



U-IMPACTIFY

Software Design Documentation

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CRC Cards

Frontend Pages

Page: Login Signup

Responsibilities	Collaborators
- Contains form for the user to submit their login/signup information	- UserService
- Gives user the option to login/signup with other methods	

Page: Questionnaire

Responsibilities	Collaborators
- Display questions based on the type of user you signup as	- UserService
- Gather information based on questions submitted	

Page: Dashboard

Responsibilities	Collaborators
- Display all pages	- UserService
- Used to quickly navigate through different pages	- CourseService
	- AuthGuard

Page: Course

Responsibilities	Collaborators
- Display Course information	- UserService
- Allow possible interaction with course if User has permission	- CourseService

Page: Messaging

Responsibilities	Collaborators
- Enable Users to send private messages to each other	- UserService

Page: Feedback

Responsibilities	Collaborators
- Display feedback for courses from registered users	- UserService
	- CourseService

Page: Giving Garden

Responsibilities	Collaborators
- Donate money to a non-profit organization	- UserService
- Recieve Funding from individuals and larger organizations	
- Support Impact Learners in courses financially	

Frontend Services

Service: UserService

Responsibilities	Collaborators
- Create an account	- User (Routes)
- Delete an account	
- Get current user informations	

Service: CourseService

Responsibilities	Collaborators
- Create a course	- Course (Routes)
- Modify a course	
- Delete a course	
- Upload a file	
- Provide overview of course content	

Frontend Guards

Guard: AuthGuard

Responsibilities	Collaborators
- Check if User is logged in, if so, allow them to use the site	- UserService

Frontend Components

Component: DashboardCoursesComponent (only for impact learner and impact consultant)

Responsibilities	Collaborators
- Display the courses the user is taking/teaching	- User
- Redirects you to create a course for easy access	

Component: CreateCourseComponent (only for impact consultant)

Responsibilities	Collaborators
- Contains a form for the Instructor to create a new course	- UserService
	- CourseService

Component: FrontPageHeaderComponent

Responsibilities	Collaborators
- Display Sign-in and login-in buttons	- UserService
- Easy accessible application information	

Component: FooterComponent

Responsibilities	Collaborators
- Display contact information	
- Links to social media accounts	
- Provide links to legal informations	

Component: GlobalSearchComponent

Responsibilities	Collaborators
- Search for Userss	- UserService
- Search for Courses	- CourseService
- Search for Documents	

Backend REST API Routes

Route: /user

Responsibilities	Collaborators
- Standard CRUD Operations on the User model	- UserService
- Return formatted JSON data as called by UserService	

Route: /course

Responsibilities	Collaborators
- Standard CRUD Operations on the Course model	- CourseService
- Upload and Receive documents and/or media files from client to database and v.v	
- Return formatted JSON data as called by CourseService	

Meeting the MVC Spec.

■ A note on Angular.

Information used in this note was primarily source from:

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/35762515/is-angular2-mvc>

Introduction

For the duration of this project, this team will be using Angular 10 as the front-end framework of choice. Before Angular 10 there was AngularJS, which was, and still is, a MVW (Model, View, Whatever) framework. For our purposes, we can classify it as a pure MVC framework because you can clearly defined View, (HTML), Model and Controller (JavaScript/TypeScript) files. Angular 10 (or any version after 1.0), is a complete architectural overhaul, with a switch to a more *component-driven architecture*, a CLI, and more.

What does this have to do with MVC?

The argument is quite simple, *show Angular 10 follows an MVC based architecture*. Now for the proof, we must consider two different Software Architectures, one for the program as a whole, and one **specifically** for each Angular component. For the former, refer to the below images.

In short, we treat models as mongooseSchemas (models) in the database files and front-end models that are a copy of the backend model, views as the html presented to the user, and controllers as front-end services + backend routes.

Each Angular component gets its own directory with 2 important files (we can disregard the styles and the unit testing files for our purposes), an html, and a ts file. The html file is trivially the view, and with the ts file, if its a simple component, we can think of it as **both** a controller and model. As input/output logic is handled through functions declared in this file, and model states can also be managed as well, albeit it may not be as organized as it would be using Angular Services. Hence achieving our desired MVC architecture.

Software Architecture Design



