Week-6: Code-along

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II. Code to edit and execute using the Codealong-6.Rmd file

A. for loop

1. Simple for loop (Slide #6)

```
# Enter code here
for (x in c(3, 6, 9)) {
  print(x)
}
```

```
## [1] 3
## [1] 6
## [1] 9
```

2. for loops structure (Slide #7)

```
# Left-hand side code: for loop for passing values
for (x in 1:8) {print(x)}
```

```
## [1] 1
## [1] 2
## [1] 3
## [1] 4
## [1] 5
## [1] 6
## [1] 7
## [1] 8
```

```
# Right-hand side code: for loop for passing indices for (x in 1:8)  \{y \leftarrow seq(from=100, to=200, by=5) \\ print(y[x]) \}
```

```
## [1] 100

## [1] 105

## [1] 110

## [1] 115

## [1] 120

## [1] 125

## [1] 130

## [1] 135
```

3. Example: find sample means (Slide #9)

```
# Enter code here
sample_sizes <- c(5, 10, 15, 20, 25000)
sample_means <- double(length(sample_sizes))
for (i in seq_along(sample_sizes)) {
   sample_means[i] <- mean(rnorm(sample_sizes[i]))
}
sample_means</pre>
```

```
## [1] 0.159199313 -0.457722799 0.251458236 -0.367242652 0.006239558
```

4. Alternate ways to pre-allocate space (Slide #12)

```
sample_means <- vector("double", length = 5)
sample_means <- double(5)
sample_means <- rep(0, length(sample_sizes))</pre>
```

```
# Initialisation of data_list
data_list <- vector("list", length = 5)</pre>
```

5. Review: Vectorized operations (Slide #18)

```
# Example: bad idea!
a <- 7:11
b <- 8:12
out <- rep(OL, 5)
for (i in seq_along(a)) {
  out[i] <- a[i] + b[i]
}
out</pre>
```

```
## [1] 15 17 19 21 23
```

```
# Taking advantage of vectorization a <-7:11 \\ b <-8:12 \\ out <-a+b \\ out
```

```
## [1] 15 17 19 21 23
```

B. Functionals

6. for loops vs Functionals (Slides #23 and #24)

```
# Slide 23
sample_sizes <- c(5, 10, 15, 20, 25000)
sample_summary <- function(sample_sizes, fun) {
out <- vector("double", length(sample_sizes))
for (i in seq_along(sample_sizes)) {
  out[i] <- fun(rnorm(sample_sizes[i]))
  }
return(out)
}</pre>
```

```
# Slide 24
#Compute mean
sample_summary(sample_sizes, mean)
```

```
## [1] -0.125829906 0.028680459 -0.101777586 -0.114236251 -0.005181102
```

```
# Compute median
sample_summary(sample_sizes, median)
```

```
## [1] -0.178133468 -0.365246662 0.138344940 0.420262801 0.004444472
```

```
# Compute sd
sample_summary(sample_sizes, sd)
```

```
## [1] 1.4711314 0.8298902 1.1396864 1.3261662 1.0064550
```

C. while loop

7. while loop (Slides #27)

```
# Left-hand side code: for loop
for(i in 1:5) {
  print(i)
}
```

```
## [1] 1
## [1] 2
## [1] 3
## [1] 4
## [1] 5
```

```
# Right-hand side code: while loop
i <- 1
while (i <= 5) {
  print(i)
  i <- i + 1
}</pre>
```

```
## [1] 1
## [1] 2
## [1] 3
## [1] 4
## [1] 5
```