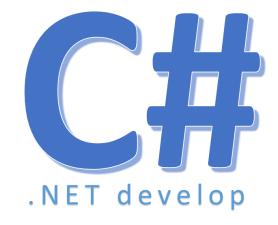
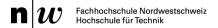
## Einführung in C# 8 und.NET Core

#### Überblick und Administratives



Martin Kropp / Yves Senn University of Applied Sciences Northwestern Switzerland



### Über die Vorlesung

Einführung C# 8 und .NET Core 3

Voraussetzung
 Sie sind routiniert im Umgang mit Java und OOP

- Fokus
  - Die Sprache C#
  - .NET Grundlagen / Blick hinter die Kulissen
  - Programmiergrundlagen (OO, Patterns)
  - Frameworks (XAML, ASP.NET, EF, ...)

### Unterrichtsgestaltung

- Vorlesung
  - mit Arbeitsblättern



Fallstudie



Selbststudium

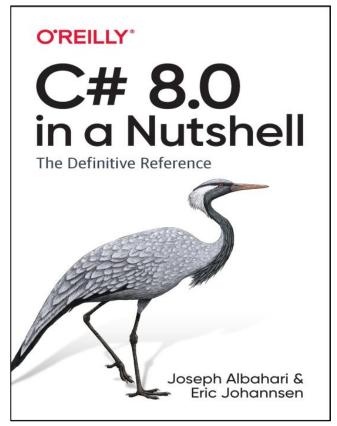


### Support

Selbst versuchen und recherchieren

Mail schicken mit Screenshots und relevantem Commit oder Merge-Request

### Literatur



#### **Skript zur Vorlesung**

C# 8.0 in a Nutshell:

The Definitive Reference

Joseph Albahari, Eric Johannsen

O'Reilly Media <sup>th</sup> Edition 2020

ISBN: 978-1-492-05113-8

Für den Unterricht relevante Kapitel stehen auf dem AD zur Verfügung.

### Kurs-Ressourcen

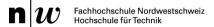
- Handouts
  - Auf AD:

\\Fsemu18.edu.ds.fhnw.ch\e\_18\_data11\$\E1811\_Unterrichte\_Bachelor\E1811\_Unterrichte\_I\3la\ecnf

- Drehbuch
- Auf Web Seite: <a href="http://web.fhnw.ch/plattformen/ecnf">http://web.fhnw.ch/plattformen/ecnf</a>
- Ihr Code
  - In Ihrem Git Repo: (die Links erhalten Sie bald)

### Leistungsbewertung

- Modulnote = Erfahrungsnote
  - 2 Prüfungen zu je 50%



### Fallstudie – RoutePlanner

#### Zweck

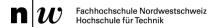
- □ Üben, üben, üben...
- Anwenden der erlernten C# Konzepte, Methoden und Tools

#### Kontext

- Entwicklung einer kompletten eigenen Applikation
- Fallstudie Routen Planung

#### Aufgabe

- Jede Gruppe entwickelt das System
- Jede Gruppe meldet sich, sofern Sie ein GIT-Repository möchten
- Sie bekommen dazu jede Woche neue Aufgaben gestellt



### Fallstudie – RoutePlanner

#### Bewertung

Die Fallstudie wird nicht bewertet; die Teilnahme ist nicht zwingend. Wir empfehlen es jedoch dringend. Sämtliche praktischen Übungen sind prüfungsrelevant. Für rechtzeitig abgegebene Lösungen erhalten Sie Feedback Ihres Dozierenden (Merge-Request)

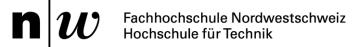
#### Abgabe

- Solution ins Git Repository ihrer Gruppe.
- Merge-Request an den Dozenten bei jedem Meilenstein
- Hinweis: Pushen Sie rechtzeitig und regelmässig; nicht erst zum Schluss. Merge-Request an den Dozenten bei jedem Meilenstein

#### Meilenstein MS00

- Projektteams gebildet, jeder in Gruppe eingeschrieben





### **OVERVIEW OF .NET**



M. Kropp/Y. Senn University of Applied Sciences Northwestern Switzerland

### Learning Objectives

#### You

- can name the goals of the .NET Core architecture
- can explain the terms "managed", "unmanaged" code, assemblies and Intermediate Language.
- know the basic building blocks of a .NET Core and C# program
- can write your "first program" in C# and Visual Studio

### Content

- .NET Overview & Architecture
- Goals and State of .NET
- Intermediate Language
- Assemblies
- My First Program

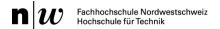
### What is .NET?

Before .NET

Unmanaged
Applications

Runtime Libraries
(libc, Qt, MFC, ...)

Operating System (Windows, Linux, Unix, ...)



### What is .NET?

#### A VM based development and runtime software platform

| Unmanaged<br>Applications                | Managed Applications |  |  |
|--|----------------------|--|--|
|  | .NET Core            |  |  |
|  | .NET core libraries  |  |  |
| Runtime Libraries (libc, Qt, MFC,)       | CoreCLR              |  |  |
| Operating System (Windows, Linux, Unix,) |                      |  |  |

CoreCLR (Common Language Runtime)

interoperability, security, garbage collection, versioning, ...

Base Class Library

GUI, collections, threads, networking, reflection, XML, ...

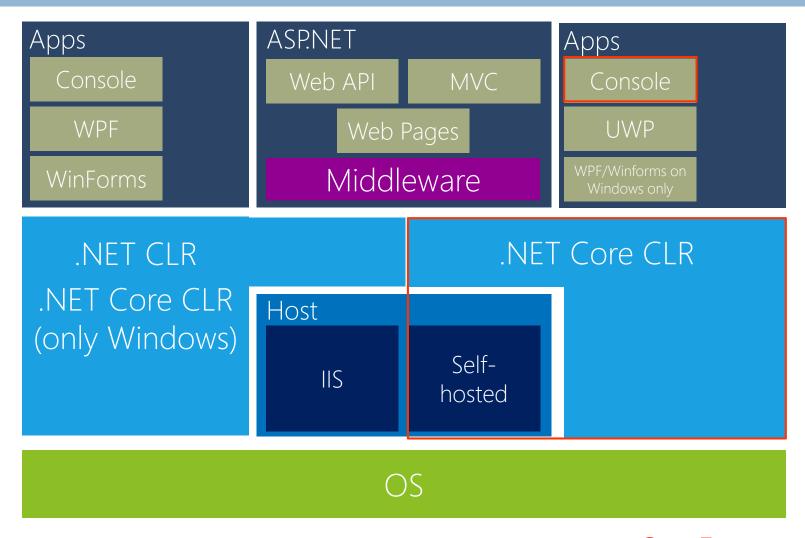
### What is .NET?

A uniform platform for the desktop, the Web, and more...

| Unmanaged                                | Managed Applications | Web Applications |              |  |
|--|----------------------|------------------|--------------|--|
| Applications                             |                      | ASP.NET Core     | Web Services |  |
|  | .NET Core            |                  |              |  |
|  | .NET Standard        |                  |              |  |
|  | CoreCLR              |                  |              |  |
| Operating System (Windows, Linux, Unix,) |                      |                  |              |  |



### .NET Architecture (current)



### Goals of .NET

#### **Uniform model for development**

#### **Before**

#### iOS apps

Compiled (Objective C, Swift)

Extensive class libraries

#### **Android apps**

AOT compiled (Java)

Extensive class libraries

#### **Data science**

R/Python/IDL

Interpreted, slow

#### **Games**

Compiled (C++, assembly, ...)

Extensive class libraries

#### **RAD/LOB desktop apps**

Access/Delphi/VB6/...

Varying execution models

#### Web

ASP/PHP/JavaScript...

Interpreted, slow

Specialized libraries

#### Under .NET

#### All above scenarios

Object-oriented

JIT- or native compiled (C#, C++, VB.NET, ...)

Uniform class library (.NET Core)

### Goals of .NET

#### Interoperability of programming languages

#### Before

- millions of lines of code in C++, Fortran, Visual Basic, ...
- very limited interoperability

#### Under .NET

- one **Common Intermediate Language** (CIL)
- binary compatibility between more than 20 languages (C#, C++, VB.NET, Java, Eiffel, Fortran, Cobol, ML, Haskell, Pascal, Oberon, Perl, Python, ...)

#### class in VB.NET

```
Public Class A
Public x As Integer
Public Sub Foo() ...
End Class
```

#### subclass in C#

```
class B : A
{
  public string s;
  public void Bar() {...}
}
```

#### used in Eiffel

```
class Client feature
  obj: B;
    ...
  create obj;
  obj.Bar;
  ...
end
```

### .NET is Open Source

### https://github.com/dotnet

http://sourceof.net

- Compilers (Roslyn)
- Runtime (JIT & GC)
- Foundational libraries
- ASP.NET, .NET Core
- Package mgmt.



http://www.dotnetfoundation.org/

### State in 2019

- Free IDEs
  - Visual Studio IDE Community Edition
  - Visual Studio Code
  - Visual Studio for Mac
  - MonoDevelop

- Development of new features as Open Source
  - Language design (C# & VB.NET)
  - API reviews
  - Libraries (ASP.NET, Entity Framework, ...)

### State in 2019

- .NET is cross platform
  - .NET Core runs on Windows, OS X, Linux
  - Mono/Xamarin runs on Windows, OS X, Linux, iOS, Android

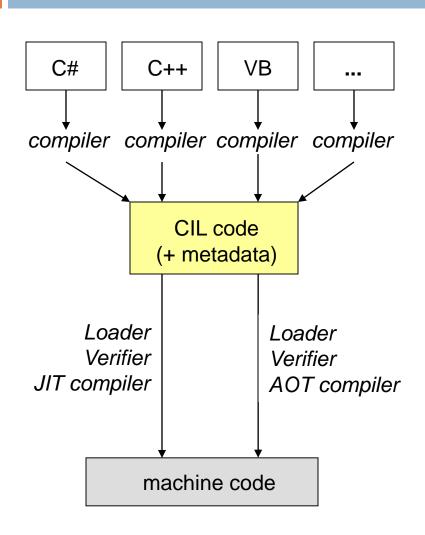
- Embeddable
  - Unity
  - Arduino.NET
  - TouchDevelop
  - o ...

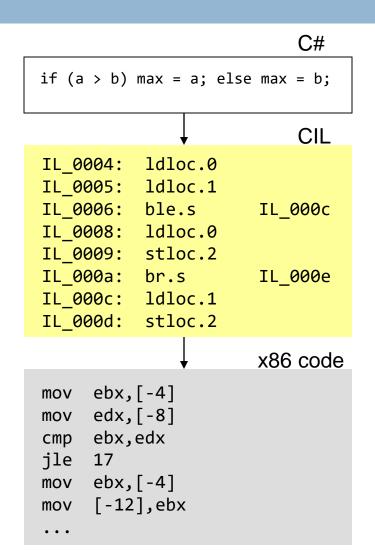
### Open standard

- Common Language Infrastructure (CLI)
  - ECMA-335 / ISO/IEC 23271
- C#
  - ECMA-334 / ISO/IEC 23270
- CLI implementations
  - .NET is Microsoft's implementation
  - Mono is Novell's/Ximian's implementation
  - o ...



### Intermediate Language

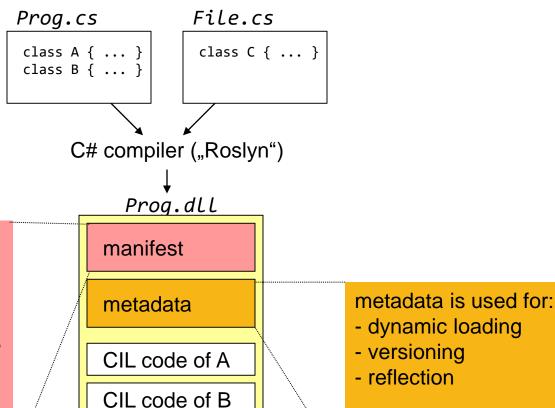




### Assemblies

Assemblies are the unit of

- deployment
- versioning
- dynamic loading



CIL code of C

loader

Manifest is used

- assembly name
- version number
- public key
- referenced assemblies
- list of modules of the assemby
- list of types in the assemby

### An example

```
Namespaces
using System;
namespace HelloTest
{
                             Methods with capital letters
    class Hello
                                                    String interpolation
        private string nam
        private void Greet()
            Console.WriteLine($"Hello {name}");
        public static void Main(string[] args)
            var me = new Hello();
            me.name = args[0];
            me.Greet();
```

### Try it yourself

- Web-Code Editor and Tutorial
- https://www.microsoft.com/net/tutorials/csharp/getting
  -started

```
Code:

Output:

using System;

hello World!

public class Program

for public static void Main()

Console.WriteLine("Hello World!");

console.WriteLine("Hello World!");

Run Reset

Output:

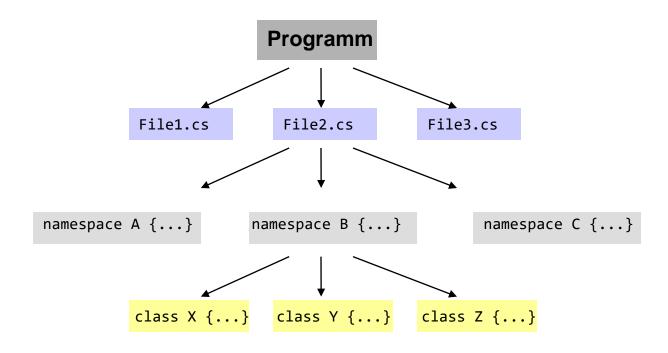
Hello World!

Console.WriteLine("Hello World!");

Run Reset
```

### Visual Studio Intro

### Structure of C# programs



- If no namespace is specified → anonymous default namespace
- Namespaces may contain classes, structs, interfaces, delegates and enums
- Namespace can be used by multiple files

### Namespaces

#### Allows hierarchical organization of classes:

# Declaration namespace A { namespace B //name A.B { ... }

#### Usage

```
using A;

class C
{
    ...
}
```

- A file can declare multiple namespaces
- Namespaces and classes are not mapped to directories and files (but recommended)
- Similar to Java packages (not identical)

### More on namespaces

- Scope
  - Outer namespace names are imported into inner
  - Inner namespace names are hidden in outer

```
namespace A
{
    class ClassA {}
}
```

```
namespace B
{
  using A;
  class ClassB : ClassA {}
}
class ClassC : class ClassA

  Not known outside namespace B
```

a Aliasing
using ClassTypeAlias = Deep.Neested.Namespace.ActualType;

### About symbols and naming

- Identifiers in Unicode and case-sensitive
- The @ string literal prefix
  - Backslashes won't be interpreted as escape characters e.g. @"d:\temp", instead of "d:\\temp"
  - → Use of new line is allowed after @ prefix
- Comments
  - As in Java
  - /// is a documentation comment
- Naming Conventions
  - CamelCasing (e.g. ShowDialog)
  - First letter in upper case, except for private or locals (variables and fields)
  - Details: <a href="http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms229002(v=vs.110).aspx">http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms229002(v=vs.110).aspx</a>

string x =
@"Mehrzeiliger
Text";

### Summary

- .NET is a virtual machine based system. It's VM is called CoreCLR (Common Language Runtime)
- .NET emphasizes language interoperability and platform independence
- Managed programs are compiled into the Common Intermediate Language (CIL)
- CIL-code has to be (JIT) compiled and executed as machine code