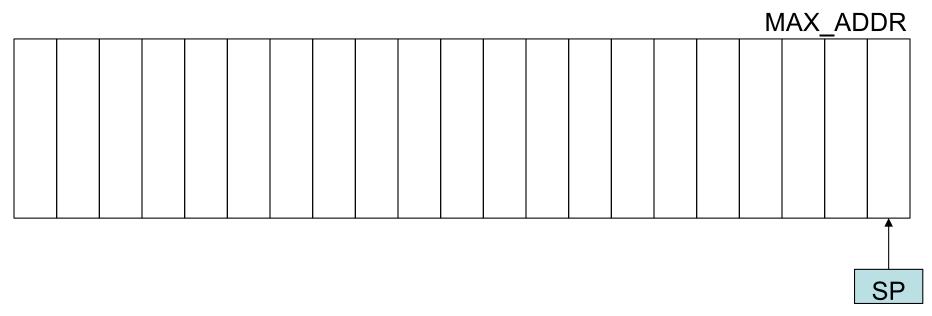
#### Y86 Stack

- Topic:
  - Using stack instructions on y86
- Learning Objectives
  - Draw stack diagrams
  - Use PUSHQ/POPQ instructions
  - Explain how PUSHQ and POPQ are implemented
  - Allocate space for the stack
  - Initialize the stack pointer
- Reading:
  - No new reading

## Stacks (in HW)

Stack grows "down" -- from larger addresses to smaller address

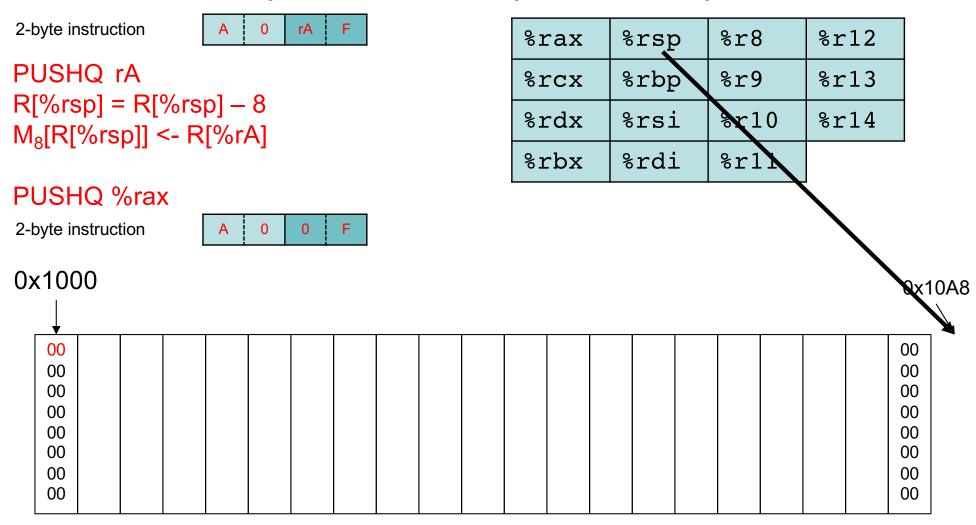
Program and data (heap and static) grow "up" -- from smaller addresses to larger addresses



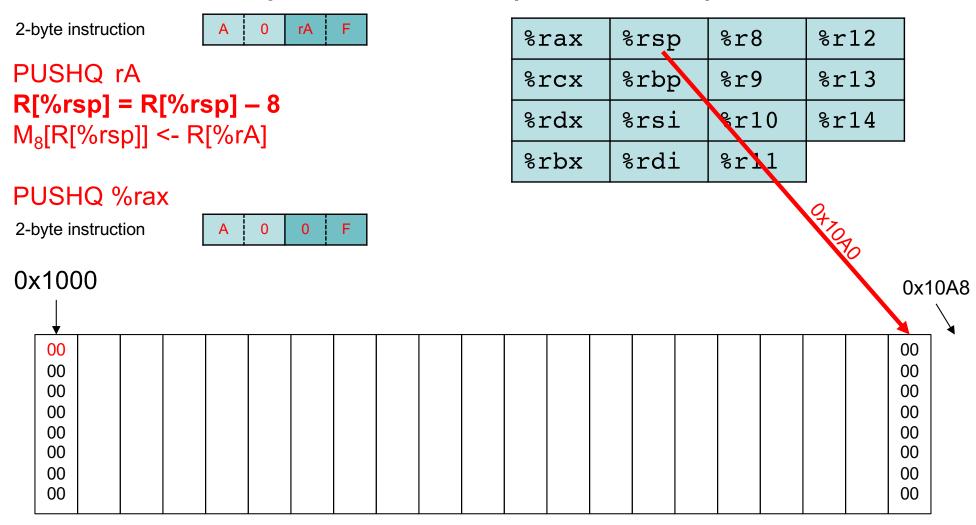
# y86 Stack



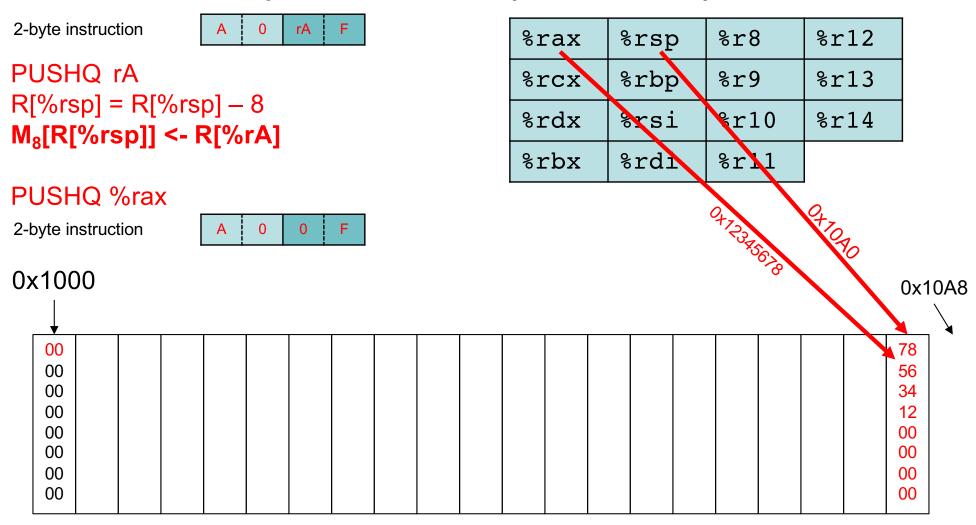
### y86 Stack (PUSHQ)



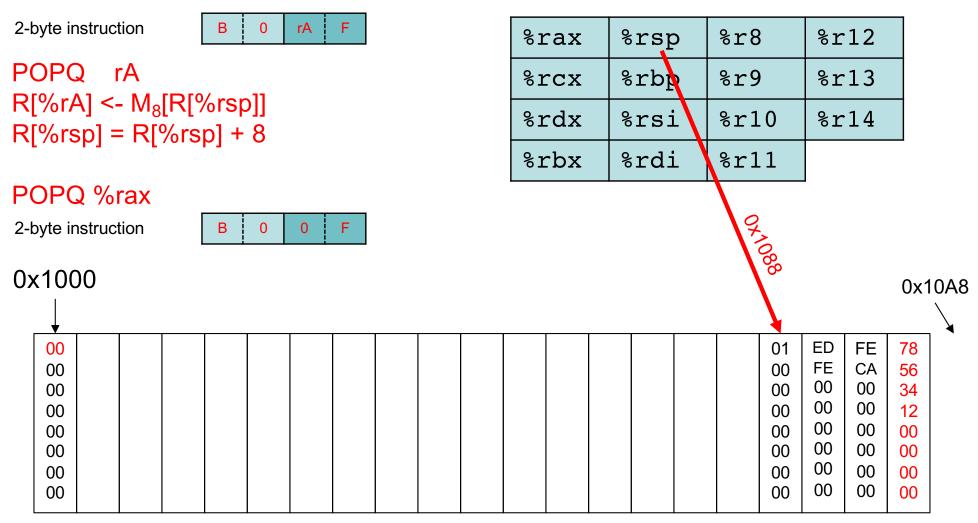
### y86 Stack (PUSHQ)



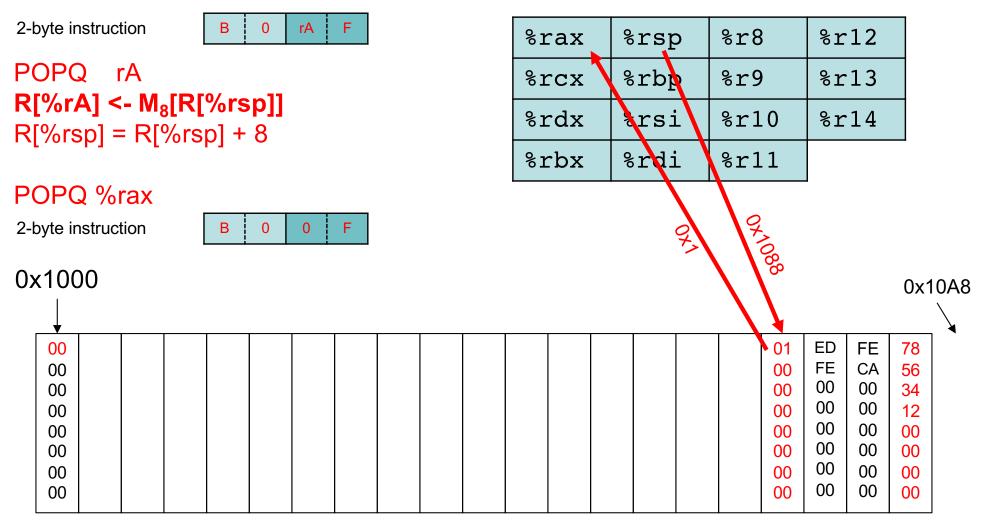
### y86 Stack (PUSHQ)



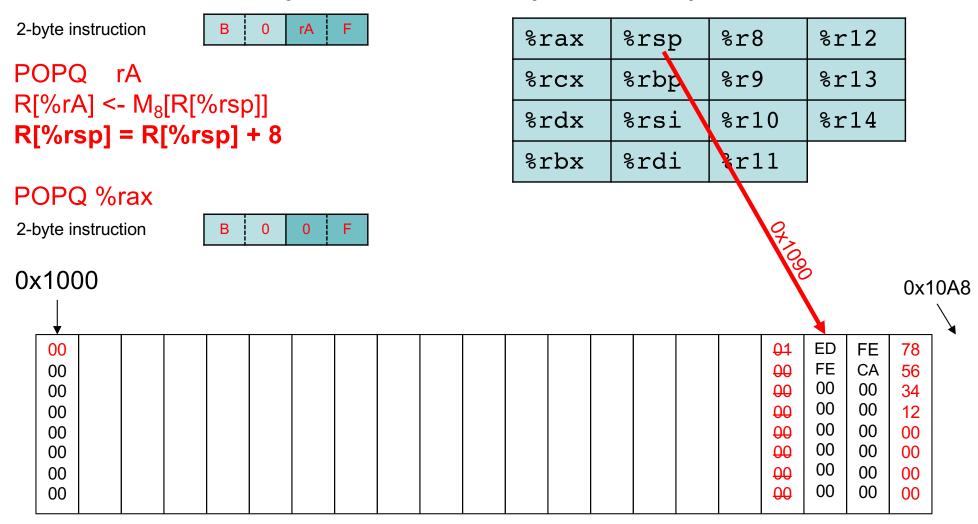
### y86 Stack (POPQ)



#### y86 Stack (POPQ)



#### y86 Stack (POPQ)



#### Swap Using the Stack

```
#Initialize the stack irmovq 0x2000, %rsp

#Initialize rax and rbx irmovq 0x1234, %rax irmovq 0xCAFE, %rbx

#Now, do the swap pushq %rax rrmovq %rbx, %rax popq %rbx
```