Kotlin



Coroutines Labs

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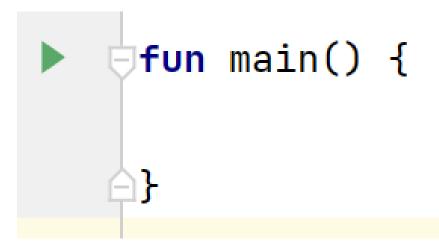
Bước 1

- Tạo Project Kotlin coroutine example
- Thêm các dependencies vào app/build.gradle.kt

implementation("org.jetbrains.kotlinx:kotlinx-coroutines-android:1.3.9")

Bước 2.

- Tao package firstcoroutines, tao file BuildFirstCoroutines.kt trong package này.
- Tao hàm main.
- Ấn nút mũi tên xanh và chạy Run (hoặc ấn Ctrl+Shift+F10).



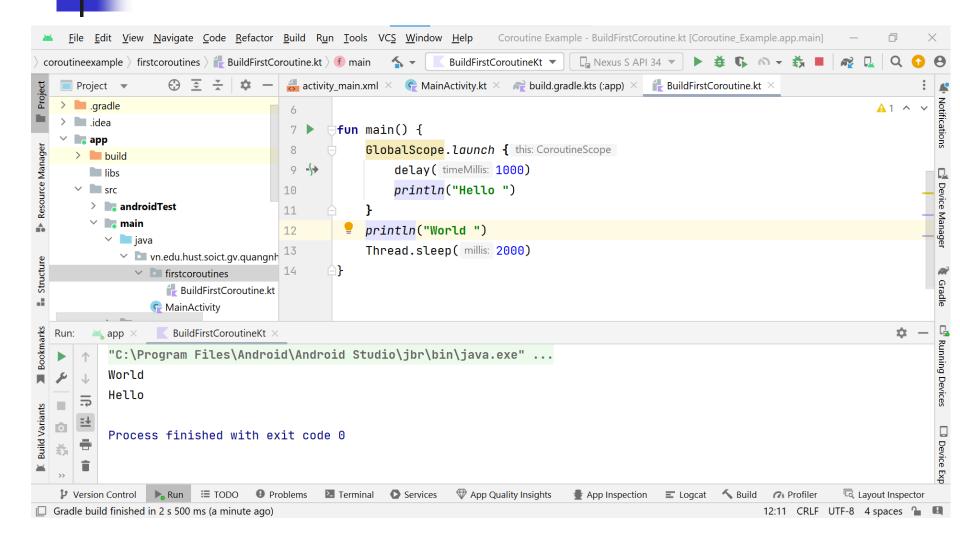


Chương trình coroutine đầu tiên

package

vn.edu.hust.soict.gv.quangnh.coroutineexample.firstcoroutines

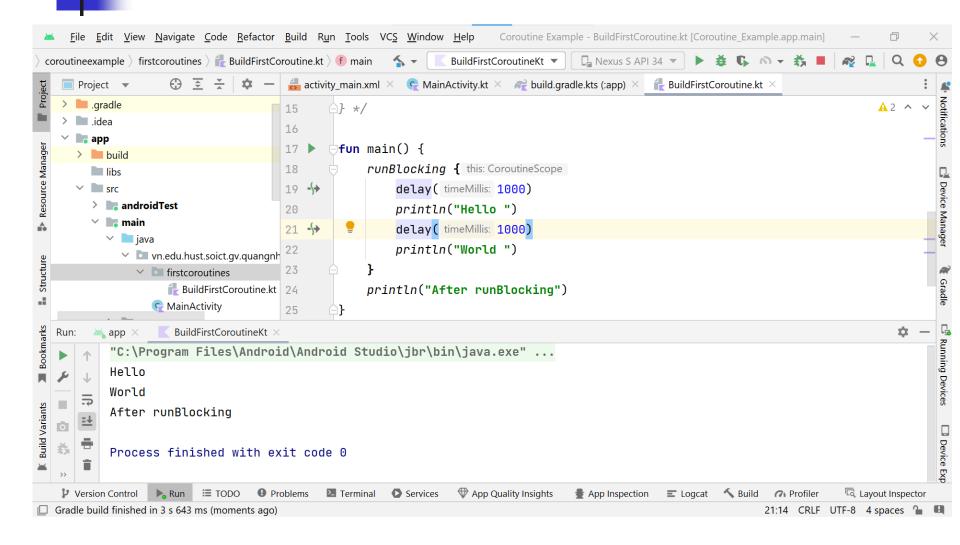
```
import kotlinx.coroutines.GlobalScope
import kotlinx.coroutines.delay
import kotlinx.coroutines.launch
fun main() {
  GlobalScope.launch {
     delay(1000)
     print("Hello ")
  print("World ")
  Thread.sleep(2000)
```



Ví dụ 2

 Tạo coroutine dùng runBlocking: tạo ra coroutine và block thread hiện tại

```
fun main() {
                             a. Xác định kết quả của
        runBlocking {
                               chương trình này
          delay(1000)
                             b. Hãy hiển thi tên tiến
          println("Hello ")
                               trình của từng đoạn code
          delay(1000)
                               trong chương trình
          println("World ")
        println("After runBlocking")
println("Current Thread: ${Thread.currentThread().name}")
```





Bài 2. Coroutine Context

2.1. Dispatchers

- Dispatchers: quyết định Thread mà Coroutine chạy
 - Dispatchers.Default
 - Dispatchers.IO: doc Database, Networking
 - Dispatchers.Main: update UI
 - Dispatchers.Unconfined

Dispatcher. Ví dụ 3

- Tao package coroutinecontext
- Tạo file TestDispatchers:

package

vn.edu.hust.soict.gv.quangnh.coroutineexample.coroutinecontext

import android.util.Log
import kotlinx.coroutines.Dispatchers
import kotlinx.coroutines.GlobalScope
import kotlinx.coroutines.launch
import

vn.edu.hust.soict.gv.quangnh.coroutineexample.MainActivity

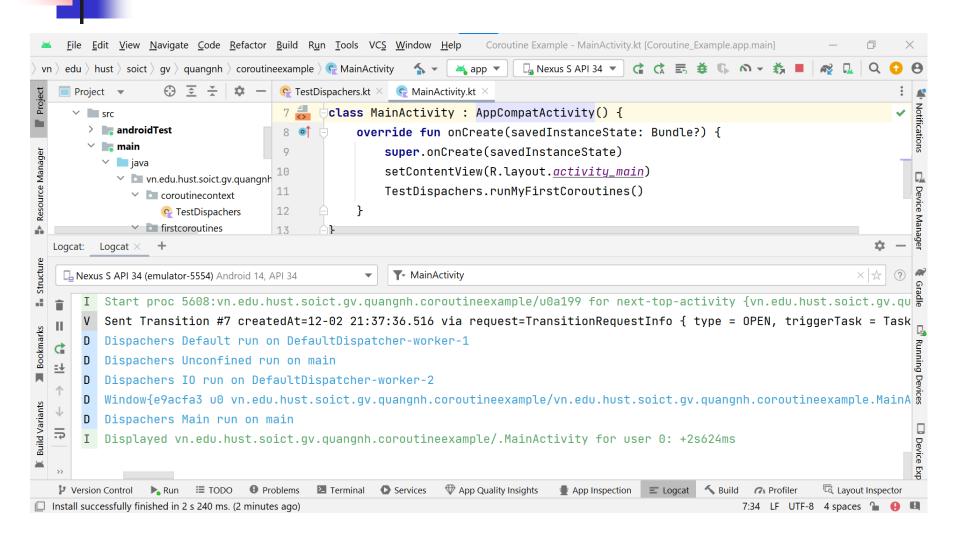
```
object TestDispatchers {
  fun runMyFirstCoroutines() {
    GlobalScope.launch(Dispatchers.Default) {
       Log.d(MainActivity::class.java.simpleName, "Dispatchers Default run
on ${Thread.currentThread().name}")
    GlobalScope.launch(Dispatchers.IO) {
       Log.d(MainActivity::class.java.simpleName, "Dispatchers IO run on
${Thread.currentThread().name}")
    GlobalScope.launch(Dispatchers.Unconfined) {
       Log.d(MainActivity::class.java.simpleName, "Dispatchers Unconfined
run on ${Thread.currentThread().name}")
    GlobalScope.launch(Dispatchers.Main) {
       Log.d(MainActivity::class.java.simpleName, "Dispatchers Main run on
${Thread.currentThread().name}")
```

File MainActivity.kt

package vn.edu.hust.soict.gv.quangnh.coroutineexample

```
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity
import android.os.Bundle
import
vn.edu.hust.soict.gv.quangnh.coroutineexample.coroutineconte
xt.TestDispatchers
class MainActivity : AppCompatActivity() {
  override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_main)
    TestDispatchers.runMyFirstCoroutines()
```

Kết quả khi chạy app

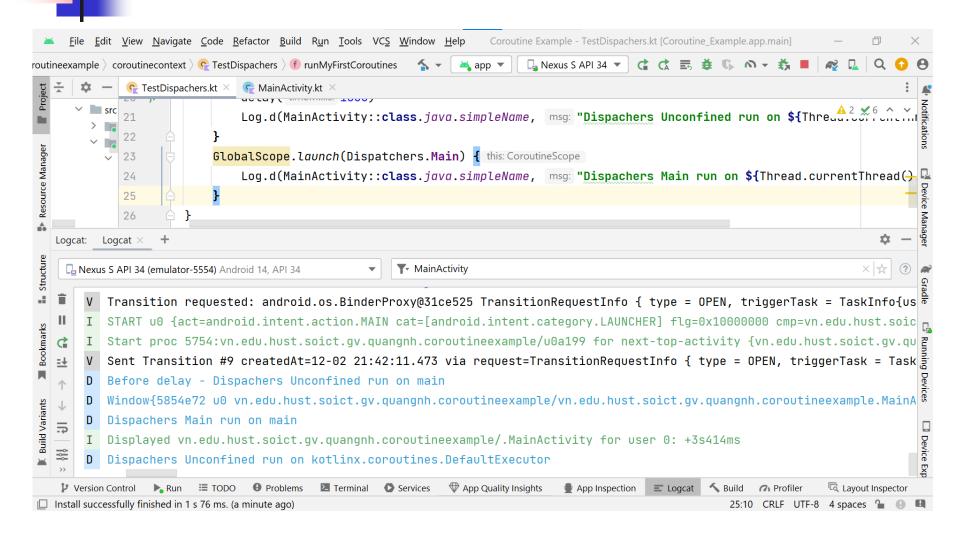




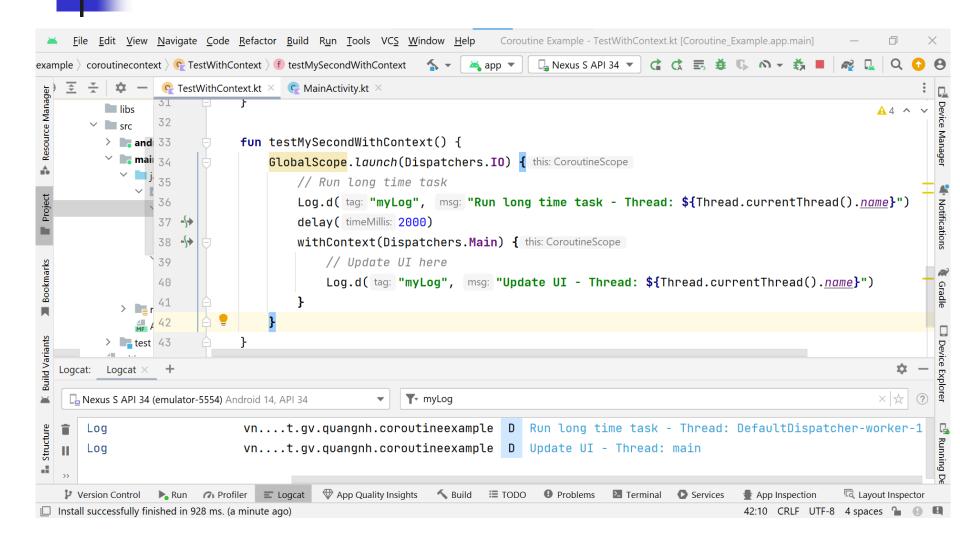
- Các luồng chạy bất đồng bộ, không theo đúng thứ tự code
- Dispachers Unconfined và Main đều chạy trên Main thread. Tuy nhiên nếu Dispachers Unconfined chạy quá lâu thì sẽ được chuyển sang Thread mới.

Ví dụ 4

```
object TestDispachers {
  fun runMyFirstCoroutines() {
    GlobalScope.launch(Dispatchers.Unconfined) {
       Log.d(MainActivity::class.java.simpleName, "Before delay -
Dispachers Unconfined run on ${Thread.currentThread().name}")
       delay(1000)
      Log.d(MainActivity::class.java.simpleName, "Dispachers
Unconfined run on ${Thread.currentThread().name}")
    GlobalScope.launch(Dispatchers.Main) {
      Log.d(MainActivity::class.java.simpleName, "Dispachers Main run
on ${Thread.currentThread().name}")
```



```
2.2. withContext
fun testMySecondWithContext() {
                                           Ví du 5
  GlobalScope.launch(Dispatchers.IO) {
    // Run long time task
    Log.d("myLog", "Run long time task - Thread:
${Thread.currentThread().name}")
    delay(2000)
    withContext(Dispatchers.Main) {
      // Update UI here
      Log.d("myLog", "Update UI - Thread:
${Thread.currentThread().name}")
```





package

vn.edu.hust.soict.gv.quangnh.coroutineexample.coroutinecontext

import kotlinx.coroutines.GlobalScope
import kotlinx.coroutines.Job
import kotlinx.coroutines.delay
import kotlinx.coroutines.launch



```
fun main() {
  val job1: Job = GlobalScope.launch {
     delay(2000)
     println("Hello Kotlin")
  val job2: Job = GlobalScope.launch {
    // job2 chờ đợi công việc của job1 hoàn thành rồi mới thực hiện
    job1.join()
     delay(1000)
     println("I'm Coroutine")
  Thread.sleep(4000)
```

"C:\Program Files\Android\Android Studio\jbr\bin\java.exe" ...

Hello Kotlin
I'm Coroutine

Process finished with exit code 0

Cancel coroutine. Ví dụ 7

```
fun main() {
  runBlocking {
     val job = launch(Dispatchers.Default) {
       repeat(1000) {
          delay(500)
          println("I'm sleeping $it ...")
     delay(1500)
     job.cancel()
     print("Cancelled coroutines")
```

```
"C:\Program Files\Android\Android Studio\jbr\bin\java.exe" ...

I'm sleeping 0 ...

I'm sleeping 1 ...

Cancelled coroutines

Process finished with exit code 0
```

Hàm cancelAndJoin(). Ví dụ 8

```
fun main() {
  runBlocking {
     val startTime = System.currentTimeMillis()
     val job = launch(Dispatchers.Default) {
       var nextPrintTime = startTime
       var i = 0
       while (i < 5) { // computation loop, just waste CPU
          // print a message twice a second
          if (System.currentTimeMillis() >= nextPrintTime) {
            println("job: I'm sleeping ${i++} ...")
            nextPrintTime += 500
     delay(1400) // delay a bit
     println("main: I'm tired of waiting")
     job.cancelAndJoin() // cancel the job and waits for its completion
     println("main: Now I can quit")
```

```
TestJobKt ×
app \times
"C:\Program Files\Android\Android Studio\jbr\bin\java.exe" ...
job: I'm sleeping 0 ...
job: I'm sleeping 1 ...
job: I'm sleeping 2 ...
job: I'm sleeping 3 ...
main: I'm tired of waiting
job: I'm sleeping 4 ...
main: Now I can quit
```

Process finished with exit code 0



Biến isActive. Ví dụ 9

```
fun main() {
  runBlocking {
     val startTime = System.currentTimeMillis()
     val job = launch(Dispatchers.Default) {
       var nextPrintTime = startTime
       var i = 0
       while (isActive) { // computation loop, just waste CPU
          // print a message twice a second
          if (System.currentTimeMillis() >= nextPrintTime) {
            println("job: I'm sleeping ${i++} ...")
            nextPrintTime += 500
     delay(1400) // delay a bit
     println("main: I'm tired of waiting")
     job.cancelAndJoin() // cancel the job and waits for its completion
     println("main: Now I can quit")
```

Process finished with exit code 0

```
"C:\Program Files\Android\Android Studio\jbr\bin\java.exe" ...

job: I'm sleeping 0 ...

job: I'm sleeping 1 ...

job: I'm sleeping 2 ...

job: I'm sleeping 3 ...

main: I'm tired of waiting

main: Now I can quit
```

Coroutine với try ... catch ... finally

```
fun main() {
  runBlocking {
     val job = launch {
       try {
          repeat(1000) {
             delay(100)
             println("Hello Coroutine")
       } finally {
          println("Print from finally")
     delay(300)
     println("I want stop coroutine")
     job.cancel()
```

Ví dụ 10

```
app × TestJobKt ×
```

"C:\Program Files\Android\Android Studio\jbr\bin\java.exe" ...

Hello Coroutine

Hello Coroutine

I want stop coroutine

Print from finally

Process finished with exit code 0

```
fun main() {
  runBlocking {
     val job = launch {
       try {
          repeat(1000) {
            delay(100)
            println("Hello Coroutine")
       } finally {
          println("Print from finally")
          delay(100)
          println("Please print me last times")
     delay(300)
     println("I want stop coroutine")
     job.cancel()
```

Hàm delay trong khối finally Ví du 11

```
"C:\Program Files\Android\Android Studio\jbr\bin\java.exe" ...

Hello Coroutine

Hello Coroutine

I want stop coroutine

Print from finally
```

Process finished with exit code 0

 Lý do: Hàm delay sẽ check coroutine còn alive hay không, do đó hàm delay và các câu lệnh sau đó không còn chạy

```
fun main() {
                                                 Hàm
  runBlocking {
    val job = launch {
                             withContext(NonCancellable)
      try {
         repeat(1000) {
                                              Ví du 12
           delay(100)
           println("Hello Coroutine")
      } finally {
         println("Print from finally")
         withContext(NonCancellable) {
           repeat(2) {
             delay(100)
             println("Print from NonCancellable")
    delay(300)
    println("I want stop coroutine")
    job.cancel()
```

```
app × TestJobKt ×

"C:\Program Files\Android\Android Studio\jbr\bin\java.exe" ...

Hello Coroutine

Hello Coroutine

I want stop coroutine

Print from finally

Print from NonCancellable

Print from NonCancellable
```

Process finished with exit code 0

Nhận xét: khối lệnh bên trong withContext(NonCancellable) sẽ luôn được thực hiện.



2.4. Timeouts. Ví du 13

```
fun main() {
  runBlocking {
     withTimeout(1800) {
       repeat(1000) {
          println("I'm sleeping $it")
          delay(500)
Nghĩa là coroutine này chỉ chạy tối đa 1800 ms.
```

Process finished with exit code 1

4

Xử lý Exception bằng withTimeoutOrNull Ví dụ 14

```
fun main() {
  runBlocking {
     val result = withTimeoutOrNull(1800) {
       repeat(1000) {
          println("I'm sleeping $it")
          delay(500)
        "Done"
     println("Result = $result")
```

```
"C:\Program Files\Android\Android Studio\jbr\bin\java.exe" ...

I'm sleeping 0

I'm sleeping 1

I'm sleeping 2

I'm sleeping 3

Result = null
```



Nếu thời gian chạy coroutine ít hơn thời gian Timeout. Ví dụ 15

```
fun main() {
  runBlocking {
     val result = withTimeoutOrNull(1800) {
       repeat(2) {
          println("I'm sleeping $it")
          delay(500)
        "Done"
     println("Result = $result")
```

```
app × TestTimeOutKt ×

"C:\Program Files\Android\Android Studio\jbr\bin\java.exe" ...

I'm sleeping 0

I'm sleeping 1

Result = Done
```



3. Async và Await. Ví dụ 16

package

vn.edu.hust.soict.gv.quangnh.coroutineexample.async_await

import kotlinx.coroutines.delay
import kotlinx.coroutines.runBlocking
import kotlin.system.measureTimeMillis

```
fun main() {
  runBlocking {
    val time = measureTimeMillis {
       val a = doSomethingFunny1()
       val b = doSomethingFunny2()
       println("a + b = \{a + b\}")
     println("Time = $time")
suspend fun doSomethingFunny1(): Int {
  delay(1000)
  return 10
suspend fun doSomethingFunny2(): Int {
  delay(1000)
  return 20
```

```
app × TestAsyncAwaitKt ×

"C:\Program Files\Android\Android Studio\jbr\bin\java.exe" ...

a + b = 30

Time = 2101
```

- Như vậy thời gian chạy cần đến 2101 ms (vì là chạy tuần tự).
- Có cách khác để chạy nhanh hơn, đó là sử dụng async – await.

Ví dụ 17: async - await

import kotlinx.coroutines.Deferred
import kotlinx.coroutines.async
import kotlinx.coroutines.delay
import kotlinx.coroutines.runBlocking
import kotlinx.system.measureTimeMillis

```
fun main() {
  runBlocking {
    val time = measureTimeMillis {
       val a: Deferred<Int> = async { doSomethingFunny1() }
       val b: Deferred<Int> = async { doSomethingFunny2() }
      println(a.await() + b.await())
    println("Time = $time")
suspend fun doSomethingFunny1(): Int {
  delay(1000)
  return 10
suspend fun doSomethingFunny2(): Int {
  delay(1000)
  return 20
```

```
app × TestAsyncAwaitKt ×

"C:\Program Files\Android\Android Studio\jbr\bin\java.exe" ...

30

Time = 1146
```



4. CoroutineScope

```
|fun main() {
     runBlocking { this: CoroutineScope
          Launch { this: CoroutineScope
          async { this: CoroutineScope
                         Nhân xét: cả
                           runBlocking, launch và
           ^ runBlocking
                           async đều chay trong
                           môt CoroutineScope
```

```
fun main() {
  runBlocking {
```

Ví dụ 18

```
val job1 = launch {
  launch {
    delay(100)
    println("coroutine 1: Hello")
    delay(1000)
    println("coroutine 1: Goodbye")
  launch {
    delay(100)
    println("coroutine 2: Hello")
    delay(1000)
    println("coroutine 2: Goodbye")
delay(500)
job1.cancel()
```



```
app × TestCoroutineScopeKt ×

"C:\Program Files\Android\Android Studio\jbr\bin\java.exe" ...
```

coroutine 1: Hello

coroutine 2: Hello

Process finished with exit code 0

- Nhận xét: coroutine cha bị cancel thì coroutine con cũng bị hủy theo.
- Nếu tác vụ nhất thiết phải hoàn thành kể cả khi coroutine cha bị hủy thì dùng GlobalScope.

52

```
fun main() {
   runBlocking {
```

Ví dụ 19

```
val job1 = launch {
  launch {
    delay(100)
    println("coroutine 1: Hello")
    delay(1000)
    println("coroutine 1: Goodbye")
  launch {
    delay(100)
     println("coroutine 2: Hello")
    delay(1000)
    println("coroutine 2: Goodbye")
  GlobalScope.launch {
                                                        delay(500)
    delay(100)
                                                        job1.cancel()
    println("coroutine 3: Hello")
                                                        delay(2500)
     delay(1000)
    println("coroutine 3: Goodbye")
```

app ×

TestCoroutineScopeKt ×

"C:\Program Files\Android\Android Studio\jbr\bin\java.exe" ...

coroutine 1: Hello

coroutine 2: Hello

coroutine 3: Hello

coroutine 3: Goodbye

Ví dụ 20

```
fun main() {
  runBlocking {
     val job = launch {
       repeat(3) {
          delay(100)
          println("coroutine: $it")
       println("Print from parent")
     job.join()
     delay(1000)
```



```
app × TestCoroutineScopeKt ×
```

"C:\Program Files\Android\Android Studio\jbr\bin\java.exe" ...

coroutine: 0

coroutine: 1

coroutine: 2

Print from parent

Ví dụ 21

```
fun main() {
   runBlocking {
     val job = launch {
        repeat(3) {
           launch {
             delay(100)
             println("coroutine: $it")
        println("Print from parent")
     job.join()
     delay(1000)
```

5. Xử lý Exception và Supervision trong Coroutine

```
fun main() {
                                        Ví du 22
  runBlocking {
    val job = GlobalScope.launch {
       println("Throw Exception from Launch")
       throw NullPointerException()
    // chờ đợi coroutine hoàn thành
    job.join()
    val deferred = GlobalScope.async {
       println("Throw Exception from Async")
       throw IndexOutOfBoundsException()
```



```
"C:\Program Files\Android\Android Studio\jbr\bin\java.exe" ...

Throw Exception from Launch

Exception in thread "DefaultDispatcher-worker-1" java.lang.NullPointerException Create breakpoint

at vn.edu.hust.soict.gv.quangnh.coroutineexample.exception_handling.TestExceptionHandlingKt$main$1$job$1

.invokeSuspend(TestExceptionHandling.kt:12)

at kotlin.coroutines.jvm.internal.BaseContinuationImpl.resumeWith(ContinuationImpl.kt:33) <5 internal lines>
Suppressed: kotlinx.coroutines.DiagnosticCoroutineContextException:

[StandaloneCoroutine{Cancelling}@46b9e67a, Dispatchers.Default]

Throw Exception from Async
```

Lý do async không tạo ra các thông báo lỗi vì các thông báo lỗi này đã được bắt bởi biến deferred.

Khi thêm câu lệnh await() Ví du 23

```
fun main() {
  runBlocking {
    val job = GlobalScope.launch {
       println("Throw Exception from Launch")
       throw NullPointerException()
    // chờ đợi coroutine hoàn thành
    job.join()
    val deferred = GlobalScope.async {
       println("Throw Exception from Async")
       throw IndexOutOfBoundsException()
    deferred.await()
```



```
TestExceptionHandlingKt ×

"C:\Program Files\Android\Android Studio\jbr\bin\java.exe" ...
Throw Exception from Launch
Exception in thread "DefaultDispatcher-worker-1" java.lang.NullPointerException Create breakpoint
    at vn.edu.hust.soict.gv.quangnh.coroutineexample.exception_handling.TestExceptionHandlingKt$main$1$job$1
    .invokeSuspend(TestExceptionHandling.kt:12)

at kotlin.coroutines.jvm.internal.BaseContinuationImpl.resumeWith(ContinuationImpl.kt:33) <5 internal lines>
    Suppressed: kotlinx.coroutines.DiagnosticCoroutineContextException:
    [StandaloneCoroutine{Cancelling}@34039da4, Dispatchers.Default]
Throw Exception from Async
Exception in thread "main" java.lang.IndexOutOfBoundsException Create breakpoint
    at vn.edu.hust.soict.gv.quangnh.coroutineexample.exception_handling
    .TestExceptionHandlingKt$main$1$deferred$1.invokeSuspend(TestExceptionHandling.kt:18)

at kotlin.coroutines.jvm.internal.BaseContinuationImpl.resumeWith(ContinuationImpl.kt:33) <5 internal lines>
```

```
fun main() {
  runBlocking {
    val job = GlobalScope.launch {
       try {
         println("Throw Exception from Launch")
         throw NullPointerException()
       } catch (e: NullPointerException) {
         println(e.toString())
    // chờ đợi coroutine hoàn thành
    job.join()
    val deferred = GlobalScope.async {
       println("Throw Exception from Async")
       throw IndexOutOfBoundsException()
    try {
       deferred.await()
    } catch (e: IndexOutOfBoundsException) {
       println(e.toString())
```

Xử lý lỗi trong coroutine dùng try ... catch Ví dụ 24



TestExceptionHandlingKt ×

"C:\Program Files\Android\Android Studio\jbr\bin\java.exe" ...

Throw Exception from Launch

java.lang.NullPointerException

Throw Exception from Async

java.lang.IndexOutOfBoundsException

```
fun main() {
  runBlocking {
    val handler = CoroutineExceptionHandler { _, exception ->
       println("Error here: ${exception.toString()}")
    val job = GlobalScope.launch(handler) {
       println("Throw Exception from Launch")
       throw NullPointerException()
                                                    Bắt lỗi với
    // chờ đợi coroutine hoàn thành
    job.join()
                                                CoroutineExcep
    val deferred = GlobalScope.async {
                                                   tionHandler
       println("Throw Exception from Async")
       throw IndexOutOfBoundsException()
                                                     Ví du 25
    try {
       deferred.await()
    }catch (e: IndexOutOfBoundsException) {
       println(e.toString())
```



TestExceptionHandlingKt ×

"C:\Program Files\Android\Android Studio\jbr\bin\java.exe" ...

Throw Exception from Launch

Error here: java.lang.NullPointerException

Throw Exception from Async

java.lang.IndexOutOfBoundsException

4

Bắt lỗi + chỉ định context

```
val job = GlobalScope.launch(handler + Dispatchers.Default) {
    println("Throw Exception from Launch")
    throw NullPointerException()
}
```



```
fun main() {
  runBlocking {
    val handler = CoroutineExceptionHandler { _, exception ->
       println("Error here: ${exception.toString()}")
    val job = GlobalScope.launch(handler + Dispatchers.Default) {
       println("Throw Exception from Launch")
       throw NullPointerException()
    // chờ đợi coroutine hoàn thành
    job.join()
    val deferred = GlobalScope.async(handler) {
       println("Throw Exception from Async")
       throw IndexOutOfBoundsException()
    deferred.await()
```



```
"C:\Program Files\Android\Android Studio\jbr\bin\java.exe" ...

Throw Exception from Launch

Error here: java.lang.NullPointerException

Throw Exception from Async

Exception in thread "main" java.lang.IndexOutOfBoundsException Create breakpoint

at vn.edu.hust.soict.gv.quangnh.coroutineexample.exception_handling

.TestExceptionHandlingKt$main$1$deferred$1.invokeSuspend(TestExceptionHandling.kt:23)

at kotlin.coroutines.jvm.internal.BaseContinuationImpl.resumeWith(ContinuationImpl.kt:33) <5 internal lines>
```

Process finished with exit code 1

Tổng kết:

- Sử dụng CoroutineExceptionHandler để bắt lỗi với coroutine tạo ra bằng launch.
- Sử dụng try ... catch để bắt lỗi với coroutine tạo ra bằng async.



Khi Coroutine thứ 2 throw Exception thì các coroutine khác sẽ dừng.

```
fun main() {
  runBlocking {
    val handle = CoroutineExceptionHandler {_, exception ->
       println("Exception: $exception")
    val job = GlobalScope.launch(handle) {
       launch {
         println("Coroutine 1")
         delay(300)
         println("Coroutine 1 continue")
         throw IndexOutOfBoundsException("Coroutine 1")
```

```
launch {
         println("Coroutine 2")
         delay(200)
         throw NullPointerException("Coroutine 2")
      launch {
         println("Coroutine 3")
         delay(400)
         println("Coroutine 3 continue")
         throw ArithmeticException("Coroutine 3")
    job.join()
    delay(1000)
 } // end of runBlocking
```



TestExceptionHandlingKt \times

```
"C:\Program Files\Android\Android Studio\jbr\bin\java.exe" ...
```

Coroutine 1

Coroutine 2

Coroutine 3

Exception: java.lang.NullPointerException: Coroutine 2

4

Bắt lỗi với suppressed. Ví dụ 28

```
fun main() {
  runBlocking {
    val handle = CoroutineExceptionHandler {_, exception ->
       println("Exception: $exception with suppressed
${exception.suppressed.contentToString()}")
    val job = GlobalScope. launch (handle) {
       launch {
         println("Coroutine 1")
         delay(300)
         println("Coroutine 1 continue")
         throw IndexOutOfBoundsException("Coroutine 1")
```

```
launch {
         try {
           delay(Long.MAX_VALUE)
         } finally {
           throw ArithmeticException("Coroutine 2")
      launch {
         println("Coroutine 3")
         delay(400)
         println("Coroutine 3 continue")
         throw ArithmeticException("Coroutine 3")
    job.join()
    delay(1000)
 } // end of runBlocking
```



TestExceptionHandlingKt

```
"C:\Program Files\Android\Android Studio\jbr\bin\java.exe" ...
Coroutine 1
Coroutine 3
Coroutine 1 continue
Exception: java.lang.IndexOutOfBoundsException: Coroutine 1 with suppressed [java.lang.ArithmeticException:
 Coroutine 21
```

- Exception aggregation: When multiple children of a coroutine fail with an exception, the general rule is "the first exception wins", so the first exception gets handled.
- All additional exceptions that happen after the first one are attached to the first exception as suppressed ones.

-

SupervisorJob và SupervisorScope Ví du 29

```
fun main() {
    runBlocking {
        val supervisorJob = SupervisorJob()
        with(CoroutineScope(coroutineContext +
        supervisorJob)) {
        val firstChild = launch {
            println("Print from First Child")
            throw NullPointerException()
        }
}
```

```
val secondChild = launch {
          firstChild.join()
          println("print from second Child. First Child is
Active: ${firstChild.isActive}")
          try {
            delay(1000)
          } finally {
            println("Second Child Cancelled")
       firstChild.join()
       println("Cancelling SupervisorJob")
       supervisorJob.cancel()
       secondChild.join()
```

Process finished with exit code 0

```
"C:\Program Files\Android\Android Studio\jbr\bin\java.exe" ...

Print from First Child

Exception in thread "main" java.lang.NullPointerException Create breakpoint
    at vn.edu.hust.soict.gv.quangnh.coroutineexample.exception_handling
    .TestExceptionHandlingKt$main$1$1$firstChild$1.invokeSuspend(TestExceptionHandling.kt:20)

at kotlin.coroutines.jvm.internal.BaseContinuationImpl.resumeWith(ContinuationImpl.kt:33) <7 internal lines>
    at vn.edu.hust.soict.gv.quangnh.coroutineexample.exception_handling.TestExceptionHandlingKt.main
    (TestExceptionHandling.kt:15)
    at vn.edu.hust.soict.gv.quangnh.coroutineexample.exception_handling.TestExceptionHandlingKt.main
    (TestExceptionHandling.kt)

Suppressed: kotlinx.coroutines.DiagnosticCoroutineContextException:
    [StandaloneCoroutine{Cancelling}@cb0ed20, BlockingEventLoop@8e24743]

print from second Child. First Child is Active: false
Cancelling SupervisorJob
Second Child Cancelled
```

 Nhận xét: secondChild vẫn chạy ngay cả khi firstChild đã throw Exception

```
SupervisorScope
fun main() {
  runBlocking {
                                 Ví du 30
    supervisorScope {
       val firstChild = launch {
         println("Print from First Child")
         throw NullPointerException()
       val secondChild = launch {
         firstChild.join()
         println("print from second Child. First Child is Active:
${firstChild.isActive}")
         try {
           delay(1000)
         } finally {
            println("Second Child Cancelled")
       firstChild.join()
       secondChild.join()
```

```
"C:\Program Files\Android\Android Studio\jbr\bin\java.exe" ...

Print from First Child

Exception in thread "main" java.lang.NullPointerException Create breakpoint
    at vn.edu.hust.soict.gv.quangnh.coroutineexample.exception_handling
    .TestExceptionHandlingKt$main$1$1$firstChild$1.invokeSuspend(TestExceptionHandling.kt:19)

at kotlin.coroutines.jvm.internal.BaseContinuationImpl.resumeWith(ContinuationImpl.kt:33) <7 internal lines>
    at vn.edu.hust.soict.gv.quangnh.coroutineexample.exception_handling.TestExceptionHandlingKt.main
    (TestExceptionHandling.kt:15)

at vn.edu.hust.soict.gv.quangnh.coroutineexample.exception_handling.TestExceptionHandlingKt.main
    (TestExceptionHandling.kt)

Suppressed: kotlinx.coroutines.DiagnosticCoroutineContextException:
    [StandaloneCoroutine{Cancelling}@76a3e297, BlockingEventLoop@4d3167f4]

print from second Child. First Child is Active: false

Second Child Cancelled
```

6. Sequence trong Kotlin **Ví du 31**

```
fun foo(n: Int) : Sequence<Int> = sequence {
  for (i in 0..n) {
     if (i \% 2 == 0)
        yield(i)
fun main() {
  foo(10).forEach {
     println(it)
```

```
"C:\Program Files\Android\Android Studio\jbr\bin\java.exe" ...
0
2
4
6
8
10
```

Kết hợp sequence với map

```
fun main() {
  foo(10).map{it * it}.forEach {
     println(it)
```

Kết quả

```
"C:\Program Files\Android\Android Studio\jbr\bin\java.exe" ...
0
4
16
36
64
100
```



Kết hợp sequence với filter

```
fun main() {
    foo(10).filter { it < 8 }.forEach {
        println(it)
    }
}</pre>
```

Kết quả

```
"C:\Program Files\Android\Android Studio\jbr\bin\java.exe" ...
0
2
4
6
```



7. Giới thiệu về Flow trong Kotlin Coroutines Ví du 32

```
fun main() {
  runBlocking {
     val foo = foo(200)
     foo(5).collect {
        println("i = $it")
fun foo(n : Int): Flow<Int> = flow {
  for(i in 0..n) {
     delay(1000)
     emit(i)
```

"C:\Program Files\Android\Android Studio\jbr\bin\java.exe" ...

```
i = 0
i = 1
i = 2
i = 3
```

i = 4

i = 5

Process

Nhân xét:

- Flow chỉ cấp dữ liệu khi cần, do đó kết quả được in ra mà không cần đợi 200 giây do lệnh val foo = foo(200).
- Flow chạy bất đồng bộ nên không ảnh hưởng đến Thread hiện tại.