



100,000+ data points collected as candidates and existing employees play games

9 categories aggregated across your results from all pymetrics games

1 unique pymetrics profile per person used to apply to any role at any company using pymetrics

HOW YOUR PROFILE IS USED

Your pymetrics profile describes your cognitive and emotional results and how you compare to the general population. It will never be shared directly with employers or other third parties.

For a particular job application, candidate results are compared to the results of existing employees in that role. For different roles, different categories may be more or less important for success, which guides a candidate's fit to that role.

UNDERSTANDING YOUR RESULTS

pymetrics categories measure natural tendencies that are quite stable and tend not to change over time. Because of this, your profile will be saved for one year, after which you will have the opportunity to replay the games if you choose.

Remember, this is your personalized profile and it will stay the same no matter what job you are applying to.

Uniqueness is the measure of how much you stand out from the general population within a pymetrics category. **These are your most unique categories:**



EFFORT: You tend to work equally hard on all tasks, regardless of how much you expect to be rewarded by completing tasks successfully.



RISK TOLERANCE: You tend to carefully test options and choose the safest method to achieve an objective. You also tend to be averse to negative outcomes.



ATTENTION: You tend to be methodical in the way you complete tasks and are often thorough and restrained. You may find that you prefer to focus on accuracy over speed on tasks, and this may support you to avoid making mistakes.

①

EFFORT

MOST UNIQUE

**DEFINITION**

A person's approach toward investing effort based on size of reward and probability of success.

YOUR RESULTS

You tend to work equally hard on all tasks, regardless of how much you expect to be rewarded by completing tasks successfully.

WHAT THIS MEANS AT WORK

You tend to be equally hard-working regardless of the rewards at stake, so you may find that you are able to work well in environments where rewards and recognition are infrequent.

THINGS TO LOOK OUT FOR

Working hard regardless of the reward can be useful, but during busy periods at work you may want to invest less time and effort into less important tasks, so that you have additional time to complete more important work activities.

②

**RISK
TOLERANCE**

MOST UNIQUE

**DEFINITION**

A person's level of comfort with risk-taking.

YOUR RESULTS

You tend to carefully test options and choose the safest method to achieve an objective. You also tend to be averse to negative outcomes.

WHAT THIS MEANS AT WORK

You might be best suited to work in environments that emphasize cautiousness over risk. You may also be well-suited to working in teams in which you can pursue options that will lead to lower risk outcomes.

THINGS TO LOOK OUT FOR

Taking a cautious approach to risk can be useful, but in some situations the bigger the risk, the bigger the reward. Try to remember that it's not always possible to know how things will turn out and that taking calculated risks can have merit.

③

ATTENTION

MOST UNIQUE

**DEFINITION**

A person's approach to managing incoming information and distractions.

YOUR RESULTS

You tend to be methodical in the way you complete tasks and are often thorough and restrained. You may find that you prefer to focus on accuracy over speed on tasks, and this may support you to avoid making mistakes.

WHAT THIS MEANS AT WORK

There are lots of benefits to maximizing accuracy and approaching your work methodically. Keep an eye out for instances where you might be over-investing time into being accurate and thorough when, in reality, getting the task finished quickly is the highest priority.

THINGS TO LOOK OUT FOR

You may work best on tasks that require high attention to detail, where it is more important to complete the work accurately than it is to complete it quickly.

④

GENEROSITY**DEFINITION**

A person's tendency to prioritize the needs of others above one's own.

YOUR RESULTS

You tend to trust the good intentions of others. You may find that you're able to easily balance your interests with the needs of others.

WHAT THIS MEANS AT WORK

You may be best suited to work in team-based environments where your generous nature could help to foster trust and supportive team-based work.

THINGS TO LOOK OUT FOR

While your giving nature can be positive, look out for instances where you may be too generous with your resources. Try not to give away too much of your personal or organizational resources, which could result in inequitable outcomes.

⑤

EMOTION**DEFINITION**

A person's strategy for interpreting the emotions of others.

YOUR RESULTS

You tend to interpret emotions from the facial expressions of others, rather than from the information present in the situation or context.

WHAT THIS MEANS AT WORK

You may be best suited to work in environments in which little information or context regarding the situation is available when required to understand the emotional response of others.

THINGS TO LOOK OUT FOR

Look out for situations where the facial reactions of an individual may not align with the actual emotion they are experiencing. Try to find further evidence and potential causes of someone's emotional state to help inform your interpretation.

⑥

FAIRNESS**DEFINITION**

A person's perceptions of fairness in social situations.

YOUR RESULTS

You tend to be slower and more critical when judging the fairness of social situations.

WHAT THIS MEANS AT WORK

You may do well in environments that require you to be cautious or 'on-guard' in terms of ensuring equitable outcomes for you or those you represent. This could mean that you are comfortable holding others accountable in terms of how work and resources are delegated.

THINGS TO LOOK OUT FOR

Try to take into account the perspective of those you are interacting with. By viewing things from their side, you may be less inclined to assume a situation is unfair. This can help you to perceive situations in a more balanced way.

⑦

FOCUS

**DEFINITION**

A person's concentration style for one or more tasks.

YOUR RESULTS

You tend to apply a focused and consistent approach to your work. You are likely able to concentrate on a single task even in the presence of distracting information.

WHAT THIS MEANS AT WORK

You may be best suited for work environments in which it is better to focus on one task at a time. However, you may likely be able to work effectively in distracting environments, given your natural tendency to filter out distractions and stick to the task at hand.

THINGS TO LOOK OUT FOR

Be mindful of situations where you could become too focused on a task. Sometimes distractions can present opportunities to support others with their work or get involved in interesting tasks that you might otherwise have missed.

⑧

LEARNING

**DEFINITION**

A person's approach to changing behavior based on new information.

YOUR RESULTS

You tend to learn quickly from mistakes. You may find it easy to detect patterns in your environment, allowing you to adapt your behavior and respond to feedback with ease.

WHAT THIS MEANS AT WORK

You may be well suited to work in environments where there is a need to adjust your approach quickly.

THINGS TO LOOK OUT FOR

While being able to adapt your response is a great asset, keep an eye out for situations where you might adjust your approach too quickly based on incomplete or inaccurate information/feedback.

⑨

DECISION
MAKING**DEFINITION**

A person's approach to making decisions.

YOUR RESULTS

You tend to make decisions based on gut-instinct. You may also prefer taking a fast and intuitive approach, rather than planning out your work methodically.

WHAT THIS MEANS AT WORK

You may work best in environments where decisiveness and instinctual responses to decisions are most important. This may enable you to quickly take advantage of opportunities that are presented at work.

THINGS TO LOOK OUT FOR

Be mindful of making decisions that have significant consequences. If your decision could lead to unintended or significant consequences, take more time to fully consider the pros and cons of each option before deciding.