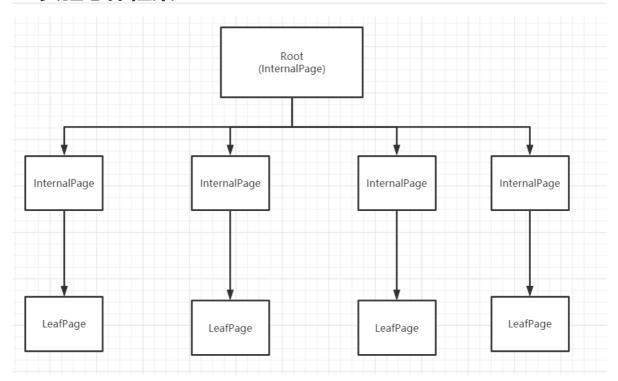
INDEX MANAGER

1. 实验概述

Index Manager 负责数据表索引的实现和管理,包括:索引的创建和删除,索引键的等值查找,索引键的范围查找(返回对应的迭代器),以及插入和删除键值等操作,并对外提供相应的接口。

由于通过堆表遍历来进行查找记录效率过于低下,因此本实验实现了一个基于磁盘的B+树动态索引结构。

2. 实验总体框架



可以看到需要实现的B+树的结构,由于内部节点和叶节点的结构不同,因此在实现B+树需要分别实现 BPlusTreePage 和 BPlusInternalPage ,最后根据B+树的操作分别调用数据页中提供的接口函数。

2. B+树数据页

2.1 BPlusTreePage

由于 LeafPage 和 InternalPage 均是继承自 BplusTreePage , 因此需要先实现BPlusTreePage

- 数据结构
 - page_type_: 标记数据页是中间结点还是叶子结点;
 - lsn_: 数据页的日志序列号,目前不会用到,如果之后感兴趣做Crash Recovery相关的内容需要用到:
 - size_: 当前结点中存储Key-Value键值对的数量;
 - max_size_: 当前结点最多能够容纳Key-Value键值对的数量;
 - parent_page_id_: 父结点对应数据页的page_id;
 - page_id_: 当前结点对应数据页的page_id。

2.2 BPlusTreeLeafPage

• 数据结构

• 函数

下面我将对关键函数进行详细说明

Insert相关函数

 BPlusTreeLeafPage::int Insert(const KeyType &key, const ValueType &value, const KeyComparator &comparator);

设计思路:

- 1. 在相应的LeafPage插入记录,更新LeafPage的 Size
- 2. 插入完成后, 返回 Size, 方便上层判断是否需要进行分裂。

```
INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
int B_PLUS_TREE_LEAF_PAGE_TYPE::Insert(const KeyType &key, const
ValueType &value, const KeyComparator &comparator) {
  int index = -1;
  if (this->GetSize() + 1 <= this->GetMaxSize()) {
    for (int i = 0; i < this -> GetSize(); i++) {
      // Find the Position Which the Key will insert into.
      if (comparator(key, this->array_[i].first) < 0) {</pre>
        index = i;
        break;
      }
    // NewKey &Value should insert into end of the NewNode
    if (index == -1) {
      index = this->GetSize();
      if (this->GetSize() < this->GetMaxSize()) this->array_[index] =
{key, value};
      this->IncreaseSize(1);
       for (int i = 0; i < this->GetSize(); i++) {
        std::cout << this->array_[i].first << endl;</pre>
      }*/
```

```
return this->GetSize();
    }
    // NewKey& Value should insert into middle of the NewNode
    else {
      // Copy From the End to First
      for (int i = this->GetSize(); i > index; i--) {
        this->array_[i] = this->array_[i - 1];
      // Insert the NewKey&Value into Right Position
      if (this->GetSize() < this->GetMaxSize()) this->array_[index] =
{key, value};
      this->IncreaseSize(1);
      return this->GetSize();
   }
  } else {
   return this->GetSize()+1;
  }
}
```

o void MoveHalfTo(BPlusTreeLeafPage *recipient, BufferPoolManager *bufferpoolManager);

设计思路:

在上述 Insert 操作之后,节点个数大于临界值,需要进行 Split

- 将此页一半的Key移动到接收页中
- 更新相邻节点的页号

代码:

```
INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
void B_PLUS_TREE_LEAF_PAGE_TYPE::MoveHalfTo(BPlusTreeLeafPage
*recipient,BufferPoolManager* bufferpoolManager) {
    int DeleteSize = (this->GetMinSize());
    recipient->CopyNFrom(&this->array_[(this->GetSize()-this-
>GetMinSize())], DeleteSize); // Recipient Increase Size Here
    if (this->GetNextPageId() != INVALID_PAGE_ID) {
        recipient->SetNextPageId(this->GetNextPageId());
    }
    this->SetNextPageId(recipient->GetPageId());

//Decrease Size
    this->IncreaseSize(-recipient->GetSize());
}
```

void CopyNFrom(MappingType *items, int size);

设计思路:

此函数是在MoveHalfTo函数的子函数,主要完成,复制的功能。

■ 将items[0]--items[size]的Element复制到此页中

```
INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
void B_PLUS_TREE_LEAF_PAGE_TYPE::CopyNFrom(MappingType *items, int size)
{

// Copy Entries into This Page
for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {

    this->array_[i].first = items[i].first;
    this->array_[i].second = items[i].second;

}

// Increment the Size
this->IncreaseSize(size);
}
```

Remove相关函数

o int RemoveAndDeleteRecord(const KeyType &key, const KeyComparator &comparator);

设计思路:

- 首先在LeafPage进行查找相应的想要删除的 Key
- 如果存在,进行删除,不存在,返回
- 返回值说明:返回 Size 以方便上层,进行判断,是否需要从兄弟节点 Merge 或者 Redistribute。

```
INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
int B_PLUS_TREE_LEAF_PAGE_TYPE::RemoveAndDeleteRecord(const KeyType
&key, const KeyComparator &comparator) {
    bool state = false;
    for (int i = 0; i < this -> GetSize(); i++) {
      if (comparator(key, this->array_[i].first) == 0) {
        state = true;
        int index = i;
        for (int i = index + 1; i < this->GetSize(); i++) {
          this->array_[i - 1].first = this->array_[i].first;
          this->array_[i - 1].second = this->array_[i].second;
        this->IncreaseSize(-1);
        break;
      }
    }
    if (state == false) {
      return this->GetSize();
    return this->GetSize();
}
```

void MoveAllTo(BPlusTreeLeafPage *recipient);

设计思路:

上述 RemoveAndDelete 函数可能出现Merge,此函数就是用来Merge功能的函数

。 将所有的key, Value全部复制到接受页中

代码:

```
INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
void B_PLUS_TREE_LEAF_PAGE_TYPE::MoveAllTo(BPlusTreeLeafPage *recipient ) {
    //Copy the Instance into the recipient Page
    for (int i = 0; i < this->GetSize(); i++) {
        recipient->CopyLastFrom(this->array_[i]); // Add Size Here
    }

    this->IncreaseSize(-this->GetSize()); // Decrease
Size of this Page
    //Set the Next Page id.
    recipient->SetNextPageId(this->GetNextPageId());
}
```

void MoveFirstToEndOf(BPlusTreeLeafPage *recipient);

设计思路:

上述 RemoveAndDelete 函数可能出现 Redistribute ,此函数就是用来 Redistribute 功能的函数

o 将此页的第一个 key & value 复制到 recipient

代码:

```
INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
void B_PLUS_TREE_LEAF_PAGE_TYPE::MoveFirstToEndOf(BPlusTreeLeafPage
*recipient) {
    recipient->CopyLastFrom(this->array_[0]);//Add Size Here
    //Remove the First Key
    for (int i = 0; i < this->GetSize()-1; i++) {
        this->array_[i] = this->array_[i + 1];
    }
    this->IncreaseSize(-1);
}
```

void MoveLastToFrontOf(BPlusTreeLeafPage *recipient);

设计思路:

上述 RemoveAndDelete 函数可能出现 Redistribute ,此函数就是用来 Redistribute 功能的函数

o 将此页的 末尾的 key & value 复制到 recipient

```
INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
void B_PLUS_TREE_LEAF_PAGE_TYPE::MoveLastToFrontOf(BPlusTreeLeafPage
*recipient) {
   recipient->CopyFirstFrom(this->array_[this->GetSize() - 1]);
   this->IncreaseSize(-1);
}
```

2.3 BPlusTreeInternalPage

• 数据结构

```
/*
 * Internal page format (keys are stored in increasing order):
 *
--
 * | HEADER | KEY(1)+PAGE_ID(1) | KEY(2)+PAGE_ID(2) | ... |
KEY(n)+PAGE_ID(n) |
 *
--
 */
```

• 函数说明

Insert相关函数

void PopulateNewRoot(const ValueType &old_value, const KeyType &new_key, const ValueType &new_value);

设计思路:

此函数应用在如果Insert一直进行分裂,并且一直分裂到根节点,需要产生新的Root。

■ 将新产生的键值对插入RootNode

o int InsertNodeAfter(const ValueType &old_value, const KeyType &new_key, const ValueType &new_value);

设计思路:

- 将键值对插入到 oldvalue 之后。
- 返回Size, 来判断是否需要进行 Split

代码:

```
INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
int B_PLUS_TREE_INTERNAL_PAGE_TYPE::InsertNodeAfter(const ValueType
&old_value, const KeyType &new_key,
                                                    const ValueType
&new_value) {
  //Get Index Of the old_value
  int index = ValueIndex(old_value);
  //If the index do not overflow
  if (index + 1 < this->GetMaxSize()) {
    for (int i = this->GetSize(); i > index+1; i--) {
     if (i - 1 > 0) {
       this->array_[i] = this->array_[i - 1];
      } else {
        this->array_[i].second = this->array_[i - 1].second;
      }
    }
    this->SetKeyAt(index + 1, new_key);
    array_[index + 1].second = new_value;
   this->IncreaseSize(1);
  } else {
    throw "B_PLUS_TREE_INTERNAL_PAGE_TYPE::InsertNodeAfter-OverFlow" ;
    return this->GetSize() + 1;
  }
  return this->GetSize();
}
```

void MoveHalfTo(BPlusTreeInternalPage *recipient, BufferPoolManager *buffer_pool_manager);

设计思路:

■ 将一半的键值对复制到接受页

Remove 相关函数

void Remove(int index);

设计思路:

- 将index对应的键值对进行删除
- 更新Size

```
INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
void B_PLUS_TREE_INTERNAL_PAGE_TYPE::Remove(int index) {
    //Delete the first Child
    if (index == 0&&this->GetSize()>=2) {
        //Remove from the first Value
      for (int i = 0; i < this->GetSize(); i++) {
          if (i == 0) {
          this->array_[i].second = this->array_[i + 1].second;
          } else {
            this->array_[i] = this->array_[i + 1];
      }
      this->IncreaseSize(-1);
    if (this->GetSize()==0) {
    std::cerr << "Can not Remove" << endl;</pre>
    } else {
      //Move Forward the array_
       if (this->GetSize() == 2) {
          // it means it only has one child and one pair key& value
          // it delete the last element, so we need to delete the last
pair,
          // it does not need to remove
          this->IncreaseSize(-1);
          return;
```

```
} else {
    for (int i = index + 1; i < this->GetSize(); i++) {
        this->array_[i - 1].first = this->array_[i].first;
        this->array_[i - 1].second = this->array_[i].second;
    }
}

this->IncreaseSize(-1);
}
```

 void MoveAllTo(BPlusTreeInternalPage *recipient, const KeyType &middle_key, BufferPoolManager *buffer_pool_manager);

设计思路:

。 将此页的所有key&Value和Middle key全部复制到接受页中

代码:

 void MoveFirstToEndOf(BPlusTreeInternalPage *recipient, const KeyType &middle_key,BufferPoolManager *buffer_pool_manager);

设计思路:

上述 RemoveAndDelete 函数可能出现 Redistribute ,此函数就是用来 Redistribute 功能的函数

• 将此页的第一个 key & value 复制到 recipient

```
INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
void B_PLUS_TREE_INTERNAL_PAGE_TYPE::MoveFirstToEndOf(BPlusTreeInternalPage
*recipient, const KeyType &middle_key,
```

```
#buffer_pool_manager) {
    MappingType NewPair = {middle_key, this->array_[0].second};
    recipient->CopyLastFrom(NewPair,buffer_pool_manager);//Add Size Here
    //Remove the First Key
    // If we need to Update the Middle_key in the Parent node
    // We just Get from the Index ==0
    for (int i = 0; i < this->GetSize()-1; i++) {
        this->array_[i] = this->array_[i + 1];
    }
    this->IncreaseSize(-1);
}
```

 void MoveLastToFrontOf(BPlusTreeInternalPage *recipient, const KeyType &middle_key,

BufferPoolManager *buffer_pool_manager);

设计思路:

上述 RemoveAndDelete 函数可能出现 Redistribute ,此函数就是用来 Redistribute 功能的函数

o 将此页的 末尾的 key & value 复制到 recipient

代码:

• void ResetParent(const page_id_t &old_node, const page_id_t &new_node,

BufferPoolManager *buffer_pool_manager_);

设计思路:

将此页的 末尾的 key & value 复制到 recipient

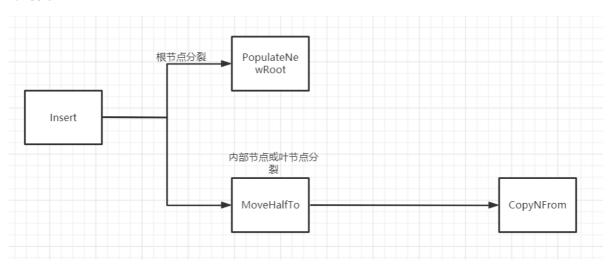
```
INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
void B_PLUS_TREE_INTERNAL_PAGE_TYPE::ResetParent(const page_id_t &old_node, const
page_id_t &new_node,BufferPoolManager* buffer_pool_manager_) {
    // Read the old_page and new_page
    BPlusTreePage *old_page = reinterpret_cast<BPlusTreePage *>
    (buffer_pool_manager_->FetchPage(old_node));
    BPlusTreePage *new_page = reinterpret_cast<BPlusTreePage *>
    (buffer_pool_manager_->FetchPage(new_node));
    old_page->SetParentPageId(this->GetPageId());
    new_page->SetParentPageId(this->GetPageId());
    buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(old_node, true);
    buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(new_node, true);
}
```

3. B+树索引

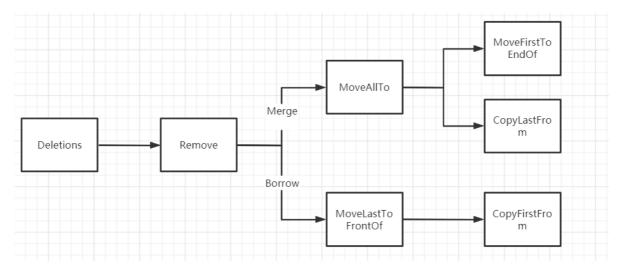
3.1 总体框架

由于B+树索引主要就是 Insert 和 Remove 两个操作,下面图片将说明这两个操作和上述两个数据页中的函数之间的关系。

1.Insert



2.Remove



3.2 函数说明

Insert

伪代码:

```
step1:若为空树,创建一个叶子结点,然后将记录插入其中,此时这个叶子结点也是根结点,插入操作
结束。
step2:
   针对叶子类型结点:根据key值找到叶子结点,
   if(插入后节点的个数<=n-1)
      插入结束
   else
      //split
      divide into (1,2 \ldots n/2) and ((n/2)+1,\ldots n-1)
      将(n/2)+1节点推到父节点
      当前节点指向父节点
      //Insert Into Parent
      //索引类型节点
      while(当前的个数>=n-1)
      //split
      分成(m-1)/2,m-(m-1)/2两组
      将当前节点指向父节点
```

代码:

```
INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
bool BPLUSTREE_TYPE::Insert(const KeyType &key, const ValueType &value,
Transaction *transaction) {
   bool state = false;
   //Empty Tree
   if (this->IsEmpty()) {
      //std::cout << "Insert::StartNewTree" << endl;
      this->StartNewTree(key, value);
      state = true;
   } else {
      //std::cout << "Insert::InsertIntoLeaf" << endl;
      state=InsertIntoLeaf(key, value, transaction);
   }
   return state;
}</pre>
```

Split相关函数

```
O INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
  template<typename N>
  N *BPLUSTREE_TYPE::Split(N *node)
```

```
INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
template<typename N>
N *BPLUSTREE_TYPE::Split(N *node) {
   page_id_t NewId = INVALID_PAGE_ID;
   auto *page = buffer_pool_manager_->NewPage(NewId);
```

```
if (page != nullptr) {
    N *NewNode = reinterpret_cast<N *>(page->GetData());
    //Init
    NewNode->Init(NewId, INVALID_PAGE_ID,node->GetMaxSize());

    node->MoveHalfTo(NewNode,buffer_pool_manager_);

    //Set the Sibbling point to the Same Parent
    NewNode->SetParentPageId(node->GetParentPageId());
    buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(NewId, true);

    return NewNode;
} else {
    buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(NewId, false);
    std::cerr << "BPLUSTREE_TYPE::InsertIntoParent---Can not Allocate
Memory AnyMore" << endl;
    return nullptr;
}
</pre>
```

InsertIntoParent相关函数

O INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS void

BPLUSTREE_TYPE::InsertIntoParent(BPlusTreePage *old_node, const KeyType &key, BPlusTreePage *new_node,Transaction *transaction)

代码:

```
INDEX TEMPLATE ARGUMENTS
void BPLUSTREE_TYPE::InsertIntoParent(BPlusTreePage *old_node, const
KeyType &key, BPlusTreePage *new_node,
    Transaction *transaction) {
  KeyType NewKey = key;
  while (1) {
      //old_node is root
    if (old_node->GetPageId() == this->root_page_id_) {
      page_id_t NewId = INVALID_PAGE_ID;
      auto *page = buffer_pool_manager_->NewPage(NewId);
      if (page != nullptr) {
        auto *node = reinterpret_cast<InternalPage *>(page->GetData());
        node->Init(NewId, INVALID_PAGE_ID,this->internal_max_size_);
        //Generate the New Root
        node->PopulateNewRoot(old_node->GetPageId(), NewKey, new_node-
>GetPageId());
        //Reset Parent
        node->ResetParent(old_node->GetPageId(), new_node-
>GetPageId(),buffer_pool_manager_);
        //Update the New Root
        this->root_page_id_ = NewId;
        this->UpdateRootPageId(false);
        buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(NewId, true);
        //std::cout << "BPLUSTREE_TYPE::InsertIntoParent-----286" <<
end1;
        break:
```

```
else {
        buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(NewId, false);
        std::cerr << "BPLUSTREE_TYPE::InsertIntoParent---Can not</pre>
Allocate Memory AnyMore" << endl;
      }
    }
    else
    {
        //Percolate Up
        //Get Parent Page From the BufferPoolManager
        page_id_t Id = old_node->GetParentPageId();
        auto *page = buffer_pool_manager_->FetchPage(Id);
        if (page != nullptr)
            auto * ParentNode = reinterpret_cast<InternalPage *>(page-
>GetData());
            //Insert NewKey into the Parent Node
            /*for (int i = 0; i < ParentNode->GetSize(); i++) cout <</pre>
ParentNode->array_[i].first << " ";</pre>
            cout << endl;*/</pre>
            int size = ParentNode->InsertNodeAfter(old_node-
>GetPageId(), NewKey, new_node->GetPageId());
            /*for (int i = 0; i < ParentNode->GetSize(); i++) cout <</pre>
ParentNode->array_[i].first << " ";</pre>
            cout << end1;*/</pre>
            // if the Parent Node is not OverFlow
            if (size < this->internal_max_size_) {
            buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(Id, true);
              //std::cout << "BPLUSTREE_TYPE::InsertIntoParent-----311"
<< end1;
            break;
            }
            else {
            //If the Parent Node is Full
            KeyType middle_key = ParentNode->KeyAt(ParentNode-
>GetSize()-ParentNode->GetMinSize());
            InternalPage *Sibbling = this->Split(ParentNode);
            old_node = ParentNode;
            NewKey = middle_key;
            new_node = Sibbling;
            buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(Id, true);
            //std::cout << "BPLUSTREE_TYPE::InsertIntoParent-----321"</pre>
<< end1;
            continue;
        }
        else
          buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(Id, false);
          //std::cerr << "BPLUSTREE_TYPE::InsertIntoParent---2Can not
Allocate Memory AnyMore" << endl;
        }
    }
  }
}
```

Remove

伪代码:

```
step1:删除叶子结点中对应的key。删除后若结点的key的个数大于等于Math.ceil(m-1)/2 - 1,
删除操作结束,否则执行第2步。
step2:
  if(兄弟结点key有富余(大于Math.ceil(m-1)/2 - 1)),
     向兄弟结点借一个记录
     同时用借到的key替换父结(指当前结点和兄弟结点共同的父结点)点中的key,删除结束。
  else
     if(兄弟结点中没有富余的key)
     则当前结点和兄弟结点合并成一个新的叶子结点,并删除父结点中的key
      (父结点中的这个key两边的孩子指针就变成了一个指针,正好指向这个新的叶子结点)
     将当前结点指向父结点(必为索引结点)
     else
        while(索引结点的key的个数<Math.ceil(m-1)/2 - 1)
           if(兄弟结点有富余)
              父结点key下移, 兄弟结点key上移
              break
           else
              当前结点和兄弟结点及父结点下移key合并成一个新的结点。
              将当前结点指向父结点
```

相关函数:

O INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS

```
void BPLUSTREE_TYPE::Remove(const KeyType &key, Transaction *transaction)
代码:
```

```
INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
void BPLUSTREE_TYPE::Remove(const KeyType &key, Transaction
*transaction) {
    if (this->IsEmpty()) return;
    auto page = FindLeafPage(key, false);
    auto node = reinterpret_cast<BPlusTreePage*> (page->GetData());
    page_id_t FirstLeafId = page->GetPageId();
    if (node->IsRootPage()) {
      LeafPage* Root = reinterpret_cast<LeafPage *> (node);
      int size=Root->RemoveAndDeleteRecord(key, comparator_);
      if (size == 0) {
        if (this->AdjustRoot(node)) {
          buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(node->GetPageId(),true);
          bool state=buffer_pool_manager_->DeletePage(node-
>GetPageId());
          if (state == false) {
            throw "fuck";
          }
        }
      }
```

```
else {
      auto Leaf = reinterpret_cast<LeafPage *>(page->GetData());
      int size = Leaf->RemoveAndDeleteRecord(key, comparator_);
      //After the Deletetion the Leaf size >= MinSize
      if (size >= (Leaf->GetMinSize())) {
        buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(FirstLeafId, true);
        return;
      }
      else {
        //After the Deletion the Leaf size < MinSize
          //Merge or Borrow
          ///
        if (this->CoalesceOrRedistribute(&Leaf, transaction) == false) {
          buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(FirstLeafId, true);
          return;
        }
        else {
            // We need to Adjust Percolate Up
            auto ParentPage = buffer_pool_manager_->FetchPage(Leaf-
>GetParentPageId());
            page_id_t ParentId = ParentPage->GetPageId();
            InternalPage *node = reinterpret_cast<InternalPage*>
(ParentPage->GetData());
            buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(Leaf->GetPageId(), true);
            bool state=buffer_pool_manager_->DeletePage(Leaf-
>GetPageId());
            if (state == false) {
              throw "fuck";
            }
            InternalPage *Parent = nullptr;
            while (1) {
              if (this->CoalesceOrRedistribute(&node, transaction) ==
false) {
                buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(FirstLeafId, true);
                buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(ParentId, true);
                break;
              }
              else {
                Parent = reinterpret_cast<InternalPage *>
(buffer_pool_manager_->FetchPage(node->GetParentPageId())->GetData());
                buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(ParentId, true);
                buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(node->GetPageId(),
true);
                bool state = buffer_pool_manager_->DeletePage(node-
>GetPageId());
```

```
ParentId = Parent->GetPageId();
    if (state == false) {
        throw "fuck";
    }
    node = Parent;
    }
}
buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(node->GetPageId(), true);
}
```

• INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS

template<typename N>
bool BPLUSTREE_TYPE::CoalesceOrRedistribute(N **node, Transaction
*transaction)

。 代码:

```
INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
template<typename N>
bool BPLUSTREE_TYPE::CoalesceOrRedistribute(N **node, Transaction
*transaction)
  bool state = false;
  if (this->IsEmpty() == true) return false;
  InternalPage *ParentNode = nullptr;
  // Root Page
  if ((* node)->IsRootPage()) {
   if (( * node)->GetSize() == 1) {
      state=this->AdjustRoot(*node);
      if (state) {
        page_id_t PageId = (*node)->GetPageId();
        buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(PageId, true);
        bool state=buffer_pool_manager_->DeletePage(PageId);
        if (state == false) {
         throw "fuck";
        }
      }
    }
    return false;
  }
      //Get the Parent Page
    page_id_t ParentPageId = (*node)->GetParentPageId();
    auto Page=buffer_pool_manager_->FetchPage(ParentPageId);
    ParentNode = reinterpret_cast<InternalPage *>(Page->GetData());
```

```
//Get the child node index in the ParentNode
    int index = ParentNode->ValueIndex((*node)->GetPageId());
    //If the Node is LeafNode
    if (( * node)->IsLeafPage()) {
       // If the Node is the right Most Element
      if (index == ParentNode->GetSize() - 1) {
        // node is last child of the Parent Node
        int SibblingIndex = index - 1;
        page_id_t Sibbling_Page_Id = ParentNode->ValueAt(SibblingIndex);
        // Merge or Borrow from the Left Page
        auto SibblingPage = buffer_pool_manager_-
>FetchPage(Sibbling_Page_Id);
        LeafPage *SibblingNode = reinterpret_cast<LeafPage *>
(SibblingPage->GetData());
        LeafPage *Node = reinterpret_cast<LeafPage *>(*node);
        //case 1----Borrow From the Sibbiling Node ----Test---Not Check
        if (SibblingNode->GetSize() + Node->GetSize() > Node-
>GetMaxSize()) {
          // Move the Sibbling Last Pair into the This Node
          this->Redistribute(SibblingNode, Node, 1);
          int index = ParentNode->ValueIndex(Node->GetPageId());
          ParentNode->SetKeyAt(index, Node->KeyAt(0));
          state = false;
        //case 2--- Merge with the Sibbling Node ----Test---OK
        else {
          state = this->Coalesce(&SibblingNode, &Node, &ParentNode,
index, transaction,true);
        buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(Sibbling_Page_Id, true);
      // if the node is not right most Node
      else {
        page_id_t Sibbling_Page_Id = ParentNode->ValueAt(index + 1);
        auto SibblingPage = buffer_pool_manager_-
>FetchPage(Sibbling_Page_Id);
        LeafPage *SibblingNode = reinterpret_cast<LeafPage *>
(SibblingPage->GetData());
        LeafPage *Node = reinterpret_cast<LeafPage *>(*node);
        //case 1--- Borrow From the Sibbling Node----- Test----Not
Check
        if (SibblingNode->GetSize() + Node->GetSize() > Node-
>GetMaxSize()) {
          // Move the Redistribute First Pair into the End of this node
          this->Redistribute(SibblingNode, Node, 0);
          // Adjust the Key in the Parent Node
          int index = ParentNode->ValueIndex(SibblingNode->GetPageId());
          ParentNode->SetKeyAt(index, SibblingNode->KeyAt(0));
          state = false;
        // case 2----Merge With the Sibbling Node -----Test---Ok
          state = this->Coalesce(&Node, &SibblingNode, &ParentNode,
index + 1, transaction, false);
          *node = (reinterpret_cast<N*> (SibblingNode));
        buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(Sibbling_Page_Id, true);
```

```
buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(ParentPageId, true);
   } else {
   // If the node is Internal Node
        // node is >= MinSize
     if (( * node)->GetSize() >= (*node)->GetMinSize()) {
     buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(ParentPageId, true);
             return false;
     // If the Node is the right Most Element
     if (index == ParentNode->GetSize() - 1) {
       // node is last child of the Parent Node
       int SibblingIndex = index - 1;
       page_id_t Sibbling_Page_Id = ParentNode->ValueAt(SibblingIndex);
       // Merge or Borrow from the Left Page
       auto SibblingPage = buffer_pool_manager_-
>FetchPage(Sibbling_Page_Id);
       InternalPage *SibblingNode = reinterpret_cast<InternalPage *>
(SibblingPage->GetData());
       InternalPage *Node = reinterpret_cast<InternalPage *>(*node);
       // case 1----Borrow From the Sibbiling Node ---- Test Not Check
       if (SibblingNode->GetSize() + Node->GetSize() > Node-
>GetMaxSize()) {
         // Move the Sibbling Last Pair into the This Node
         this->Redistribute(SibblingNode, Node, 1);
         int index = ParentNode->ValueIndex(Node->GetPageId());
         ParentNode->SetKeyAt(index, Node->KeyAt(SibblingNode-
>GetSize()));
         state = false;
       // case 2--- Merge with the Sibbling Node ----Test Not Check
       else {
         state = this->Coalesce(&SibblingNode, &Node, &ParentNode,
index, transaction,true);
       buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(Sibbling_Page_Id, true);
     // if the node is not right most Node
     else
       page_id_t Sibbling_Page_Id = ParentNode->ValueAt(index + 1);
       auto SibblingPage = buffer_pool_manager_-
>FetchPage(Sibbling_Page_Id);
       InternalPage *SibblingNode = reinterpret_cast<InternalPage *>
(SibblingPage->GetData());
       InternalPage *Node = reinterpret_cast<InternalPage *>(*node);
       // case 1--- Borrow From the Sibbling Node---- Test-Not Check
       if (SibblingNode->GetSize() + Node->GetSize() > Node-
>GetMaxSize()) {
```

```
// Move the Redistribute First Pair into the End of this node
         this->Redistribute(SibblingNode, Node, 0);
         // Adjust the Key in the Parent Node
         int index = ParentNode->ValueIndex(SibblingNode->GetPageId());
         ParentNode->SetKeyAt(index, SibblingNode->KeyAt(0));
         state = false;
       }
       // case 2----Merge With the Sibbling Node ----Test-Not Check
         state = this->Coalesce(&Node, &SibblingNode, &ParentNode, index
+ 1, transaction, false);
         *node = (reinterpret_cast<N *>(SibblingNode));
       }
      //
       buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(Sibbling_Page_Id, true);
     buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(ParentPageId, true);
   }
  return state;
}
```

3.3 测试结果

• 测试BplusTree的 Insert 和 Remove

4.BPlusTreeIndexIterator

• 成员定义

为了方便索引查询,提供迭代器,方便上层进行调用。

```
private:
    // add your own private member variables here
    BufferPoolManager *bufferPoolManager;
        page_id_t CurrPageId;
        int CurrLocation;
        // if we Read the Tuple from the Leaf Page , We need to Copy the
Item
    MappingType *Item = nullptr;
```

• 基本操作

const MappingType & operator*();实现逻辑:取出叶节点的键值对代码:

```
INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS const MappingType
&INDEXITERATOR_TYPE::operator*() {
    auto page = bufferPoolManager->FetchPage(this->CurrPageId);
    auto node = reinterpret_cast<LeafPage *>(page);
    // Free the preview Item
    if (this->Item != nullptr) delete this->Item;
    this->Item = new MappingType;
    MappingType *Pair = new (this->Item) MappingType(node->GetItem(this->CurrLocation));
    bufferPoolManager->UnpinPage(this->CurrPageId,false);
    return *Pair;
}
```

o IndexIterator &operator++();

实现逻辑:

完成 ++ 的Overload

```
INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS INDEXITERATOR_TYPE
&INDEXITERATOR_TYPE::operator++() {
    auto page = bufferPoolManager->FetchPage(this->CurrPageId);
    auto node = reinterpret_cast<LeafPage *>(page);
    int Capacity = node->GetSize();

// just Point to Next Pair in this Page
    if (this->CurrLocation + 1 < Capacity) {
        bufferPoolManager->UnpinPage(this->CurrPageId, false);
        CurrLocation++;
    } else {
        page_id_t NextPage = node->GetNextPageId();

        bufferPoolManager->UnpinPage(this->CurrPageId, false);
        // It means NextPage is the Last Page
        if (NextPage == INVALID_PAGE_ID) {
```

```
this->CurrPageId = INVALID_PAGE_ID;
this->CurrLocation = 0;
} else {
    // Update Next Page
    this->CurrPageId = NextPage;
    // Update Next Position
    this->CurrLocation = 0;
}

return *this;
}
```

o bool operator==(const IndexIterator &itr) const;

实现逻辑:

判断当前的迭代器,是否和待比较的迭代器相等

代码:

```
INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
bool INDEXITERATOR_TYPE::operator==(const IndexIterator &itr) const {
  if (this->CurrLocation == itr.CurrLocation && this->CurrPageId ==
  itr.CurrPageId) {
    return true;
  } else
    return false;
}
```

o bool operator!=(const IndexIterator &itr) const;

实现逻辑:

判断当前的迭代器,是否和待比较的迭代器不相等

代码:

```
INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
bool INDEXITERATOR_TYPE::operator!=(const IndexIterator &itr) const {
    return !(*this == itr);
}
```

• 测试BplusTree的 Iterator

3.5 总体测试

• 测试BPlusTreeIndex的 BplusTree 和 Iterator

5. 模块相关代码

- src/include/storage/page/b_plus_tree_page.h
- src/page/b_plus_tree_page.cpp
- src/include/storage/page/b_plus_tree_internal_page.h
- src/storage/page/b_plus_tree_internal_page.cpp
- src/include/storage/page/b_plus_tree_leaf_page.h
- src/storage/page/b_plus_tree_leaf_page.cpp
- src/include/storage/index/b_plus_tree.h
- src/storage/index/b_plus_tree.cpp
- src/include/storage/index/index_iterator.h
- src/storage/index/index_iterator.cpp