Project V: Fourier Based System Modeling

State Variable Modeling of a Feedback Control System

$$H(s) = \frac{K_{v}*K_{p}*s + K_{v}*K_{i}}{J*s^{3} + s^{2} + K_{v}*K_{p}*s + K_{v}*K_{i}}$$

a) We used the above transfer equation to simulate the system using the following parameters: dt = 0.1ms, J = 100ms, Kv = 5.0 (rad/sec/volt), the gains defined in Table 1.

K_p	K_i	
4	0	
8	0	
12	0	
4	2	
8	2	
12	2	
4	4	
8	4	
12	4	

Table 1 – Set of Gains to be Simulated

Next, to visualize the results we made 6 plots. The first 3 hold K_p constant and let K_i move. Table 2 shows a list of the plots. The plots are included in Appendix 2.

Plot #	K _p Values	K_i Values
1	1	0, 2, 3
2	2	0, 4, 6
3	4	0, 8, 12
4	1, 2, 4	0* <i>K</i> _p
5	1, 2, 4	2*K _p
6	1, 2, 4	3*K _p

Table 2 – Set of plots

b) We then repeated this for a more realistic saw tooth wave. Table 3 shows the plots.

Plot #	K _p Values	K _i Values	Period
7	1, 2, 4	2* <i>K</i> _p	4
8	1, 2, 4	2* <i>K</i> _p	8

Table 3 – Set of plots (continued)

c) See Appendix 1 for the time lag calculations.

d) See Appendix 1 for the time lag calculations. The time lag changed when we increased the period to 8 seconds.

Appendix 1: Program Output

```
Calculating Part a.

100% Complete
Success!

Calculating Part b with period = 4.

Time Lag: 0.1460 seconds for Kp = 1, Ki = 2.

Time Lag: 0.1138 seconds for Kp = 2, Ki = 4.

Time Lag: 0.0845 seconds for Kp = 4, Ki = 8.

Success!

Calculating Part b with period = 8.

Time Lag: 0.1808 seconds for Kp = 1, Ki = 2.

Time Lag: 0.1179 seconds for Kp = 2, Ki = 4.

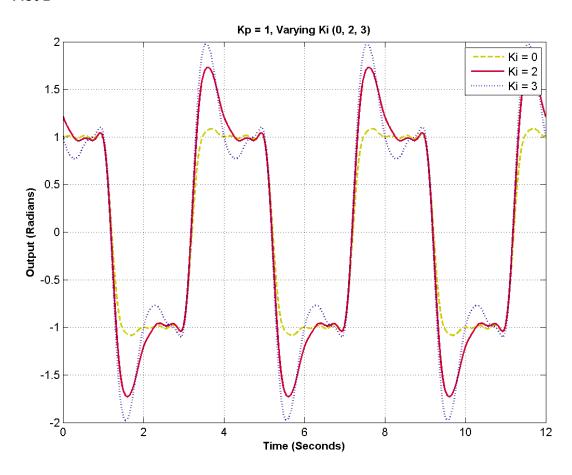
Time Lag: 0.0614 seconds for Kp = 4, Ki = 8.

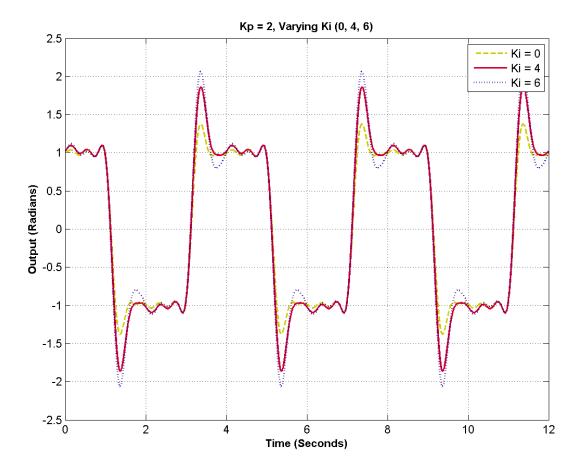
Success!

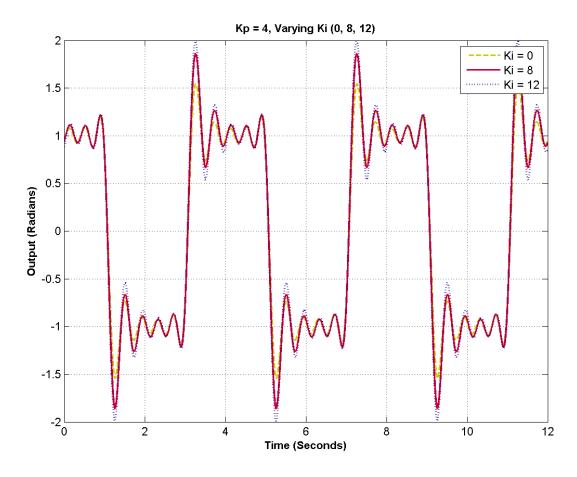
Press any key to quit.
```

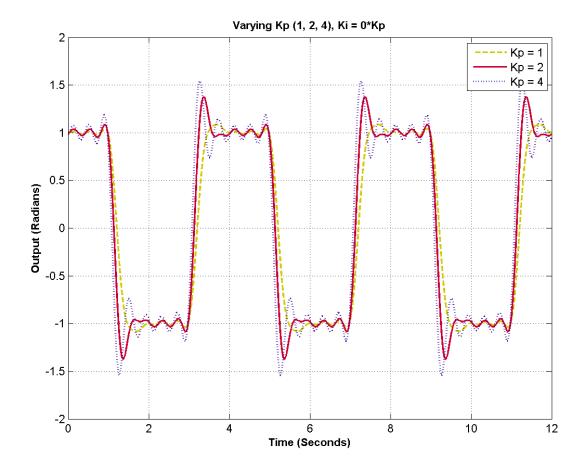
Appendix 2: Plots

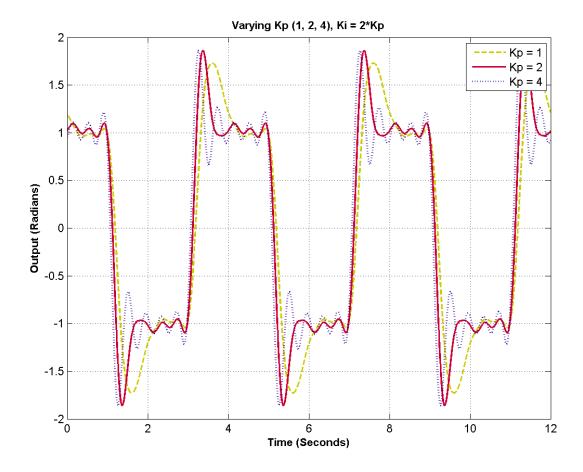
Plot 1

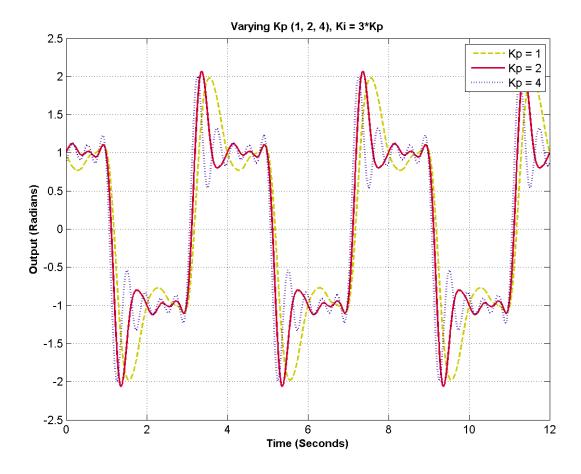




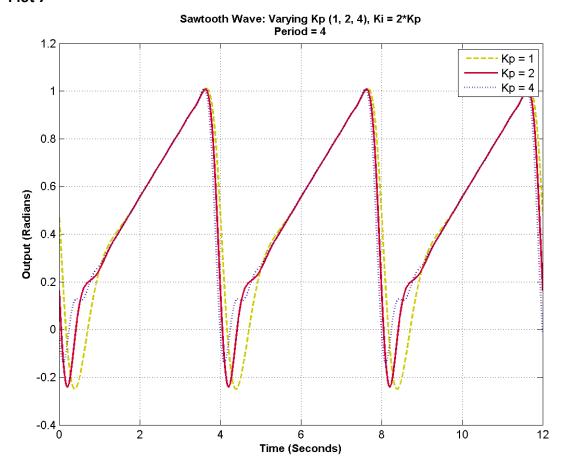


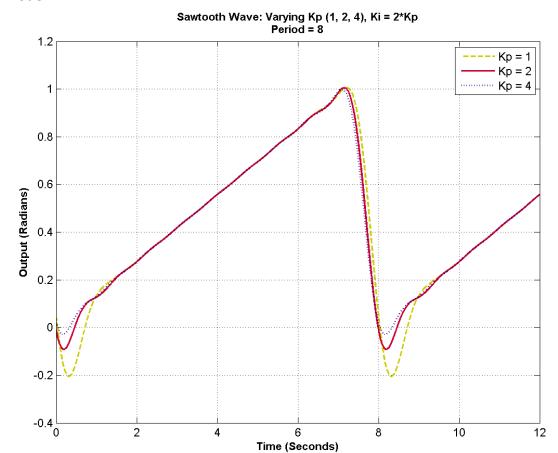






Plot 7





Appendix 3: Code

```
/* Hans Guthrie
* ECE 540
* Project 5
 * Note: I worked with Nelson Padgett on this project
#pragma warning( disable:4996 )
#include <math.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <complex>
using namespace std;
#define eps 2.22e-16
int main( );
void part_a( );
void part b( int T );
double CalculateTimeLag( complex<double> *in, complex<double> *out, int T );
// Support Routine for complex class.
// Calculates the magnitide of a
double mag( complex<double> a )
{
       double r, i;
       r = a.real();
       i = a.imag();
       return( sqrt( r*r + i*i ) );
}
// Support Routine for complex class.
// Calculates the complex conjugate of a
complex<double> conjg( complex<double> a )
{
       double r, i;
       r = a.real();
       i = a.imag( );
       return( complex<double>( r, -i ) );
}
// Writes the array to the output file as a CSV
void WriteToFile( char *name, complex<double> *out, int length, double Dt )
{
       FILE *fout = fopen( name, "w" );
       double T = 0.0;
       for ( int k = 0; k < length; k++ )</pre>
             fprintf( fout, "%18.16lg,%18.16lg,%18.16lg\n", out[ k ].real( ), out[ k
].imag(), T = T + Dt);
       fclose( fout );
}
// Program to simulate the steady state response of
// a circuit to a square wave.
#define SimulationSteps 120000
```

```
// Part a of the project
void part a( )
       double w,
             T = 4.0, // Period set at 4.0 seconds.
             Dt = 0.1e-3, // Step length (seconds)
              J = 100e-3,
              Kv = 5.0,
              PI = 4.0*atan(1.0),
              progressbarcounter = 0.0;
       complex<double> Hjkw, Xk, Outw, s;
       complex<double> *in = new complex<double>[ SimulationSteps ]; // Array of complex
to hold inputs.
       complex<double> *out = new complex<double>[ SimulationSteps ]; // Array of complex
to hold outputs.
       int k, m, Ki, Kp, i;
       char name[ 32 ];
       printf( "Calculating Part a.\n" );
       FILE *fout = fopen( "FourierCoefficients.csv", "w" ); // the file we're reading in
from
      W = 2 * PI / T;
       //Dt = 3.0*T / SimulationSteps; // Compute step size to generate 3 periods.
       //loop through all the Kp's -- but only 1, 2, 4. (not 3)
       for ( Kp = 1; Kp <= 4; Kp *= 2 )
       {
              //loop through the Ki's
             for ( i = 0; i <= 2; i++ )
                    if ( i == 0 )
                     {
                           Ki = 0;
                     }
                     else
                     {
                            Ki = Kp*(1 + i);
                     // Initialize output as zero.
                     for ( m = 0; m < SimulationSteps; m++ )</pre>
                     {
                            out[ m ] = 0.0;
                            in[m] = 0.0;
                     }
                     // Generate the output
                     k = 1;
                     while ( k < 10 )
                           if ( k ) // Compute Fourier Coefficients for square wave.
                                  Xk = 1.0 * sin(k*PI / 2) / (k*PI / 2);
```

```
}
                            // Compute Filter response at this frequency
                            s = complex<double>( 0.0, k*w );
                           Hjkw = (Kv*Kp*s + Kv*Ki) / (J*s*s*s + s*s + Kv*Kp*s + Kv*Ki)
);
                           // Add in this term into steady state response.
                           for ( m = 0; m < SimulationSteps; m++ )</pre>
                                   // Create the value of exp(j*t*w) for frequency (k*w)
and time (m*Dt)
                                  Outw = exp( complex<double>( 0.0, m*Dt*k*w ) );
                                   // Compute Fourier Series representation of Input.
                                   in[ m ] = in[ m ] + Xk * Outw;
                                   // Note k = 0 is a special case
                                   if ( k ) // which is not a conjugate pair.
                                          in[ m ] = in[ m ] + conjg( Xk * Outw );
                                   // Compute Fourier Series representation of Output.
                                   //out[ m ] = out[ m ] + Xk * Hjkw * Outw;
                                  out[ m ] += Xk * Hjkw * Outw;
                                   // Note k = 0 is a special case
                                   if ( k ) // which is not a conjugate pair.
                                          out[ m ] += conjg( Xk * Hjkw * Outw );
                            }// End of Loop through time steps.
                            //Create/update progress bar - developed by Nelson and I
                            progressbarcounter += 1.0;
                            printf( "%3.0f%% Complete\r", ( progressbarcounter / 45.0 ) *
100);
                           if (k >= 9)
                                   sprintf( name, "FS_output_Kp_%d_Ki_%d.csv", Kp, Ki );
                                  WriteToFile( name, out, SimulationSteps, Dt );
                            }
                            k += 2; //increment k for next iteration
                     }// End of loop through Fourier Series Compnoents.
              }
       }
       printf( "\nSuccess!\n\n" );
}// End of part a
//Part b of the project
void part b( int T )
{
       double w,
             Dt = 0.1e-3,
              J = 100e-3,
              Kv = 5,
              PI = 4.0*atan(1.0),
              progressbarcounter = 0.0;
       complex<double> Hjkw, Xk, Outw, w1, w2, s;
```

```
complex<double> *in = new complex<double>[ SimulationSteps ]; // Array of complex
to hold inputs.
       complex<double> *out = new complex<double>[ SimulationSteps ]; // Array of complex
to hold outputs.
       printf( "Calculating Part b with period = %d.\n", T );
       int m, Kp, Ki, n;
       char name[ 32 ];
       FILE *fout = fopen( "FourierCoefficients2.csv", "w" );
       W = 2 * PI / T;
       //loop through the Kp's
       for (Kp = 1; Kp <= 4; Kp = 2 * Kp)
       {
              Ki = 2 * Kp;
              //initialize out and in to 0's
              for ( m = 0; m < SimulationSteps; m++ )</pre>
                     out[m] = 0.0;
                     in[m] = 0.0;
              // Generate input and output
              int k = 0;
              while ( k < 10 )
                     if ( k ) // Compute Fourier Coefficient k for sawtooth wave.
                            w1 = complex<double>( 0.0, 0.2*k*PI );
                           w2 = complex < double > (0.0, 1.8 * k * PI);
                           Xk = (1 / 0.9)*(-10.0 + 9.0*(1.0 - w1)*exp(w1) + (1.0)
+ w2 )*exp( -w2 ) ) / ( 4.0*k*k*PI*PI );
                     else // k == 0...
                     {
                           Xk = 0.5;
                     // Compute Filter response at this frequency
                     s = complex<double>( 0.0, k*w );
                     Hjkw = (Kv*Kp*s + Kv*Ki) / (J*s*s*s + s*s + Kv*Kp*s + Kv*Ki);
                     fprintf( fout, "%18.16lg, %18.16lg, %18.16lg, %18.16lg\n", Xk.real(
), Xk.imag( ), Hjkw.real( ), Hjkw.imag( ) );
                     // Loop through time.
                     for ( m = 0; m < SimulationSteps; m++ )</pre>
                     {
                            // Create the value of exp( j*t*w ) for this
                            // frequency (k*w) and time (m*Dt);
                            Outw = exp( complex<double>( 0.0, m*Dt*k*w ) );
                            // Compute Fourier Series representation of Input.
                            in[m] = in[m] + Xk * Outw;
                            // Note k = 0 is a special case
                            if ( k ) // which is not a conjugate pair.
```

```
in[ m ] = in[ m ] + conjg( Xk * Outw );
                            }
                            // Compute Fourier Series representation of Output.
                            out[ m ] = out[ m ] + Xk * Hjkw * Outw;
                            // Note k = 0 is a special case
                           if ( k ) // which is not a conjugate pair.
                                   out[ m ] = out[ m ] + conjg( Xk * Hjkw * Outw );
                     } // End of time loop.
                     //displays progress percentage - developed by Nelson and I
                     progressbarcounter += 1.0;
                     printf( "%3.0f%% Complete\r", ( progressbarcounter / 30.0 ) * 100 );
                     if (k >= 9)
                     {
                            // Save off input and output model at this point.
                            sprintf( name, "FS_RST_output_Kp_%d_Ki_%d_T_%d.csv", Kp, Ki, T
);
                            WriteToFile( name, out, SimulationSteps, Dt );
                            //Print time lab
                            double Timelag = CalculateTimeLag( in, out, T );
                            printf( "Time Lag: %.4f seconds for Kp = %d, Ki = %d.\n",
Timelag, Kp, Ki );
                     }
                     k++;
              }
       printf( "Success!\n\n" );
}//end of part_b
//return and then print from the part_b method
double CalculateTimeLag( complex<double> *in, complex<double> *out, int T )
       double MaxInput = 0.0,
             MaxOutput = 0.0,
              TimeLag,
              Steps;
       int time1, time2;
       //Prevent it from using multiple period's data
       if ( T == 4 )
       {
              Steps = SimulationSteps / 2;
       }
       else
       {
             Steps = SimulationSteps;
       for ( int i = 0; i < Steps; i++ )</pre>
             if ( out[ i ].real( ) > MaxOutput )
                     MaxOutput = out[ i ].real( );
                     time1 = i;
```

```
}
              if ( in[ i ].real( ) > MaxInput )
                     MaxInput = in[ i ].real( );
                     time2 = i;
              }
       }
       //Calculate the timelag
       TimeLag = abs( time2 - time1 );
       TimeLag *= ( 0.1e-3 );
       return TimeLag;
       //move to part_b method since I'm returning a double
       //printf( "Time Lag is %lg Seconds for Kp = %i and Ki = %i.\n", TimeLag, Kp, Ki );
}
int main( )
       part_a( ); //part a
       part_b( 4 ); //Part b with a time period of 4 seconds
       part_b( 8 ); //Part b with a time period of 8 seconds
       printf( "Press any key to quit." );
       getchar( );
}
```

```
a) Square wave Simulation.
    Code .....
    Scale Correct .....
                         6/6
    Plots .....
                         8/8
b) Sawtooth
    Simulation .....
                          4/4
                          3/3
    Scale .....
    Plots .....
                          3/3
c) Time Shift for 4 second period
    Valid Search .....
                          6/6
    Correct Values .....
                          4/4
e) Time shift for 8 second period
    Search/Values .....
                          6/6
    Did they change .....
                          4/4
Total ......
                         50/50
```