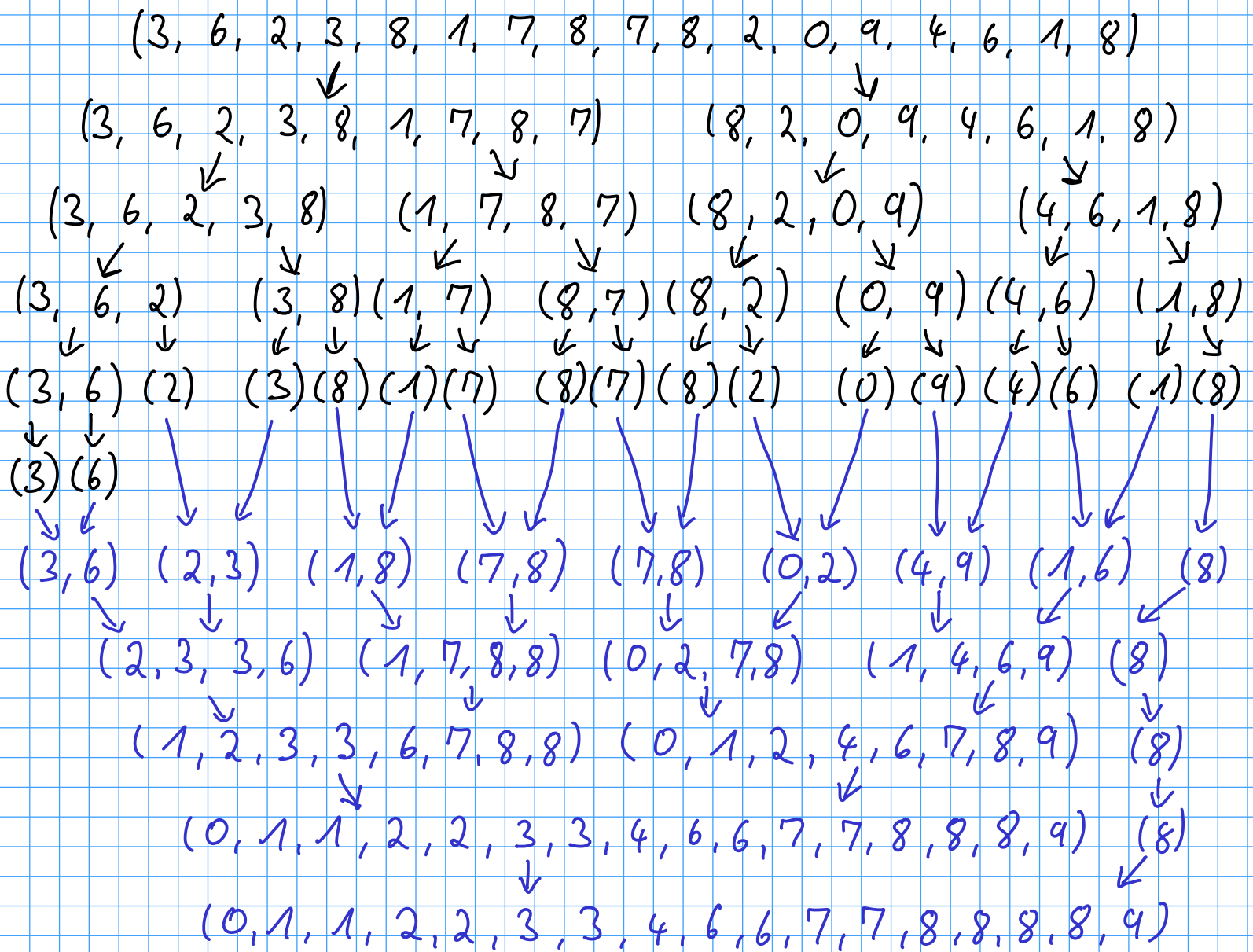


# Mergesort grafische Darstellung



Rekursionsgleichung:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Mergesort}(n) &= \text{Mergesort}\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + \text{Mergesort}\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + \mathcal{O}(n) \\ &= 2 \text{Mergesort}\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + \mathcal{O}(n)\end{aligned}$$

Trivialer Fall

$$\text{Mergesort}(1) = \mathcal{O}(1)$$

# Pseudocode

```
function merge-sort( $n[]$ )
```

```
  if ( $n.size == 1$ )
```

```
    return  $n$ 
```

```
  if ( $n.size == 2$ )
```

```
    return merge( $[n[0]]$ ,  $[n[1]]$ )
```

```
  else
```

```
    var splitted = split( $n$ )
```

```
    var left = merge-sort(splitted[0])
```

```
    var right = merge-sort(splitted[1])
```

```
    return merge(left, right)
```

```
function merge(part0[], part1[])
```

```
  var result[]
```

```
  unless part0.empty or part1.empty
```

```
    part0.each as element0
```

```
      if ( $element0 < part1.first$ )
```

```
        result.add(element0)
```

```
        part0.remove(element0)
```

```
      else
```

```
        result.add(part1.first)
```

```
        part1.remove(part1.first)
```

```
  result.concat(part0).concat(part1)
```

```
  return result
```