## PHY 5410: Homework Week 13

1.10 (a) Show, by verifying the relation

$$n(\mathbf{x}) |\phi\rangle = \delta(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}') |\phi\rangle$$
,

that the state

$$|\phi\rangle = \psi^{\dagger}(\mathbf{x}')|0\rangle$$

- $(|0\rangle = \text{vacuum state})$  describes a particle with the position  $\mathbf{x}'$ .
- (b) The operator for the total particle number reads:

$$\hat{N} = \int d^3x \, n(\mathbf{x}) \; .$$

Show that for spinless particles

$$[\psi(\mathbf{x}), \hat{N}] = \psi(\mathbf{x}) .$$

2.1 Calculate the static structure function for noninteracting fermions

$$S^0(\mathbf{q}) \equiv rac{1}{N} \langle \phi_0 \mid \hat{n}_{\mathbf{q}} \hat{n}_{-\mathbf{q}} \mid \phi_0 
angle \, ,$$

where  $\hat{n}_{\mathbf{q}} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}, \sigma} a^{\dagger}_{\mathbf{k} \sigma} a_{\mathbf{k} + \mathbf{q} \sigma}$  is the particle density operator in the momentum representation and  $|\phi_0\rangle$  is the ground state. Take the continuum limit  $\sum_{\mathbf{k}, \sigma} = 2V \int d^3k/(2\pi)^3$  and calculate  $S^0(\mathbf{q})$  explicitly.

*Hint:* Consider the cases  $\mathbf{q} = 0$  and  $\mathbf{q} \neq 0$  separately.

**2.6** Derive the following relations for Fermi operators:

a) 
$$e^{-\alpha a^{\dagger}} a e^{\alpha a^{\dagger}} = a - \alpha^{2} a^{\dagger} + \alpha (a a^{\dagger} - a^{\dagger} a)$$
 
$$e^{-\alpha a} a^{\dagger} e^{\alpha a} = a^{\dagger} - \alpha^{2} a - \alpha (a a^{\dagger} - a^{\dagger} a)$$
 
$$e^{\alpha a^{\dagger} a} a e^{-\alpha a^{\dagger} a} = e^{-\alpha} a$$
 
$$e^{\alpha a^{\dagger} a} a^{\dagger} e^{-\alpha a^{\dagger} a} = e^{-\alpha} a^{\dagger} .$$