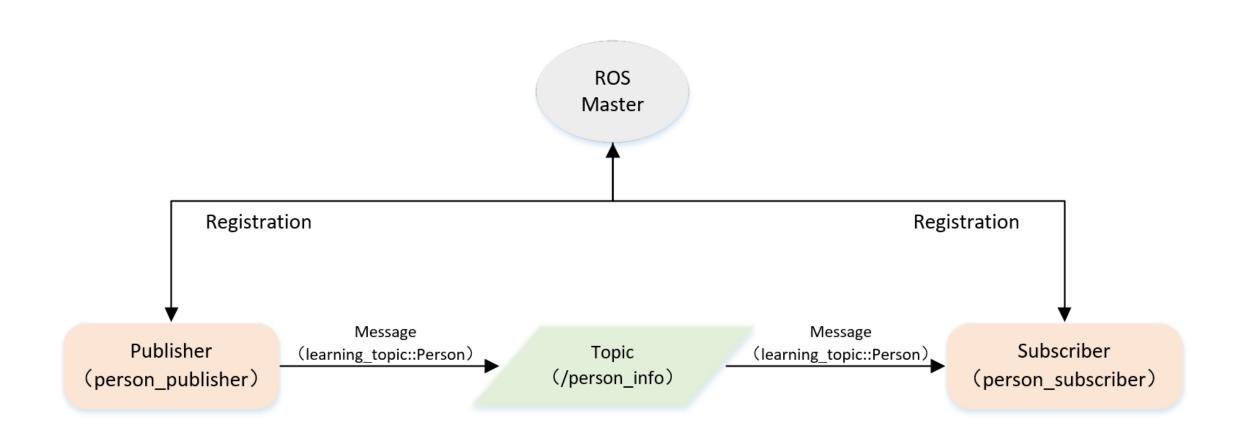




12.话题消息的定义与使用

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话题模型(发布/订阅)

• 自定义话题消息



如何自定义话题消息

string name uint8 sex uint8 age

uint8 unknown = 0 uint8 male = 1 uint8 female = 2

Person.msg

➤ 定义msg文件;

➤ 在package.xml中添加功能包依赖

```
<build_depend>message_generation</build_depend>
<exec_depend>message_runtime</exec_depend>
```

➤ 在CMakeLists.txt添加编译选项

- find_package(..... message_generation)
- add_message_files(FILES Person.msg)
 generate_messages(DEPENDENCIES std_msgs)
- catkin_package(..... message_runtime)

> 编译生成语言相关文件

• 创建发布者代码 (C++)



```
* 该例程将发布/person_info话题,自定义消息类型learning_topic::Person
 */
#include <ros/ros.h>
#include "learning_topic/Person.h"
int main(int argc, char **argv)
   // ROS节点初始化
   ros::init(argc, argv, "person publisher");
   // 创建节点句柄
   ros::NodeHandle n;
   // 创建一个Publisher,发布名为/person_info的topic,消息类型为learning_topic::Person,队列长度10
   ros::Publisher person info pub = n.advertiselearning topic::Person>("/person info", 10);
   // 设置循环的频率
   ros::Rate loop_rate(1);
   int count = 0;
   while (ros::ok())
       // 初始化learning_topic::Person类型的消息
       learning_topic::Person person_msg;
       person msg.name = "Tom";
       person_msg.age = 18;
       person_msg.sex = learning_topic::Person::male;
       // 发布消息
       person info pub.publish(person msg);
       ROS_INFO("Publish Person Info: name:%s age:%d sex:%d",
                person_msg.name.c_str(), person_msg.age, person_msg.sex);
       // 按照循环频率延时
       loop rate.sleep();
                                                            person_publisher.cpp
```

如何实现一个发布者

- 初始化ROS节点;
- 向ROS Master注册节点信息, 包括发布的话题名和话题中 的消息类型;
- 创建消息数据;
- 按照一定频率循环发布消息。

• 创建订阅者代码 (C++)



```
/**
 * 该例程将订阅/person info话题,自定义消息类型learning topic::Person
#include <ros/ros.h>
#include "learning topic/Person.h"
// 接收到订阅的消息后,会进入消息回调函数
void personInfoCallback(const learning topic::Person::ConstPtr& msg)
   // 将接收到的消息打印出来
   ROS_INFO("Subcribe Person Info: name:%s age:%d sex:%d",
           msg->name.c str(), msg->age, msg->sex);
int main(int argc, char **argv)
   // 初始化ROS节点
   ros::init(argc, argv, "person subscriber");
   // 创建节点句柄
   ros::NodeHandle n;
   // 创建一个Subscriber,订阅名为/person info的topic,注册回调函数personInfoCallback
   ros::Subscriber person_info_sub = n.subscribe("/person_info", 10, personInfoCallback);
   // 循环等待回调函数
   ros::spin();
   return 0;
                                                     person_subscriber.cpp
```

如何实现一个订阅者

- 初始化ROS节点;
- 订阅需要的话题;
- 循环等待话题消息,接收到 消息后进入回调函数;
- 在回调函数中完成消息处理。

● 配置代码编译规则



```
## Declare a C++ executable
## With catkin make all packages are built within a single CMake context
## The recommended prefix ensures that target names across packages don't collide
# add executable(${PROJECT NAME} node src/learning topic node.cpp)
## Specify libraries to link a library or executable target against
# target_link_libraries(${PROJECT_NAME}_node
    ${catkin LIBRARIES}
## Add cmake target dependencies of the executable
## same as for the library above
# add dependencies(${PROJECT NAME} node ${${PROJECT NAME} EXPORTED TARGETS} ${catkin EXPORTED TARGETS})
add_executable(person_publisher src/person_publisher.cpp)
target link libraries(person publisher ${catkin_LIBRARIES})
add_dependencies(person_publisher ${PROJECT_NAME} generate_messages_cpp)
add executable(person subscriber src/person subscriber.cpp)
target link libraries(person subscriber ${catkin LIBRARIES})
add dependencies(person subscriber ${PROJECT_NAME} generate messages cpp)
```

如何配置CMakeLists.txt中的编译规则

- 设置需要编译的代码和生成的可执行文件;
- 设置链接库;
- 添加依赖项。

```
add_executable(person_publisher src/person_publisher.cpp)
target_link_libraries(person_publisher ${catkin_LIBRARIES})
add_dependencies(person_publisher ${PROJECT_NAME}_generate_messages_cpp)
add_executable(person_subscriber src/person_subscriber.cpp)
target_link_libraries(person_subscriber ${catkin_LIBRARIES})
add_dependencies(person_subscriber ${PROJECT_NAME}_generate_messages_cpp)
```

• 编译并运行发布者和订阅者



```
$ cd ~/catkin_ws
$ catkin_make
$ source devel/setup.bash
$ roscore
$ rosrun learning_topic person_subscriber
$ rosrun learning_topic person_publisher
```

```
hcx@hcx-vpc:~/catkin_ws$ rosrun learning_topic person_subscriber
[ INFO] [1562216316.857673702]: Subcribe Person Info: name:Tom age:18 sex:1
[ INFO] [1562216317.857324485]: Subcribe Person Info: name:Tom age:18 sex:1
[ INFO] [1562216318.857310636]: Subcribe Person Info: name:Tom age:18 sex:1
[ INFO] [1562216319.856921435]: Subcribe Person Info: name:Tom age:18 sex:1
[ INFO] [1562216320.856461694]: Subcribe Person Info: name:Tom age:18 sex:1
```

```
hcx@hcx-vpc:~/catkin_ws$ rosrun learning_topic person_publisher
[ INFO] [1562216315.855698333]: Publish Person Info: name:Tom age:18 sex:1
[ INFO] [1562216316.856484874]: Publish Person Info: name:Tom age:18 sex:1
[ INFO] [1562216317.856251972]: Publish Person Info: name:Tom age:18 sex:1
[ INFO] [1562216318.856513919]: Publish Person Info: name:Tom age:18 sex:1
[ INFO] [1562216319.856089664]: Publish Person Info: name:Tom age:18 sex:1
[ INFO] [1562216320.855924037]: Publish Person Info: name:Tom age:18 sex:1
```

● 创建发布者和订阅者代码 (Python)



person_publisher.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
# 该例程将发布/person info话题,自定义消息类型learning topic::Person
import rospy
from learning topic.msg import Person
def velocity publisher():
   # ROS节点初始化
   rospy.init node('person publisher', anonymous=True)
   # 创建一个Publisher,发布名为/person info的topic,消息类型为learning topic::Person,队列长度10
   person info pub = rospy.Publisher('/person info', Person, queue size=10)
   #设置循环的频率
   rate = rospv.Rate(10)
   while not rospy.is shutdown():
       # 初始化learning topic::Person类型的消息
       person msq = Person()
       person msg.name = "Tom";
       person msg.age = 18;
       person_msg.sex = Person.male;
       # 发布消息
       person_info_pub.publish(person_msg)
       rospy.loginfo("Publsh person message[%s, %d, %d]",
               person msg.name, person msg.age, person msg.sex)
       # 按照循环频率延时
       rate.sleep()
if __name__ == '__main__':
   try:
       velocity publisher()
   except rospy.ROSInterruptException:
       pass
```

person_subscriber.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
# 该例程将订阅/person_info话题,自定义消息类型learning_topic::Person
import rospy
from learning topic.msg import Person
def personInfoCallback(msq):
   rospy.loginfo("Subcribe Person Info: name:%s age:%d sex:%d",
            msg.name, msg.age, msg.sex)
def person subscriber():
   # ROS节点初始化
   rospy.init node('person subscriber', anonymous=True)
   # 创建一个Subscriber,订阅名为/person info的topic,注册回调函数personInfoCallback
   rospy.Subscriber("/person_info", Person, personInfoCallback)
   # 循环等待回调函数
   rospy.spin()
if __name__ == '__main__':
   person subscriber()
```

感谢观看

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