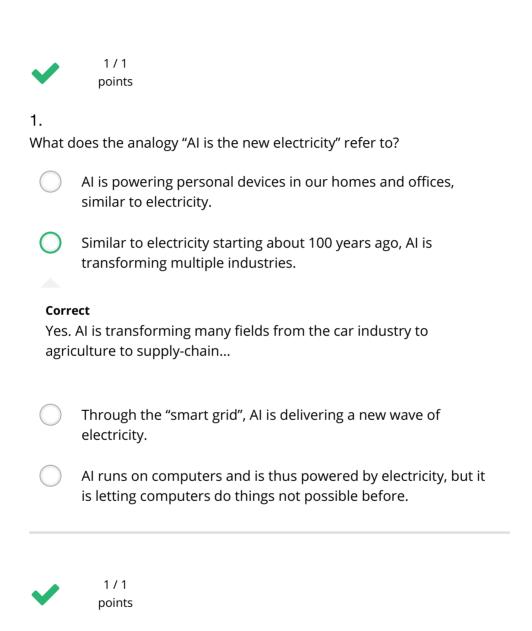
Quiz, 10 questions

### Congratulations! You passed!

Next Item



2.

Which of these are reasons for Deep Learning recently taking off? (Check the three options that apply.)

We have access to a lot more data.

Correct

Yes! The digitalization of our society has played a huge role in this

### Introduction to deep learning

10/10 points (100%)

Quiz, 10 questions

Deep learning has resulted in significant improvements in important applications such as online advertising, speech recognition, and image recognition.

#### Correct

These were all examples discussed in lecture 3.

Neural Networks are a brand new field.

#### **Un-selected is correct**

We have access to a lot more computational power.

#### Correct

Yes! The development of hardware, perhaps especially GPU computing, has significantly improved deep learning algorithms' performance.



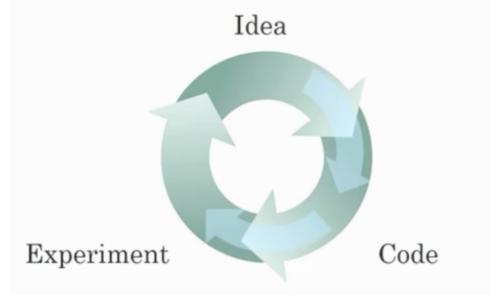
1/1 points

3.

Introduction to deep learning

10/10 points (100%)

Quiz, 10 questions



	Being able to try out ideas quickly allows deep learning engineers to iterate more quickly.		
Corre	ect		
Yes, as discussed in Lecture 4.			
	Faster computation can help speed up how long a team takes to iterate to a good idea.		
Corre	ect		
Yes, as discussed in Lecture 4.			
	It is faster to train on a big dataset than a small dataset.		
Un-s	elected is correct		
	Recent progress in deep learning algorithms has allowed us to train good models faster (even without changing the CPU/GPU		

#### Correct

hardware).

Yes. For example, we discussed how switching from sigmoid to ReLU activation functions allows faster training.

Quiz, 10 questions

4.

When an experienced deep learning engineer works on a new problem, they can usually use insight from previous problems to train a good model on the first try, without needing to iterate multiple times through different models. True/False?



#### Correct

Yes. Finding the characteristics of a model is key to have good performance. Although experience can help, it requires multiple iterations to build a good model.



1/1 points

5.

Which one of these plots represents a ReLU activation function?

Figure 1:

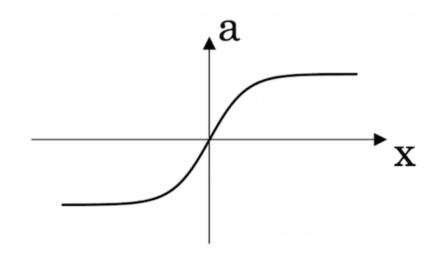


Figure 2:

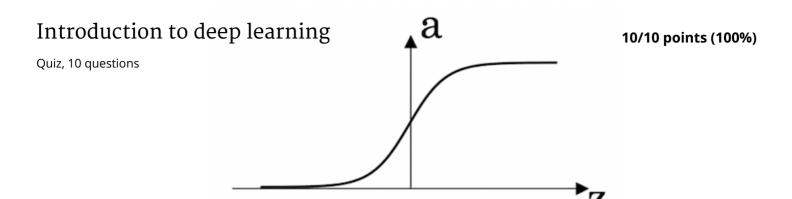
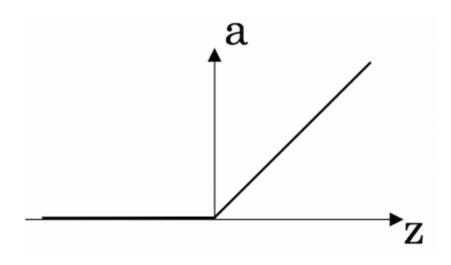


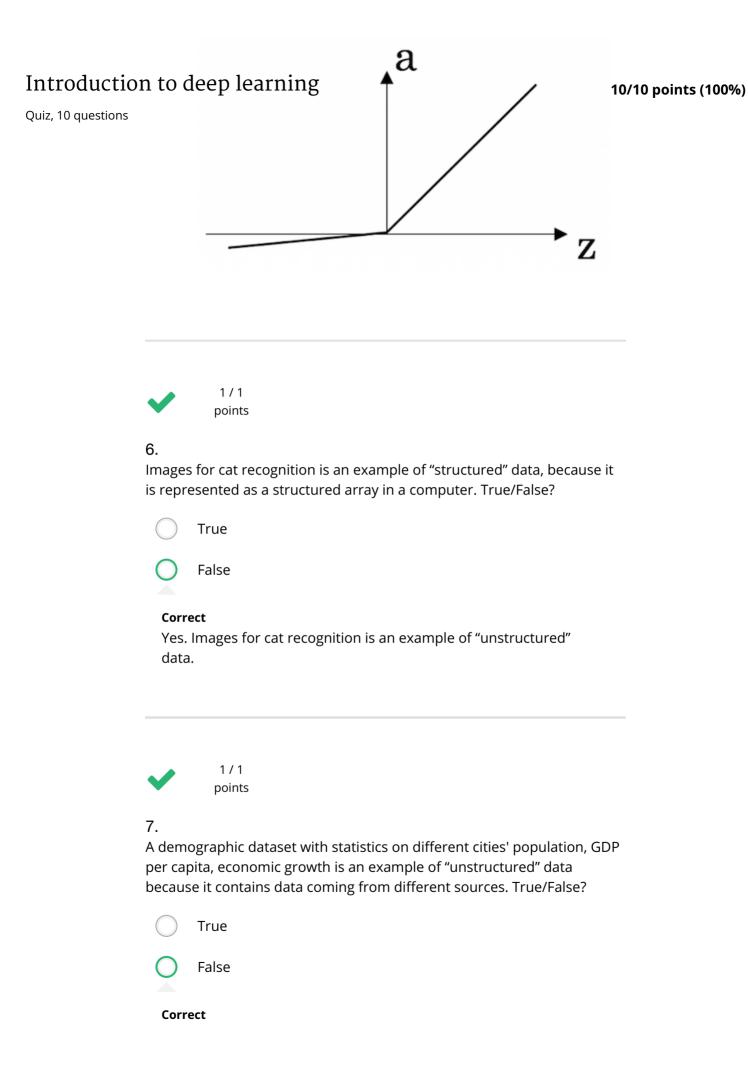
Figure 3:



#### Correct

Correct! This is the ReLU activation function, the most used in neural networks.

Figure 4:



### A demographic dataset with statistics on different cities'

## population, GDP per capita, economic growth is an example of Introduction to image, audio or text datasets.

10/10 points (100%)

Quiz, 10 questions

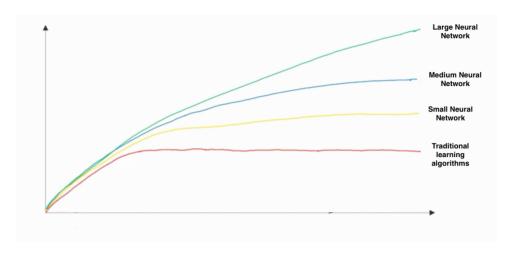
<b>~</b>	1 / 1 points
-	n RNN (Recurrent Neural Network) used for machine translation slating English to French? (Check all that apply.)
	It can be trained as a supervised learning problem.
Correc Yes. V (Frenc	Ve can train it on many pairs of sentences x (English) and y
	lt is strictly more powerful than a Convolutional Neural Network (CNN).
Un-sel	ected is correct
	It is applicable when the input/output is a sequence (e.g., a sequence of words).
	ct In RNN can map from a sequence of english words to a ence of french words.
	RNNs represent the recurrent process of Idea->Code->Experiment->Idea->
Un-sel	ected is correct



Introduction this die in lecture, what do the horizontal axis (x-axis) and vertical axis (y-axis) represent?

10/10 points (100%)

Quiz, 10 questions



- x-axis is the amount of data
  - · y-axis (vertical axis) is the performance of the algorithm.

#### Correct

- x-axis is the input to the algorithm
  - · y-axis is outputs.
- x-axis is the amount of data
  - · y-axis is the size of the model you train.
- x-axis is the performance of the algorithm
  - · y-axis (vertical axis) is the amount of data.



1/1 points

10.

Assuming the trends described in the previous question's figure are accurate (and hoping you got the axis labels right), which of the following are true? (Check all that apply.)

Increasing the training set size generally does not hurt an algorithm's performance, and it may help significantly.

#### Correct

# Yes. Bringing more data to a model is almost always beneficial. Introduction to deep learning

10/10 points (100%)

Quiz, 10 questions

5115	Increasing the size of a neural network generally does not hurt an algorithm's performance, and it may help significantly.
	Correct Yes. According to the trends in the figure above, big networks usually perform better than small networks.
	Decreasing the training set size generally does not hurt an algorithm's performance, and it may help significantly.
	Un-selected is correct
	Decreasing the size of a neural network generally does not hurt an algorithm's performance, and it may help significantly.
	Un-selected is correct





