$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Tufts~University} \\ {\rm Department~of~Mathematics} \\ {\rm Fall~2018} \end{array}$

MA 126: Numerical Analysis

Homework 7 (v1.1) 1

Assigned Friday 26 October 2018 Due Friday 2 November 2018 at 3 pm

- 1. Atkinson & Han, Section 4.3, Problem 2: While we discussed cubic splines in class, we did not go into great detail, so this will require some reading of the text, particularly Sections 4.3.2 and 4.3.3. The *not-a-knot* boundary conditions are very similar to those used in the equation/unknown count that we did in class.
- 2. Atkinson & Han, Section 4.3, Problem 16
- 3. Atkinson & Han, Section 4.5, Problem 7
- 4. Find the linear minimax approximation to the function
 - (a) $f(x) = x^3$ for $x_0 \le x \le x_1$, where $x_0 = 0$ and $x_1 = a$, where a > 0 is a fixed given constant
 - (b) $f(x) = x^3$ for $x_0 \le x \le x_1$, where $x_0 = -a$ and $x_1 = a$, where a > 0 is a fixed given constant.
- 5. Using the near-minimax method of Section 4.6, redo Problems (a) 4a and (b) 4b, this time selecting the node locations as the <u>appropriate Chebyshev polynomial zeros</u>. Be sure to simplify your results as much as possible. Compare your results with those of Problem 3. (Hint, first read Atkinson & Han, Section 4.6, Problem 4, and its solution in the back of the book.)
- 6. Using the linear least-squares approximation method of Section 4.7, redo Problems (a) 4a and (b) 4b. Compare your results with those of Problem 3.
- 7. Now graph your above results for the choice a = 1:
 - (a) Plot your straight lines for Problems 4a, 5a and 6a, along with the graph of $y = x^3$ for $x \in [0, a]$.
 - (b) Plot your straight lines for Problems 4b, 5b and 6b, along with the graph of $y = x^3$ for $x \in [-a, +a]$.

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