraRigManager.EventHandler](#).

## Public Functions

`void AirVRCameraRigWillBeBound`  
 (`int` clientHandle,  
`AirVRClientConfig` config,  
`List<AirVRCameraRig>` availables,  
`out AirVRCameraRig` selected)

called just before an `AirVRCameraRig` is bound to a session of `AirVRServer`. You must choose an instance of `AirVRCameraRig` and assign it to parameter *selected*, which might be one in parameter *availables* or one you've just instantiated in this method.

- Parameters
  - clientHandle : the connection handle of the connected client
  - config : configuration for the connected client
  - availables : `AirVRCameraRig` instances in your scene which are not bound to any session yet
  - selected : the `AirVRCameraRig` instance you've selected to bind. Assign *null* if you want to reject this binding.

`void AirVRCameraRigActivated`  
 (`AirVRCameraRig` cameraRig)

called when a user puts on the HMD.

- Parameters
  - cameraRig : `AirVRCameraRig` instance bound to the client of the user

`void AirVRCameraRigDeactivated`  
 (`AirVRCameraRig` cameraRig)

called when a user takes off the HMD.

- Parameters
  - cameraRig : `AirVRCameraRig` instance bound to the client of the user

`void AirVRCameraRigHasBeenUnbound`  
 (`AirVRCameraRig` cameraRig)

called just after an `AirVRCameraRig` has been unbound from a session.

- Parameters
  - cameraRig : `AirVRCameraRig` instance which was bound to the session

## AirVRClientConfig

Configuration values requested from a connected client, such as the arrangement of eyes, field of view (FOV), frame rate of video, etc.

## Variables

type	<code>AirVRClientType</code>	the type of the client (read only). Always "Stereoscopic" currently.
videoWidth	<code>int</code>	the width of video to send to the client
videoHeight	<code>int</code>	the height of video to send to the client
framerate	<code>float</code>	frame rate of encoded video to send to the client
fov	<code>float</code>	vertical field of view of cameras
eyeCenterPosition	<code>Vector3</code>	offset from the root to CenterEyeAnchor in <code>AirVRCameraRig</code>
ipd	<code>float</code>	distance between the left and right eyes
userID	<code>string</code>	user ID which is specified in onAirVR App. Read "Best Practice" section for detail.

## AirVRCameraRig

Abstract base class for manipulating cameras which render video frames to send to onAirVR clients.

### Variables

type	<a href="#">AirVRClientType</a>	the type of <a href="#">AirVRCameraRig</a> (read only). <u>Always “Stereoscopic” currently.</u>
isBoundToClient	<a href="#">bool</a>	true if this is bound to a client through a session currently (read only).

### Public Functions

<a href="#">AirVRClientConfig</a> GetConfig()	returns the configuration values requested from the client this camera rig is bound to.
<a href="#">void</a> AdjustBitrate( <a href="#">uint</a> bitrateInKbps)	adjusts encoding bit rate of video frames to send to the client, in “kbps”. (1 kbps = 1000 bps)
<a href="#">void</a> RecenterPose()	recenters the pose of the client.
<a href="#">void</a> Disconnect()	disconnects from the connected client this camera rig is bound to.

## AirVRStereoCameraRig (inherits from [AirVRCameraRig](#))

A set of cameras which render stereoscopic video frames to send to a client of “Stereoscopic” type.

### Variables

leftEyeCamera	<a href="#">Camera</a>	<a href="#">Camera</a> which acts as the left eye. This renders the left side of a video frame for stereoscopic video type.
rightEyeCamera	<a href="#">Camera</a>	<a href="#">Camera</a> which acts as the right eye. This renders the right side of a video frame for stereoscopic video type.
leftEyeAnchor	<a href="#">Transform</a>	<a href="#">Transform</a> of leftEyeCamera
centerEyeAnchor	<a href="#">Transform</a>	<a href="#">Transform</a> of centerEyeCamera
rightEyeAnchor	<a href="#">Transform</a>	<a href="#">Transform</a> of rightEyeCamera
trackingModel	<a href="#">TrackingModel</a>	defines how eye cameras are tracked along with HMD pose. See “Programming Guide - Camera Rig Tracking Models” section for detail.
externalTrackingOrigin	<a href="#">Transform</a>	the origin of external motion tracking system. If it is null, the world origin is used. <u>Valid only if <a href="#">trackingModel</a> is <a href="#">ExternalTracker</a>.</u>
externalTracker	<a href="#">Transform</a>	a tracker transform in external motion tracking system. <u>Used only if <a href="#">trackingModel</a> is <a href="#">ExternalTracker</a>.</u>

## AirVRInput

Provides methods to get values of input devices - including GearVR Touchpad, Xbox Controller and GearVR Controller - of the client an [AirVRCameraRig](#) are bound to. Please see “Programming Guide - Input” section to check what each button or axis is bound to a control in an input device.

### Static Functions

```
bool IsDeviceAvailable(AirVRCameraRig cameraRig,
    AirVRInput.Device device)
```

returns true if an input device is available on the client which cameraRig is bound to.

- Parameters
  - cameraRig : [AirVRCameraRig](#) instance bound to a client
  - device : the type of the input device
- ✓ [AirVRInput.Device](#)
  - HeadTracker (just tracks the head pose)
  - Touchpad
  - Gamepad
  - TrackedController

```
void GetTrackedDevicePositionAndOrientation
(AirVRCameraRig cameraRig,
    AirVRInput.Device device,
    out Vector3 worldPosition,
    out Quaternion worldOrientation)
```

gets the “world” position and orientation of a tracked device.

- Parameters
  - cameraRig : [AirVRCameraRig](#) instance bound to a client
  - device : the type of the input device. [HeadTracker](#) and [TrackerController](#) are available only.
  - worldPosition / worldOrientation : out parameters for world position and orientation of the input device

```
Vector2 Get(AirVRCameraRig cameraRig,
    AirVRInput.Touchpad.Axis2D axis)
```

```
bool Get(AirVRCameraRig cameraRig,
    AirVRInput.Touchpad.Button button)
```

```
Vector2 Get(AirVRCameraRig cameraRig,
    AirVRInput.Gamepad.Axis2D axis)
```

```
float Get(AirVRCameraRig cameraRig,
    AirVRInput.Gamepad.Axis axis)
```

```
bool Get(AirVRCameraRig cameraRig,
    AirVRInput.Gamepad.Button button)
```

```
Vector2 Get(AirVRCameraRig cameraRig,
    AirVRInput.TrackedController.Axis2D axis)
```

```
bool Get(AirVRCameraRig cameraRig,
    AirVRInput.TrackedController.Button button)
```

returns the value of an axis or a button of an input device of the client which cameraRig is bound to.

- Parameters
  - cameraRig : [AirVRCameraRig](#) instance bound to a client
  - axis/button : one of axes/buttons of an input device

## Static Functions

`bool GetDown(AirVRCameraRig cameraRig,  
AirVRInput.Touchpad.Button button)`

`bool GetDown(AirVRCameraRig cameraRig,  
AirVRInput.Gamepad.Button button)`

`bool GetDown(AirVRCameraRig cameraRig,  
AirVRInput.TrackedController.Button button)`

returns true if a button of an input device of the client which *cameraRig* is bound to is pressed during the frame.

- Parameters
  - cameraRig : [AirVRCameraRig](#) instance bound to a client
  - button : one of buttons of an input device

`bool GetUp(AirVRCameraRig cameraRig,  
AirVRInput.Touchpad.Button button)`

`bool GetUp(AirVRCameraRig cameraRig,  
AirVRInput.Gamepad.Button button)`

`bool GetUp(AirVRCameraRig cameraRig,  
AirVRInput.TrackedController.Button button)`

returns true if a button of an input device of the client which *cameraRig* is bound to is released during frame.

- Parameters
  - cameraRig : [AirVRCameraRig](#) instance bound to a client
  - button : one of buttons of an input device

## AirVRServerAudioOutputRouter

Routes “stereo” audio rendered by Unity audio engine to connected clients. Must be attached to a [GameObject](#) on which Unity’s [AudioListener](#) is attached. Please read “Programming Guide - Audio” section how it works.

Variables		
input	<a href="#">Input</a>	audio source to send to connected clients <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Input               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- <a href="#">AudioListener</a> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· takes stereo audio heard by Unity’s <a href="#">AudioListener</a> as input</li> </ul> </li> <li>- <a href="#">AudioPlugin</a> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· takes stereo audio passing through “AirVR Server Audio Output” audio plugin as input</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul>
output	<a href="#">Output</a>	destination to which onAirVR server will send audio <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Output               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- All                   <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· broadcast audio to all connected clients</li> </ul> </li> <li>- One                   <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· send audio only to a specific client</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul>
targetAudioMixer	<a href="#">UnityEngine.Audio.AudioMixer</a>	Unity’s <a href="#">AudioMixer</a> containing “AirVR Server Audio Output” audio plugin. Used only when input is “AudioPlugin”.
exposedRendererIDParameterName	<a href="#">string</a>	exposed parameter name of <a href="#">RendererID</a> parameter of “AirVR Server Audio Output” audio plugin in <a href="#">targetAudioMixer</a> . Used only when input is “AudioPlugin”.
targetCameraRig	<a href="#">AirVRCameraRig</a>	<a href="#">AirVRCameraRig</a> instance bound to a client to which want to send audio. Used only when output is “One”.



## CONTACT

If you are looking for answers, would like to solve a problem, or just want to let us know how we can cooperate, please contact us via the below channels.

- onAirVR website : <http://onairvr.io>
- Email for support : [contact@onairvr.io](mailto:contact@onairvr.io)
- We are Clicked : <http://www.clicked.co.kr>