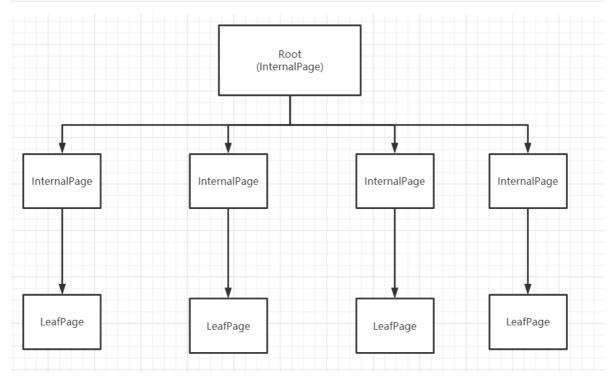
# **INDEX MANAGER**

# 1. 实验概述

Index Manager 负责数据表索引的实现和管理,包括:索引的创建和删除,索引键的等值查找,索引键的范围查找(返回对应的迭代器),以及插入和删除键值等操作,并对外提供相应的接口。

由于通过堆表遍历来进行查找记录效率过于低下,因此本实验实现了一个基于磁盘的B+树动态索引结构。

# 2. 实验总体框架



可以看到需要实现的B+树的结构,由于内部节点和叶节点的结构不同,因此在实现B+树需要分别实现 BPlusTreePage 和 BPlusInternalPage ,最后根据B+树的操作分别调用数据页中提供的接口函数。

## 2. B+树数据页

## 2.1 BPlusTreePage

由于 LeafPage 和 InternalPage 均是继承自 BplusTreePage , 因此需要先实现BPlusTreePage

#### • 数据结构

- 1 page\_type\_: 标记数据页是中间结点还是叶子结点;
- 2 1sn\_: 数据页的日志序列号,目前不会用到,如果之后感兴趣做Crash Recovery相关的内容 需要用到;
- 3 size\_: 当前结点中存储Key-Value键值对的数量;
- 4 max\_size\_: 当前结点最多能够容纳Key-Value键值对的数量;
- 5 parent\_page\_id\_: 父结点对应数据页的page\_id;
- page\_id\_: 当前结点对应数据页的page\_id。

## 2.2 BPlusTreeLeafPage

• 数据结构

```
1
 2
    * Leaf page format (keys are stored in order):
 3
 4
    * | HEADER | KEY(1) + RID(1) | KEY(2) + RID(2) | ... | KEY(n) + RID(n)
 5
 6
 7
    * Header format (size in byte, 24 bytes in total):
 8
 9
    * | PageType (4) | CurrentSize (4) | MaxSize (4) | ParentPageId (4) |
10
11
12
    * | PageId (4) | NextPageId (4)
    * _____
13
14
```

函数

下面我将对关键函数进行详细说明

### Insert相关函数

 BPlusTreeLeafPage::int Insert(const KeyType &key, const ValueType &value, const KeyComparator &comparator);

#### 设计思路:

- 1. 在相应的LeafPage插入记录,更新LeafPage的 Size
- 2. 插入完成后, 返回 Size, 方便上层判断是否需要进行分裂。

```
1 INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
   int B_PLUS_TREE_LEAF_PAGE_TYPE::Insert(const KeyType &key, const
    ValueType &value, const KeyComparator &comparator) {
 3
      int index = -1;
      if (this->GetSize() + 1 <= this->GetMaxSize()) {
 4
        for (int i = 0; i < this->GetSize(); i++) {
 5
 6
          // Find the Position Which the Key will insert into.
 7
          if (comparator(key, this->array_[i].first) < 0) {</pre>
 8
            index = i;
 9
            break;
10
          }
        }
11
        // NewKey &Value should insert into end of the NewNode
12
13
        if (index == -1) {
14
          index = this->GetSize();
```

```
if (this->GetSize() < this->GetMaxSize()) this->array_[index]
15
    = {key, value};
16
          this->IncreaseSize(1);
17
18
           for (int i = 0; i < this->GetSize(); i++) {
19
            std::cout << this->array_[i].first << endl;</pre>
          }*/
21
          return this->GetSize();
22
        }
23
        // NewKey& Value should insert into middle of the NewNode
24
        else {
25
          // Copy From the End to First
          for (int i = this->GetSize(); i > index; i--) {
26
27
            this->array_[i] = this->array_[i - 1];
28
          }
29
          // Insert the NewKey&Value into Right Position
          if (this->GetSize() < this->GetMaxSize()) this->array_[index]
30
    = {key, value};
          this->IncreaseSize(1);
31
          return this->GetSize();
32
33
        }
34
      } else {
35
      return this->GetSize()+1;
      }
36
37
38
    }
```

void MoveHalfTo(BPlusTreeLeafPage \*recipient, BufferPoolManager)
 \*bufferpoolManager);

设计思路:

在上述 Insert 操作之后, 节点个数大于临界值, 需要进行 Split

- 将此页一半的Key移动到接收页中
- 更新相邻节点的页号

```
1 INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
    void B_PLUS_TREE_LEAF_PAGE_TYPE::MoveHalfTo(BPlusTreeLeafPage
 2
    *recipient,BufferPoolManager* bufferpoolManager) {
 3
 4
        int DeleteSize = (this->GetMinSize());
        recipient->CopyNFrom(&this->array_[(this->GetSize()-this-
 5
    >GetMinSize())], DeleteSize); // Recipient Increase Size Here
 6
        if (this->GetNextPageId() != INVALID_PAGE_ID) {
 7
          recipient->SetNextPageId(this->GetNextPageId());
 8
 9
        this->SetNextPageId(recipient->GetPageId());
10
11
        //Decrease Size
12
        this->IncreaseSize(-recipient->GetSize());
13
14
15
   }
```

void CopyNFrom(MappingType \*items, int size);

设计思路:

此函数是在MoveHalfTo函数的子函数,主要完成,复制的功能。

■ 将items[0]--items[size]的Element复制到此页中

代码:

```
1 INDEX TEMPLATE ARGUMENTS
   void B_PLUS_TREE_LEAF_PAGE_TYPE::CopyNFrom(MappingType *items, int
    size) {
 3
 4
 5
      // Copy Entries into This Page
 6
      for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
 7
          this->array_[i].first = items[i].first;
 8
 9
          this->array_[i].second = items[i].second;
10
11
      }
      // Increment the Size
12
13
      this->IncreaseSize(size);
14
15 }
```

### Remove相关函数

int RemoveAndDeleteRecord(const KeyType &key, const KeyComparator &comparator);

设计思路:

- 首先在LeafPage进行查找相应的想要删除的 Key
- 如果存在,进行删除,不存在,返回
- 返回值说明:返回 Size 以方便上层,进行判断,是否需要从兄弟节点 Merge 或者 Redistribute。

```
1 INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
   int B_PLUS_TREE_LEAF_PAGE_TYPE::RemoveAndDeleteRecord(const KeyType
    &key, const KeyComparator &comparator) {
        bool state = false;
4
5
        for (int i = 0; i < this -> GetSize(); i++) {
          if (comparator(key, this->array_[i].first) == 0) {
6
 7
            state = true;
8
            int index = i;
            for (int i = index + 1; i < this->GetSize(); i++) {
9
              this->array_[i - 1].first = this->array_[i].first;
10
11
              this->array_[i - 1].second = this->array_[i].second;
12
            }
```

```
13
      this->IncreaseSize(-1);
14
           break;
15
         }
       }
16
17
18
       if (state == false) {
19
        return this->GetSize();
20
       }
       return this->GetSize();
21
22 }
```

void MoveAllTo(BPlusTreeLeafPage \*recipient);

#### 设计思路:

上述 RemoveAndDelete 函数可能出现Merge,此函数就是用来Merge功能的函数

。 将所有的key, Value全部复制到接受页中

代码:

```
1 INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
   void B_PLUS_TREE_LEAF_PAGE_TYPE::MoveAllTo(BPlusTreeLeafPage *recipient
    ) {
       //Copy the Instance into the recipient Page
       for (int i = 0; i < this->GetSize(); i++) {
4
 5
         recipient->CopyLastFrom(this->array_[i]); // Add Size Here
        }
 6
 7
8
       this->IncreaseSize(-this->GetSize());
                                                                 //
   Decrease Size of this Page
9
        //Set the Next Page id.
10
        recipient->SetNextPageId(this->GetNextPageId());
11 }
```

void MoveFirstToEndOf(BPlusTreeLeafPage \*recipient);

#### 设计思路:

上述 RemoveAndDelete 函数可能出现 Redistribute ,此函数就是用来 Redistribute 功能的函数

○ 将此页的第一个 key & value 复制到 recipient

```
INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
void B_PLUS_TREE_LEAF_PAGE_TYPE::MoveFirstToEndOf(BPlusTreeLeafPage
*recipient) {
    recipient->CopyLastFrom(this->array_[0]);//Add Size Here

    //Remove the First Key
    for (int i = 0; i < this->GetSize()-1; i++) {
        this->array_[i] = this->array_[i + 1];
    }
    this->IncreaseSize(-1);
}
```

void MoveLastToFrontOf(BPlusTreeLeafPage \*recipient);

设计思路:

上述 RemoveAndDelete 函数可能出现 Redistribute ,此函数就是用来 Redistribute 功能的函数

o 将此页的 末尾的 key & value 复制到 recipient

代码:

```
INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
void B_PLUS_TREE_LEAF_PAGE_TYPE::MoveLastToFrontOf(BPlusTreeLeafPage
   *recipient) {

recipient->CopyFirstFrom(this->array_[this->GetSize() - 1]);
   this->IncreaseSize(-1);
}
```

## 2.3 BPlusTreeInternalPage

• 数据结构

• 函数说明

### Insert相关函数

 void PopulateNewRoot(const ValueType &old\_value, const KeyType &new\_key, const ValueType &new\_value);

#### 设计思路:

此函数应用在如果Insert一直进行分裂,并且一直分裂到根节点,需要产生新的Root。

■ 将新产生的键值对插入RootNode

代码:

```
1 INDEX TEMPLATE ARGUMENTS
   void B_PLUS_TREE_INTERNAL_PAGE_TYPE::PopulateNewRoot(const
    ValueType &old_value, const KeyType &new_key,
3
                                                          const
    ValueType &new_value)
4
    {
5
6
        //old_value means Old root-page id
7
      this->array_[0].second = old_value;
8
        SetKeyAt(1, new_key);
9
      this->array_[1].second = new_value;
10
      //Increase Size by two
11
      this->IncreaseSize(2);
12
13 }
```

o int InsertNodeAfter(const ValueType &old\_value, const KeyType &new\_key, const ValueType &new\_value);

#### 设计思路:

- 将键值对插入到 oldvalue 之后。
- 返回Size, 来判断是否需要进行 Split

```
1 INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
   int B_PLUS_TREE_INTERNAL_PAGE_TYPE::InsertNodeAfter(const ValueType
    &old_value, const KeyType &new_key,
 3
                                                         const ValueType
    &new_value) {
 4
      //Get Index Of the old_value
 5
     int index = ValueIndex(old_value);
      //If the index do not overflow
 6
 7
      if (index + 1 < this->GetMaxSize()) {
 8
        for (int i = this->GetSize(); i > index+1; i--) {
 9
          if (i - 1 > 0) {
10
            this->array_[i] = this->array_[i - 1];
11
          } else {
12
            this->array_[i].second = this->array_[i - 1].second;
13
          }
14
        this->SetKeyAt(index + 1, new_key);
15
```

```
16
    array_[index + 1].second = new_value;
17
        this->IncreaseSize(1);
18
      } else {
19
        throw "B_PLUS_TREE_INTERNAL_PAGE_TYPE::InsertNodeAfter-
    OverFlow" ;
20
        return this->GetSize() + 1;
21
      }
22
      return this->GetSize();
23
24
    }
```

void MoveHalfTo(BPlusTreeInternalPage \*recipient, BufferPoolManager \*buffer\_pool\_manager);

设计思路:

■ 将一半的键值对复制到接受页

代码:

```
1 INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
2 void
    B_PLUS_TREE_INTERNAL_PAGE_TYPE::MoveHalfTo(BPlusTreeInternalPage
    *recipient,
3
                                                     BufferPoolManager
    *buffer_pool_manager) {
4
5
      // Copy into the recipient Page
      recipient->CopyNFrom(&this->array_[this->GetSize()-this-
6
    >GetMinSize()],this->GetMinSize(),buffer_pool_manager);
7
      // Remove From the Current Page
      this->IncreaseSize(-recipient->GetSize());
8
9
      //buffer_pool_manager->UnpinPage(this->GetPageId(),true);
10
11
12
13
   }
```

### Remove 相关函数

void Remove(int index);

设计思路:

- 将index对应的键值对进行删除
- 更新Size

```
1 INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
2 void B_PLUS_TREE_INTERNAL_PAGE_TYPE::Remove(int index) {
3
4    //Delete the first Child
5    if (index == 0&&this->GetSize()>=2) {
        //Remove from the first Value
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < this->GetSize(); i++) {
 8
              if (i == 0) {
9
              this->array_[i].second = this->array_[i + 1].second;
10
              } else {
                 this->array_[i] = this->array_[i + 1];
11
12
              }
13
          }
14
          this->IncreaseSize(-1);
15
        }
16
17
        if (this->GetSize()==0) {
18
        std::cerr << "Can not Remove" << endl;</pre>
19
        } else {
20
          //Move Forward the array_
21
           if (this->GetSize() == 2) {
22
              // it means it only has one child and one pair key& value
              // it delete the last element, so we need to delete the
23
    last pair,
24
              // it does not need to remove
25
              this->IncreaseSize(-1);
26
27
               return;
28
29
          } else {
            for (int i = index + 1; i < this->GetSize(); i++) {
30
31
              this->array_[i - 1].first = this->array_[i].first;
              this->array_[i - 1].second = this->array_[i].second;
32
            }
33
34
35
          }
36
37
        }
        this->IncreaseSize(-1);
38
39
    }
```

 void MoveAllTo(BPlusTreeInternalPage \*recipient, const KeyType &middle\_key, BufferPoolManager \*buffer\_pool\_manager);

#### 设计思路:

。 将此页的所有key&Value和Middle\_key全部复制到接受页中

```
INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
    void B_PLUS_TREE_INTERNAL_PAGE_TYPE::MoveAllTo(BPlusTreeInternalPage
    *recipient, const KeyType &middle_key,
                                                    BufferPoolManager
    *buffer_pool_manager) {
4
      MappingType NewPair = {middle_key, this->array_[0].second};
5
      for (int i = 0; i < this -> GetSize(); i++) {
 6
        if (i != 0)
7
          recipient->CopyLastFrom(this->array_[i], buffer_pool_manager);
8
9
          recipient->CopyLastFrom(NewPair, buffer_pool_manager);
10
11
      //Remove the Key from this Page
12
      this->IncreaseSize(-this->GetSize());
13 }
```

 void MoveFirstToEndOf(BPlusTreeInternalPage \*recipient, const KeyType &middle\_key,BufferPoolManager \*buffer\_pool\_manager);

#### 设计思路:

上述 RemoveAndDelete 函数可能出现 Redistribute ,此函数就是用来 Redistribute 功能的函数

• 将此页的第一个 key & value 复制到 recipient

#### 代码:

```
INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
1
2
    void B_PLUS_TREE_INTERNAL_PAGE_TYPE::MoveFirstToEndOf(BPlusTreeInternalPage
    *recipient, const KeyType &middle_key,
3
                                                          BufferPoolManager
    *buffer_pool_manager) {
4
     MappingType NewPair = {middle_key, this->array_[0].second};
5
     recipient->CopyLastFrom(NewPair,buffer_pool_manager);//Add Size Here
6
     //Remove the First Key
7
     // If we need to Update the Middle_key in the Parent node
8
     // We just Get from the Index ==0
     for (int i = 0; i < this->GetSize()-1; i++) {
9
10
       this->array_[i] = this->array_[i + 1];
11
      }
12
     this->IncreaseSize(-1);
13
14
15 }
```

void MoveLastToFrontOf(BPlusTreeInternalPage \*recipient, const KeyType &middle\_key,
 BufferPoolManager \*buffer\_pool\_manager);

设计思路:

上述 RemoveAndDelete 函数可能出现 Redistribute ,此函数就是用来 Redistribute 功能的函数

o 将此页的 末尾的 key & value 复制到 recipient

#### 代码:

```
INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
    B_PLUS_TREE_INTERNAL_PAGE_TYPE::MoveLastToFrontOf(BPlusTreeInternalPage
    *recipient, const KeyType &middle_key,
                                                           BufferPoolManager
 3
    *buffer_pool_manager) {
 4
     MappingType NewPair = {middle_key, this->array_[this-
    >GetSize()-1].second};
 6
      recipient->CopyFirstFrom(NewPair, buffer_pool_manager);//AddSize Here
      //If we need to update the Parent's middle_key just get from the
    index==GetSize
 8
     this->IncreaseSize(-1);
10 | }
```

void ResetParent(const page\_id\_t &old\_node, const page\_id\_t &new\_node,
 BufferPoolManager \*buffer\_pool\_manager\_);

设计思路:

将此页的 末尾的 key & value 复制到 recipient

代码:

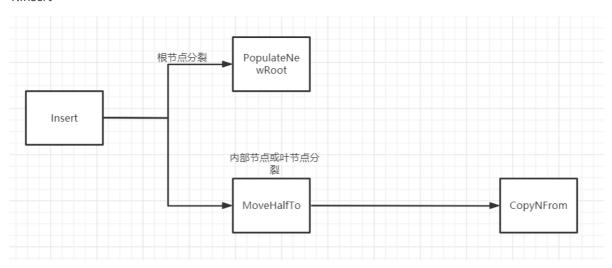
```
1 INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
   void B_PLUS_TREE_INTERNAL_PAGE_TYPE::ResetParent(const page_id_t &old_node,
    const page_id_t &new_node,BufferPoolManager* buffer_pool_manager_) {
3
     // Read the old_page and new_page
      BPlusTreePage *old_page = reinterpret_cast<BPlusTreePage *>
    (buffer_pool_manager_->FetchPage(old_node));
5
      BPlusTreePage *new_page = reinterpret_cast<BPlusTreePage *>
    (buffer_pool_manager_->FetchPage(new_node));
6
     old_page->SetParentPageId(this->GetPageId());
7
     new_page->SetParentPageId(this->GetPageId());
8
      buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(old_node, true);
9
      buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(new_node, true);
10 }
```

# 3. B+树索引

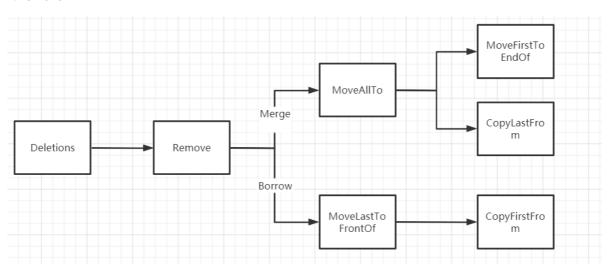
## 3.1 总体框架

由于B+树索引主要就是 Insert 和 Remove 两个操作,下面图片将说明这两个操作和上述两个数据页中的函数之间的关系。

#### 1.Insert



#### 2.Remove



## 3.2 函数说明

Insert

伪代码:

```
step1: 若为空树, 创建一个叶子结点, 然后将记录插入其中, 此时这个叶子结点也是根结点, 插
   入操作结束。
2
3
   step2:
       针对叶子类型结点:根据key值找到叶子结点,
4
5
      if(插入后节点的个数<=n-1)
6
          插入结束
7
      else
8
9
          divide into (1,2 \ldots n/2) and ((n/2)+1,\ldots n-1)
10
          将(n/2)+1节点推到父节点
          当前节点指向父节点
11
12
          //Insert Into Parent
          //索引类型节点
13
```

```
      14
      while(当前的个数>=n-1)

      15
      //split

      16
      分成(m-1)/2,m-(m-1)/2两组

      17
      将当前节点指向父节点
```

代码:

```
INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
 1
 2
    bool BPLUSTREE_TYPE::Insert(const KeyType &key, const ValueType &value,
    Transaction *transaction) {
 3
        bool state = false;
 4
        //Empty Tree
        if (this->IsEmpty()) {
 5
          //std::cout << "Insert::StartNewTree" << endl;</pre>
 6
 7
          this->StartNewTree(key, value);
 8
          state = true;
 9
        } else {
          //std::cout << "Insert::InsertIntoLeaf" << endl;</pre>
10
11
          state=InsertIntoLeaf(key, value, transaction);
12
        }
13
        return state;
14
    }
```

### Split相关函数

O INDEX\_TEMPLATE\_ARGUMENTS
template<typename N>
N \*BPLUSTREE\_TYPE::Split(N \*node)

```
1 INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
 2
    template<typename N>
    N *BPLUSTREE_TYPE::Split(N *node) {
 4
         page_id_t NewId = INVALID_PAGE_ID;
         auto *page = buffer_pool_manager_->NewPage(NewId);
         if (page != nullptr) {
 6
           N *NewNode = reinterpret_cast<N *>(page->GetData());
 8
           //Init
 9
           NewNode->Init(NewId, INVALID_PAGE_ID, node->GetMaxSize());
10
11
12
           node->MoveHalfTo(NewNode,buffer_pool_manager_);
13
14
           //Set the Sibbling point to the Same Parent
15
           NewNode->SetParentPageId(node->GetParentPageId());
16
           buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(NewId, true);
17
18
           return NewNode;
19
         } else {
           buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(NewId, false);
20
           std::cerr << "BPLUSTREE_TYPE::InsertIntoParent---Can not Allocate</pre>
21
    Memory AnyMore" << endl;</pre>
           return nullptr;
22
23
         }
```

### InsertIntoParent相关函数

O INDEX\_TEMPLATE\_ARGUMENTS void
BPLUSTREE\_TYPE::InsertIntoParent(BPlusTreePage \*old\_node, const KeyType
&key, BPlusTreePage \*new\_node,Transaction \*transaction)

```
INDEX TEMPLATE ARGUMENTS
    void BPLUSTREE_TYPE::InsertIntoParent(BPlusTreePage *old_node,
    const KeyType &key, BPlusTreePage *new_node,
 3
        Transaction *transaction) {
4
      KeyType NewKey = key;
 5
      while (1) {
6
          //old_node is root
 7
        if (old_node->GetPageId() == this->root_page_id_) {
8
          page_id_t NewId = INVALID_PAGE_ID;
9
          auto *page = buffer_pool_manager_->NewPage(NewId);
10
          if (page != nullptr) {
11
            auto *node = reinterpret_cast<InternalPage *>(page-
    >GetData());
12
            node->Init(NewId, INVALID_PAGE_ID,this-
    >internal_max_size_);
13
            //Generate the New Root
14
            node->PopulateNewRoot(old_node->GetPageId(), NewKey,
    new_node->GetPageId());
15
            //Reset Parent
16
            node->ResetParent(old_node->GetPageId(), new_node-
    >GetPageId(),buffer_pool_manager_);
17
            //Update the New Root
18
19
            this->root_page_id_ = NewId;
20
            this->UpdateRootPageId(false);
            buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(NewId, true);
21
22
            //std::cout << "BPLUSTREE_TYPE::InsertIntoParent-----286"
    << end1;
23
            break;
24
          }
25
          else {
            buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(NewId, false);
26
27
            std::cerr << "BPLUSTREE_TYPE::InsertIntoParent---Can not</pre>
    Allocate Memory AnyMore" << endl;
28
          }
29
        }
30
        else
31
        {
32
            //Percolate Up
33
            //Get Parent Page From the BufferPoolManager
34
            page_id_t Id = old_node->GetParentPageId();
35
            auto *page = buffer_pool_manager_->FetchPage(Id);
36
            if (page != nullptr)
37
```

```
38
                 auto * ParentNode = reinterpret_cast<InternalPage *>
    (page->GetData());
39
                 //Insert NewKey into the Parent Node
40
                 /*for (int i = 0; i < ParentNode->GetSize(); i++) cout
    << ParentNode->array_[i].first << " ";</pre>
41
                 cout << endl;*/
42
                 int size = ParentNode->InsertNodeAfter(old_node-
    >GetPageId(), NewKey, new_node->GetPageId());
                 /*for (int i = 0; i < ParentNode->GetSize(); i++) cout
43
    << ParentNode->array_[i].first << " ";</pre>
                 cout << endl;*/</pre>
44
45
                 // if the Parent Node is not OverFlow
                 if (size < this->internal_max_size_) {
46
47
                 buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(Id, true);
48
                   //std::cout << "BPLUSTREE_TYPE::InsertIntoParent----
    -311" << end1;
49
                 break:
50
                 }
                 else {
51
52
                 //If the Parent Node is Full
53
                 KeyType middle_key = ParentNode->KeyAt(ParentNode-
    >GetSize()-ParentNode->GetMinSize());
54
                 InternalPage *Sibbling = this->Split(ParentNode);
55
                 old_node = ParentNode;
                 NewKey = middle_key;
56
57
                 new_node = Sibbling;
                 buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(Id, true);
58
59
                 //std::cout << "BPLUSTREE_TYPE::InsertIntoParent----
    -321" << endl;
60
                 continue;
61
                 }
62
            }
             else
63
64
65
               buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(Id, false);
               //std::cerr << "BPLUSTREE_TYPE::InsertIntoParent---2Can</pre>
66
    not Allocate Memory AnyMore" << endl;</pre>
67
68
        }
      }
69
70
71
    }
```

#### Remove

伪代码:

```
      1

      2
      step1:删除叶子结点中对应的key。删除后若结点的key的个数大于等于Math.ceil(m-1)/2 - 1, 删除操作结束,否则执行第2步。

      3

      4
      step2:

      5
      if(兄弟结点key有富余(大于Math.ceil(m-1)/2 - 1)),

      6
      向兄弟结点借一个记录
```

```
同时用借到的key替换父结(指当前结点和兄弟结点共同的父结点)点中的key,删除
   结束。
8
      else
9
         if(兄弟结点中没有富余的key)
         则当前结点和兄弟结点合并成一个新的叶子结点,并删除父结点中的key
10
11
         (父结点中的这个key两边的孩子指针就变成了一个指针,正好指向这个新的叶子结
   点)
12
         将当前结点指向父结点(必为索引结点)
         else
13
14
            while(索引结点的key的个数<Math.ceil(m-1)/2 - 1)
               if(兄弟结点有富余)
15
16
                  父结点key下移,兄弟结点key上移
17
                  break
18
               else
19
                  当前结点和兄弟结点及父结点下移key合并成一个新的结点。
20
                  将当前结点指向父结点
```

#### 相关函数:

O INDEX\_TEMPLATE\_ARGUMENTS

```
void BPLUSTREE_TYPE::Remove(const KeyType &key, Transaction *transaction)
代码:
```

```
1
    INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
    void BPLUSTREE_TYPE::Remove(const KeyType &key, Transaction
    *transaction) {
3
        if (this->IsEmpty()) return;
4
        auto page = FindLeafPage(key, false);
5
        auto node = reinterpret_cast<BPlusTreePage*> (page->GetData());
6
        page_id_t FirstLeafId = page->GetPageId();
 7
8
9
10
        if (node->IsRootPage()) {
11
          LeafPage* Root = reinterpret_cast<LeafPage *> (node);
12
          int size=Root->RemoveAndDeleteRecord(key, comparator_);
13
          if (size == 0) {
            if (this->AdjustRoot(node)) {
14
15
              buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(node->GetPageId(),true);
              bool state=buffer_pool_manager_->DeletePage(node-
16
    >GetPageId());
17
              if (state == false) {
18
                throw "fuck";
              }
19
20
            }
21
22
        }
23
24
        else {
25
          auto Leaf = reinterpret_cast<LeafPage *>(page->GetData());
          int size = Leaf->RemoveAndDeleteRecord(key, comparator_);
26
          //After the Deletetion the Leaf size >= MinSize
27
28
          if (size >= (Leaf->GetMinSize())) {
29
            buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(FirstLeafId, true);
```

```
30
31
            return;
32
          }
33
34
          else {
35
            //After the Deletion the Leaf size < MinSize
36
              //Merge or Borrow
37
              ///
38
39
            if (this->CoalesceOrRedistribute(&Leaf, transaction) ==
    false) {
40
              buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(FirstLeafId, true);
41
42
              return;
43
            }
            else {
44
                // We need to Adjust Percolate Up
45
46
                auto ParentPage = buffer_pool_manager_->FetchPage(Leaf-
47
    >GetParentPageId());
48
                 page_id_t ParentId = ParentPage->GetPageId();
49
                InternalPage *node = reinterpret_cast<InternalPage*>
    (ParentPage->GetData());
50
                 buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(Leaf->GetPageId(),
    true);
51
                bool state=buffer_pool_manager_->DeletePage(Leaf-
    >GetPageId());
52
                if (state == false) {
53
                  throw "fuck";
54
55
                InternalPage *Parent = nullptr;
56
57
58
59
60
                while (1) {
61
                  if (this->CoalesceOrRedistribute(&node, transaction)
    == false) {
                     buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(FirstLeafId, true);
62
                     buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(ParentId, true);
63
64
                     break;
65
                   }
66
67
                  else {
68
69
                     Parent = reinterpret_cast<InternalPage *>
    (buffer_pool_manager_->FetchPage(node->GetParentPageId())-
    >GetData());
70
                     buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(ParentId, true);
71
                     buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(node->GetPageId(),
    true);
72
                     bool state = buffer_pool_manager_->DeletePage(node-
    >GetPageId());
                     ParentId = Parent->GetPageId();
73
74
                     if (state == false) {
```

```
75
                        throw "fuck";
76
                      }
77
                      node = Parent;
78
                   }
79
                 }
80
             }
81
          }
82
83
         }
84
         buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(node->GetPageId(), true);
85
86
87
88
    }
```

#### O INDEX\_TEMPLATE\_ARGUMENTS

template<typename N>
bool BPLUSTREE\_TYPE::CoalesceOrRedistribute(N \*\*node, Transaction
\*transaction)

○ 代码:

```
INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
 1
    template<typename N>
    bool BPLUSTREE_TYPE::CoalesceOrRedistribute(N **node, Transaction
 3
    *transaction)
 4
    {
 5
 6
      bool state = false;
 7
      if (this->IsEmpty() == true) return false;
      InternalPage *ParentNode = nullptr;
 8
 9
      // Root Page
      if ((* node)->IsRootPage()) {
10
        if (( * node)->GetSize() == 1) {
11
12
          state=this->AdjustRoot(*node);
13
          if (state) {
14
15
            page_id_t PageId = (*node)->GetPageId();
            buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(PageId, true);
16
17
            bool state=buffer_pool_manager_->DeletePage(PageId);
18
19
            if (state == false) {
              throw "fuck";
20
21
            }
22
          }
        }
23
24
        return false;
25
      }
26
27
          //Get the Parent Page
28
        page_id_t ParentPageId = (*node)->GetParentPageId();
29
        auto Page=buffer_pool_manager_->FetchPage(ParentPageId);
```

```
ParentNode = reinterpret_cast<InternalPage *>(Page-
30
    >GetData());
        //Get the child node index in the ParentNode
31
        int index = ParentNode->ValueIndex((*node)->GetPageId());
32
33
34
        //If the Node is LeafNode
        if (( * node)->IsLeafPage()) {
35
           // If the Node is the right Most Element
36
          if (index == ParentNode->GetSize() - 1) {
37
38
            // node is last child of the Parent Node
39
            int SibblingIndex = index - 1;
40
            page_id_t Sibbling_Page_Id = ParentNode-
    >ValueAt(SibblingIndex);
            // Merge or Borrow from the Left Page
41
42
            auto SibblingPage = buffer_pool_manager_-
    >FetchPage(Sibbling_Page_Id);
43
            LeafPage *SibblingNode = reinterpret_cast<LeafPage *>
    (SibblingPage->GetData());
            LeafPage *Node = reinterpret_cast<LeafPage *>(*node);
44
            //case 1----Borrow From the Sibbiling Node ----Test---Not
45
    Check
46
            if (SibblingNode->GetSize() + Node->GetSize() > Node-
    >GetMaxSize()) {
47
              // Move the Sibbling Last Pair into the This Node
              this->Redistribute(SibblingNode, Node, 1);
48
49
              int index = ParentNode->ValueIndex(Node->GetPageId());
50
              ParentNode->SetKeyAt(index, Node->KeyAt(0));
51
              state = false;
52
            }
53
            //case 2--- Merge with the Sibbling Node ----Test---OK
54
            else {
55
              state = this->Coalesce(&SibblingNode, &Node,
    &ParentNode, index, transaction, true);
56
            }
57
            buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(Sibbling_Page_Id, true);
58
          }
          // if the node is not right most Node
59
60
          else {
            page_id_t Sibbling_Page_Id = ParentNode->ValueAt(index +
61
    1);
62
            auto SibblingPage = buffer_pool_manager_-
    >FetchPage(Sibbling_Page_Id);
            LeafPage *SibblingNode = reinterpret_cast<LeafPage *>
63
    (SibblingPage->GetData());
64
            LeafPage *Node = reinterpret_cast<LeafPage *>(*node);
65
            //case 1--- Borrow From the Sibbling Node----- Test----
    Not Check
66
            if (SibblingNode->GetSize() + Node->GetSize() > Node-
    >GetMaxSize()) {
              // Move the Redistribute First Pair into the End of this
67
    node
68
              this->Redistribute(SibblingNode, Node, 0);
69
              // Adjust the Key in the Parent Node
70
              int index = ParentNode->ValueIndex(SibblingNode-
    >GetPageId());
```

```
ParentNode->SetKeyAt(index, SibblingNode->KeyAt(0));
 71
 72
               state = false;
 73
             }
 74
             // case 2----Merge With the Sibbling Node -----Test---Ok
 75
             else {
 76
               state = this->Coalesce(&Node, &SibblingNode,
     &ParentNode, index + 1, transaction, false);
 77
               *node = (reinterpret_cast<N*> (SibblingNode));
             }
 78
 79
             buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(Sibbling_Page_Id, true);
 80
           }
 81
           buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(ParentPageId, true);
 82
 83
 84
 85
        } else {
        // If the node is Internal Node
 86
 87
             // node is >= MinSize
          if (( * node)->GetSize() >= (*node)->GetMinSize()) {
 88
 89
          buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(ParentPageId, true);
 90
 91
                  return false;
 92
          }
 93
          // If the Node is the right Most Element
          if (index == ParentNode->GetSize() - 1) {
 94
 95
            // node is last child of the Parent Node
 96
            int SibblingIndex = index - 1;
 97
            page_id_t Sibbling_Page_Id = ParentNode-
     >ValueAt(SibblingIndex);
 98
            // Merge or Borrow from the Left Page
            auto SibblingPage = buffer_pool_manager_-
 99
     >FetchPage(Sibbling_Page_Id);
100
101
            InternalPage *SibblingNode = reinterpret_cast<InternalPage</pre>
     *>(SibblingPage->GetData());
102
            InternalPage *Node = reinterpret_cast<InternalPage *>
     (*node);
103
104
105
            // case 1----Borrow From the Sibbiling Node ---- Test Not
     Check
106
            if (SibblingNode->GetSize() + Node->GetSize() > Node-
     >GetMaxSize()) {
107
              // Move the Sibbling Last Pair into the This Node
108
              this->Redistribute(SibblingNode, Node, 1);
109
              int index = ParentNode->ValueIndex(Node->GetPageId());
              ParentNode->SetKeyAt(index, Node->KeyAt(SibblingNode-
110
     >GetSize()));
111
              state = false;
            }
112
            // case 2---- Merge with the Sibbling Node ----Test Not
113
     Check
114
            else {
115
              state = this->Coalesce(&SibblingNode, &Node, &ParentNode,
     index, transaction,true);
```

```
116
            }
117
            buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(Sibbling_Page_Id, true);
118
          }
119
          // if the node is not right most Node
120
          else
121
122
            page_id_t Sibbling_Page_Id = ParentNode->ValueAt(index +
     1);
123
            auto SibblingPage = buffer_pool_manager_-
     >FetchPage(Sibbling_Page_Id);
124
            InternalPage *SibblingNode = reinterpret_cast<InternalPage</pre>
125
     *>(SibblingPage->GetData());
126
            InternalPage *Node = reinterpret_cast<InternalPage *>
     (*node);
127
128
            // case 1--- Borrow From the Sibbling Node----- Test-Not
     Check
129
            if (SibblingNode->GetSize() + Node->GetSize() > Node-
     >GetMaxSize()) {
130
              // Move the Redistribute First Pair into the End of this
     node
131
              this->Redistribute(SibblingNode, Node, 0);
132
              // Adjust the Key in the Parent Node
133
              int index = ParentNode->ValueIndex(SibblingNode-
     >GetPageId());
134
              ParentNode->SetKeyAt(index, SibblingNode->KeyAt(0));
135
              state = false;
136
            }
137
            // case 2----Merge With the Sibbling Node ----Test-Not
     Check
138
            else {
139
              state = this->Coalesce(&Node, &SibblingNode, &ParentNode,
     index + 1, transaction, false);
              *node = (reinterpret_cast<N *>(SibblingNode));
140
141
            }
142
           //
143
            buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(Sibbling_Page_Id, true);
144
          }
145
146
          buffer_pool_manager_->UnpinPage(ParentPageId, true);
147
148
149
150
        }
151
152
153
154
155
       return state;
156
157
     }
```

### 3.3 测试结果

• 测试BplusTree的 Insert 和 Remove

## 4.BPlusTreeIndexIterator

• 成员定义

为了方便索引查询,提供迭代器,方便上层进行调用。

```
private:
// add your own private member variables here
BufferPoolManager *bufferPoolManager;
page_id_t CurrPageId;
int CurrLocation;
// if we Read the Tuple from the Leaf Page , We need to Copy the Item

MappingType *Item = nullptr;
```

• 基本操作

```
o const MappingType & operator*(); 实现逻辑:
```

取出叶节点的键值对

```
1
    INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS const MappingType
    &INDEXITERATOR_TYPE::operator*() {
2
3
      auto page = bufferPoolManager->FetchPage(this->CurrPageId);
4
      auto node = reinterpret_cast<LeafPage *>(page);
5
      // Free the preview Item
6
     if (this->Item != nullptr) delete this->Item;
7
      this->Item = new MappingType;
8
      MappingType *Pair = new (this->Item) MappingType(node-
    >GetItem(this->CurrLocation));
9
      bufferPoolManager->UnpinPage(this->CurrPageId, false);
      return *Pair;
10
11
12
    }
```

o IndexIterator &operator++();

实现逻辑:

完成 ++ 的Overload

```
1
2
    INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS INDEXITERATOR_TYPE
    &INDEXITERATOR_TYPE::operator++() {
       auto page = bufferPoolManager->FetchPage(this->CurrPageId);
       auto node = reinterpret_cast<LeafPage *>(page);
4
5
       int Capacity = node->GetSize();
      // just Point to Next Pair in this Page
 6
 7
       if (this->CurrLocation + 1 < Capacity) {</pre>
         bufferPoolManager->UnpinPage(this->CurrPageId, false);
8
9
         CurrLocation++;
10
       } else {
         page_id_t NextPage = node->GetNextPageId();
11
12
13
         bufferPoolManager->UnpinPage(this->CurrPageId, false);
         // It means NextPage is the Last Page
14
15
         if (NextPage == INVALID_PAGE_ID) {
           this->CurrPageId = INVALID_PAGE_ID;
16
           this->CurrLocation = 0;
17
         } else {
18
19
           // Update Next Page
20
           this->CurrPageId = NextPage;
           // Update Next Position
21
           this->CurrLocation = 0;
22
23
         }
24
25
       return *this;
26
27
    }
```

o bool operator==(const IndexIterator &itr) const;

实现逻辑:

判断当前的迭代器,是否和待比较的迭代器相等

```
INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
bool INDEXITERATOR_TYPE::operator==(const IndexIterator &itr) const {
   if (this->CurrLocation == itr.CurrLocation && this->CurrPageId == itr.CurrPageId) {
    return true;
   } else
   return false;
}
```

o bool operator!=(const IndexIterator &itr) const; 实现逻辑: 判断当前的迭代器,是否和待比较的迭代器不相等

代码:

```
INDEX_TEMPLATE_ARGUMENTS
bool INDEXITERATOR_TYPE::operator!=(const IndexIterator &itr) const {
    return !(*this == itr);
}
```

• 测试BplusTree的 Iterator

### 3.5 总体测试

• 测试BPlusTreeIndex的 BplusTree 和 Iterator

# 5. 模块相关代码

- src/include/storage/page/b\_plus\_tree\_page.h
- src/page/b\_plus\_tree\_page.cpp
- src/include/storage/page/b\_plus\_tree\_internal\_page.h
- src/storage/page/b\_plus\_tree\_internal\_page.cpp
- src/include/storage/page/b\_plus\_tree\_leaf\_page.h
- src/storage/page/b\_plus\_tree\_leaf\_page.cpp
- src/include/storage/index/b\_plus\_tree.h
- src/storage/index/b\_plus\_tree.cpp
- src/include/storage/index/index\_iterator.h
- src/storage/index/index\_iterator.cpp