Practice Worksheet Chapter 11

Q.1

(a) A program stores data about hospital patients.

Give a suitable identifier name for each of the data items.

Description of data item	Suitable identifier name
The temperature of the patient	
The temperature of the room	
The patient identification number	
The name of the nurse taking the measurement	

[4]

(ii) Programming languages support different data types.

Give an appropriate data type for each of these variables from part (b)(i).

Variable	Data type
MyGreeting	
MyInitial	
AgeInYears	
Weight	
Married	

[5]

2 The following is a function design in pseudocode.

Line numbers are given for reference only.

```
01 FUNCTION StringClean(InString: STRING) RETURNS STRING
02
03
       DECLARE NextChar : CHAR
04
       DECLARE OutString : STRING
05
       DECLARE Counter : INTEGER
06
       DECLARE MyString : STRING
07
80
       OutString ← ""
09
10
       FOR Counter ← 1 TO LENGTH(InString)
11
12
          NextChar ← MID(InString,Counter,1)
13
          NextChar ← LCASE (NextChar)
14
          IF (NextChar >= 'a') AND (NextChar <= 'z')</pre>
15
16
17
             THEN
18
                OutString \leftarrow OutString & NextChar
19
20
21
          ENDIF
22
23
       ENDFOR
24
25
       RETURN OutString
26
27 ENDFUNCTION
```

(a) (i) This pseudocode includes features that make it easier to read and understand.

State four such features.

Feature 1	
Feature 2	
Feature 3	
Feature 4	
	[4]

(ii) State one feature that could be added to make the pseudocode easier to understand.

.....[1]

(b) Study the function StringClean(). Identify the features of the function in the following table.

Feature	Answer
A line number containing an example of an assignment statement	
A line number containing the start of a repetition block	
A line number containing the end of a repetition block	
A line number containing the start of a selection statement	
The number of parameters of the MID function	
The Boolean operator used	
The number of local variables	
The number of function calls from within StringClean() resulting from the call: NewString ← StringClean("Me")	
The number of a line containing an unnecessary statement	

Q.3 Part of the processing of the data is to calculate the amount of tax which needs to be paid.

- The person's total income for the year is input to the system
- The first \$500 is not taxed
- The remainder is taxed at 10%
- Either the tax to be paid is output from the system OR a message is output to say there is no tax to pay

(a) Using I to stand for the total income and T to stand for the tax to be paid, produce an algorithm which will take I as its input and then calculate the tax.		
(b) Explain why I and T are unsuitable as variable names and say how they can be improved.		
(c) Describe how the algorithm can be used to calculate the tax for each person in the city without it having to be rerun.		

(a)	Simple algorithms usual	y consist of three	different stages
(a)	Simple algorithms usual	iy consist or unee	uniorent stag

Complete the following table.

Add a description of the stage and an example pseudocode statement.

The first stage has been given.

Stage	Description and example	
	Description:	
Input	Pseudocode example:	
	Description:	
	Pseudocode example:	
	Description:	
	Pseudocode example:	

[7]

(b) (i) AND and OR are two operators that may be used when implementing an algorithm. An example of their use is given in the following pseudocode statement:

$$\texttt{MyFlag} \leftarrow \texttt{VarA} \ \texttt{OR} \ \texttt{VarB}$$

State the data type of variable MyFlag.

.....[1]

(ii)	[1]			
(iii)				
	FlagA ← TRUE FlagB ← FALSE FlagC ← TRUE			
		Expression	Evaluates to	
		FlagA AND (FlagB OR FlagC)		
		FlagA AND (FlagB AND FlagC)		
		(NOT FlagA) OR (NOT FlagC)		
				[3]
(c) A	commo	on construct found in many algorithms is a	loop.	
	sing ps nd 201.	seudocode, write a pre-condition loop to o	utput all of the even nu	umbers between 99
				[4]