

## Solution

$$y' = y^2 \cdot e^x - 2 \cdot y$$
:  $y = \frac{1}{e^x (1 + c_1 e^x)}$ 

## **Steps**

$$y' = y^2 \cdot e^X - 2 \cdot y$$

First order Bernoulli Ordinary Differential Equation

A first order Bernoulli ODE has the form of  $y' + p(x)y = q(x)y^n$ 

Rewrite in the form of a first order Bernoulli ODE

Show Steps

$$y' + 2y = e^X y^2$$

$$y' + p(x)y = q(x)y^n$$

$$p(x) = 2$$
,  $q(x) = e^{x}$ ,  $n = 2$ 

The general solution is obtained by substituting  $v = y^{1-n}$  and solving  $\frac{1}{1-n}v' + p(x)v = q(x)$ 

Transform to  $\frac{1}{1-n}v'+p(x)v=q(x)$ :  $-v'+2v=e^{x}$ 

Show Steps

Solve 
$$-v' + 2v = e^{x}$$
:  $v = e^{2x} (e^{-x} + c_1)$ 

Show Steps

Substitute back 
$$v = y^{-1}$$
:  $y^{-1} = e^{2x} \left( e^{-x} + c_1 \right)$ 

Show Steps

Isolate 
$$y$$
:  $y = \frac{1}{e^{x}(1 + c_1 e^{x})}$ 

Show Steps

$$y = \frac{1}{e^x \left(1 + c_1 e^x\right)}$$