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```

搭建kubernetes环境

环境

- Ubuntu 18.04
- kubernetes v1.13
- docker-ce 18.06

kubeadm now properly recognizes Docker 18.09.0 and newer, but still treats 18.06 as the default supported version.

选择阿里的仓库进行部署。

安装docker

可参考Docker CE 镜像源站

```
# step 1: 安装必要的一些系统工具
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get -y install apt-transport-https ca-certificates curl software-
properties-common
# step 2: 安装GPG证书
curl -fssL http://mirrors.aliyun.com/docker-ce/linux/ubuntu/gpg | sudo apt-key
add -
# Step 3: 写入软件源信息
sudo add-apt-repository "deb [arch=amd64] http://mirrors.aliyun.com/docker-
ce/linux/ubuntu $(lsb_release -cs) stable"
# Step 4: 更新并安装 Docker-CE
sudo apt-get -y update
sudo apt-get -y install docker-ce
# 安装指定版本的Docker-CE:
# Step 1: 查找Docker-CE的版本:
# apt-cache madison docker-ce
  docker-ce | 17.03.1~ce-0~ubuntu-xenial | http://mirrors.aliyun.com/docker-
ce/linux/ubuntu xenial/stable amd64 Packages
   docker-ce | 17.03.0~ce-0~ubuntu-xenial | http://mirrors.aliyun.com/docker-
ce/linux/ubuntu xenial/stable amd64 Packages
```

```
# Step 2: 安装指定版本的Docker-CE: (VERSION 例如上面的 17.03.1~ce-0~ubuntu-xenial) # sudo apt-get -y install docker-ce=[VERSION] sudo apt-get -y install docker-ce=18.06.1~ce~3-0~ubuntu
```

非root用户使用docker

```
sudo groupadd docker
sudo gpasswd -a ${USER} docker
sudo systemctl restart docker
#之后需要注销当前用户再登录
```

使用阿里云镜像服务作为docker仓库。参考镜像基本操作、宜方镜像加速

先配置官方镜像的加速器

使用非官方镜像

alexis@bogon:~\$ docker login registry.cn-hangzhou.aliyuncs.com
Username:

安装kubernetes

可参考https://opsx.alibaba.com/mirror?lang=zh-CN中kubernetes的帮助部分。

```
apt-get update && apt-get install -y apt-transport-https
curl https://mirrors.aliyun.com/kubernetes/apt/doc/apt-key.gpg | apt-key add -
cat <<EOF >/etc/apt/sources.list.d/kubernetes.list
deb https://mirrors.aliyun.com/kubernetes/apt/ kubernetes-xenial main
EOF
apt-get update
apt-get install -y kubelet kubeadm kubectl
```

- kubelet运行在Cluster所有节点上,负责启动Pod和容器。
- kubeadm用于初始化Cluster。
- kubectl是Kubernetes命令行工具。通过kubectl可以部署和管理应用,查看各种资源,创建、删除和更新各种组件。

添加kubeadm、kubectl的命令行补齐 (需要先安装bash-completion)

```
echo "source <(kubeadm completion bash)" >> ~/.bashrc
echo "source <(kubectl completion bash)" >> ~/.bashrc
```

使用 kubeadm config print init-defaults 查看Master节点初始化的配置

```
alexis@bogon:~$ kubeadm config print init-defaults
apiVersion: kubeadm.k8s.io/v1beta1
bootstrapTokens:
- groups:
  - system:bootstrappers:kubeadm:default-node-token
  token: abcdef.0123456789abcdef
  ttl: 24h0m0s
  usages:
  - signing
  - authentication
kind: InitConfiguration
localAPIEndpoint:
  advertiseAddress: 1.2.3.4
  bindPort: 6443
nodeRegistration:
  criSocket: /var/run/dockershim.sock
  name: bogon
  taints:
  - effect: NoSchedule
    key: node-role.kubernetes.io/master
apiServer:
  timeoutForControlPlane: 4m0s
apiVersion: kubeadm.k8s.io/v1beta1
certificatesDir: /etc/kubernetes/pki
clusterName: kubernetes
controlPlaneEndpoint: ""
controllerManager: {}
  type: CoreDNS
etcd:
  local:
   dataDir: /var/lib/etcd
imageRepository: k8s.gcr.io
kind: ClusterConfiguration
kubernetesVersion: v1.13.0
networking:
  dnsDomain: cluster.local
  podSubnet: ""
  serviceSubnet: 10.96.0.0/12
scheduler: {}
```

这里需要事先==关闭swap分区==。更改kubernetes docker镜像仓库,同时需要事先选择Pod网络插件,根据官方文档配置 --pod-network-cidr 参数,这里选择<u>Flannel</u>插件。

```
sudo kubeadm init --image-repository 'registry.aliyuncs.com/google_containers' -
-kubernetes-version v1.13.0 --pod-network-cidr=10.244.0.0/16
```

```
Your Kubernetes master has initialized successfully!

To start using your cluster, you need to run the following as a regular user:

mkdir -p $HOME/.kube
sudo cp -i /etc/kubernetes/admin.conf $HOME/.kube/config
sudo chown $(id -u):$(id -g) $HOME/.kube/config

You should now deploy a pod network to the cluster.
Run "kubectl apply -f [podnetwork].yaml" with one of the options listed at:
https://kubernetes.io/docs/concepts/cluster-administration/addons/

You can now join any number of machines by running the following on each node
as root:
kubeadm join 192.168.142.129:6443 --token ed7va0.3o7onhrk2tdaicqc --discovery-to
```

按提示继续操作

```
mkdir -p $HOME/.kube
sudo cp -i /etc/kubernetes/admin.conf $HOME/.kube/config
sudo chown $(id -u):$(id -g) $HOME/.kube/config
```

Pod网络插件

```
sudo kubectl apply -f
https://raw.githubusercontent.com/coreos/flannel/master/Documentation/kube-
flannel.yml
```

一切正常的话Master节点会是Ready状态。

```
alexis@bogon:~$ kubectl get nodes

NAME STATUS ROLES AGE VERSION
bogon Ready master 17h v1.13.1
```

Master节点默认不参与Pod的调度,如果希望部署单节点的Kubernetes,可以跑下面这个命令

```
#恢复原来的状态,执行kubectl taint node <node name> node-
role.kubernetes.io/master="":NoSchedule
kubectl taint nodes --all node-role.kubernetes.io/master-
```

添加kubernetes node节点(待续)

更新

```
sudo kubeadm upgrade plan
sudo kubeadm upgrade apply xxx
```

部署Helm包管理器

参考<u>Installing Helm</u>,这里使用官方脚本安装。Helm的stable仓库可以更换为阿里云的仓库,参考 Helm使用

安装 curl https://raw.githubusercontent.com/helm/helm/master/scripts/get-helm-3 | bash #添加命令行补齐 echo "source <(helm completion bash)" >> ~/.bashrc # 添加仓库 helm repo add stable https://kubernetes-charts.storage.googleapis.com/ helm repo add incubator https://aliacs-app-catalog.oss-cnhangzhou.aliyuncs.com/charts-incubator/ helm repo update

helm search repo 就可以看到所有的chart (相当于软件包)

NAME	CHART VERSION	APP VERSION	DESCRIPTION
stable/acs-engine-autoscaler	2.2.2	2.1.1	DEPRECATED Scales worker nodes within agent pools
stable/aerospike	0.3.2	v4.5.0.5	A Helm chart for Aerospike in Kubernetes
stable/airflow	6.0.1	1.10.4	Airflow is a platform to programmatically autho
stable/ambassador	5.3.1	0.86.1	A Helm chart for Datawire Ambassador
stable/anchore-engine	1.4.3	0.6.1	Anchore container analysis and policy evaluatio
stable/apm-server	2.1.5	7.0.0	The server receives data from the Elastic APM a
stable/ark	4.2.2	0.10.2	DEPRECATED A Helm chart for ark
stable/artifactory	7.3.1	6.1.0	DEPRECATED Universal Repository Manager support
stable/artifactory-ha	0.4.1	6.2.0	DEPRECATED Universal Repository Manager support
ctable/atlantic	2 11 0	ve 11 1	A Holm chart for Atlantic https://www.cupatlant

(可选) Draft & vscode

参考Quickstart Guide

```
tar -xzvf draft-v0.14.1-linux-amd64.tar.gz
mv linux-amd64/draft /usr/local/bin/draft
draft init
```

vscode安装插件Docker、Kubernetes

(可选) 部署kubernetes dashboard (待续)

可参考以下url进行部署,不同的地方是这里的 image 改成阿里上搜索到的镜像

- https://www.cnblogs.com/fengzhihai/p/9851470.html
- https://github.com/kubernetes/dashboard

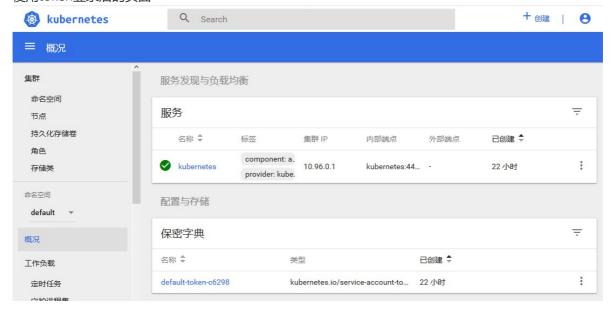
```
spec:
containers:
- name: kubernetes-dashboard
image: registry.cn-hangzhou.aliyuncs.com/google_containers/kubernetes-dashboard-amd64:v1.10.1
ports:
- containerPort: 8443
```

```
kind: Service
                     apiVersion: v1
                     metadata:
                       labels:
                         k8s-app: kubernetes-dashboard
                       name: kubernetes-dashboard
                       namespace: kube-system
此外也可以修改 nodePort
                     spec:
                       type: NodePort
                       ports:
                         - port: 443
                           targetPort: 8443
                           nodePort: 30001
                       selector:
                         k8s-app: kubernetes-dashboard
```

```
alexis@bogon:~$ kubectl describe serviceaccounts admin -n kube-system
Name:
                     admin
Namespace:
                     kube-system
Labels:
                     k8s-app=kubernetes-dashboard
                     kubectl.kubernetes.io/last-applied-configuration:
Annotations:
                       {"apiVersion": "v1", "kind": "ServiceAccount", "metadata": {"ar
Image pull secrets:
                     <none>
Mountable secrets:
                     admin-token-c2dpd
Tokens:
                     admin-token-c2dpd
Events:
                     <none>
  File Edit View Search Terminal Help
  alexis@bogon:~$ kubectl describe secrets admin-token-c2dpd -n kube-system
 Name:
                admin-token-c2dpd
```

```
kube-system
Namespace:
Labels:
             <none>
Annotations: kubernetes.io/service-account.name: admin
              kubernetes.io/service-account.uid: 9008560c-0370-11e9-bb5b-000
Type: kubernetes.io/service-account-token
Data
        eyJhbGciOiJSUzI1NiIsImtpZCI6IiJ9.eyJpc3MiOiJrdWJlcm5ldGVzL3Nlcn;
Ovc2VjcmV0Lm5hbWUiOiJhZG1pbi10b2tlbi1jMmRwZCIsImt1YmVvbmV0ZXMuaW8vc2VvdmljZN
jBjLTAzNzAtMTFlOS1iYjViLTAwMGMyOTY3YzYzNiIsInN1YiI6InN5c3RlbTpzZXJ2aWNlYWNjl
oCfbqk8r-2mksdE7NSUcvmNWNOQy-Xdtnx_cE1TpR8JSft-mcrFqHJZUfvP5_wdc2kIU0_JL8NC†
zP11LJH6Pyu-7SwXtohe647WaHccPtkYjFxi8oYP9JdA
            1025 bytes
ca.crt:
namespace: 11 bytes
```

使用token登录后的页面



Reference

<u>Install and Set Up kubectl</u>

Creating a single master cluster with kubeadm