

TinyTalk

1.0.0

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Chapter 1

TT Language

1.1 Introduction

[TT Technical Details](#)

Chapter 2

TT Technical Details

2.1 Main Features

2.2 Details

[Chapter 1: Memory Management](#)

[Syntax](#)

[Chapter 3: Implementation](#)

2.3 Chapter 1: Memory Management

2.4 Syntax

```
object_ident ::= IDENT.
object_ident ::= IDENT IDENT.
unary_pattern ::= IDENT.
binary_pattern ::= BINOP IDENT.
keyword_pattern ::= KEYWORD IDENT.
keyword_pattern ::= keyword_pattern KEYWORD IDENT.
all ::= object_defs.
object_defs ::= .
object_defs ::= object_defs object_ident LBRACK var_list method_defs RBRACK.
object_defs ::= object_defs object_ident LARROW IDENT LBRACK var_list method_defs RBRACK.
var_list ::= .
var_list ::= BAR idents BAR.
idents ::= IDENT.
idents ::= idents IDENT.
method_defs ::= .
method_defs ::= method_defs msg_pattern LBRACK var_list statements RBRACK.
method_defs ::= method_defs msg_pattern VERBATIM.
msg_pattern ::= unary_pattern.
msg_pattern ::= binary_pattern.
msg_pattern ::= keyword_pattern.
statements ::= return_statement.
statements ::= return_statement DOT.
statements ::= expression DOT statements.
statements ::= expression.
statements ::= expression DOT.
```

```

return_statement ::= UARROW expression.
expression ::= IDENT LARROW expr.
expression ::= basic_expression.
basic_expression ::= primary.
basic_expression ::= primary messages cascaded_messages.
basic_expression ::= primary cascaded_messages.
basic_expression ::= primary messages.
primary ::= IDENT.
primary ::= STRING.
primary ::= LBRACK block_body RBRACK.
primary ::= LBRACE expression RBRACE.
block_body ::= block_arguments BAR var_list statements.
block_body ::= var_list statements.
block_body ::= var_list.
block_arguments ::= COLON IDENT.
block_arguments ::= block_arguments COLON IDENT.
messages ::= unary_messages.
messages ::= unary_messages keyword_message.
messages ::= unary_messages binary_messages.
messages ::= unary_messages binary_messages keyword_message.
messages ::= binary_messages.
messages ::= binary_messages keyword_message.
messages ::= keyword_message.
unary_messages ::= IDENT.
binary_messages ::= binary_message.
binary_messages ::= binary_message binary_messages.
binary_message ::= BINOP binary_argument.
binary_argument ::= primary unary_messages.
binary_argument ::= primary.
keyword_message ::= KEYWORD keyword_argument.
keyword_message ::= keyword_message KEYWORD keyword_argument.
keyword_argument ::= primary.
keyword_argument ::= primary unary_messages.
keyword_argument ::= primary unary_messages binary_messages.
cascaded_messages ::= SEMICOLON messages.
cascaded_messages ::= cascaded_messages SEMICOLON messages.
atom ::= IDENT.
atom ::= STRING.
unary_call ::= unary_call IDENT.
binary_call ::= binary_call BINOP unary_call.
unary_call ::= atom.
binary_call ::= unary_call.
expr ::= binary_call.

```

2.5 Chapter 3: Implementation

Chapter 3

Module Index

3.1 Modules

Here is a list of all modules:

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Chapter 4

Data Structure Index

4.1 Data Structures

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Chapter 5

Module Documentation

5.1 ITab

Data Structures

- struct [itab_entry](#)
structure of an entry in the itab.
- struct [itab](#)
structure of itab
- struct [itab_iter](#)
iterator over elements of an itab.

Functions

- struct [itab](#) * [itab_new](#) ()
create a new itab with default parameters.
- int [itab_entry_cmp](#) (const void *aptr, const void *bptr)
compares the keys of two entries
- void [itab_append](#) (struct [itab](#) *[itab](#), const char *key, void *value)
- void * [itab_read](#) (struct [itab](#) *[itab](#), const char *key)
- void [itab_dump](#) (struct [itab](#) *[itab](#))
- struct [itab_iter](#) * [itab_foreach](#) (struct [itab](#) *[itab](#))
- struct [itab_iter](#) * [itab_next](#) (struct [itab_iter](#) *[iter](#))
- void * [itab_value](#) (struct [itab_iter](#) *[iter](#))
- const char * [itab_key](#) (struct [itab_iter](#) *[iter](#))

5.1.1 Detailed Description

sorted list of structures -> tables with primary index

5.1.2 Function Documentation

5.1.2.1 itab_entry_cmp()

```
int itab_entry_cmp (
    const void * aptr,
    const void * bptr )
```

compares the keys of two entries

Returns

- < 0, when first key is lower
- == 0, when both keys are equal
- > 0, when second key is lower

```
00180                                     {
00181     const struct itab_entry *a = aptr;
00182     const struct itab_entry *b = bptr;
00183     return strcmp( a->key, b->key );
00184 }
```

5.1.2.2 itab_new()

```
struct itab* itab_new ( )
```

create a new itab with default parameters.

Returns

reference to an itab structure.

Detailed description follows here.

```
00166     {
00167     struct itab *r = calloc( NULL, struct itab );
00168     r->total = 10;
00169     r->used = 0;
00170     r->rows = calloc_array( r, struct itab_entry, r->total );
00171     return r;
00172 }
```

5.2 Runtime Context

Functions

- struct `context` * `context_new` (struct `context` *super)
- struct `contextdef` * `context_lookup` (struct `context` *ctx, const char *name)

Variables

- struct `contextdef` `context_global_def` = { .global = true }
- struct `contextdef` `context_class_def` = { .instance = true }

5.2.1 Detailed Description

5.3 Tokenizer

Functions

- bool `is_ident_char` (int c)
check if character is part of an identifier.
- bool `is_binary_char` (int c)
- bool `readLine` ()
read one line from stdin stores the result into {gd.line}.
- bool `readChar` (char *t)
read one character from input and store it somewhere.
- bool `readStringToken` (void)
read string token.
- bool `nextToken` (void)
read next token.

5.3.1 Detailed Description

convert stdin into tokens. each token is returned by the call to

See also

`nextToken`.

5.3.2 Function Documentation

5.3.2.1 `is_ident_char()`

```
bool is_ident_char (
    int c )
```

check if character is part of an identifier.

Parameters

in	c	character to classify.
----	---	------------------------

Returns

true if c is an identifier character.

```
00308 {
00309     return isalpha( c ) || isdigit( c ) || c == '_' ;
00310 }
```

Referenced by [nextToken\(\)](#).

5.3.2.2 nextToken()

```
bool nextToken ( )
```

read next token.

This is a more detailed description.

Returns

true if successful

```
00403         {
00404     char c;
00405     bool result = false;
00406     while( true ) {
00407         while( readChar( &c ) && isspace( c ) );
00408         if( c == '"' ) {
00409             while( readChar( &c ) && c != '"' );
00410         }
00411         else
00412             break;
00413     }
00414     if( gd.state == 1 ) {
00415         if( isalpha( c ) ) {
00416             int idx = 0;
00417             for( ;; ) {
00418                 gd.buf[idx++] = c;
00419                 readChar( &c );
00420                 if( !is_ident_char( c ) )
00421                     break;
00422             }
00423             if( c == ':' ) {
00424                 gd.buf[idx++] = c;
00425                 gd.token = TK_KEYWORD;
00426             }
00427             else {
00428                 gd.pos--;
00429                 gd.token = TK_IDENT;
00430             }
00431             gd.buf[idx] = 0;
00432             result = true;
00433         }
00434         else if( is_binary_char( c ) ) {
00435             for( int idx = 0; is_binary_char( c ); idx++ ) {
00436                 gd.buf[idx] = c;
00437                 gd.buf[idx + 1] = 0;
00438                 readChar( &c );
00439             }
00440             gd.pos--;
00441             gd.token = 0;
00442             gd.token = TK_BINOP;
00443             result = true;
00444             if( strcmp( "<=", gd.buf ) == 0 ) {
00445                 gd.token = TK_LARROW;
00446                 result = true;
00447             }
00448             else if( strcmp( "|", gd.buf ) == 0 ) {
00449                 gd.token = TK_BAR;
00450                 result = true;
00451             }
00452             else if( 0 == strcmp( "<", gd.buf ) ) {
00453                 gd.token = TK_LT;
00454                 result = true;
00455             }
00456             else if( 0 == strcmp( ">", gd.buf ) ) {
00457                 gd.token = TK_GT;
00458                 result = true;
00459             }
00460         }
00461         else if( isdigit( c ) ) {
00462             int idx = 1;
00463             while( isdigit( c ) ) {
00464                 gd.buf[idx - 1] = c;
```



```

00465         gd.buf[idx] = 0;
00466         readChar( &c );
00467     }
00468     gd.pos--;
00469     gd.token = TK_NUMBER;
00470     result = true;
00471 }
00472 else {
00473     switch ( c ) {
00474         case '\":
00475             result = readStringToken( );
00476             break;
00477         case '.':
00478             result = true;
00479             gd.token = TK_DOT;
00480             break;
00481         case ';':
00482             result = true;
00483             gd.token = TK_SEMICOLON;
00484             break;
00485         case '(':
00486             result = true;
00487             gd.token = TK_LBRACE;
00488             break;
00489         case ')':
00490             result = true;
00491             gd.token = TK_RBRACE;
00492             break;
00493         case '[':
00494             result = true;
00495             gd.token = TK_LBRACK;
00496             break;
00497         case ']':
00498             result = true;
00499             gd.token = TK_RBRACK;
00500             break;
00501         case '{':
00502             {
00503                 int i = 0;
00504                 gd.buf[i] = 0;
00505                 readChar( &c );
00506                 while( c != '}' ) {
00507                     gd.buf[i++] = c;
00508                     gd.buf[i] = 0;
00509                     readChar( &c );
00510                 }
00511                 gd.token = TK_VERBATIM;
00512             }
00513             result = true;
00514             break;
00515         case '#':
00516             readChar( &c );
00517             for( int idx = 0; is_ident_char( c ) || c == ':'; idx++ ) {
00518                 gd.buf[idx] = c;
00519                 gd.buf[idx + 1] = 0;
00520                 readChar( &c );
00521             }
00522             gd.pos--;
00523             gd.token = TK_SYMBOL;
00524             result = true;
00525             break;
00526         case '^':
00527             result = true;
00528             gd.token = TK_UARROW;
00529             break;
00530         case ':':
00531             result = true;
00532             gd.token = TK_COLON;
00533             break;
00534         case '$':
00535             result = true;
00536             gd.token = TK_CHAR;
00537             readChar( &c );
00538             gd.buf[0] = c;
00539             gd.buf[1] = 0;
00540             break;
00541         default:
00542             gd.pos--;
00543             break;
00544     }
00545 }
00546 }
00547 return result;
00548 }

```

References [is_ident_char\(\)](#), and [readChar\(\)](#).

5.3.2.3 readChar()

```
bool readChar (
    char * t )
```

read one character from input and store it somewhere.

Parameters

in	t	c-string of some sort.
----	---	------------------------

Returns

true if successful

```
00367     {
00368     bool result = true;
00369     if( gd.state == 0 ) {
00370         result = readLine( );
00371     }
00372     if( result ) {
00373         *t = gd.line[gd.pos++];
00374         while( *t == 0 ) {
00375             if( readLine( ) ) {
00376                 *t = gd.line[gd.pos++];
00377             }
00378             else {
00379                 result = false;
00380                 break;
00381             }
00382         }
00383     }
00384     return result;
00385 }
```

References [readLine\(\)](#).

Referenced by [nextToken\(\)](#), and [readStringToken\(\)](#).

5.3.2.4 readLine()

```
bool readLine ( )
```

read one line from stdin stores the result into {gd.line}.

trailing blanks are removed.

```
00345     {
00346     static int line_count = 0;
00347
00348     char *line = fgets( gd.line, sizeof( gd.line ), stdin );
00349     line_count++;
00350     printf( "%2d:%s", line_count, line );
00351     if( line ) {
00352         size_t len = strlen( line );
00353         while( len >= 0 && line[len] <= 32 )
00354             line[len--] = 0;
00355         gd.pos = 0;
00356         gd.state = 1;
00357         return true;
00358     }
00359     else {
00360         gd.line[0] = 0;
00361         gd.state = 2;
00362         return false;
00363     }
00364 }
```

Referenced by [readChar\(\)](#).

5.3.2.5 readStringToken()

```
bool readStringToken (
    void )
```

read string token.

Returns

true if successful

```
00387     {
00388     int idx = 0;
00389     char c;
00390     while( readChar( &c ) && '\n' != c ) {
00391         if( c == '\\ ' )
00392             readChar( &c );
00393         gd.buf[idx++] = c;
00394     }
00395     gd.buf[idx] = 0;
00396     gd.token = TK_STRING;
00397     return true;
00398 }
```

References [readChar\(\)](#).

5.4 Internal Representation

Collaboration diagram for Internal Representation:



Modules

- [C Code Generator](#)

Data Structures

- struct [s_names](#)
- struct [s_pattern](#)

Typedefs

- typedef struct [s_names](#) * [t_names](#)
- typedef struct [s_pattern](#) * [t_pattern](#)

Functions

- void **method_def** ([t_pattern](#) pattern, void *locals, void *directive, void *statements)
- void **method_def_verb** ([t_pattern](#) pattern, void *coding)

Variables

- bool **classinfo::meta**
- char * **classinfo::name**
- char * **classinfo::super**
- int **classinfo::num**
- char * **methodinfo::classname**
- char * **methodinfo::name**
- char * **varinfo::classname**
- char * **varinfo::name**
- int **stringinfo::num**
- char * **_Assign::name**
- char * **_Assign::value**
- [Assign](#) **_Assigns::assign**
- [Assigns](#) **_Assigns::next**
- const char * **itab_entry::key**
- void * **itab_entry::value**
- int **itab::total**
- int **itab::used**
- struct [itab_entry](#) * **itab::rows**
- struct [itab](#) * **itab_iter::tab**
- int **itab_iter::pos**
- char * **meth::name**
- struct [meth](#) * **meth::next**

5.4.1 Detailed Description

5.5 C Code Generator

Collaboration diagram for C Code Generator:



Functions

- void **c_generate** (FILE *out)
generate the C-Code into the file stream.

5.5.1 Detailed Description

```
}

```

5.5.2 Function Documentation

5.5.2.1 c_generate()

```
void c_generate (
    FILE * out )

```

generate the C-Code into the file stream.

Parameters

in	FILE*	out
----	-------	-----

```
01003                                     {
01004
01005     itab_dump( variables );
01006     c_generate_structs( out );
01007     c_generate_protos( out );
01008     c_generate_strings( out );
01009     c_generate_blocks( out );
01010     c_generate_dispatchers( out );
01011
01012 }
```

5.6 Assign

Functions

- [Assign Assign_new](#) (char *name, char *value)
- [Assigns Assigns_new](#) ([Assign](#) assign, [Assigns](#) next)
- void [Assign_add](#) (char *name, char *value)
- [Assign Assign_find](#) (char *name)
- char * [Assign_value](#) ([Assign](#) a)
- char * [Assign_name](#) ([Assign](#) a)
- void [Assigns_dump](#) ([Assigns](#) as)

5.6.1 Detailed Description

5.6.2 Function Documentation

5.6.2.1 Assign_add()

```
void Assign_add (
    char * name,
    char * value )
```

add an assignment pair to the global list. No additional checks are done.

```
00108 {
00109     Assign a = Assign_new( name, value );
00110     global_assigns = Assigns_new( a, global_assigns );
00111 }
```

References [Assign_new\(\)](#), and [Assigns_new\(\)](#).

5.6.2.2 Assign_find()

```
Assign Assign_find (
    char * name )
```

find a pair in the global assignment list with the given name

```
00114 {
00115     for( Assigns as = global_assigns; as; as = as->next ) {
00116         if( strcmp( name, as->assign->name ) == 0 ) {
00117             return as->assign;
00118         }
00119     }
00120     return NULL;
00121 }
```

5.6.2.3 Assign_name()

```
char* Assign_name (
    Assign a )
```

return the name of the assignment pair

```
00095 {
00096     return a->name;
00097 }
```

5.6.2.4 Assign_new()

```
Assign Assign_new (
    char * name,
    char * value )
```

create new assignment pair

```
00083 {
00084     Assign result = malloc( sizeof( *result ) );
00085     result->name = strdup( name );
00086     result->value = strdup( value );
00087     return result;
00088 }
```

Referenced by [Assign_add\(\)](#).

5.6.2.5 Assign_value()

```
char* Assign_value (
    Assign a )

return the value of the assignment pair
00091     {
00092     return a->value;
00093 }
```

5.6.2.6 Assigns_dump()

```
void Assigns_dump (
    Assigns as )

dump the contents of the global assignment list
00124     {
00125     for( ; as; as = as->next ) {
00126         printf( "%s <- %s\n", as->assign->name, as->assign->value );
00127     }
00128 }
```

5.6.2.7 Assigns_new()

```
Assigns Assigns_new (
    Assign assign,
    Assigns next )

create a new assignment list
00100     {
00101     Assigns result = malloc( sizeof( *result ) );
00102     result->assign = assign;
00103     result->next = next;
00104     return result;
00105 }
```

Referenced by [Assign_add\(\)](#).

Chapter 6

Data Structure Documentation

6.1 _Assign Struct Reference

Data Fields

- char * **name**
- char * **value**

6.1.1 Detailed Description

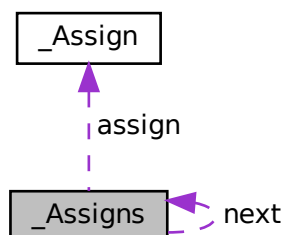
single assignment of a value to string

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- lib.c

6.2 _Assigns Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for _Assigns:



Data Fields

- [Assign](#) `assign`
- [Assigns](#) `next`

6.2.1 Detailed Description

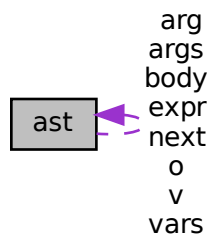
list of assignment of a value to string

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- `lib.c`

6.3 ast Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for ast:



Data Fields

- `int` [tag](#)
discriminator for the union, tags start with AST_
- union {
 struct {
 char * [v](#)
 string value owned by the syntax tree
 } [str](#)
 string node
 struct {
 char * [v](#)
 id value owned by the syntax tree
 } [id](#)
 id node
 struct {
 struct [ast](#) * [o](#)

```

    method target
    char * sel
    selector
    struct ast * arg
    list of arguments
} unary
unary method call node
struct {
    struct ast * v
    argument value node
    struct ast * next
    next argument
} arg
struct argdef {
    const char * key
    const char * name
    parameter name
    struct ast * next
    next keyword in the list
} argdef
struct {
    struct ast * v
    struct ast * next
} stmt
struct {
    char * var
    struct ast * expr
} asgn
struct {
    char * name
    char * super
    int num
    struct ast * vars
    struct ast * next
} cls
struct {
    char * v
    struct ast * next
} names
struct {
    const char * name
    struct ast * args
    char * classname
    char * src
    struct ast * body
    struct ast * next
} methods
} u

```

6.3.1 Field Documentation

6.3.1.1 key

```
const char* ast::key
```

Keyword including the colon at the end if it is no keyword then the plain unary or binary name is here.

6.3.1.2 next

```
struct ast* ast::next
```

next argument

next keyword in the list

6.3.1.3 v

```
char* ast::v
```

string value owned by the syntax tree

id value owned by the syntax tree

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- global.h

6.4 classinfo Struct Reference

Data Fields

- bool **meta**
- char * **name**
- char * **super**
- int **num**

6.4.1 Detailed Description

details of a class

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- lib.c

6.5 context Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for context:



Data Fields

- struct [context](#) * **super**
- bool **ctx_class**
- const char * **name**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- lib.h

6.6 contextdef Struct Reference

Data Fields

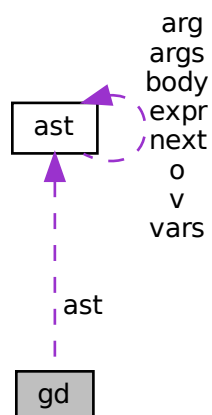
- bool **global**
- bool **instance**
- bool **local**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- lib.h

6.7 gd Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for gd:



Data Fields

- int **state**
- int **paridx**
- int **token**
- int **pos**
- char **buf** [50]
- char **line** [2000]
- struct **ast** * **ast**
- int **classnum**

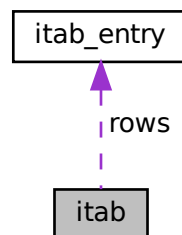
The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- global.h

6.8 itab Struct Reference

structure of itab

Collaboration diagram for itab:



Data Fields

- int **total**
- int **used**
- struct **itab_entry** * **rows**

6.8.1 Detailed Description

structure of itab

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- lib.c

6.9 itab_entry Struct Reference

structure of an entry in the itab.

Data Fields

- const char * **key**
- void * **value**

6.9.1 Detailed Description

structure of an entry in the itab.

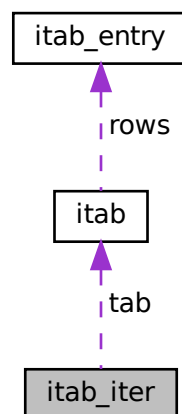
The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- lib.c

6.10 itab_iter Struct Reference

iterator over elements of an itab.

Collaboration diagram for itab_iter:



Data Fields

- struct `itab` * **tab**
- int **pos**

6.10.1 Detailed Description

iterator over elements of an itab.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- lib.c

6.11 meth Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for meth:



Data Fields

- char * **name**
- struct [meth](#) * **next**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- lib.c

6.12 methodinfo Struct Reference

Data Fields

- char * **classname**
- char * **name**

6.12.1 Detailed Description

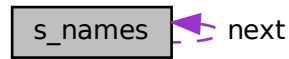
details of a method

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- lib.c

6.13 s_names Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for s_names:



Data Fields

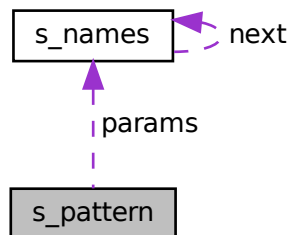
- `char * name`
- `t_names next`

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- `lib.h`

6.14 s_pattern Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for s_pattern:



Data Fields

- `char * selector`
- `t_names params`

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- `lib.h`

6.15 stringinfo Struct Reference

Data Fields

- int **num**

6.15.1 Detailed Description

details of a string

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- lib.c

6.16 varinfo Struct Reference

Data Fields

- char * **classname**
- char * **name**

6.16.1 Detailed Description

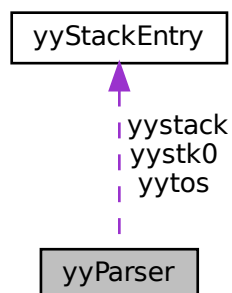
details of a global variable

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- lib.c

6.17 yyParser Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for yyParser:



Data Fields

- [yyStackEntry](#) * **yptos**
- int **yyerrcnt**
- ParseARG_SDECL ParseCTX_SDECL int **yystksz**
- [yyStackEntry](#) * **yystack**
- [yyStackEntry](#) **yystk0**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- lempar.c

6.18 yyStackEntry Struct Reference

Data Fields

- YYACTIONTYPE **stateno**
- YYCODETYPE **major**
- YYMINORTYPE **minor**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- lempar.c

