# **LockedMe - Virtual Key for Repositories**

This document contains sections for:

- Sprint planning and Task completion
- Core concepts used in project
- Flow of the Application.
- Demonstrating the product capabilities, appearance, and user interactions.
- Unique Selling Points of the Application
- Conclusions

The code for this project is hosted at <a href="https://github.com/hanumanthareddy9/Virtual-Key-for-Repositories">https://github.com/hanumanthareddy9/Virtual-Key-for-Repositories</a>.

The project is developed by Hanumantha Reddy.

## Sprints planning and Task completion

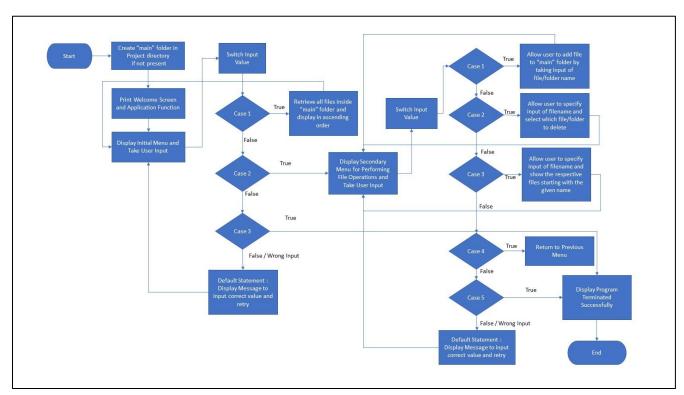
The project is planned to be completed in 1 sprint. Tasks assumed to be completed in the sprint are:

- Creating the flow of the application
- Initializing git repository to track changes as development progresses.
- Writing the Java program to fulfill the requirements of the project.
- Testing the Java program with different kinds of User input
- Pushing code to GitHub.
- Creating this specification document highlighting application capabilities, appearance, and user interactions.

### Core concepts used in project

Collections framework, File Handling, Sorting, Flow Control, Recursion, Exception Handling, Streams API

## Flow of the Application





# Demonstrating the product capabilities, appearance, and user interactions

To demonstrate the product capabilities, below are the sub-sections configured to highlight appearance and user interactions for the project:

1 <u>Creating the project in Eclipse</u>

- 2 Writing a program in Java for the entry point of the application (LockedMeMain.java)
- Writing a program in Java to display Menu options available for the user (MenuOptions.java)
- 4 Writing a program in Java to handle Menu options selected by user (HandleOptions.java)
- Writing a program in Java to perform the File operations as specified by user (**FileOperations.java**)
- 6 Pushing the code to GitHub repository

### Step 1: Creating a new project in Eclipse

- Open Eclipse
- Go to File -> New -> Project -> Java Project -> Next.
- Type in any project name and click on "Finish."
- Select your project and go to File -> New -> Class.
- Enter **LockedMeMain** in any class name, check the checkbox "public static void main(String[] args)", and click on "Finish."

# **Step 2:** Writing a program in Java for the entry point of the application (**LockedMeMain.java**)

```
package com.lockedme;

public class LockedMeMain {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

         // Create "main" folder if not present in current folder structure
         FileOperations.createMainFolderIfNotPresent("main");

         MenuOptions.printWelcomeScreen("LockedMe", "Sitansu Subudhi");

         HandleOptions.handleWelcomeScreenInput();
    }
}
```

}

# **Step 3:** Writing a program in Java to display Menu options available for the user (**MenuOptions.java**)

- Select your project and go to File -> New -> Class.
- Enter MenuOptions in class name and click on "Finish."
- MenuOptions consists methods for -:
- 3.1. Displaying Welcome Screen
- 3.2. Displaying Initial Menu
- 3.3. <u>Displaying Secondary Menu for File Operations available</u>

Step 3.1: Writing method to display Welcome Screen

```
** Welcome to LockedMe.com.
 ** This application was developed by Hanumantha Reddy.
 You can use this application to :-
 · Retrieve all file names in the "main" folder
 Search, add, or delete files in "main" folder.
 **Please be careful to ensure the correct filename is provided for searching or deleting files.**
Step 3.2: Writing method to display Initial Menu
public static void displayMenu() {
               String menu = "\n\n***** Select any option number from below and press
Enter *****\n\n"
                              + "1) Retrieve all files inside \"main\" folder\n" + "2) Display
menu for File operations\n"
                              + "3) Exit program\n";
               System.out.println(menu);
}
Output:
****** Select any option number from below and press Enter *****
1) Retrieve all files inside "main" folder
2) Display menu for File operations
Exit program
Step 3.3: Writing method to display Secondary Menu for File Operations
public static void displayFileMenuOptions() {
               String fileMenu = "\n\n***** Select any option number from below and
press Enter *****\n\n"
                              + "1) Add a file to \"main\" folder\n" + "2) Delete a file from
\"main\" folder\n"
                              + "3) Search for a file from \"main\" folder\n" + "4) Show
```

}

Previous Menu\n" + "5) Exit program\n";

System.out.println(fileMenu);

```
****** Select any option number from below and press Enter ******

1) Add a file to "main" folder

2) Delete a file from "main" folder

3) Search for a file from "main" folder

4) Show Previous Menu

5) Exit program
```

# **Step 4:** Writing a program in Java to handle Menu options selected by user (**HandleOptions.java**)

- Select your project and go to File -> New -> Class.
- Enter HandleOptions in class name and click on "Finish."
- HandleOptions consists methods for -:
- **4.1.** Handling input selected by user in initial Menu
- 4.2. Handling input selected by user in secondary Menu for File Operations

Step 4.1: Writing method to handle user input in initial Menu

```
public static void handleWelcomeScreenInput() {
              boolean running = true;
              Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
              do {
                     try {
                            MenuOptions.displayMenu();
                            int input = sc.nextInt();
                            switch (input) {
                            case 1:
                                   FileOperations.displayAllFiles("main");
                                   break:
                            case 2:
                                   HandleOptions.handleFileMenuOptions();
                                   break;
                            case 3:
                                   System.out.println("Program exited successfully.");
                                   running = false;
                                   sc.close();
```

```
System.exit(0);
break;
default:
System.out.println("Please select a valid option from above.");
}
catch (Exception e) {
System.out.println(e.getClass().getName());
handleWelcomeScreenInput();
}
while (running == true);
}
```

```
****** Select any option number from below and press Enter ******
1) Retrieve all files inside "main" folder
2) Display menu for File operations
3) Exit program
Displaying all files with directory structure in ascending order
`-- abc
  `-- aabc
   |-- ghi.txt
  -- abc.txt
  -- def.txt
  -- kjb.txt
`-- def
 |-- Empty Directory
-- def.txt
-- dkb.txt
-- kjb.txt
-- sks.txt
Displaying all files in ascending order
abc
abc.txt
def.txt
def.txt
dkb.txt
ghi.txt
kjb.txt
kjb.txt
```

**Step 4.2:** Writing method to handle user input in Secondary Menu for File Operations

```
public static void handleFileMenuOptions() {
          boolean running = true;
          Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
do {
                      try {
                             MenuOptions.displayFileMenuOptions();
                             FileOperations.createMainFolderIfNotPresent("main");
                             int input = sc.nextInt();
                             switch (input) {
                             case 1:
                                    // File Add
                                    System.out.println("Enter the name of the file to be
added to the \"main\" folder");
                                     String fileToAdd = sc.next();
                                    FileOperations.createFile(fileToAdd, sc);
                                     break;
                             case 2:
                                     // File/Folder delete
                                     System.out.println("Enter the name of the file to be
deleted from \"main\" folder");
                                     String fileToDelete = sc.next();
                                    FileOperations.createMainFolderIfNotPresent("main");
                                     List<String> filesToDelete =
FileOperations.displayFileLocations(fileToDelete, "main");
                                     String deletionPrompt = "\nSelect index of which file to
delete?"
                                                    + "\n(Enter 0 if you want to delete all
elements)";
                                     System.out.println(deletionPrompt);
                                     int idx = sc.nextInt();
                                    if (idx != 0) {
       FileOperations.deleteFileRecursively(filesToDelete.get(idx - 1));
                                    } else {
                                            // If idx == 0, delete all files displayed for the
name
                                            for (String path : filesToDelete) {
                                                    FileOperations.deleteFileRecursively(path);
```

```
}
                                    }
                                    break;
                             case 3:
                                    // File/Folder Search
                                    System.out.println("Enter the name of the file to be
searched from \"main\" folder");
                                    String fileName = sc.next();
                                    FileOperations.createMainFolderIfNotPresent("main");
                                    FileOperations.displayFileLocations(fileName, "main");
                                    break;
                             case 4:
                                    // Go to Previous menu
                                    return;
                             case 5:
                                    // Exit
                                    System. out. println ("Program exited successfully.");
                                    running = false;
                                    sc.close();
                                    System.exit(0);
                             default:
                                    System. out. println ("Please select a valid option from
above.");
                            }
                     } catch (Exception e) {
                             System.out.println(e.getClass().getName());
                            handleFileMenuOptions();
              } while (running == true);
       }
```

```
****** Select any option number from below and press Enter *****
1) Retrieve all files inside "main" folder
2) Display menu for File operations
3) Exit program
****** Select any option number from below and press Enter *****
1) Add a file to "main" folder
2) Delete a file from "main" folder
3) Search for a file from "main" folder
4) Show Previous Menu
5) Exit program
Enter the name of the file to be searched from "main" folder
kjb
Found file at below location(s):
1: C:\Users\silus\Desktop\Java Backend Simplilearn\Phase 1 Assessment\main\abc\kjb.txt
2: C:\Users\silus\Desktop\Java Backend Simplilearn\Phase 1 Assessment\main\kjb.txt
****** Select any option number from below and press Enter ******
1) Add a file to "main" folder
2) Delete a file from "main" folder
3) Search for a file from "main" folder
4) Show Previous Menu
5) Exit program
```

# **Step 5:** Writing a program in Java to perform the File operations as specified by user (**FileOperations.java**)

- Select your project and go to File -> New -> Class.
- Enter FileOperations in class name and click on "Finish."
- **FileOperations** consists methods for -:
- **5.1.** Creating "main" folder in project if it's not already present
- **5.2.** <u>Displaying all files in "main" folder in ascending order and also with directory structure.</u>
- 5.3. Creating a file/folder as specified by user input.
- 5.4. Search files as specified by user input in "main" folder and it's subfolders.
- 5.5. Deleting a file/folder from "main" folder

Step 5.1: Writing method to create "main" folder in project if it's not present

```
public static void createMainFolderIfNotPresent(String folderName) {
    File file = new File(folderName);

    // If file doesn't exist, create the main folder
    if (!file.exists()) {
        file.mkdirs();
    }
}
```

**Step 5.2:** Writing method to display all files in "main" folder in ascending order and also with directory structure. ("`--" represents a directory. "|--" represents a file.)

```
public static void displayAllFiles(String path) {
               FileOperations.createMainFolderIfNotPresent("main");
               // All required files and folders inside "main" folder relative to current
               // folder
               System. out. println ("Displaying all files with directory structure in ascending
order\n");
               // listFilesInDirectory displays files along with folder structure
               List<String> filesListNames = FileOperations.listFilesInDirectory(path, 0, new
ArrayList<String>());
               System.out.println("Displaying all files in ascending order\n");
               Collections.sort(filesListNames);
               filesListNames.stream().forEach(System.out::println);
       }
       public static List<String> listFilesInDirectory(String path, int indentationCount,
List<String> fileListNames) {
               File dir = new File(path);
               File[] files = dir.listFiles();
               List<File> filesList = Arrays.asList(files);
               Collections.sort(filesList);
               if (files != null && files.length > 0) {
                      for (File file : filesList) {
                              System.out.print(" ".repeat(indentationCount * 2));
                              if (file.isDirectory()) {
                                      System.out.println(" `-- " + file.getName());
                                     // Recursively indent and display the files
                                     fileListNames.add(file.getName());
                                     listFilesInDirectory(file.getAbsolutePath(),
indentationCount + 1, fileListNames);
                              } else {
                                      System.out.println(" | -- " + file.getName());
                                      fileListNames.add(file.getName());
                              }
               } else {
```

```
System.out.print(" ".repeat(indentationCount * 2));
System.out.println(" | -- Empty Directory");
}
System.out.println();
return fileListNames;
}
```

```
****** Select any option number from below and press Enter ******
1) Retrieve all files inside "main" folder
2) Display menu for File operations
3) Exit program
Displaying all files with directory structure in ascending order
`-- abc
  `-- aabc
   |-- ghi.txt
  |-- abc.txt
  |-- def.txt
  -- kjb.txt
`-- def
  |-- Empty Directory
-- def.txt
 -- dkb.txt
-- kjb.txt
-- sks.txt
Displaying all files in ascending order
aabc
abc
abc.txt
def
def.txt
def.txt
dkb.txt
ghi.txt
kjb.txt
kjb.txt
sks.txt
```

Step 5.3: Writing method to create a file/folder as specified by user input.

### Folders are automatically created along with file

```
****** Select any option number from below and press Enter ******

1) Add a file to "main" folder
2) Delete a file from "main" folder
3) Search for a file from "main" folder
4) Show Previous Menu
5) Exit program

1
Enter the name of the file to be added to the "main" folder
/testing/with/folder/creation/test_file.txt
/testing/with/folder/creation/test_file.txt created successfully
Would you like to add some content to the file? (Y/N)
Y

Input content and press enter
Checking if file content written in specified file.
Content written to file /testing/with/folder/creation/test_file.txt
Content can be read using Notepad or Notepad++
```

```
✓ 

LockedMe (in Phase 1 Assessment)

   > M JRE System Library [jdk-12.0.2]
   🗸 🗁 main
     > 🗁 abc
       def
     🗸 🗁 with
          test_file.txt
        def.txt
        dkb.txt
        kjb.txt
       sks.txt
| LockedMeMain.java
                   itest_file.txt ⋈ 🚺 MenuOptions.java

☑ FileOperations.java

☑ HandleOptions.java

1 Checking if file content written in specified file.
```

**Step 5.4:** Writing method to search for all files as specified by user input in "main" folder and it's subfolders.

```
files.forEach(System.out::println);
               }
               return fileListNames;
       }
       public static void searchFileRecursively(String path, String fileName, List<String>
fileListNames) {
               File dir = new File(path);
               File[] files = dir.listFiles();
               List<File> filesList = Arrays.asList(files);
               if (files != null && files.length > 0) {
                      for (File file : filesList) {
                              if (file.getName().startsWith(fileName)) {
                                     fileListNames.add(file.getAbsolutePath());
                              }
                              // Need to search in directories separately to ensure all files of
required
                              // fileName are searched
                              if (file.isDirectory()) {
                                     searchFileRecursively(file.getAbsolutePath(), fileName,
fileListNames);
                              }
                      }
               }
       }
```

### All files starting with the user input are displayed along with index

```
****** Select any option number from below and press Enter *****

1) Add a file to "main" folder
2) Delete a file from "main" folder
3) Search for a file from "main" folder
4) Show Previous Menu
5) Exit program

3
Enter the name of the file to be searched from "main" folder
def

Found file at below location(s):
1: C:\Users\silus\Desktop\Java Backend Simplilearn\Phase 1 Assessment\main\abc\def.txt
2: C:\Users\silus\Desktop\Java Backend Simplilearn\Phase 1 Assessment\main\def
3: C:\Users\silus\Desktop\Java Backend Simplilearn\Phase 1 Assessment\main\def.txt
```

**Step 5.5:** Writing method to delete file/folder specified by user input in "main" folder and it's subfolders. It uses the searchFilesRecursively method and prompts user to specify which index to delete. If folder selected, all it's child files and folder will be deleted recursively. If user wants to delete all the files specified after the search, they can input value 0.

public static void deleteFileRecursively(String path) {

To verify if file is deleted on Eclipse, right click on Project and click "Refresh".

```
#****** Select any option number from below and press Enter ******

1) Add a file to "main" folder
2) Delete a file from "main" folder
3) Search for a file from "main" folder
4) Show Previous Menu
5) Exit program

2
Enter the name of the file to be deleted from "main" folder
with

Found file at below location(s):
1: C:\Users\silus\Desktop\Java Backend Simplilearn\Phase 1 Assessment\main\testing\with

Select index of which file to delete?
(Enter 0 if you want to delete all elements)
1
test file.txt at C:\Users\silus\Desktop\Java Backend Simplilearn\Phase 1 Assessment\main\testing\with\folder\creation deleted successfully creation at C:\Users\silus\Desktop\Java Backend Simplilearn\Phase 1 Assessment\main\testing\with\folder deleted successfully Failed to delete creation at C:\Users\silus\Desktop\Java Backend Simplilearn\Phase 1 Assessment\main\testing\with\folder deleted successfully Failed to delete creation at C:\Users\silus\Desktop\Java Backend Simplilearn\Phase 1 Assessment\main\testing\with\folder folder at C:\Users\silus\Desktop\Java Backend Simplilearn\Phase 1 Assessment\main\testing\with folder folder at C:\Users\silus\Desktop\Java Backend Simplilearn\Phase 1 Assessment\main\testing\with with folder folder at C:\Users\silus\Desktop\Java Backend Simplilearn\Phase 1 Assessment\main\testing\with with at C:\Users\silus\Desktop\Java Backend Simplilearn\Phase 1 Assessment\main\testing\with with with at C:\Users\silus\Desktop\Java Backend Simplilearn\Phase 1 Assessment\main\testing deleted successfully
```

```
****** Select any option number from below and press Enter ******
1) Add a file to "main" folder
2) Delete a file from "main" folder
3) Search for a file from "main" folder
4) Show Previous Menu
5) Exit program
****** Select any option number from below and press Enter *****
1) Retrieve all files inside "main" folder
2) Display menu for File operations
3) Exit program
Displaying all files with directory structure in ascending order
`-- abc
  `-- aabc
   |-- ghi.txt
  |-- abc.txt
  -- def.txt
  |-- kjb.txt
`-- def
 |-- Empty Directory
-- def.txt
-- dkb.txt
-- kjb.txt
-- sks.txt
 |-- Empty Directory
LockedMe (in Phase 1 Assessment)
   > 🕭 src
   > M JRE System Library [jdk-12.0.2]
  V 🗁 main
     > 🗁 abc
       def
        testing
        def.txt
        dkb.txt
        kjb.txt
        sks.txt
```

### **Step 6:** Pushing the code to GitHub repository

 Open your command prompt and navigate to the folder where you have created your files.

### cd <folder path>

Initialize repository using the following command:

#### git init

• Add all the files to your git repository using the following command:

git add.

• Commit the changes using the following command:

git commit . -m <commit message>

• Push the files to the folder you initially created using the following command:

git push -u origin master

### Unique Selling Points of the Application

- 1. The application is designed to keep on running and taking user inputs even after exceptions occur. To terminate the application, appropriate option needs to be selected.
- 2. The application can take any file/folder name as input. Even if the user wants to create nested folder structure, user can specify the relative path, and the application takes care of creating the required folder structure.

- 3. User is also provided the option to write content if they want into the newly created file.
- 4. The application doesn't restrict user to specify the exact filename to search/delete file/folder. They can specify the starting input, and the program searches all files/folder starting with the value and displays it. The user is then provided the option to select all files or to select a specific index to delete.
- 5. The application also allows user to delete folders which are not empty.
- 6. The user is able to seamlessly switch between options or return to previous menu even after any required operation like adding, searching, deleting or retrieving of files is performed.
- 7. When the option to retrieve files in ascending order is selected, user is displayed with two options of viewing the files.
  - 7.1. Ascending order of folders first which have files sorted in them,
  - 7.2. Ascending order of all files and folders inside the "main" folder.
- 8. The application is designed with modularity in mind. Even if one wants to update the path, they can change it through the source code. Application has been developed keeping in mind that there should be very less "hardcoding" of data.

### Conclusions

Further enhancements to the application can be made which may include:

- Conditions to check if user is allowed to delete the file or add the file at the specific locations.
- Asking user to verify if they really want to delete the selected directory if it's not empty.
- Retrieving files/folders by different criteria like Last Modified, Type, etc.

• Allowing user to append data to the file.