### Designing Your JMS Solution for Production



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#### Overview



**Efficient Use of Resources** 

**High Availability & Throughput** 

**Message Ordering** 

**Error & Exception Handling** 

**Message Selectors** 

**Synchronous Messaging** 

**Dead Letter Queues** 



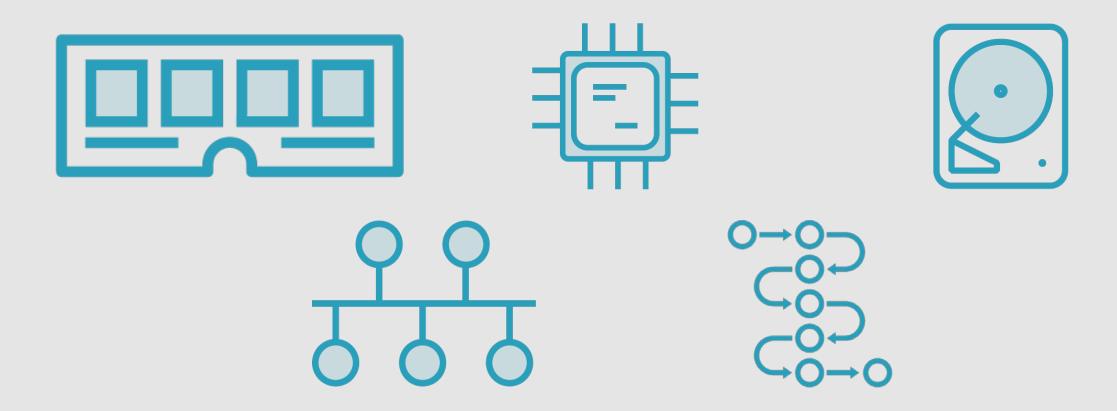
# JEE and some frameworks like Spring can take care or help with some of these concerns



#### Efficient Use of Resources



#### Caching of Resources







Cache Resources
Where Appropriate

**Connections** 

**Sessions** 

**Consumers** 

**Producers** 



#### Cache Resources



#### Reuse Sessions



#### Reuse Consumers/Producers

```
MessageConsumer consumer = session.createConsumer(...);
Message msg1 = consumer.receive();
Message msg2 = consumer.receive();
MessageProducer producer = session.createProducer(...);
producer.send(textMessage1);
producer.send(textMessage2);
```



### Consider Pooling Libraries like Apache Commons Pool



#### High Availability and Throughput





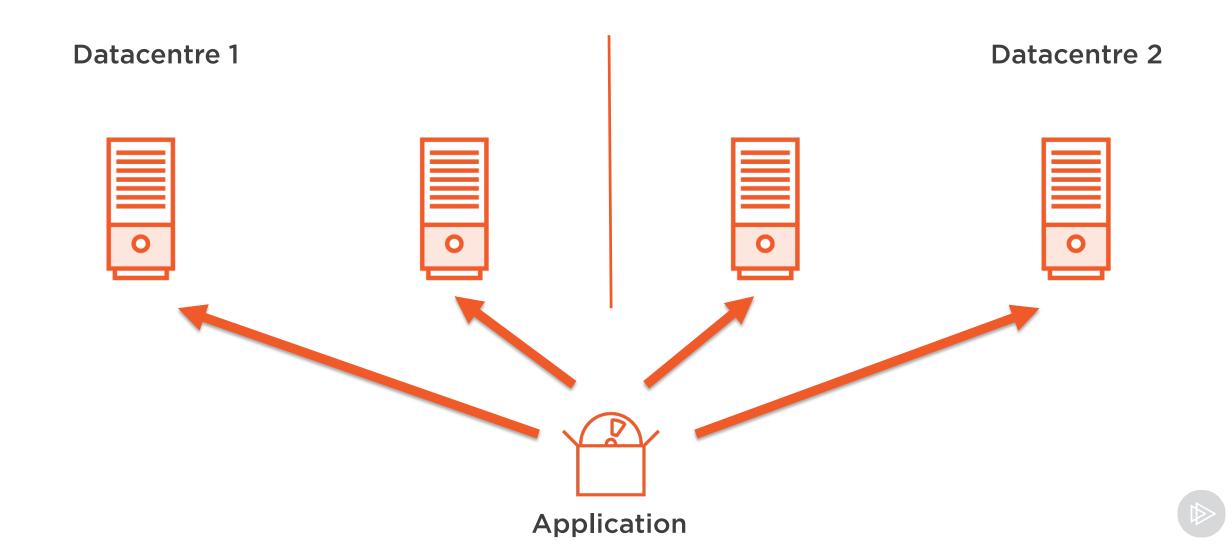
**Good HA Architecture** 

Clustered

Reliable & Fast Failover



#### Architecture



#### Pros & Cons



- Load Balanced
  - Scalable
  - Failover



- Possible Waste of Some Resources
- Still Need to Consider Deployment



## To save on resources, it's possible to use multiple consumers per JVM





### Spring DefaultMessageListenerContainer

**Resource Caching** 

**Dynamic Multiple Consumers** 

**Automatic Reconnection** 



#### Message Ordering



#### Message Ordering







BEST: Code Should Deal with Messages
Out of Order

Place Unexpected Messages Back at End of Queue (only partially solves the problem)

Message Priorities (only partially solves the problem)

**JMSXGroupID** 



#### JMSXGroupID



Guarantees Order based on JMSXGroupID property Still allows failover should consumer "die"



Only 1 consumer per JMSXGroupID property value



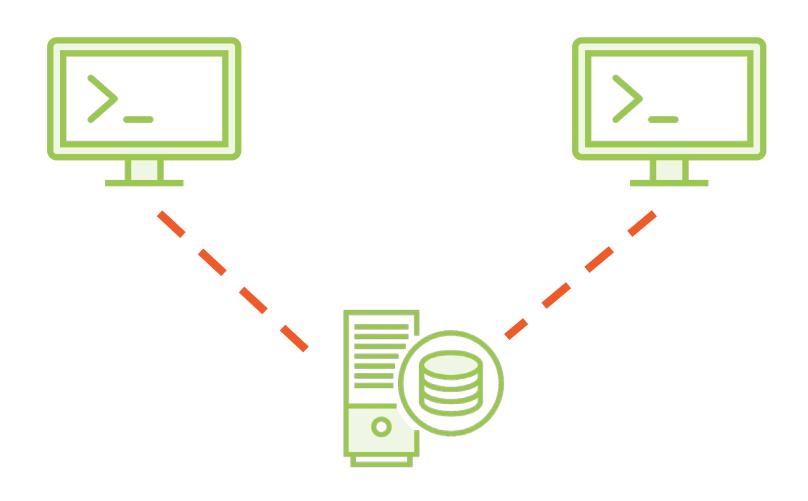
### Set JMSXGroupID to lowest common denominator eg account number



#### Error & Exception Handling



#### Automatic Reconnection





#### Message Selectors



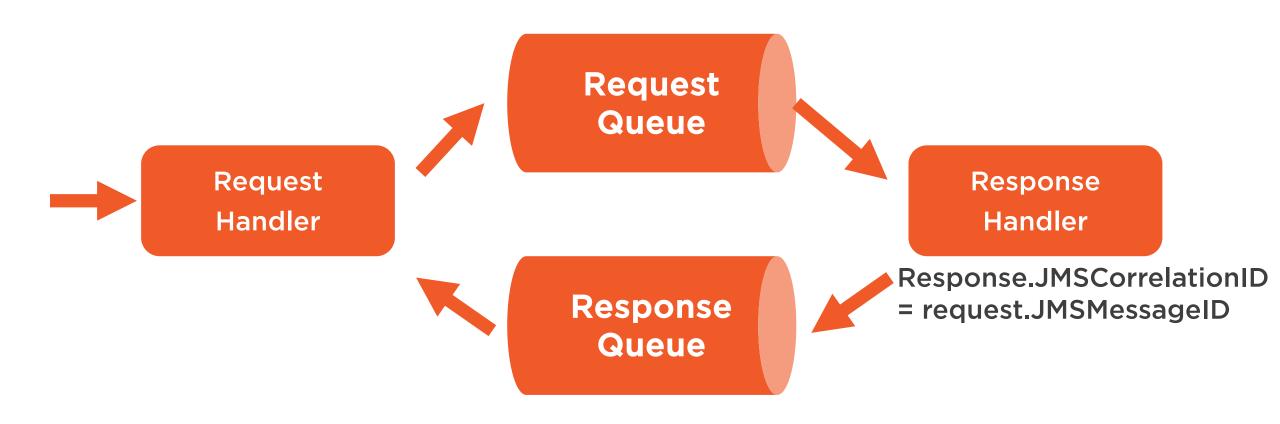
## Possible to consume messages based on property evaluation



#### Request/Response (Synchronous) Message Using Message Selectors



#### Synchronous Messaging





#### Consumer Receive with Timeout

```
MessageConsumer consumer = session.createConsumer(...);
//Timeout in milliseconds
Message msg = consumer.receive(30000);
```



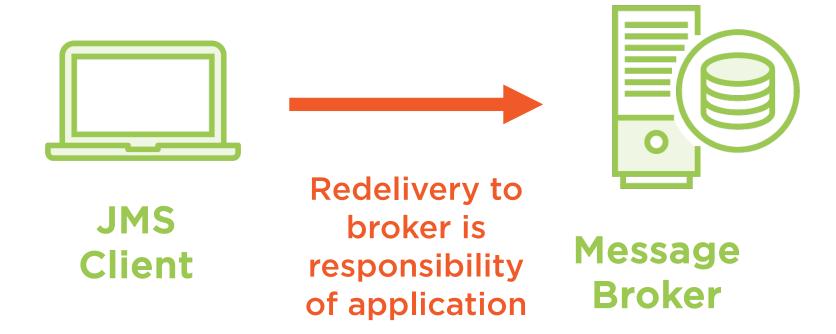
## Messages with a finite lifespan should have a TTL (time to live) defined



#### Dead Letter Queues

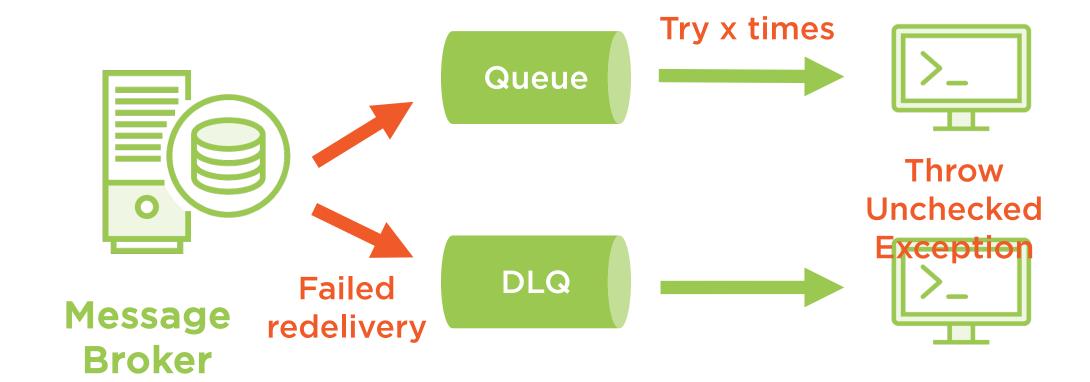


#### Message Producer





#### Message Consumers





#### Summary



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