

analysis-nn

May 11, 2020

1 Classification Using Tensorflow Keras

```
[1]: %load_ext watermark
```

```
[2]: %watermark -v -m -p numpy,pandas,sklearn,seaborn,matplotlib,tensorflow -g
```

```
/home/hades/anaconda3/envs/test101/lib/python3.7/site-  
packages/statsmodels/tools/_testing.py:19: FutureWarning: pandas.util.testing is  
deprecated. Use the functions in the public API at pandas.testing instead.
```

```
import pandas.util.testing as tm
```

```
CPython 3.7.3
```

```
IPython 7.9.0
```

```
numpy 1.18.1
```

```
pandas 1.0.3
```

```
sklearn 0.22.1
```

```
seaborn 0.9.0
```

```
matplotlib 3.1.1
```

```
tensorflow 2.2.0
```

```
compiler : GCC 7.3.0
```

```
system : Linux
```

```
release : 4.4.0-18362-Microsoft
```

```
machine : x86_64
```

```
processor : x86_64
```

```
CPU cores : 8
```

```
interpreter: 64bit
```

```
Git hash : 2465d217c22cb67de6fc0167c2c295499b5dcf9f
```

```
[3]: from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
```

```
%matplotlib inline
```

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
import numpy as np
```

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, MinMaxScaler, normalize
```

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
```

```
SEED = 43
np.random.random = SEED
```

```
[4]: df = pd.read_csv('../datasets/train.csv')
```

```
[5]: mainTest = pd.read_csv('../datasets/test.csv')
```

1.1 PreScaling Data

```
[6]: X = df.loc[:, ~df.columns.isin(['blueFirstBlood', 'blueWins'])]
y = df['blueWins']
firstBld = df['blueFirstBlood']
```

```
[7]: X1 = mainTest.loc[:, ~mainTest.columns.isin(['blueFirstBlood', 'blueWins'])]
y1 = mainTest['blueWins']
firstBld1 = mainTest['blueFirstBlood']
```

```
[8]: ss = StandardScaler()
mm = MinMaxScaler()
```

```
[9]: Xstd = ss.fit_transform(X)
Xmm = mm.fit_transform(X)
```

```
[10]: df_ss = pd.DataFrame(Xstd, columns=X.columns)
df_mm = pd.DataFrame(Xmm, columns=X.columns)
```

```
[11]: df_ss = pd.concat([df_ss, firstBld], axis=1)
df_mm = pd.concat([df_mm, firstBld], axis=1)
```

```
[12]: ss1 = StandardScaler()
mm1 = MinMaxScaler()

test_ss = ss1.fit_transform(X1)
test_mm = mm1.fit_transform(X1)

test_ss = pd.DataFrame(test_ss, columns=X1.columns)
test_mm = pd.DataFrame(test_mm, columns=X1.columns)

test_ss = pd.concat([test_ss, firstBld1], axis=1)
test_mm = pd.concat([test_mm, firstBld1], axis=1)
```

1.2 Analysis - UnScaled

```
[13]: import tensorflow as tf
      from tensorflow import keras
      from tensorflow.keras import layers
```

```
[14]: y = keras.utils.to_categorical(y, 2)
```

```
[15]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(df.loc[:, df.columns != '
      ↪'blueWins'], y, test_size=0.33, stratify=y, random_state=SEED)
```

1.2.1 Using 1 Dense Layer softmax

```
[16]: model = keras.Sequential()
      model.add(keras.layers.Dense(2, activation='softmax', input_dim=len(X.columns)
      ↪+ 1))
      # model.add(keras.layers.Dense(2, activation='relu'))
      # model.add(keras.layers.Dense(2, activation='sigmoid'))
      model.summary()
```

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
dense (Dense)	(None, 2)	52

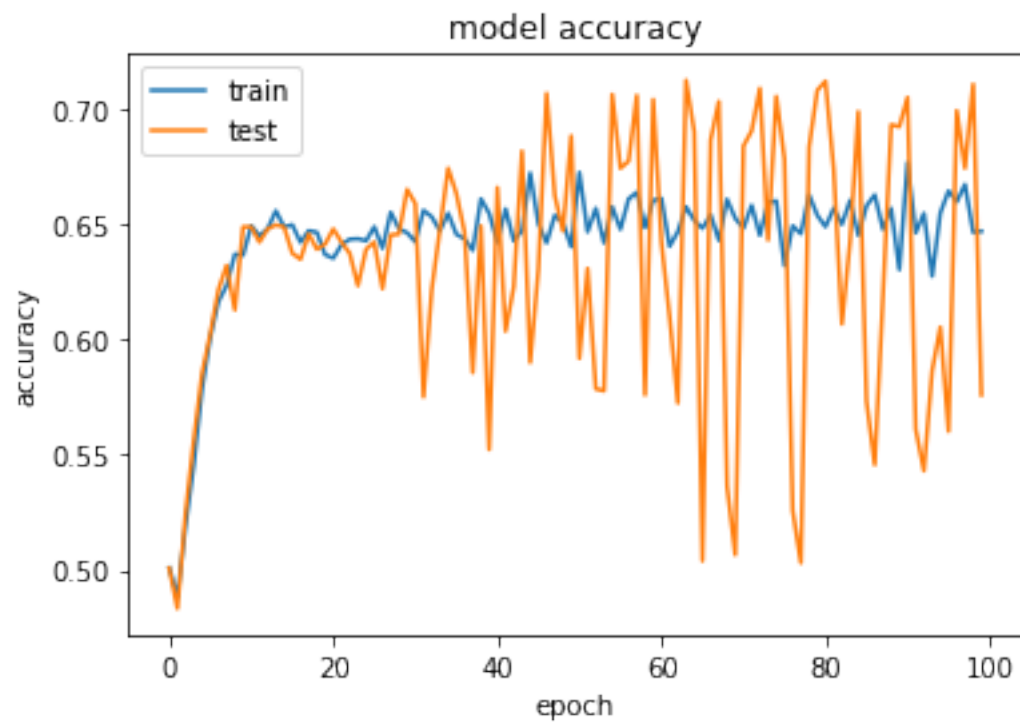
Total params: 52
Trainable params: 52
Non-trainable params: 0

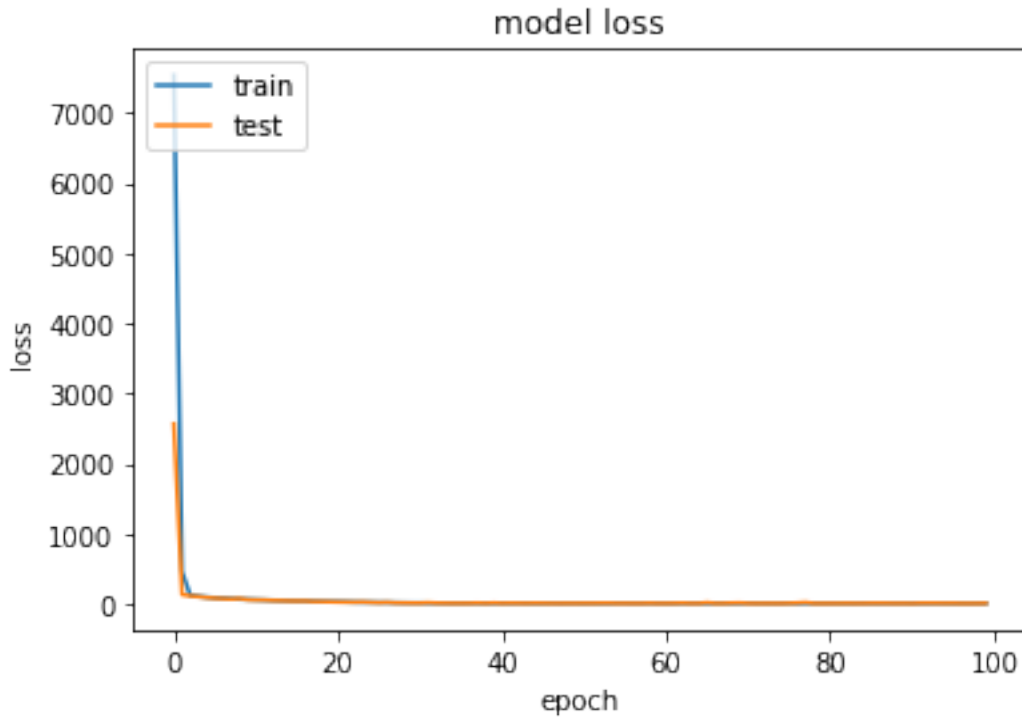
```
[17]: model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical_crossentropy',
      ↪metrics=['accuracy'])
```

```
[18]: fits = model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=100, validation_data=(X_test,
      ↪y_test), verbose=0)
```

```
[19]: plt.plot(fits.history['accuracy'])
      plt.plot(fits.history['val_accuracy'])
      plt.title('model accuracy')
      plt.ylabel('accuracy')
      plt.xlabel('epoch')
      plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
      plt.show()
```

```
plt.plot(fits.history['loss'])
plt.plot(fits.history['val_loss'])
plt.title('model loss')
plt.ylabel('loss')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()
```





Evaluate Model

```
[20]: y_true = keras.utils.to_categorical(y1, 2)
      model.evaluate(mainTest.loc[:, mainTest.columns!='blueWins'], y_true)
```

```
93/93 [=====] - 0s 989us/step - loss: 4.0897 -
accuracy: 0.6059
```

```
[20]: [4.0897297859191895, 0.6059378981590271]
```

1.2.2 Using 1 Dense Layer relu

```
[21]: model = keras.Sequential()
      model.add(keras.layers.Dense(2, activation='relu', input_dim=len(X_test.
      ↪columns)))
      model.summary()
      model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical_crossentropy',
      ↪metrics=['accuracy'])
      fits = model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=100, validation_data=(X_test,
      ↪y_test), verbose=0)
      plt.plot(fits.history['accuracy'])
      plt.plot(fits.history['val_accuracy'])
      plt.title('model accuracy')
```

```

plt.ylabel('accuracy')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()

plt.plot(fits.history['loss'])
plt.plot(fits.history['val_loss'])
plt.title('model loss')
plt.ylabel('loss')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()

```

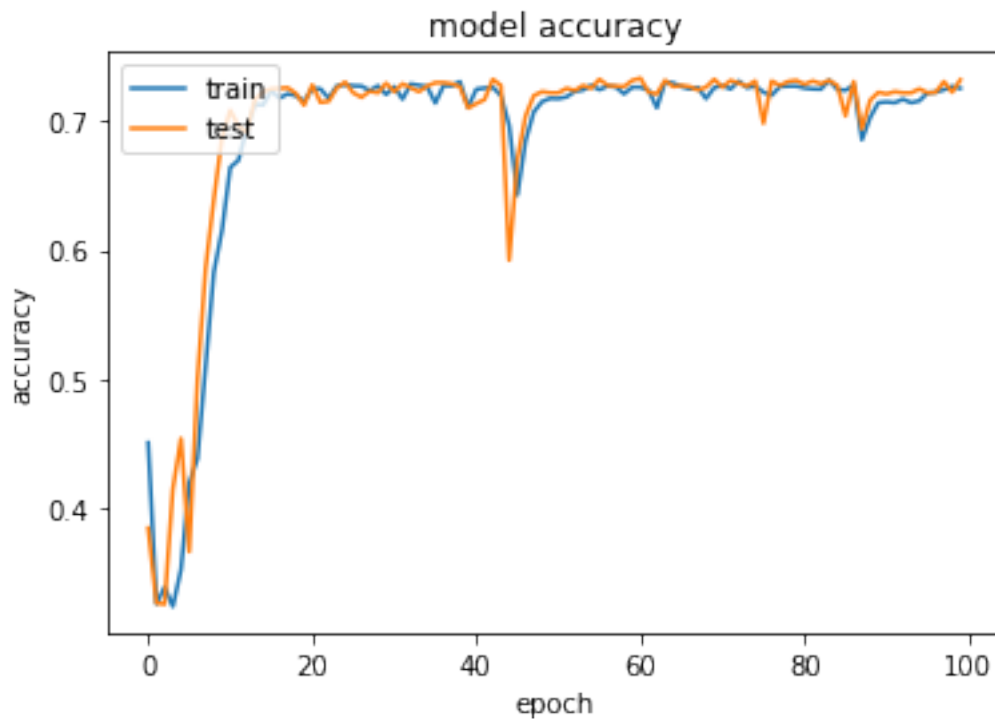
Model: "sequential_1"

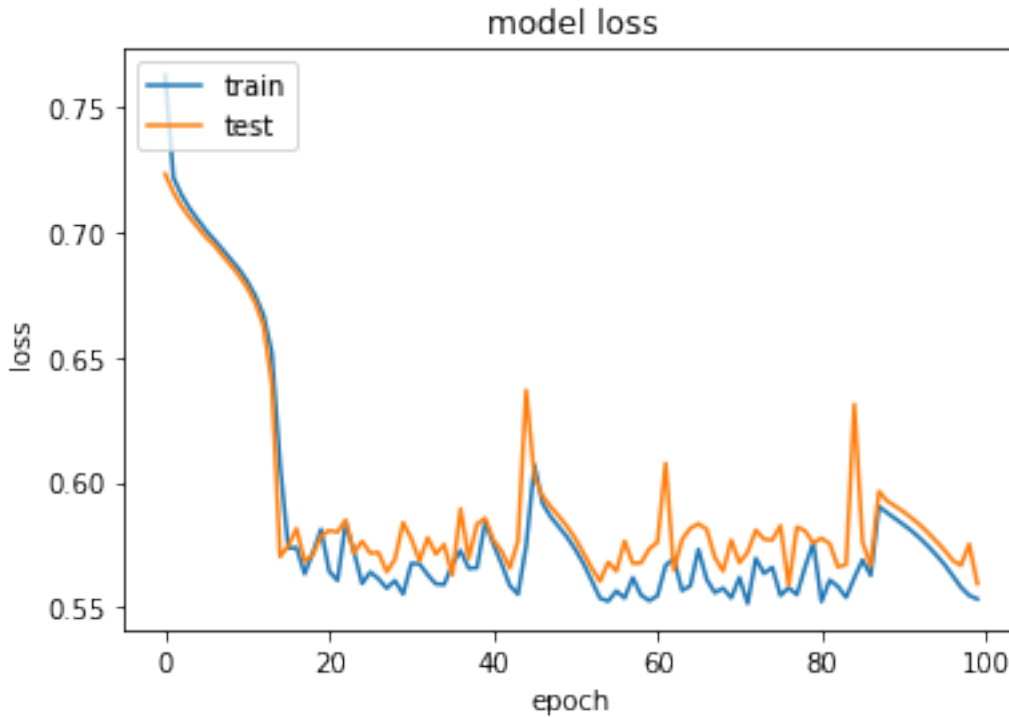
Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 2)	52

Total params: 52

Trainable params: 52

Non-trainable params: 0





Evaluate

```
[22]: y_true = keras.utils.to_categorical(y1, 2)
      model.evaluate(mainTest.loc[:, mainTest.columns!='blueWins'], y_true)
```

```
93/93 [=====] - 0s 984us/step - loss: 0.5521 -
accuracy: 0.7233
```

```
[22]: [0.5521367788314819, 0.7233468294143677]
```

1.2.3 Using 2 Dense Layer - relu and softmax

```
[23]: model = keras.Sequential()
      model.add(keras.layers.Dense(2, activation='relu', input_dim=len(X_test.
      ↪columns)))
      model.add(keras.layers.Dense(2, activation='softmax'))
      model.summary()
      model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical_crossentropy',
      ↪metrics=['accuracy'])
      fits = model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=100, validation_data=(X_test,
      ↪y_test), verbose=0)
      plt.plot(fits.history['accuracy'])
      plt.plot(fits.history['val_accuracy'])
```

```
plt.title('model accuracy')
plt.ylabel('accuracy')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()

plt.plot(fits.history['loss'])
plt.plot(fits.history['val_loss'])
plt.title('model loss')
plt.ylabel('loss')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()
```

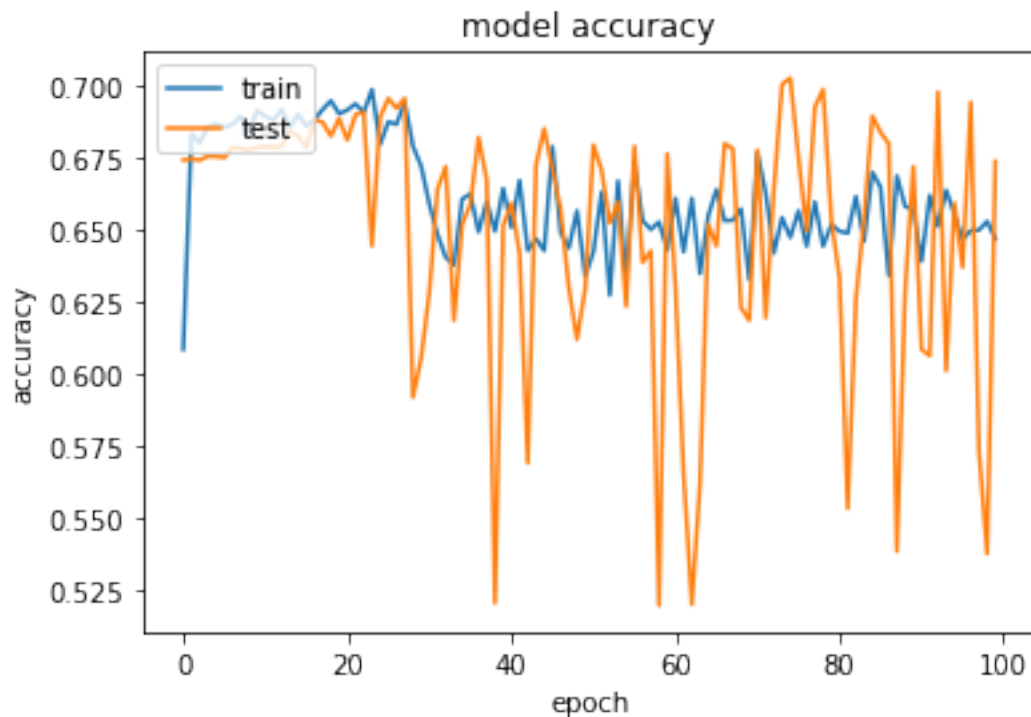
Model: "sequential_2"

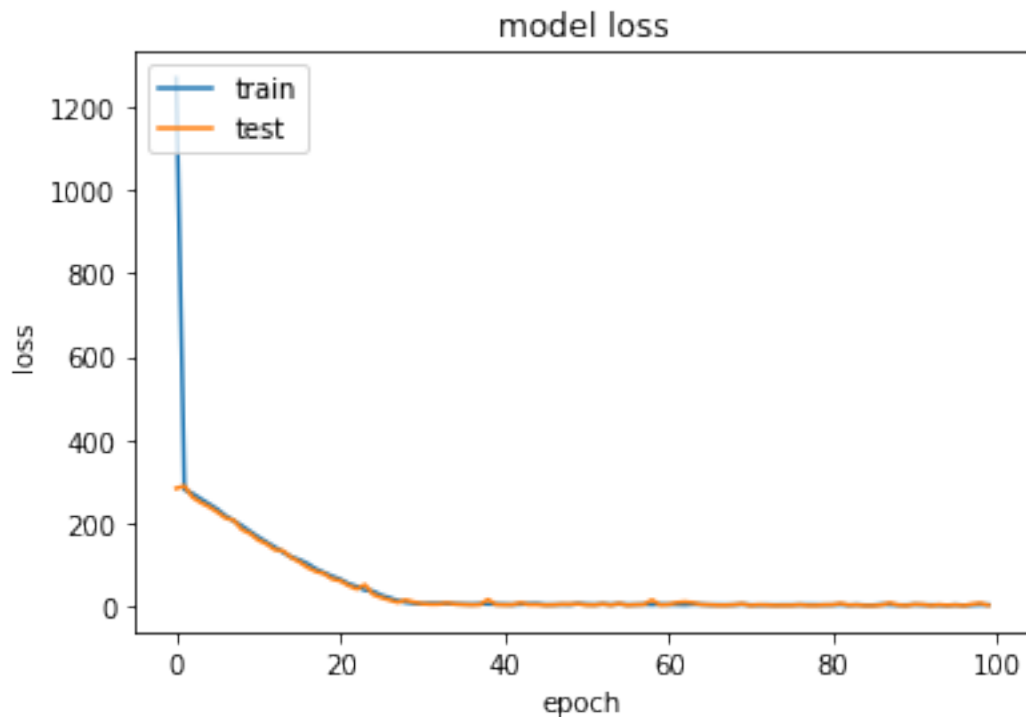
Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 2)	52
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 2)	6

Total params: 58

Trainable params: 58

Non-trainable params: 0





Evaluate

```
[24]: y_true = keras.utils.to_categorical(y1, 2)
      model.evaluate(mainTest.loc[:, mainTest.columns!='blueWins'], y_true)
```

```
93/93 [=====] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 2.8175 - accuracy: 0.6947
```

```
[24]: [2.8174984455108643, 0.6946693658828735]
```

1.2.4 Using 2 Dense Layer - softmax and sigmoid

```
[25]: model = keras.Sequential()
      model.add(keras.layers.Dense(2, activation='softmax', input_dim=len(X_test.
      ↪ columns)))
      model.add(keras.layers.Dense(2, activation='sigmoid'))
      model.summary()
      model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical_crossentropy',
      ↪ metrics=['accuracy'])
```

```

fits = model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=100, validation_data=(X_test,
↳ y_test), verbose=0)
plt.plot(fits.history['accuracy'])
plt.plot(fits.history['val_accuracy'])
plt.title('model accuracy')
plt.ylabel('accuracy')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()

plt.plot(fits.history['loss'])
plt.plot(fits.history['val_loss'])
plt.title('model loss')
plt.ylabel('loss')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()

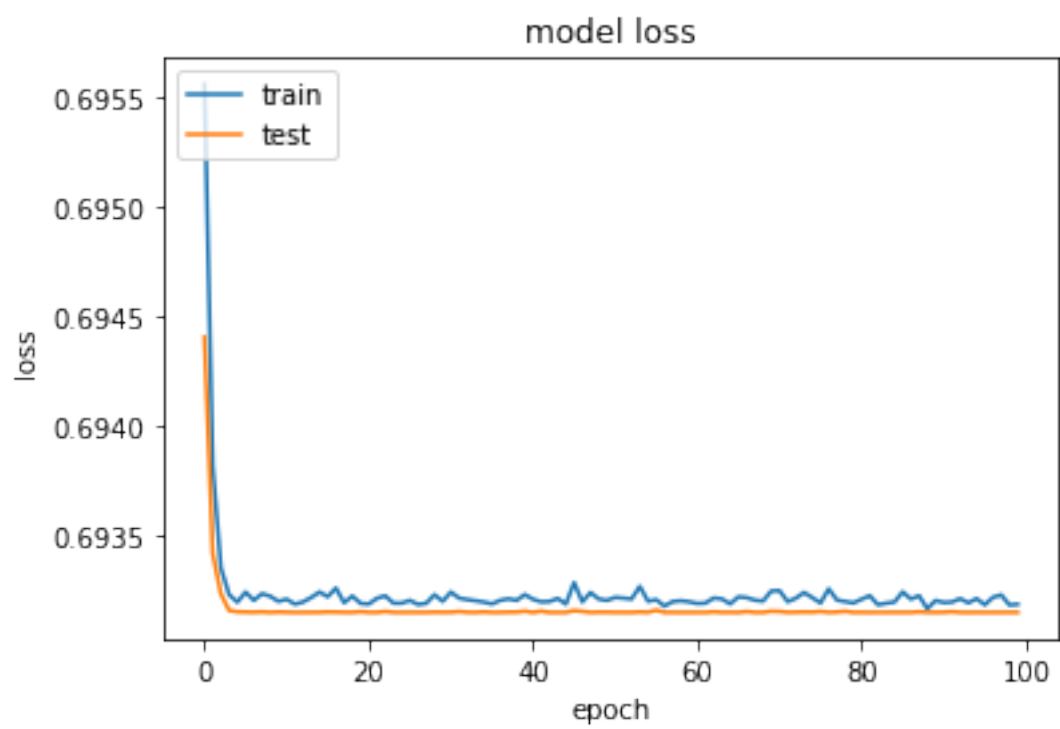
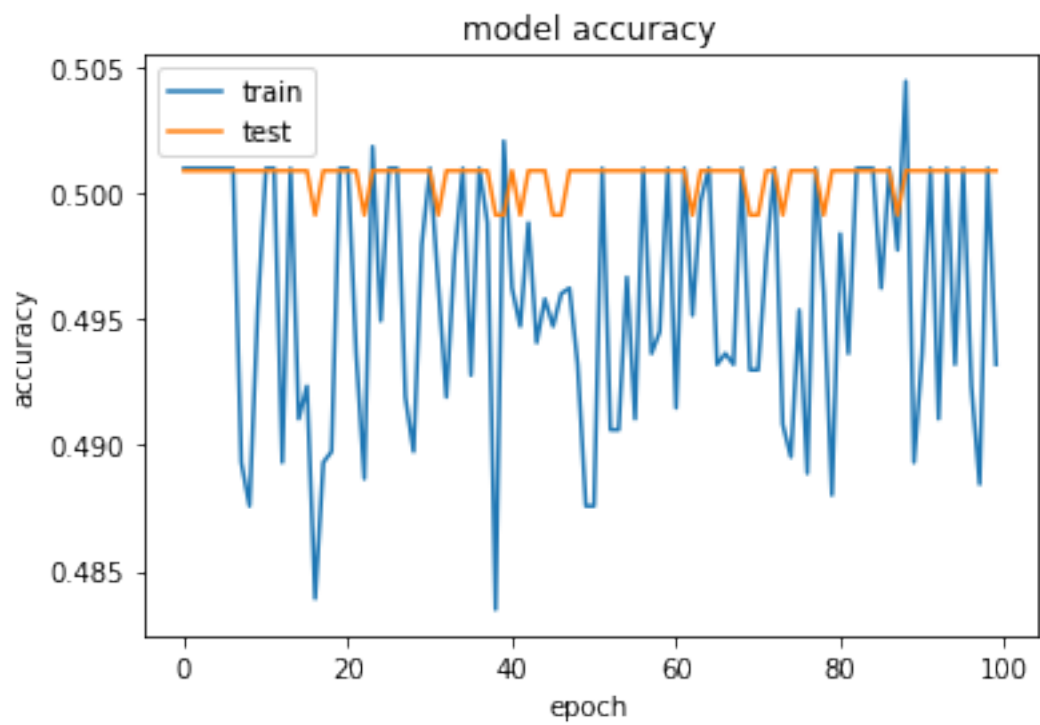
# Evaluate
y_true = keras.utils.to_categorical(y1, 2)
model.evaluate(mainTest.loc[:, mainTest.columns!='blueWins'], y_true)

```

Model: "sequential_3"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
dense_4 (Dense)	(None, 2)	52
dense_5 (Dense)	(None, 2)	6

Total params: 58
 Trainable params: 58
 Non-trainable params: 0



93/93 [=====] - 0s 957us/step - loss: 0.6931 - accuracy: 0.5010

[25]: [0.6931451559066772, 0.5010121464729309]

```
[26]: model = keras.Sequential()
model.add(keras.layers.Dense(2, activation='softmax', input_dim=len(X_test.
    ↪columns)))
model.add(keras.layers.Dense(2, activation='softmax'))
model.summary()
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical_crossentropy',
    ↪metrics=['accuracy'])
fits = model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=100, validation_data=(X_test,
    ↪y_test), verbose=0)
plt.plot(fits.history['accuracy'])
plt.plot(fits.history['val_accuracy'])
plt.title('model accuracy')
plt.ylabel('accuracy')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()

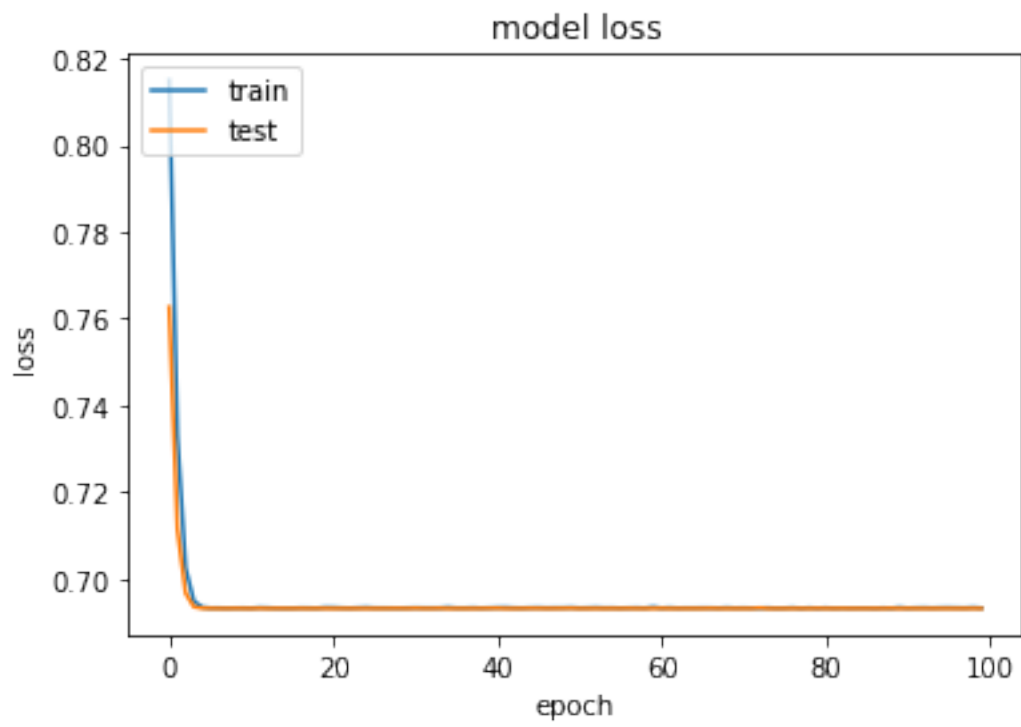
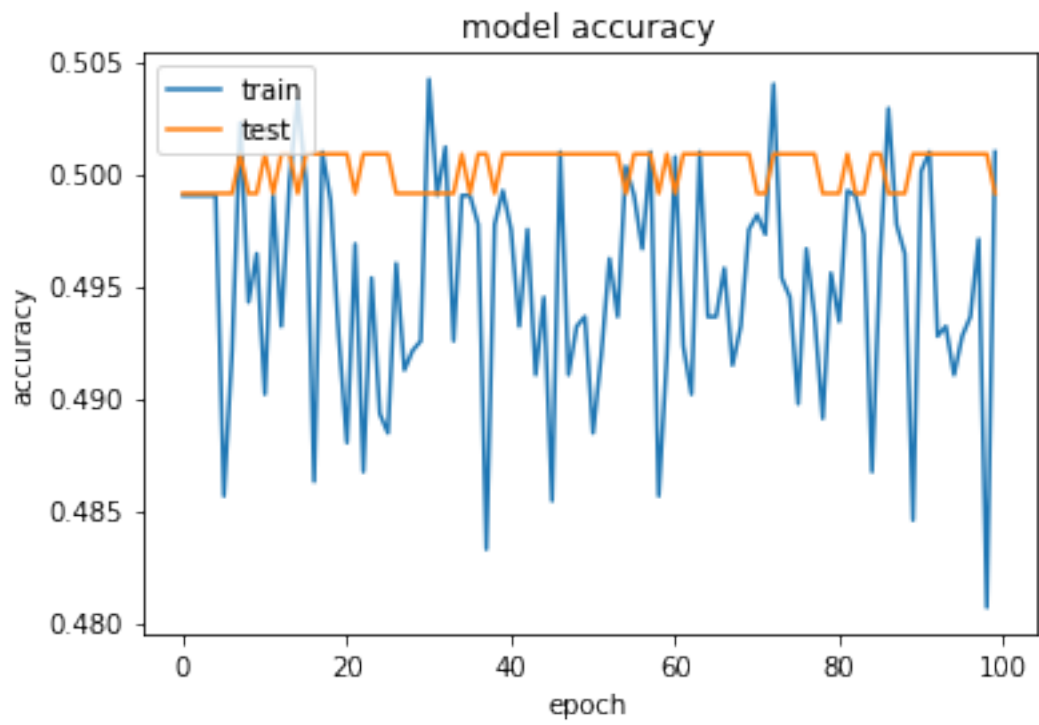
plt.plot(fits.history['loss'])
plt.plot(fits.history['val_loss'])
plt.title('model loss')
plt.ylabel('loss')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()

# Evaluate
y_true = keras.utils.to_categorical(y1, 2)
model.evaluate(mainTest.loc[:, mainTest.columns!='blueWins'], y_true)
```

Model: "sequential_4"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
dense_6 (Dense)	(None, 2)	52
dense_7 (Dense)	(None, 2)	6

Total params: 58
Trainable params: 58
Non-trainable params: 0



93/93 [=====] - 0s 922us/step - loss: 0.6931 - accuracy: 0.4990

[26]: [0.6931474208831787, 0.4989878535270691]

```
[27]: model = keras.Sequential()
model.add(keras.layers.Dense(2, activation='sigmoid', input_dim=len(X_test.
    ↪columns)))
# model.add(keras.layers.Dense(2, activation='softmax'))
model.summary()
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical_crossentropy',
    ↪metrics=['accuracy'])
fits = model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=100, validation_data=(X_test,
    ↪y_test), verbose=0)
plt.plot(fits.history['accuracy'])
plt.plot(fits.history['val_accuracy'])
plt.title('model accuracy')
plt.ylabel('accuracy')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()

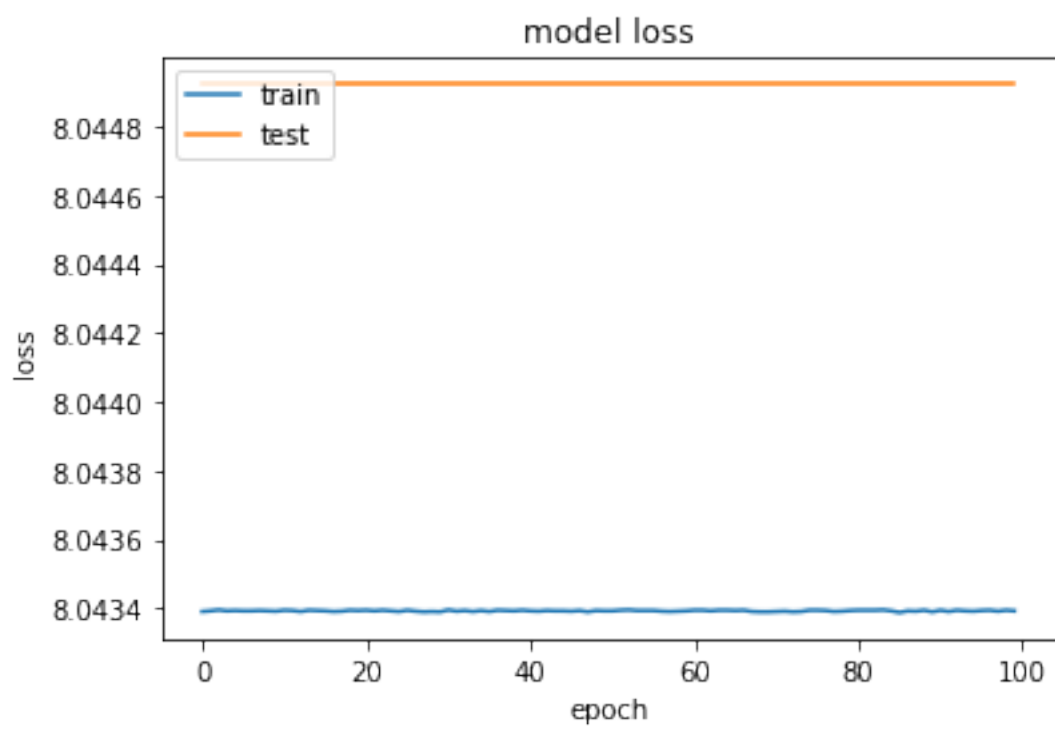
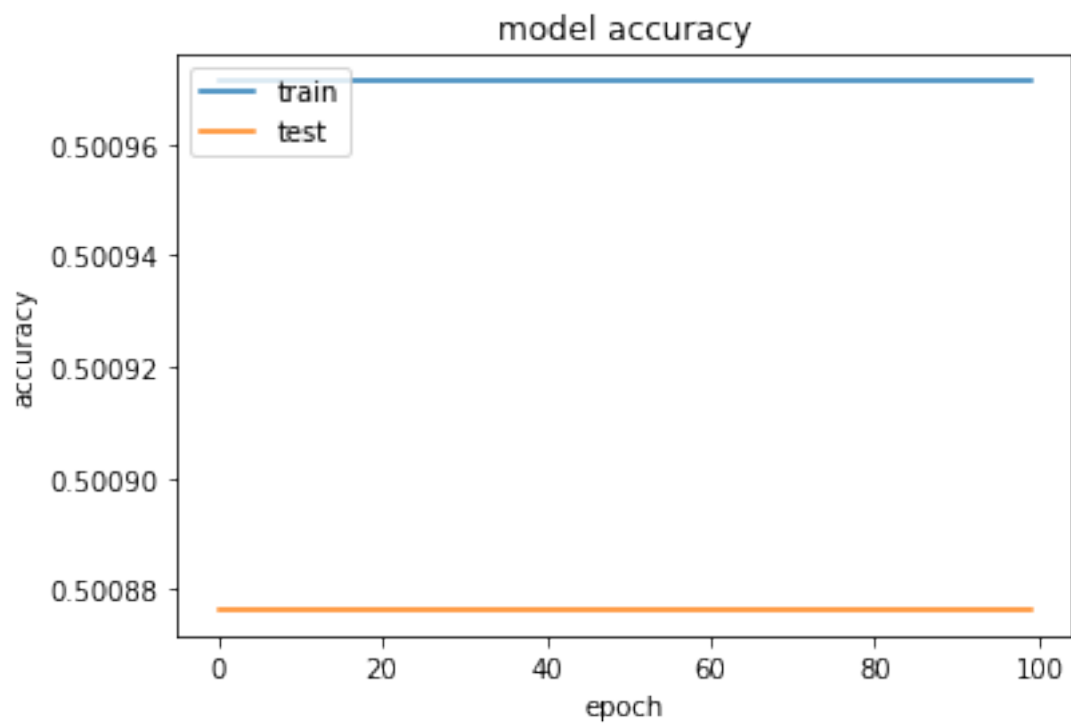
plt.plot(fits.history['loss'])
plt.plot(fits.history['val_loss'])
plt.title('model loss')
plt.ylabel('loss')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()

# Evaluate
y_true = keras.utils.to_categorical(y1, 2)
model.evaluate(mainTest.loc[:, mainTest.columns!='blueWins'], y_true)
```

Model: "sequential_5"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
dense_8 (Dense)	(None, 2)	52

Total params: 52
Trainable params: 52
Non-trainable params: 0



```
93/93 [=====] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 8.0427 - accuracy: 0.5010
```

```
[27]: [8.04273509979248, 0.5010121464729309]
```

1.3 Standard Scale

```
[28]: # y_cat = keras.utils.to_categorical(y, 2)
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(df_ss, y, test_size=0.33,
↳stratify=y, random_state=SEED)
```

```
[29]: model = keras.Sequential()
model.add(keras.layers.Dense(2, activation='relu', input_dim=len(X_test.
↳columns)))
# model.add(keras.layers.Dense(2, activation='sigmoid'))
model.summary()
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical_crossentropy',
↳metrics=['accuracy'])
fits = model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=100, validation_data=(X_test,
↳y_test), verbose=0)
plt.plot(fits.history['accuracy'])
plt.plot(fits.history['val_accuracy'])
plt.title('model accuracy')
plt.ylabel('accuracy')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()

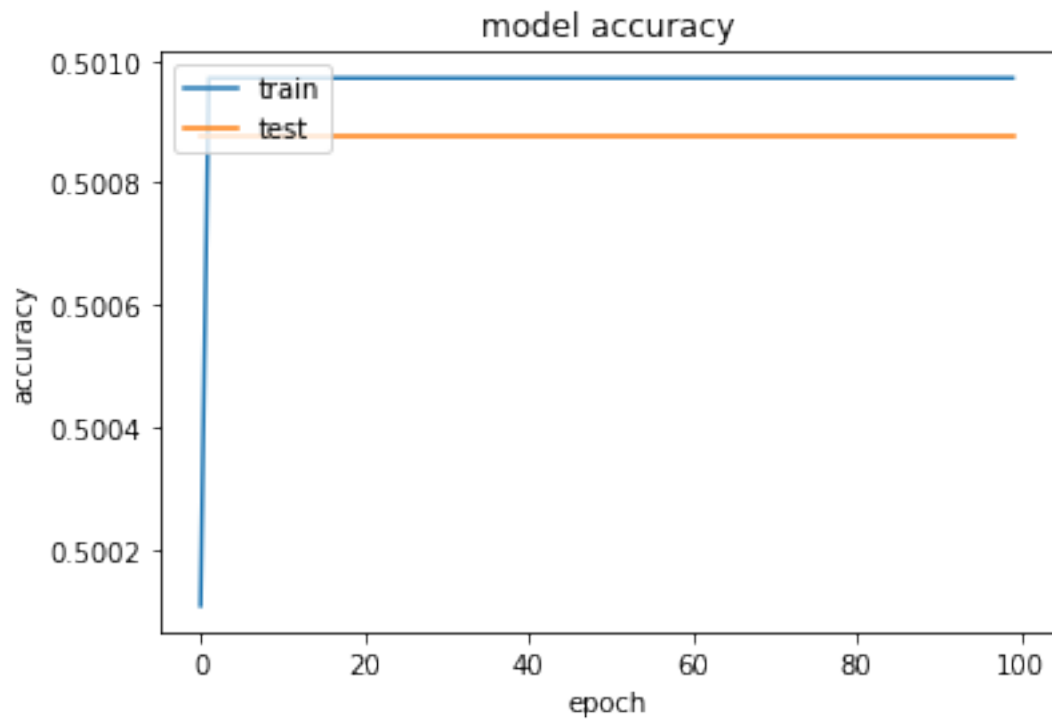
plt.plot(fits.history['loss'])
plt.plot(fits.history['val_loss'])
plt.title('model loss')
plt.ylabel('loss')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()

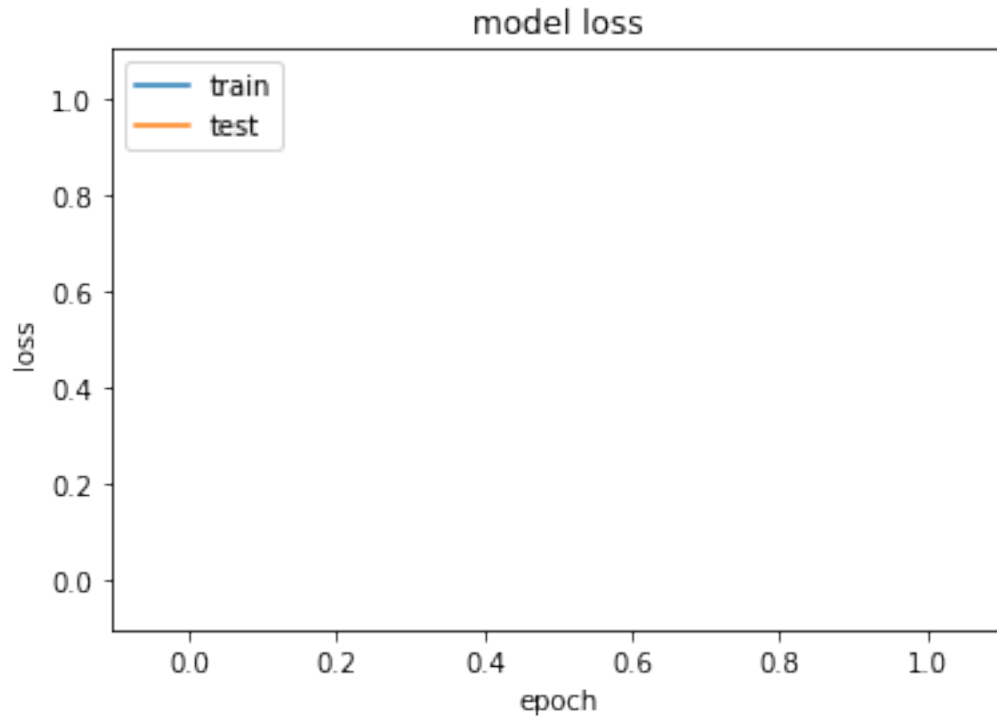
# Evaluate
y_true = keras.utils.to_categorical(y1, 2)
model.evaluate(test_ss, y_true)
```

```
Model: "sequential_6"
```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
dense_9 (Dense)	(None, 2)	52

Total params: 52
Trainable params: 52
Non-trainable params: 0





93/93 [=====] - 0s 854us/step - loss: nan - accuracy: 0.5010

[29]: [nan, 0.5010121464729309]

```
[30]: model = keras.Sequential()
model.add(keras.layers.Dense(2, activation='softmax', input_dim=len(X_test.
    ↪columns)))
# model.add(keras.layers.Dense(2, activation='sigmoid'))
model.summary()
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical_crossentropy',
    ↪metrics=['accuracy'])
fits = model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=100, validation_data=(X_test,
    ↪y_test), verbose=0)
plt.plot(fits.history['accuracy'])
plt.plot(fits.history['val_accuracy'])
plt.title('model accuracy')
plt.ylabel('accuracy')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()

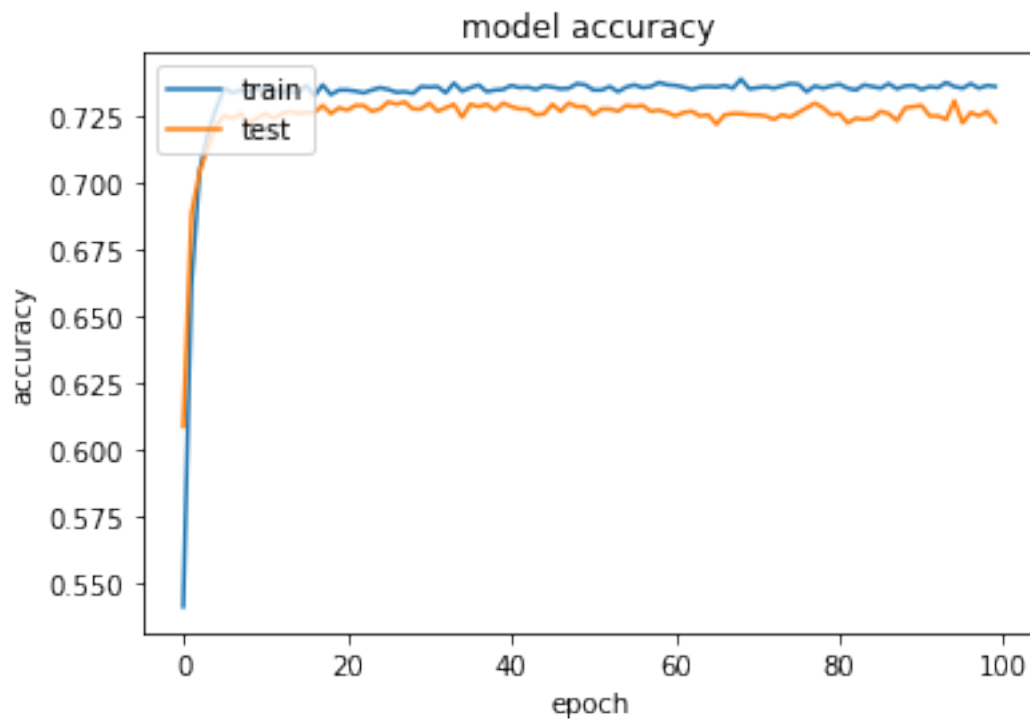
plt.plot(fits.history['loss'])
```

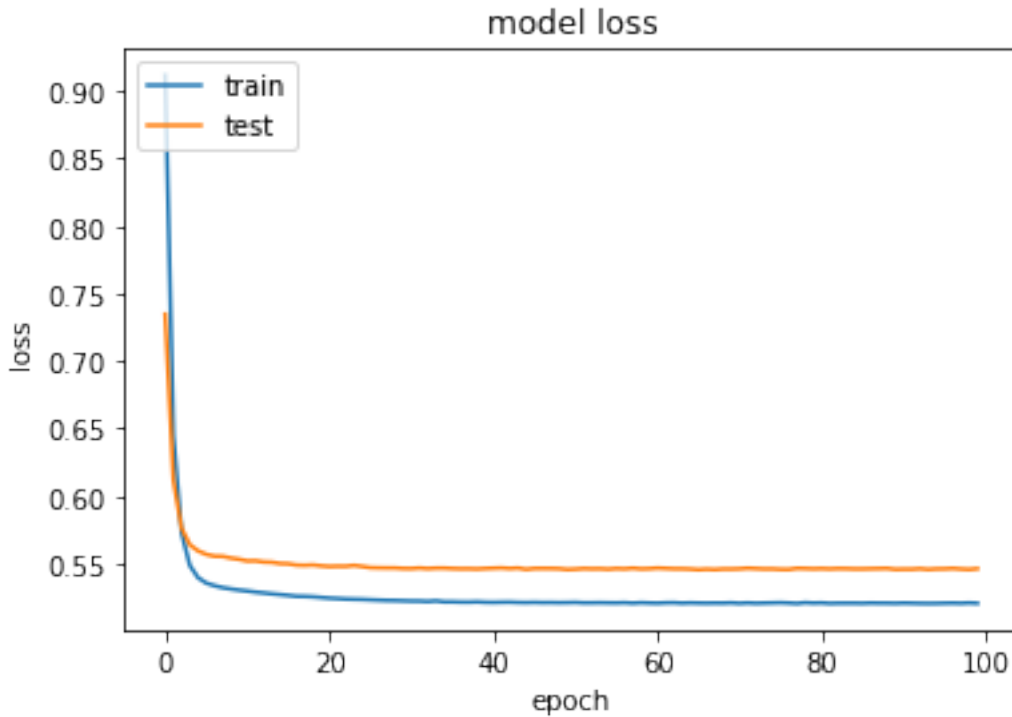
```
plt.plot(fits.history['val_loss'])
plt.title('model loss')
plt.ylabel('loss')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()

# Evaluate
y_true = keras.utils.to_categorical(y1, 2)
model.evaluate(test_ss, y_true)
```

Model: "sequential_7"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
dense_10 (Dense)	(None, 2)	52
Total params: 52		
Trainable params: 52		
Non-trainable params: 0		





93/93 [=====] - 0s 904us/step - loss: 0.5300 - accuracy: 0.7244

[30]: [0.5299619436264038, 0.7243589758872986]

```
[31]: model = keras.Sequential()
model.add(keras.layers.Dense(2, activation='softmax', input_dim=len(X_test.
    ↪ columns)))
model.add(keras.layers.Dense(2, activation='relu'))
model.summary()
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical_crossentropy',
    ↪ metrics=['accuracy'])
fits = model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=100, validation_data=(X_test,
    ↪ y_test), verbose=0)
plt.plot(fits.history['accuracy'])
plt.plot(fits.history['val_accuracy'])
plt.title('model accuracy')
plt.ylabel('accuracy')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()

plt.plot(fits.history['loss'])
```

```
plt.plot(fits.history['val_loss'])
plt.title('model loss')
plt.ylabel('loss')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()

# Evaluate
y_true = keras.utils.to_categorical(y1, 2)
model.evaluate(test_ss, y_true)
```

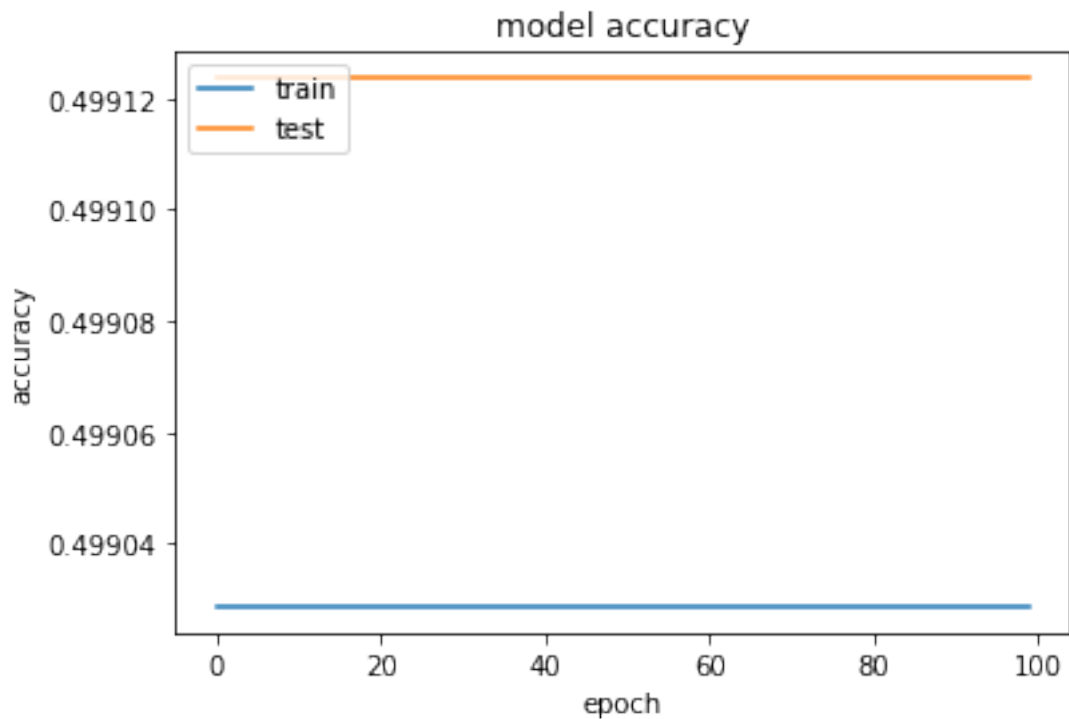
Model: "sequential_8"

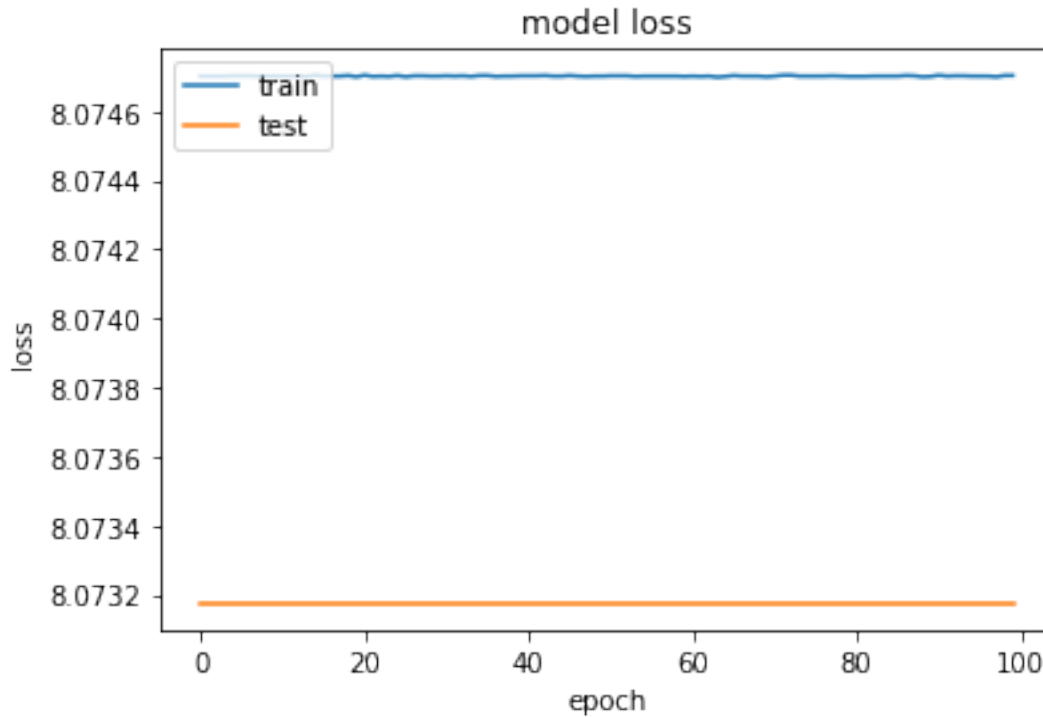
Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
dense_11 (Dense)	(None, 2)	52
dense_12 (Dense)	(None, 2)	6

Total params: 58

Trainable params: 58

Non-trainable params: 0





93/93 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step - loss: 8.0754 - accuracy: 0.4990

[31]: [8.075363159179688, 0.4989878535270691]

1.4 Min Max

```
[32]: # y_cat = keras.utils.to_categorical(y, 2)
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(df_mm, y, test_size=0.33,
↳stratify=y, random_state=SEED)
```

```
[33]: model = keras.Sequential()
model.add(keras.layers.Dense(2, activation='softmax', input_dim=len(X_test.
↳columns)))
# model.add(keras.layers.Dense(2, activation='sigmoid'))
model.summary()
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical_crossentropy',
↳metrics=['accuracy'])
fits = model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=100, validation_data=(X_test,
↳y_test), verbose=0)
plt.plot(fits.history['accuracy'])
plt.plot(fits.history['val_accuracy'])
```

```

plt.title('model accuracy')
plt.ylabel('accuracy')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()

plt.plot(fits.history['loss'])
plt.plot(fits.history['val_loss'])
plt.title('model loss')
plt.ylabel('loss')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()

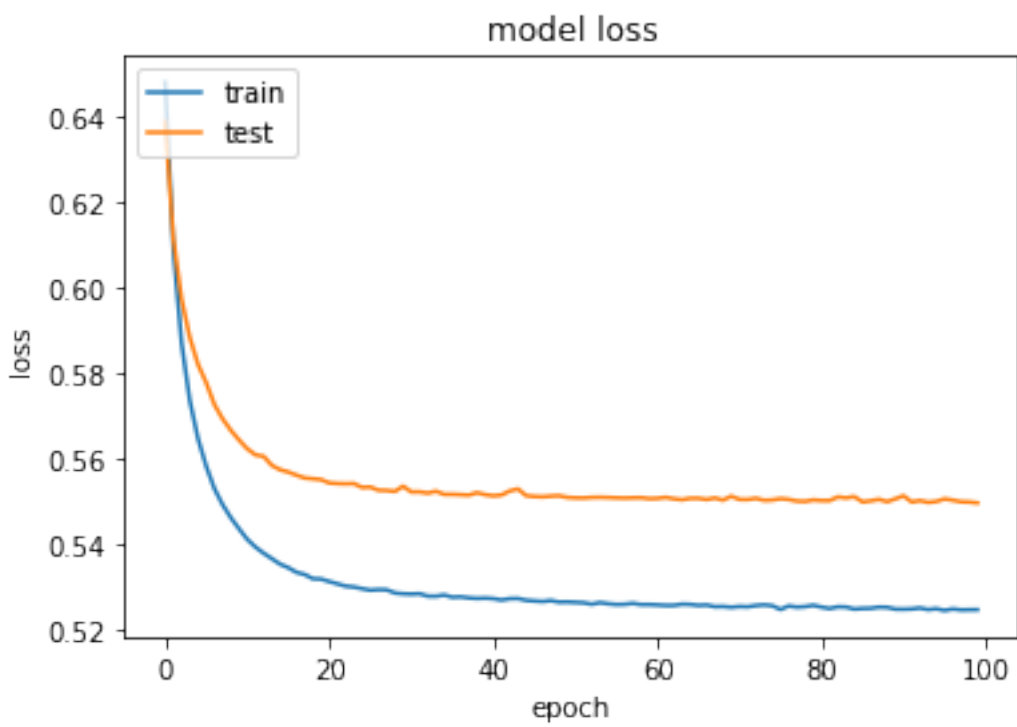
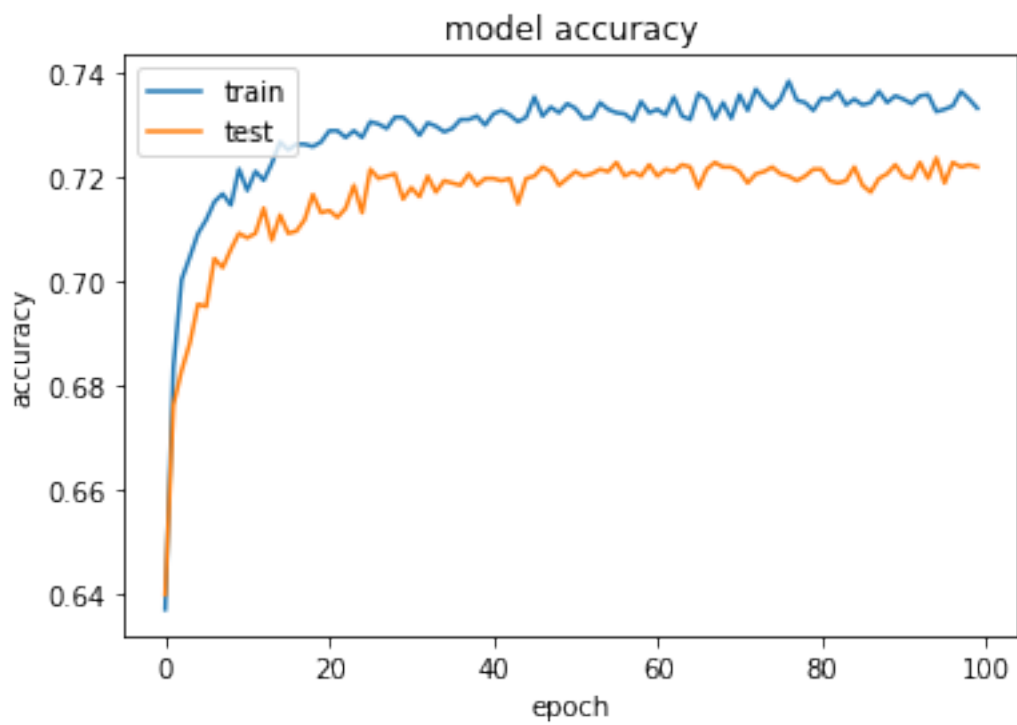
# Evaluate
y_true = keras.utils.to_categorical(y1, 2)
model.evaluate(test_mm, y_true)

```

Model: "sequential_9"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
dense_13 (Dense)	(None, 2)	52

Total params: 52
 Trainable params: 52
 Non-trainable params: 0




```
93/93 [=====] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: 0.5907 - accuracy: 0.6856
```

```
[33]: [0.590725839138031, 0.6855600476264954]
```

```
[34]: model = keras.Sequential()
model.add(keras.layers.Dense(2, activation='relu', input_dim=len(X_test.
    ↪columns)))
# model.add(keras.layers.Dense(2, activation='sigmoid'))
model.summary()
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical_crossentropy',
    ↪metrics=['accuracy'])
fits = model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=100, validation_data=(X_test,
    ↪y_test), verbose=0)
plt.plot(fits.history['accuracy'])
plt.plot(fits.history['val_accuracy'])
plt.title('model accuracy')
plt.ylabel('accuracy')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()

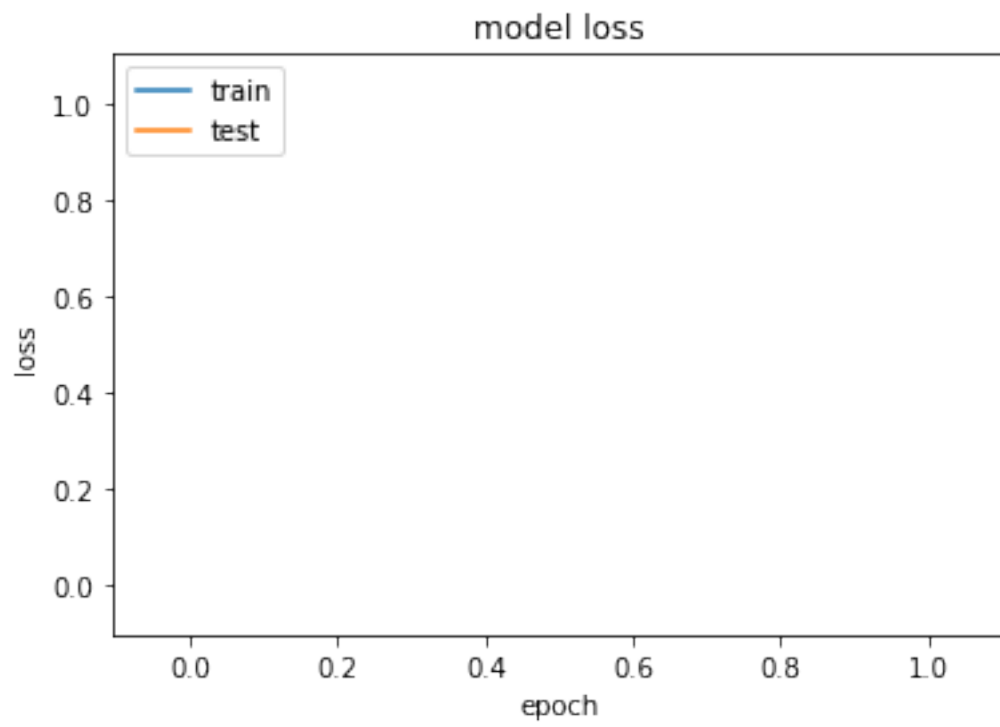
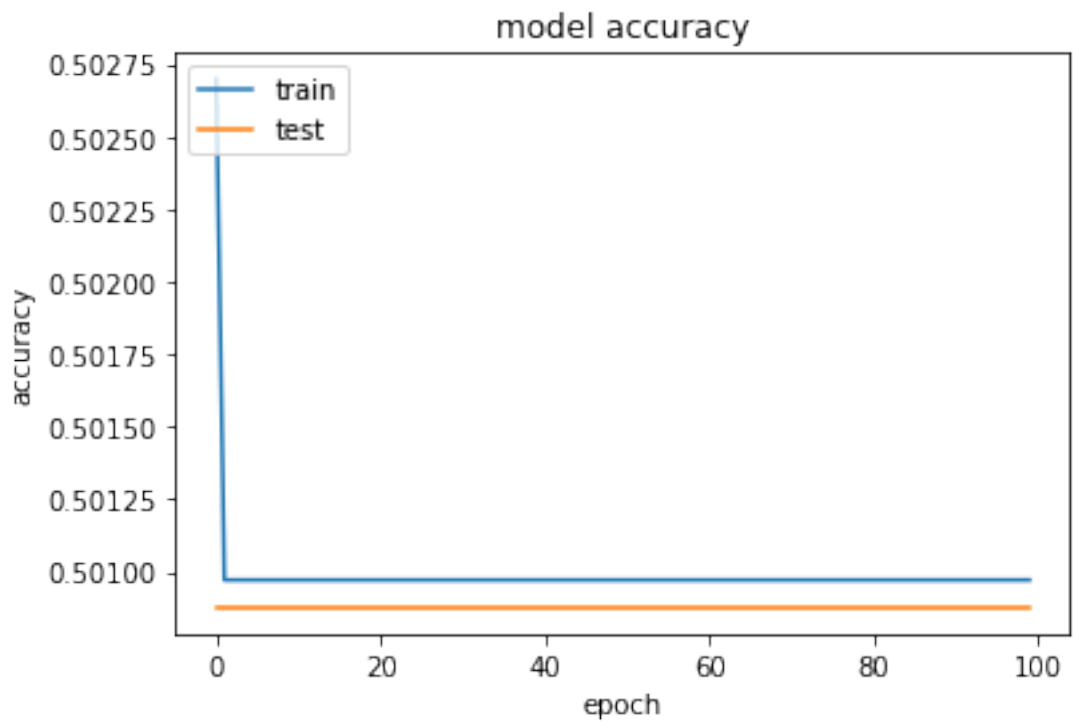
plt.plot(fits.history['loss'])
plt.plot(fits.history['val_loss'])
plt.title('model loss')
plt.ylabel('loss')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()

# Evaluate
y_true = keras.utils.to_categorical(y1, 2)
model.evaluate(test_mm, y_true)
```

```
Model: "sequential_10"
```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
dense_14 (Dense)	(None, 2)	52

Total params: 52
Trainable params: 52
Non-trainable params: 0



```
93/93 [=====] - 0s 936us/step - loss: nan - accuracy: 0.5010
```

```
[34]: [nan, 0.5010121464729309]
```

```
[35]: model = keras.Sequential()
model.add(keras.layers.Dense(2, activation='softmax', input_dim=len(X_test.
    ↪columns)))
model.add(keras.layers.Dense(2, activation='relu'))
model.summary()
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical_crossentropy',
    ↪metrics=['accuracy'])
fits = model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=100, validation_data=(X_test,
    ↪y_test), verbose=0)
plt.plot(fits.history['accuracy'])
plt.plot(fits.history['val_accuracy'])
plt.title('model accuracy')
plt.ylabel('accuracy')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()

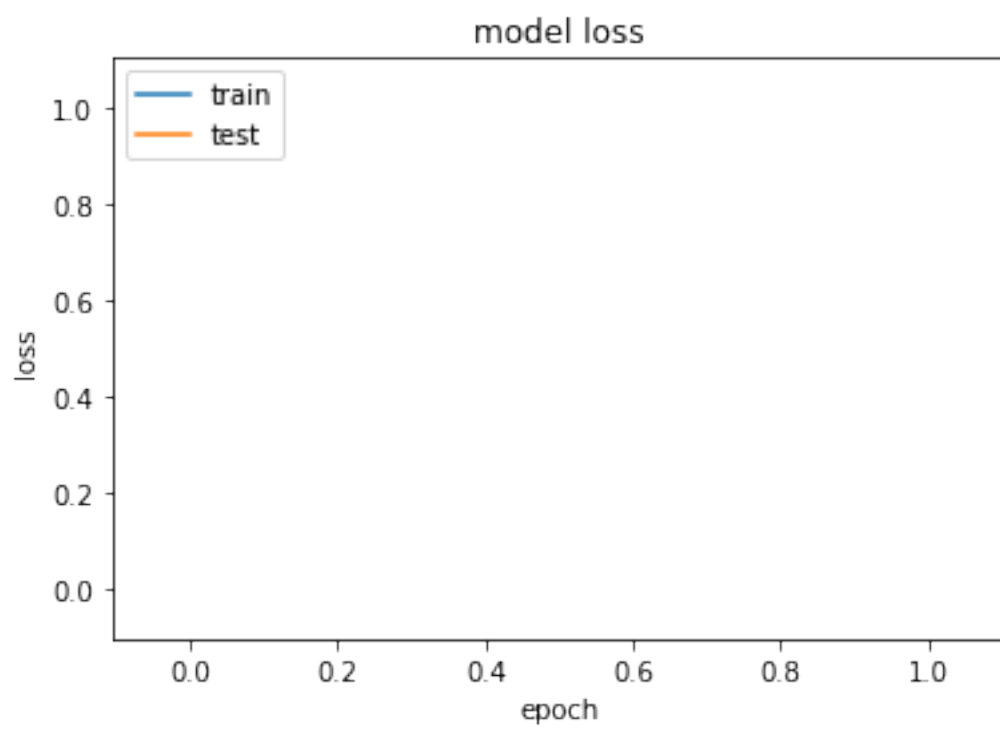
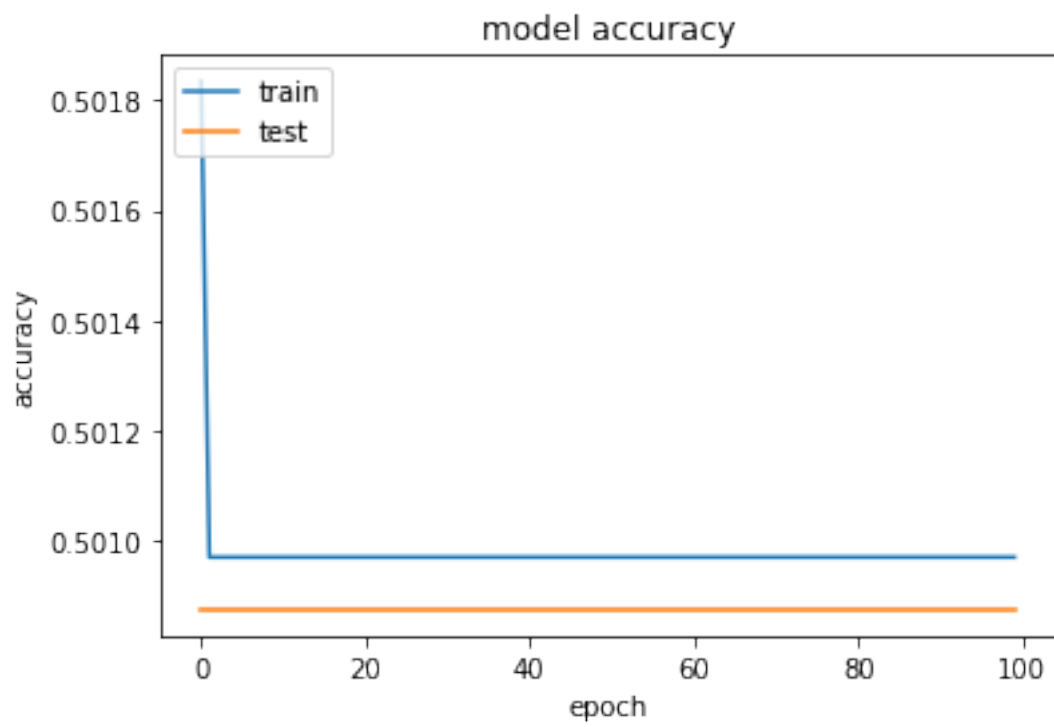
plt.plot(fits.history['loss'])
plt.plot(fits.history['val_loss'])
plt.title('model loss')
plt.ylabel('loss')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()

# Evaluate
y_true = keras.utils.to_categorical(y1, 2)
model.evaluate(test_mm, y_true)
```

```
Model: "sequential_11"
```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
dense_15 (Dense)	(None, 2)	52
dense_16 (Dense)	(None, 2)	6

Total params: 58
Trainable params: 58
Non-trainable params: 0



```
93/93 [=====] - 0s 1ms/step - loss: nan - accuracy:
0.5010
```

```
[35]: [nan, 0.5010121464729309]
```

1.4.1 Conclusion

The best configuration seems to be 1 dense layer with activation function **softmax** for Scaled data where as **relu** performed better with unscaled data.

```
[ ]:
```