

Problem

Problem

SimpleShearProblem< ELEMENT >

```
graph BT; A[SimpleShearProblem< ELEMENT >] --> B[Problem]; A --> C[Problem];
```

The diagram illustrates a class hierarchy. At the bottom is a box labeled 'SimpleShearProblem< ELEMENT >'. Two vertical lines extend upwards from this box, each branching into a horizontal line that terminates in an upward-pointing arrow. These arrows point to two separate boxes at the top, both labeled 'Problem', indicating that 'SimpleShearProblem' is a base class for both 'Problem' instances.