

SCHOOL OF COMPUTER SCIENCES Semester 2, 2022/2023

CPC152: Foundations and Programming for Data Analytics **Tutorial Week 3**

1. Fill the table showing the values of the variables in this program *after* each statement is executed.

Python			
#Command	# Value of x	# Value of y	# Value of swap
x = 1.0	# 1. 0	net defined(N	# Value of swap
y = 3.0	# 1.0	# 3.0	# ND
swap = x	# 1.0	# 3.0	# 1.0
X = V	# 3.0	<i>#</i> 3.0	<i>#</i> 1.0
y=swap	# 3.0	# 1.0	# 1.0

Solution:

Output			
# Command	# Value of x	# Value of y	# Value of swap
x=1.0	#	#	#
y = 3.0	 #	 #	 #
swap = x	 #	 #	 #
x=y	" #	" #	#
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y = swap	#	#	#

2. What is the final value of position in the program below? (Try to predict the value without running the program, then check your prediction.)

Python

initial = 'left'

position = initial

initial = 'right'

Solution:

left

3. If you assign a = 123, what happens if you try to get the second digit of a via a[1]?

Solution:

'int' object not subscriptable

- 4. Which is a better variable name, **m**, **min**, or **minutes**? Why? Hint: think about which code you would rather inherit from someone who is leaving the lab:
 - 1. ts = m * 60 + s
 - 2. tot sec = min * 60 + sec
 - 3. total_seconds = minutes * 60 + seconds

Solution:

3, easier to understand

5. What does the following program print? Python atom_name = 'carbon' print('atom_name[1:3] is:', atom_name[1:3])

Solution:

atom name[1:3]is: ar

6. Given the following string:

```
Python

species_name = "Acacia buxifolia"

0 1 2 34567 8 9 11 13 15
```

What would these expressions return?

- 1. species_name[2:8] acia b
- 2. species_name[11:] (without a value after the colon) folia
- 3. species_name[:4] (without a value before the colon) Acac
- 4. species_name[:] (just a colon) Acacia buxifolia
- 5. species_name[11:-3] fo
- 6. species_name[-5:-3] for
- 7. What happens when you choose a stop value which is out of range? (i.e., try species_name[0:20] or species_name[:103])

Solution:

- 1.
- 2. 3.
- 4.
- 5. 6. 7.