PHP's Object Oriented capabilities

Fajiang Yu, fjyu@whu.edu.cn

School of Computer, Wuhan University

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Agenda

- 1 class
- 2 constructor
- g private
- 4 extends



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- class
- 2 constructor
- g private
- 4 extends



```
<?php
  // PHP 5 class definition
  class Bear {
      // define properties
      public $name;
      public $weight;
      public $age;
      public $sex;
      public $colour;</pre>
```



```
// define methods
public function eat() {
   echo $this->name." is eating...";
public function run() {
   echo $this->name." is running...";
}
public function kill() {
   echo $this->name." is killing prey...";
public function sleep() {
   echo $this->name." is sleeping...";
```



```
<?php
  // my first bear
   $daddy = new Bear;
   // give him a name
   $daddy->name = "Daddy Bear";
   // how old is he
   dy->age = 8;
   // what sex is he
   $daddy->sex = "male";
   // what colour is his coat
   $daddy->colour = "black";
   // how much does he weigh
   $daddy->weight = 300;
```



```
// give daddy a wife
$mommy = new Bear;
$mommy->name = "Mommy Bear";
mom y - age = 7;
$mommy->sex = "female";
$mommy->colour = "black";
mommy->weight = 310;
// and a baby to complete the family
$baby = new Bear;
$baby->name = "Baby Bear";
baby->age = 1;
$baby->sex = "male";
$baby->colour = "black";
$baby->weight = 180;
```



```
// a nice evening in the Bear family
  // daddy kills prey and brings it home
  $daddy->kill();
  // mommy eats it
  $mommy->eat();
  // and so does baby
  $baby->eat();
  // mommy sleeps
  $mommy->sleep();
  // and so does daddy
  $daddy->sleep();
  // baby eats some more
  $baby->eat();
?>
```





```
<?php
  // PHP 4 class definition
  class Bear {
     // define properties
     var $name;
     var $weight;
     var $age;
     var $sex;
     var $colour;</pre>
```



```
// define methods
function eat() {
   echo $this->name." is eating...";
function run() {
   echo $this->name." is running...";
function kill() {
   echo $this->name." is killing prey...";
function sleep() {
   echo $this->name." is sleeping...";
```



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constructor

```
<?php
   // PHP 5 class definition
   class Bear {
      // define properties
      public $name;
      public $weight;
      public $age;
      public $colour;
      // constructor
      public function __construct() {
         this->age = 0;
         $this->weight = 100;
         $this->colour = "brown";
      // define methods
```



constructor

```
<?php
   // PHP 4 class definition
   class Bear {
      // define properties
      var $name;
      var $weight;
      var $age;
      var $colour;
      // constructor
      function Bear() {
         this->age = 0;
         $this->weight = 100;
         $this->colour = "brown";
      // define methods
```



constructor



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private

PHP 5 makes it possible to mark class properties and methods as private, which means that they cannot be manipulated or viewed outside the class definition. This is useful to protect the inner workings of your class from manipulation by object instances.

```
<?php
  // PHP 5 class definition
   class Bear {
      // define properties
      public $name;
      public $age;
      public $weight;
      private $_lastUnitsConsumed;
      // constructor
      public function __construct() {
         this->age = 0;
         $this->weight = 100;
         $this->_lastUnitsConsumed = 0;
```



private

```
// define methods
public function eat($units) {
   echo $this->name." is eating ".$units.
        " units of food...":
   $this->weight += $units;
   $this-> lastUnitsConsumed = $units;
public function getLastMeal() {
   echo "Units consumed in last meal were ".
        $this->_lastUnitsConsumed." ";
```



private

```
<?php
    $bob = new Bear;
    $bob->name = "Bobby Bear";
    $bob->eat(100);
    $bob->eat(200);
    echo $bob->getLastMeal();

// the next line will generate a fatal error
    $bob->_lastUnitsConsumed = 1000;
?>
```



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create a new class based on an existing class, add new features

```
<?php
   // PHP 5 class definition
   class Bear {
      // define properties
      public $name;
      public $weight;
      public $age;
      public $sex;
      public $colour;
      // constructor
      public function construct() {
         this->age = 0;
         $this->weight = 100;
```



```
// define methods
public function eat($units) {
   echo $this->name." is eating ".
        $units." units of food...";
   $this->weight += $units;
public function run() {
   echo $this->name." is running...";
public function kill() {
   echo $this->name." is killing prey...";
public function sleep() {
   echo $this->name." is sleeping...";
```



```
// extended class definition
class PolarBear extends Bear {
   // constructor
   public function construct() {
      parent:: construct();
      $this->colour = "white";
      $this->weight = 600;
   // define methods
   public function swim() {
      echo $this->name." is swimming...";
```



```
<?php
   // create instance of Bear()
   $tom = new Bear;
   $tom->name = "Tommy Bear";
   // create instance of PolarBear()
   $bob = new PolarBear;
   $bob->name = "Bobby Bear";
   // $bob can use all the methods of Bear() and PolarBear()
   $bob->run();
   $bob->kill():
   $bob->swim();
   // $tom can use all the methods of Bear() but not PolarBear()
   $tom->run();
   $tom->kill():
   $tom->swim();
 ?>
```

```
<?php
  // PHP 4 extended class definition
   class PolarBear extends Bear {
      // constructor
      function PolarBear() {
         parent::Bear();
         $this->colour = "white";
         $this->weight = 600;
      // define methods
      function swim() {
         echo $this->name." is swimming...";
```



To prevent a class or its methods from being inherited, use the final keyword before the class or method name (this is new in PHP 5 and will not work in older versions of PHP).

```
<?php
  // PHP 5 class definition
  final class Bear {
      // define properties
      // define methods
}</pre>
```



```
// extended class definition
  // this will fail because Bear() cannot be extended
  class PolarBear extends Bear {
     // define methods
  }
  // create instance of PolarBear()
  // this will fail because Bear() could not be extended
  $bob = new PolarBear;
  $bob->name = "Bobby Bear";
  echo $bob->weight;
?>
```



Thank You! Any Questions?

