

A SIMPSON CORRESPONDENCE FOR ABELIAN VARIETIES IN POSITIVE CHARACTERISTIC

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The Stack of Higgs Bundles on X'

Denote by $\mathbf{Higgs}' := \mathbf{Higgs}_r(X'/k)$ the stack of *Higgs bundles* of rank r on X' .

Higgs bundles

A *Higgs bundle* of rank r on $X'_T := X' \times_k T$ is a pair (E, θ) where E is a locally free $\mathcal{O}_{X'_T}$ -module of rank r , and

$$\theta : E \longrightarrow E \otimes_{\mathcal{O}_{X'_T}} \Omega_{X'_T/T}^1$$

is an $\mathcal{O}_{X'_T}$ -module morphism, such that the composition

$$E \xrightarrow{\theta} E \otimes \Omega_{X'_T/T}^1 \xrightarrow{\theta \otimes \text{id}} E \otimes \Omega_{X'_T/T}^1 \otimes \Omega_{X'_T/T}^1 \xrightarrow{\text{id} \otimes \wedge} E \otimes \Omega_{X'_T/T}^2$$

is zero. Such a θ is called a *Higgs field*. Equivalently, a Higgs bundle is an $(\text{Sym}^\bullet(\Omega_{X'_T/T}^1)^\vee)$ -module, or even an $\mathcal{O}_{T^*(X'_T/T)}$ -module, that is locally free as an $\mathcal{O}_{X'_T}$ -module.

Characteristic Polynomial

Let $\varphi : E \rightarrow E \otimes K$ be an $\mathcal{O}_{X'}$ -module morphism, where E (resp. K) is an $\mathcal{O}_{X'}$ -module locally free of rank r (resp. d). Then φ has a well defined characteristic polynomial

$$\chi_\varphi(t) = t^r - a_1 t^{r-1} + \cdots + (-1)^r a_r, \quad \text{with} \quad a_i \in \Gamma(X, \text{Sym}^i K).$$

This applies especially to any Higgs field θ where $K = \Omega_{X'_T/T}^1$.

Spectral Cover

Denote by $\pi_T : T^*(X'_T/T) \rightarrow X'_T$ the projection. Let $\lambda \in \Gamma(T^*(X'_T/T), \pi_T^* \Omega_{X'_T/T}^1)$ be the *tautological 1-form*. Given a Higgs bundle (E, θ) , the vanishing locus of the global section

$$\chi := \chi_\theta(\lambda) \in \Gamma\left(T^*(X'_T/T), \text{Sym}^r \Omega_{X'_T/T}^1\right)$$

defines a closed subscheme Z_χ of $T^*(X'_T/T)$.

Proposition. (Cayley-Hamilton). The Higgs bundle (E, θ) as above, viewed as an $\mathcal{O}_{T^*(X'_T/T)}$ -module, is supported on Z_χ .

Proposition. The map $Z_\chi \rightarrow X'_T$ is a finite map hence proper. However in general it is NOT flat.

The map $Z_\chi \rightarrow X'_T$ is called the *spectral cover* of X'_T .

Question: Which polynomials can appear as the characteristic polynomial some Higgs field?

Setup

Let X/k be an d -dimensional *abelian variety* over an algebraically closed field k of characteristic $p > 0$. Assume T is an arbitrary object in the category (Sch/k) . Denote by $F_{X/k}$ the relative Frobenius morphism.

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} X & \xrightarrow{F_{X/k}} & X' & \xrightarrow{\quad} & X \\ & \searrow & \downarrow & \square & \downarrow \\ & & \text{Spec } k & \xrightarrow{F_{\text{Spec } k}} & \text{Spec } k \end{array}$$

In this case, $F_{X/k}$ is locally free of rank p^d . Moreover, for any T/k , the relative Frobenius $F_{X_T/T}$ is the pullback of $F_{X/k}$.

Main Theorem

We have two stacks \mathbf{Higgs}' and \mathbf{LocSys} over the Hitchin base B' :

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbf{Higgs}' & & \mathbf{LocSys} \\ & \searrow c_{\text{Dol}} & \swarrow c_{\text{dR}} \\ & B' & \end{array}$$

There is an étale morphism $U \rightarrow B$, such that

$$\mathbf{Higgs}'|_U \simeq \mathbf{LocSys}|_U.$$

Idea of Proof

The \mathbf{Higgs}' side is the same as \mathcal{O} -modules on the cotangent bundle of X' with certain support (the spectral cover); The \mathbf{LocSys} side is the same as $\mathcal{D}_{X/k}$ -module on the cotangent bundle of X' with certain support. Noting that $\mathcal{D}_{X/k}$ is an Azumaya algebra, we can use the *Morita Theory* to establish the equivalence of both sides. So the aim is to look for splittings of the Azumaya algebra $\mathcal{D}_{X/k}$.

The Hitchin Base

$$B' := B_r(X'/k) := \text{Spec} \left(\text{Sym}_k^\bullet \left(\bigoplus_{i=1}^r \Gamma(X', \text{Sym}^i \Omega_{X'/k}^1) \right) \right).$$

The maps c_{dR} and c_{Dol}

$c_{\text{Dol}} : \text{Higgs bundle } (E, \theta) \mapsto \text{coefficients of } \chi_\theta$

$c_{\text{dR}} : \text{Local system } (E, \nabla) \mapsto \text{coefficients of } (\chi \psi_\nabla')^{1/p^d}$

The Stack of Local System on X

Denote by $\mathbf{LocSys} := \mathbf{LocSys}_r(X/k)$ the stack of local systems of rank r on X .

The Sheaf of Crystalline Differential Operators

Let $D_{X/k}$ be the *sheaf of crystalline differential operators*, which is the “*enveloping algebroid of the tangent Lie algebroid*” of X : to an affine $U \rightarrow X$, it assigns the algebra that is generated over $\mathcal{O}_X(U)$ from the $\mathcal{O}_X(U)$ -module $(\Omega_{X/k}^1)^\vee(U)$ of k -derivations of $\mathcal{O}_X(U)$, subject to the relations

$$v_1 \cdot v_2 - v_2 \cdot v_1 = [v_1, v_2], \quad \text{and} \quad v_1 \cdot f - f \cdot v_1 = v_1(f),$$

for all $v_1, v_2 \in (\Omega_{X/k}^1)^\vee(U)$ and $f \in \mathcal{O}_X(U)$.

Theorem. (R. Bezrukavnikov, I. Mirkovic, and D. Rumynin). The direct image $F_{X/k,*} D_{X/k}$ of $D_{X/k}$ under the relative Frobenius $F_{X/k}$ is an Azumaya algebra over its center $Z(F_{X/k,*} D_{X/k})$ of rank p^{2d} . Moreover,

$$\Psi : \text{Sym}^\bullet(\Omega_{X'/k}^1)^\vee \xrightarrow{\sim} Z(F_{X/k,*} D_{X/k}).$$

In other words, it defines an *Azumaya algebra* $\mathcal{D}_{X/k}$ over the cotangent bundle $T^*(X'/k)$.

Local Systems and D -modules

Denote by $\tau : X_T \rightarrow X$ and $f_T : X_T \rightarrow T$ the projections.

A *local system* of rank r is a (left) $\tau^*(D_{X/k})$ -module that is locally free as an \mathcal{O}_{X_T} -module of rank r . This is equivalent to a pair (E, ∇) consisting of a locally free \mathcal{O}_{X_T} -module of rank r and an *integrable* T -connection ∇ , i.e., an $f_T^{-1} \mathcal{O}_T$ -module homomorphism

$$\nabla : E \longrightarrow E \otimes_{\mathcal{O}_{X_T}} \Omega_{X_T/T}^1,$$

satisfying the Leibniz rule, whose curvature $K_\nabla : E \rightarrow E \otimes \Omega_{X_T/T}^2$ is zero.

The p -curvature

Let (E, ∇) be a local system of rank r on X_T/T . Via the map Ψ in BMR’s theorem, one obtains a Higgs field

$$\psi' := \psi'_\nabla : F_{X_T/T,*} E \longrightarrow F_{X_T/T,*} E \otimes \Omega_{X'_T/T}^1$$

on the rank $p^d r$ locally free sheaf $F_{X/k,*} E$. It is called the p -curvature of ∇ .

Theorem. (Laszlo-Pauly, Groechenig) The characteristic polynomial of ψ' is of the form $(\chi')^{p^d}$, where

$$\chi' = t^r - a_1 t^{r-1} + \cdots + (-1)^r a_r, \quad \text{and} \quad a_i \in \Gamma(X, \text{Sym}^i \Omega_{X_T/T}^1)$$