## PHY3110 Homework Assignment 1

- 1. (15 points) Show that  $\vec{a} \times (\vec{b} \times \vec{c}) = (\vec{a} \cdot \vec{c})\vec{b} (\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b})\vec{c}$ . What if  $\vec{b}$  is a differential operation  $\nabla$ ?
- 2. (20 points) Show that spherical coordinates are orthogonal coordinates. In Cartesian coordinates the line element is defined as  $ds^2 = dx^2 + dy^2 + dz^2$ , derive its expression in spherical coordinates.
  - 3. (15 points) Show that Lagrange's equations

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{\partial T}{\partial \dot{q}_i} \right) - \frac{\partial T}{\partial q_i} = Q_i \tag{1}$$

can also be written as the following form (known as the Nielsen form)

$$\frac{\partial \dot{T}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} - 2 \frac{\partial T}{\partial q_i} = Q_i. \tag{2}$$

4. (30 points) A constraint of the form

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} g_i(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) dx_i = 0$$
(3)

is holonomic only if an integrating function  $f(x_1, x_2, ..., x_n)$  can be found that turns it into an exact differential.

- a) What condition shall f fulfill to turn Eq. (3) to a holonomic constraint?
- b) Are the constraints (2x+y+z)dx + (x+2y+z)dy + (x+y+2z)dz = 0 and  $(x^2+y^2+z^2)dx + 2(xdx+ydy+zdz) = 0$  holonomic?
- 5. (20 points) Consider a pendulum made of a spring with a mass m on the end. The spring is arranged to lie in a straight line with the equilibrium length of the spring being l. Let the spring have length l + x(t), and its angle with the vertical be  $\theta(t)$ . Assuming that the motion takes place in a vertical plane, find the equations of motion for x and  $\theta$ .