CSC209H Worksheet: Compiling and Running Programs

To make sure you understand the terminology	we have	been u	using,	answer	the	following	questions	and	then	$\operatorname{discuss}$
your answers with two or three people sitting n	earby.									

1.	Suppose you have a program named prog.c. What is the instruction you would type on the command line to compile this program and create an executable named prog?
2	For each of the arguments you gave to the gcc command, write down what it means.
3.	Now that you have an executable named $prog$ in your current working directory, give the command to run that executable with the command-line arguments $-k$ 3 $myfile$.
4.	Assume that the executable is in your $parent$ directory; give the command to run this executable without any command-line arguments.
5.	Assume you have changed back into the same directory as the executable. Give the command to run the executable where the resulting output is redirected to a file named test1.out.
6.	When you run the program, it interacts with the user expecting the user to type input. So far imagine that you've been doing this from the keyboard. Give the command to run the program and redirect the input so that the executable reads from the file somefile.txt.

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7.	Put it all together. Show the command to run the executable prog with the command-line arguments -k 3 myfile, reading input from standard input redirected from somefile.txt and redirecting the output to test1.out.
8.	Run prog with a command-line argument of hello, and pipe the output to the Unix utility program wc. This allows you to count the number of lines, words, and characters this program outputs.
9.	Write a shell command to remove all the files in the current working directory that end in $. \circ$
10.	Suppose you have a directory with a bunch of C source code files. You would like to print out all the unique #include files there are included in these source files. Use the commands grep, cut, sort, uniq and pipes to display the unique list of include lines. For example, when I run the full pipeline of commands on the files in /u/csc209h/winter/pub/bin, the output is:
	<pre>#include <dirent.h> #include "helper.h" #include <stdio.h> #include <stdlib.h> #include <string.h> #include <sys stat.h=""> #include <sys types.h=""> #include <sys wait.h=""></sys></sys></sys></string.h></stdlib.h></stdio.h></dirent.h></pre>

• grep should look only in files that end in .c

#include <unistd.h>

- Look at the output of your grep command. Which character could you use as a field delimiter to isolate the include part of the line from the filename that grep also outputs?
- If you haven't used cut before, you will want to look at the man page. Run man cut to read how this command works.
- Build up each component of the pipeline one command at a time and see if the output is what you would expect.