The God Particle and the Cosmic Fireball: Inflation from the Higgs boson

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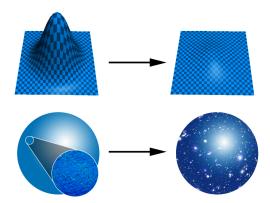
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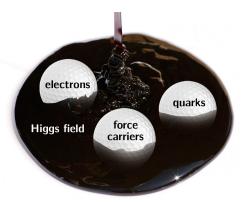
Inflation

- Inflation is burst of rapid cosmic growth after Big Bang.
- Explains flatness, uniformity at large scales—no big lumps.
- Explains small lumps like stars, galaxies, etc.



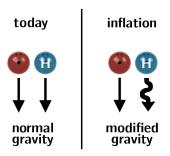
Higgs boson

- Cause of inflation unknown. Higgs boson natural candidate.
- Higgs gives other particles mass by slowing them down.
- Too light to cause inflation, assuming it falls normally.



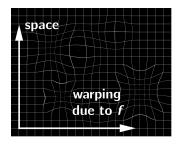
Modified gravity

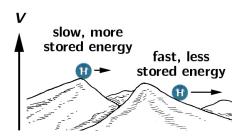
- Modified gravity: special trajectories for Higgs during inflation.
- Equivalence principle: everything falls the same way. Built into Einstein's theory of gravity. No special trajectories!
- Break rules during inflation when no one is watching.



Controlling the trajectory

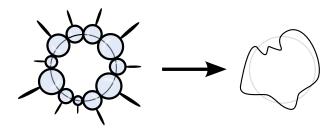
- Control trajectory with interaction f and potential energy V:
 - f controls strength of gravity by warping space.
 - V is ability to convert kinetic into stored energy.
- Higgs potential V is fixed. Want to find f to get inflation.
- Mathematically hard since we have gravity + warping.





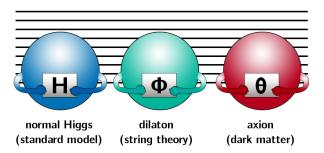
Rescaling

- To simplify, look through moving magnifying glass!
- Do it just right and modified gravity looks normal.
- Easy to find f that works with Higgs potential V...
- ...but take away magnifying glass and theory looks weird.



Inflation without a magnifying glass

- I'm looking at general f and V without magnifying glass!
 - Different V probes fancy relatives of Higgs.
 - Different f probes different high energy physics.
- Also looking for generic predictions to test modified gravity.





Contact/social media details: