

What Drives Equity Market Neutral Hedge Fund Returns?

Steve Foerster





Hedge Fund Overview



- Explosive growth: over \$1 trillion as of 2005
- · Wide variety of styles:
 - Relative value (e.g. convert arb, equity market neutral)
 - Event driven (e.g. risk arbitrage, distressed securities)
 - Opportunistic (e.g. global macro, short bias, emer mkts)
- · Limited regulation
- Lack of transparency

Equity Market Neutral (EMN)



 "This investment strategy is designed to exploit equity market inefficiencies and usually involves being simultaneously long and short matched equity portfolios of the same size within a country. Market neutral portfolios are designed to be either beta or currency neutral, or both. Well-designed portfolios typically control for industry, sector, market capitalization, and other exposures. Leverage is often applied to enhance returns."

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EMN vs. Other Equity Strategies



- Recall CAPM (excess returns): ER_i = β_i × ER_{mkt}
- Jensen's alpha: should be zero in "CAPM world":

$$ER_i = \alpha_i + \beta_i \times ER_{mkt}$$

- Active equity manager: some α , some β
- Passive equity manager: no α, all β
- EMN manager: all α, no β

Focus of This Study

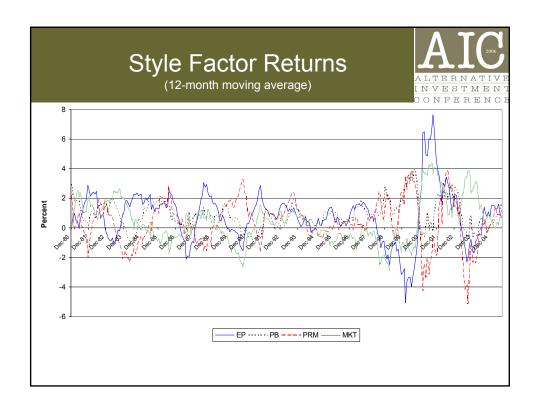


- Extend CAPM to consider other "style" factors in order to redefine alpha:
 - Long/short strategies
 - Economic factors
- Investigate EMN: truly "all alpha and no beta"??
- Extend analysis to other hedge fund strategies

Style Factors



- S&P 500 portfolios formed: long highest ranked quintile and short lowest ranked quintile
- EP earnings/price
- PB price/book
- PRM price momentum
- MKT market capitalization



Economic Factors



- Factors related to indicators of overall economic (business cycle) activity
- YLD shape of yield curve (10-yr gov't less t-bill)
- PREM default premium (Moody's Baa less Aaa)
- INFCH inflation change (CPI year-over-year)
- VIX market volatility (implied S&P std. dev.)

Factors Summary



• 1980-2005 – monthly

	EP	PB	PRM	MKT
Mean	0.78	0.54	0.37	0.38
Median	0.92	0.47	0.81	0.23
Std. Dev.	4.45	3.88	5.87	3.80

YLD	PREM	INFCH	VIX
1.85	1.08	-0.31	20.12
2.01	0.95	-0.10	18.75
1.27	0.46	1.74	6.86

 All style strategies provide positive returns, with annualized means of 4.5% to 9.8%

EMN Summary



- 1994-2005 monthly
- RmRf = U.S. market less t-bill
- MSCIE = Morgan Stanley world index less t-bill

	EMN	RmRf	MSCIE
Mean	0.80	0.61	0.39
Median	0.79	1.29	0.78
Std. Dev.	0.87	4.47	4.07

• EMN mean of 10.0% p.a., relatively low risk

EMN (Excess) Regressions



· Positive alpha and low beta initially

	Int	RmRf	EP	РВ	PRM	MKT	YLD	PREM	INFCH	VIX	Adj R²
EMNE	0.44 (0.00)	0.07 (0.00)									0.131
EMNE	0.43 (0.00)	0.10 (0.00)	(0.00)	-0.09 (0.01)	-0.02 (0.08)	0.02 (0.42)					0.218
EMNE	0.02 (0.94)	0.11 (0.00)	0.06	-0.09 (0.01)	-0.02 (0.11)	0.02 (0.43)	-0.09 (0.13)			0.02 (0.01)	0.279
EMNE	-0.18 (0.53)	0.11 (0.00)	0.08 (0.00)	-0.09 (0.01)	-0.02 (0.11)	0.02 (0.55)	-0.13 (0.09)	0.53 (0.19)	0.09 (0.19)	0.02 (0.12)	0.287

Alpha no longer significant with economic factors

Other Styles (Excess) Regressions



- Non-equity-related styles (e.g., convertible arb, fixed-income arb, global macro, managed futures) have low market betas
- Equity-related styles (e.g., event driven, longshort) have significant market betas
- Funds tended to have a "growth" tilt (vs. "value")
- Event-driven strategies perform better in a low volatility environment

Summary and Conclusions



- EMN strategies are not "pure alpha" → various style attributes and economic variables better explain the apparent excess returns
- Much of the EMN strategy can be "mechanically replicated"
- Good news: EMN returns are negatively related to the shape of the yield curve and positively related to market volatility, suggesting an important counter cyclical role for such a strategy