

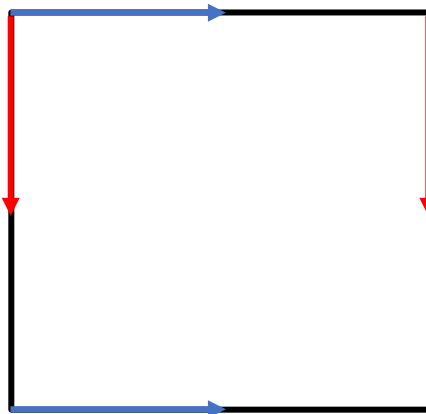
# Graph Theory Fall 2021

## Assignment 7

Due at 5:00 pm on Wednesday, November 17

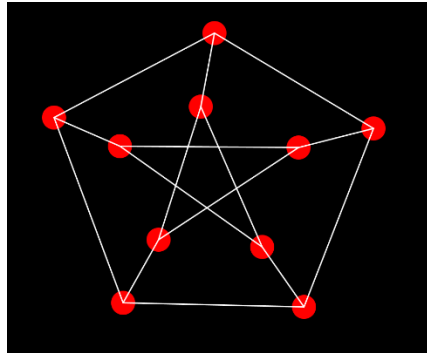
Questions with a (★) are each worth 1 bonus point for 453 students.

1. Some questions about drawing  $Q_k$  graphs on surfaces.
  - A. Show that  $Q_3$  can be drawn on the plane.
  - B. Use the fact that  $Q_4$  is bipartite and a total edge count argument to show that  $Q_4$  cannot be drawn on the plane.
  - C. Draw  $Q_4$  on the torus (use the  $aba^{-1}b^{-1}$  square representation drawn below). HINT:  $Q_4$  is isomorphic to  $C_4 \times C_4$ .

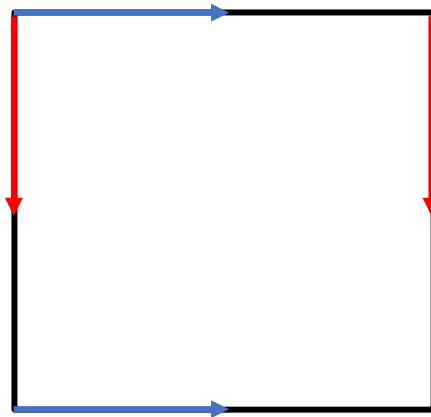


- D. Show that  $g(Q_5) \geq 5$ . Recall that for  $Q_5$  we have  $n = 32$  and  $m = 80$ . As a first step, use a total edge count argument to show that  $r \leq 40$ . Feed this information into Euler's formula
$$n - m + r = 2 - 2g(Q_5).$$
  - E. (★) Generalize the strategy in part D to obtain a "meaningful" lower bound for  $g(Q_k)$ . Here, recall that  $n = 2^k$  and  $m = k2^{k-1}$ .

2. The Petersen graph  $P$  is depicted:



- A. Use a total edge count argument to show that  $P$  is non-planar. You may use the fact that  $P$  has no triangles or 4-cycles as subgraphs.
- B. Draw  $P$  on a torus without the edges crossing.



3. Draw  $K_{4,4}$  on a torus without the edges crossing. Suggestion: Start with your two partite sets (every edge joins a red vertex to a blue vertex) arranged as shown:

