



$$\frac{d}{dx} \sin^{-1} u = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-u^2}} \frac{du}{dx}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \cos^{-1} u = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-u^2}} \frac{du}{dx}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \tan^{-1} u = \frac{1}{1+u^2} \frac{du}{dx}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \cot^{-1} u = -\frac{1}{1+u^2} \frac{du}{dx}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \sec^{-1} u = \frac{1}{|u|\sqrt{u^2-1}} \frac{du}{dx}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \csc^{-1} u = -\frac{1}{|u|\sqrt{u^2-1}} \frac{du}{dx}$$

背起來

习题

1. (a) $\tan^{-1} 1 = x$

$$\tan x = 1$$

$$x = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

(b) $\tan^{-1}(-\sqrt{3}) = x$

$$\tan x = -\sqrt{3}$$

$$x =$$

(c) $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) = x$

$$\tan x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$x =$$

2. (a) $\sin^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) = x$

$$\sin x = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$x =$$

(b) $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) = x$

$$\sin x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$x =$$

$$(c) \sin^{-1}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) = x$$

$$\sin x = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$x =$$

$$3. (a) \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = x$$

$$\cos x = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$x =$$

$$(b) \cos^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) = x$$

$$\cos x = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$x =$$

$$(c) \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) = x$$

$$\cos x = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$x =$$

$$4. (a) \csc^{-1}\sqrt{2} = x$$

$$\csc x = \sqrt{2}$$

$$x =$$

$$(b) \csc^{-1}\left(\frac{-2}{\sqrt{3}}\right) = x$$

$$\csc x = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$x =$$

$$(c) \csc^{-1} 2 = x$$

$$\csc x = 2$$

$$x =$$

$$5. (a) \sec^{-1}(-\sqrt{2}) = x$$

$$\sec x = -\sqrt{2}$$

$$x =$$

$$(b) \sec^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}\right) = x$$

$$\sec x = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$x =$$

$$(c) \sec^{-1}(-2) = x$$

$$\sec x = -2$$

$$x =$$

$$6. (a) \cot^{-1}(-1) = x$$

$$\cot x = -1$$

$$x =$$

$$(b) \cot^{-1}(\sqrt{3}) = x$$

$$\cot x = \sqrt{3}$$

$$x =$$

$$(c) \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{-1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) = x$$

$$\cot x = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$x =$$

$$7. \sin\left(\cos^{-1}\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$$

$$\text{設 } \cos^{-1}\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = x$$

$$\cos x = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\sin x = ?$$

$$? = \frac{\sqrt{2^2 - \sqrt{2}^2}}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$8. \sec(\cos^{-1} \frac{1}{2})$$

$$\cos^{-1} \frac{1}{2} = x$$

$$\cos x = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\sec x = ?$$

$$x = 2$$

$$9. y = \cos^{-1}(x^2)$$

$$y' = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{1-(x^2)^2}} \cdot (x^2)'$$

$$= \frac{-1}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} \cdot 2x$$

$$= \frac{-2x}{\sqrt{1-x^4}}$$

$$10. y = \sin^{-1} \sqrt{2}t$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(\sqrt{2}t)^2}} \cdot (\sqrt{2}t)'$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-2t^2}} \cdot \sqrt{2}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{2}{1-2t^2}}$$

$$11. y = \sec^{-1}(2s+1)$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{|2s+1|\sqrt{(2s+1)^2-1}} \cdot (2s+1)'$$

$$= \frac{1}{|2s+1|\sqrt{4s^2+4s}} \cdot (2)$$

$$= \frac{2}{|2s+1|\sqrt{4s^2+4s}}$$

$$12. y = \csc^{-1}(x^2+1)$$

$$y' = \frac{-1}{|x^2+1|\sqrt{(x^2+1)^2-1}} \cdot (x^2+1)'$$

$$= \frac{-1}{|x^2+1|\sqrt{x^4+2x^2}} \cdot (2x)$$

$$= \frac{-2x}{x^2+1\sqrt{x^4+2x^2}}$$

$$13. y = \cot^{-1}\sqrt{t}$$

$$y' = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{t}^2+1} \cdot (\sqrt{t})'$$

$$= \frac{-1}{t+1} \cdot \frac{1}{2\sqrt{t}}$$

$$= \frac{-1}{2\sqrt{t}(t+1)}$$

$$14. \quad y = \ln(\tan^{-1} x)$$

$$\begin{aligned} y' &= \frac{1}{\tan^{-1} x} \cdot (\tan^{-1} x)' \\ &= \frac{1}{\tan^{-1} x} \cdot \frac{1}{1+x^2} \cdot (1) \\ &= \frac{1}{(1+x^2)(\tan^{-1} x)} \end{aligned}$$

$$15. \quad y = \tan^{-1} \sqrt{x^2-1} + \csc^{-1} x$$

$$\begin{aligned} y' &= \frac{1}{1+x^2-1} \cdot (\sqrt{x^2-1})' - \frac{1}{|x|\sqrt{x^2-1}} \cdot (x)' \\ &= \frac{1}{x^2} \cdot \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2-1}} - \frac{1}{|x|\sqrt{x^2-1}} \\ &= \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x^2-1}} - \frac{1}{|x|\sqrt{x^2-1}} \end{aligned}$$

$$16. \quad y = \ln(x^2+4) - x \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} y' &= \frac{2x}{x^2+4} - \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - x \frac{1}{1+\frac{x^2}{4}} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \\ &= \frac{2x}{x^2+4} - \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \frac{2x}{4+x^2} \\ &= -\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \end{aligned}$$