

AI-Powered Expense Tracker BCSE203E - WEB PROGRAMMING

PROJECT DOCUMENT

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DECLARATION

I/We hereby declare that the project entitled "AI-Powered Expense Tracker" submitted by me/us to the School of Computer Science and Engineering, VIT University, Vellore-14 in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the Web Programming (BCSE203E) course, is a record of bonafide work carried out by me under the supervision of Dr. Kauser Ahmed, Assistant Professor Senior. I further declare that the work reported in this project has not been submitted and will not be submitted, either in part or in full, for the award of any other course or degree or diploma of this institute or of any other institute or university.

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List of Abbreviations

AI Artificial Intelligence LLM Large Language Model

UI User Interface UX User Experience

PWA Progressive Web Application

SaaS Software as a Service

Abstract

This project showcases an advanced AI-powered expense tracker application, developed using Next.js 14 and GPT-40. The application is designed to transform the way individuals manage their finances by automating the expense tracking process and providing intelligent financial insights. With its innovative use of artificial intelligence, the platform categorizes expenses accurately and provides detailed, personalized analytics, allowing users to make informed financial decisions effortlessly.

By leveraging the capabilities of Next.js 14, the application ensures a fast, responsive, and smooth user experience across devices. It uses GPT-40 for intelligent expense categorization, where the AI analyzes spending patterns and assigns appropriate categories to each transaction, eliminating the need for manual data entry or sorting. This automation streamlines the often tedious process of tracking expenses, saving users valuable time.

In addition to expense categorization, the app provides insightful financial analytics, helping users gain a deeper understanding of their spending habits. Users can visualize their financial data through graphs and charts, making it easier to identify trends, track progress toward savings goals, and highlight areas where spending could be optimized. The application also offers personalized recommendations based on spending history, ensuring that users receive tailored advice on how to improve their financial health.

With the power of modern web technologies and AI, this solution presents a seamless and efficient alternative to traditional expense tracking methods, offering users a comprehensive, user-friendly platform that simplifies personal finance management. Whether you're looking to create a budget, save for a specific goal, or simply gain control over your spending, the application delivers the tools and insights necessary for smarter financial management.

1. Introduction

1.1 Aim

The aim of this project is to develop a comprehensive AI-powered expense tracking application that simplifies the process of recording, categorizing, and analyzing financial transactions. By integrating GPT-40 with Next.js, the application seeks to provide users with actionable insights into their spending patterns and help them make better financial decisions.

1.2 Objective

The objectives of this AI-powered expense tracker application are:

- To develop a responsive and user-friendly web application using Next.js 14 that allows users to track their income and expenses across multiple categories.
- To implement GPT-40 integration for generating personalized financial insights based on user's spending patterns.
- To create an intelligent categorization system that accurately classifies transactions based on merchant information and purchase descriptions.
- To design a comprehensive dashboard with visual representations of spending patterns, budget progress, and financial analytics.
- To develop a system for setting and monitoring budget limits with automated alerts when approaching thresholds.
- To create AI-generated financial insights and recommendations based on spending patterns and saving opportunities.
- To ensure cross-device compatibility through responsive design, allowing users to track expenses on both desktop and mobile devices.
- To build a scalable application architecture that can support future features and growing user bases.

2. System Requirements

• Frontend: Next.js 14, React, Tailwind CSS, Ant Design, Lucide-React

• State Management: Built-in React State Management

• AI Integration: GPT-40 API

• Deployment: Vercel

3. Recent Technology Adapted

3.1 Next.js 14

3.1.1 Technology-1 description

Next.js 14 is a React framework that enables server-side rendering, static site generation, and the development of full-stack web applications. For our expense tracker, we leverage Next.js 14's latest features including App Router and client-side components to create a performant and responsive user experience.

Key features utilized:

- App Router for optimized routing
- Client and Server Components for improved performance
- Built-in optimization for images and fonts
- Responsive design capabilities

3.1.2 Sample Code Showing layout.tsx

```
import './globals.css';
import type { Metadata } from 'next';
import { IBM_Plex_Sans } from 'next/font/google';

import Footer from '@/components/footer';

const ibmSans = IBM_Plex_Sans({weight:"400", preload:
    true, subsets: ["latin", "greek", "latin-ext"]});

export const metadata: Metadata = {
    title: 'EasyExpenses',
    description: 'An Expense Tracker app built with react
    ',
};

export default function RootLayout({
    children,
}: {
    children: React.ReactNode;
}) {
    return (
```

3.2 GPT-40 Integration

3.2.1 Technology-2 description

GPT-40 is OpenAI's multimodal large language model. In our expense tracker application, we utilize GPT-40 for:

- Intelligent categorization of expenses based on transaction descriptions
- Generating financial insights and spending recommendations
- Providing personalized budgeting advice
- Identifying spending patterns and suggesting optimization strategies

The integration allows the application to offer intelligent financial assistance that goes beyond simple expense tracking, providing users with actionable insights to improve their financial health.

3.2.2 Sample Screenshot

4. Solution for Existing problems

4.1 Manual Analysis Elimination

4.1.1 Problem description and its Solution

Problem: Traditional expense tracking applications require users to manually analyze their spending patterns, which is time-consuming and often leads to missed insights. Users struggle to identify spending trends and opportunities for saving money without dedicated financial expertise.

Solution: Our application leverages GPT-4o's processing capabilities to automatically analyze spending patterns and provide personalized financial insights. Users simply enter their expense data, and the AI generates meaningful insights on their spending patterns, identifies potential savings opportunities, and offers tailored financial advice, saving users valuable time and providing expert-level financial analysis.

4.1.2 Sample Screenshot

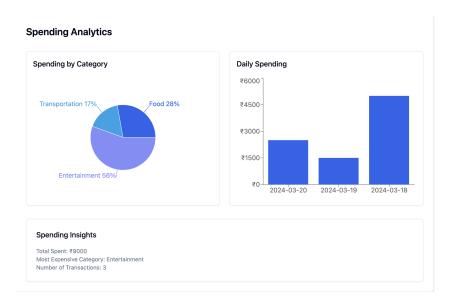


Figure 4.1: Visualizing Spending Patterns

4.2 Intelligent Expense Categorization

4.2.1 Problem description and its Solution

Problem: Manually categorizing expenses is time-consuming and often inconsistent. Users struggle to remember the correct categories for different types of expenses, leading to miscategorization and difficulties in analyzing spending patterns.

Solution: Our application uses GPT-40 to automatically categorize expenses based on transaction descriptions. The AI analyzes the expense details and assigns appropriate categories according to the user's personalized category system. This ensures consistent categorization and enables more accurate financial analysis, allowing users to better understand their spending habits across different categories.

4.2.2 Sample Screenshot

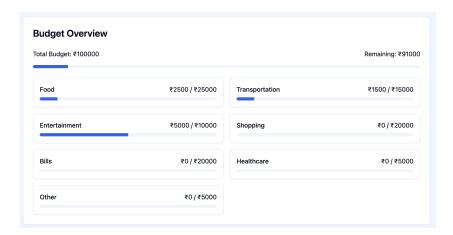


Figure 4.2: Budget Categorization

5. Screenshots

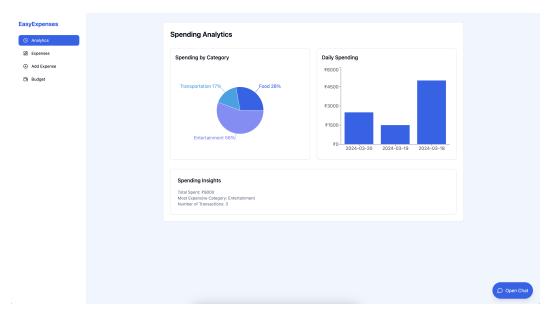


Figure 5.1: Analytics Dashboard - Visualizing Spending Patterns

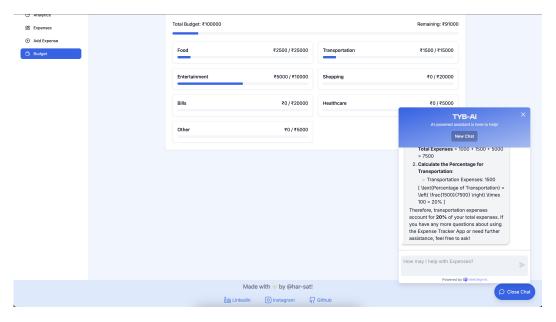


Figure 5.2: AI Chatbot Interface for Financial Insights

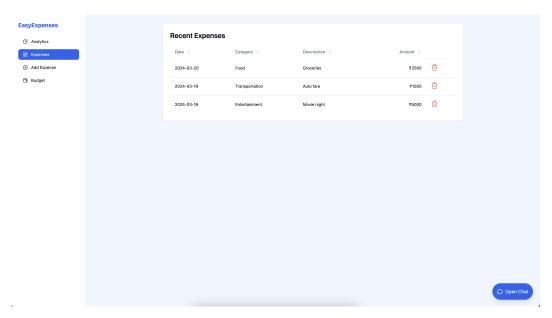


Figure 5.3: Expense Listing Interface

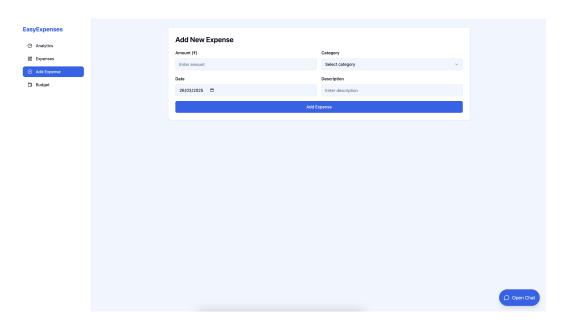


Figure 5.4: Add New Expense Form

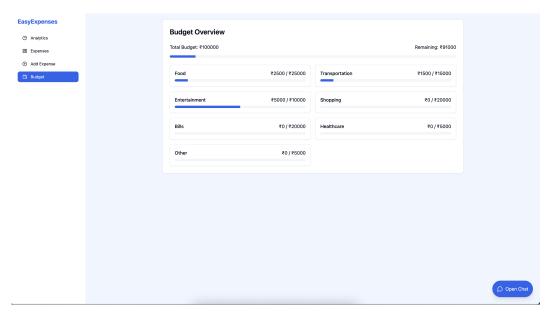


Figure 5.5: Budget Planning and Monitoring Interface

6. Implementation Code

6.1 Folder Structure

```
- app
      - globals.css
      - layout.tsx
      - page.tsx
- components
      - AddExpense.tsx
      - Analytics.tsx
      - BudgetOverview.tsx
      - ExpenseList.tsx
      - footer.tsx
      - ui(form lucide-react)
- components.json
- folder_structure.txt
- hooks
      - use-toast.ts
- lib
      - utils.ts
- next-env.d.ts
- next.config.js
- package-lock.json
- package.json
- postcss.config.js
- tailwind.config.ts
- tsconfig.json
```

6 directories, 66 files

6.2 page.tsx

```
"use-client";
import { useState } from "react";
import { Card } from "@/components/ui/card";
import ExpenseList from "@/components/ExpenseList";
import AddExpense from "@/components/AddExpense";
import BudgetOverview from "@/components/BudgetOverview";
import Analytics from "@/components/Analytics";
import { LayoutDashboard, PlusCircle, PieChart, Wallet,
   MessageCircle } from "lucide-react";
import { cn } from "@/lib/utils";
export default function Home() {
 const [expenses, setExpenses] = useState([
    {
      id: 1,
      amount: 2500,
      category: "Food",
      date: "2024-03-20",
      description: "Groceries",
    },
      id: 2,
      amount: 1500,
      category: "Transportation",
      date: "2024-03-19",
      description: "Auto-fare",
      id: 3,
      amount: 5000,
      category: "Entertainment",
      date: "2024-03-18",
      description: "Movie-night",
    },
 ]);
 const [currentPage, setCurrentPage] = useState("analytics
 const [showChatbot, setShowChatbot] = useState(false);
 const addExpense = (expense) => {
    setExpenses ([...expenses, { ...expense, id: expenses.
       length + 1 \}]);
```

```
};
const navigationItems = [
  { id: "analytics", label: "Analytics", icon: PieChart
  { id: "expenses", label: "Expenses", icon:
     LayoutDashboard \},
  { id: "add", label: "Add-Expense", icon: PlusCircle },
  { id: "budget", label: "Budget", icon: Wallet },
];
const renderContent = () => {
  switch (currentPage) {
    case "analytics":
      return <Analytics expenses={expenses} />;
    case "expenses":
      return <ExpenseList expenses={expenses} />;
    case "add":
      return <AddExpense onAddExpense={addExpense} />;
    case "budget":
      return <BudgetOverview expenses={expenses} />;
    default:
      return <Analytics expenses={expenses} />;
  }
};
return (
  <div className="min-h-screen-bg-background-flex">
    \{/* \text{ Sidebar } */\}
    <div className="w-64-bg-card-border-r-border">
      <div className="p-6">
        <h1 className="text-xl-font-bold-text-primary-mb"</pre>
           -6">
          EasyExpenses
        </h1>
        <nav className="space-y-2">
          {navigationItems.map((item) => (
            <button
              key = \{ item.id \}
              onClick={() => setCurrentPage(item.id)}
              className = \{cn(
                "flex-items-center-space-x-3-w-full-px-4-
                   py-2-rounded-lg-text-sm-transition-
                   colors",
                currentPage === item.id
                   ? "bg-primary-text-primary-foreground"
```

```
: "hover:bg-accent-hover:text-accent-
                     foreground"
              )}
              <item.icon className="h-4~w-4" />
              <span>{item.label}</span>
            </button>
          ))}
        </nav>
      </div>
    </div>
    { /* Main Content */}
    <div className="flex-1-p-8">
      <div className="max-w-5xl-mx-auto">
        <Card className="p-6">{renderContent()}</Card>
      </div>
    </div>
    {/* Chatbot Toggle Button */}
    <button
      onClick={() => setShowChatbot(!showChatbot)}
      className="fixed-bottom-6-right-6-bg-primary-text-
         white p-4 rounded full shadow-lg flex items-
         center space-x-2"
    >
      <MessageCircle className="h-5-w-5" />
      <span>{showChatbot ? "Close Chat" : "Open Chat"}
    </button>
    {/* Chatbot Frame (Increased Size) */}
    {showChatbot && (
      <div className="fixed-bottom-20-right-10-w-[450px]-</pre>
         h-[600px] border border-gray-300 bg-white shadow
         -lg rounded-lg overflow-hidden">
        <iframe
          src="https://webagent.ai/chatbot/embed/2d33fe77
             -3dcf-4b24-a186-ff3a0f231cf6/classic"
          className="w-full-h-full"
        ></iframe>
      </div>
    )}
  </div>
);
```

6.3 AddExpense.tsx

```
"use client";
import { useState } from "react";
import { Button } from "@/components/ui/button";
import { Input } from "@/components/ui/input";
import { Select, SelectContent, SelectItem, SelectTrigger,
   SelectValue } from "@/components/ui/select";
import { Label } from "@/components/ui/label";
const categories = [
 "Food",
  "Transportation",
 "Entertainment",
 "Shopping",
 "Bills",
 "Healthcare",
 "Other"
];
export default function AddExpense({ onAddExpense }) {
  const [formData, setFormData] = useState({
    amount: "",
    category: ""
    date: new Date().toISOString().split("T")[0],
    description: ""
  });
  const handleSubmit = (e) \Rightarrow {
    e.preventDefault();
    onAddExpense (formData);
    setFormData({
      amount: "",
      category: "",
      date: new Date().toISOString().split("T")[0],
      description: ""
    });
  };
  return (
   < div >
      <h2 className="text-2xl-font-semibold-mb-4">Add New
         Expense </h2>
      <form onSubmit={handleSubmit} className="space-y-4">
        <div className="grid gap-4 md: grid-cols-2">
```

```
<div className="space-y-2">
  <Label htmlFor="amount">Amount ( )</Label>
  <Input
    id="amount"
    type="number"
    placeholder="Enter-amount"
    value={formData.amount}
    onChange = \{(e) \Rightarrow setFormData(\{ ...formData, \} \})
       amount: e.target.value })}
    required
  />
</div>
<div className="space-y-2">
  <Label htmlFor="category">Category</Label>
  <Select
    value={formData.category}
    onValueChange={(value) => setFormData({ ...
       formData, category: value })}
    <SelectTrigger>
      <SelectValue placeholder="Select-category"</pre>
    </SelectTrigger>
    <SelectContent>
      {categories.map((category) => (
        <SelectItem key={category} value={</pre>
           category}>
          {category}
        </SelectItem>
      ))}
    </SelectContent>
  </Select>
</div>
<div className="space-y-2">
  <Label htmlFor="date">Date</Label>
  <Input
    id="date"
    type="date"
    value={formData.date}
    onChange={(e) => setFormData({ ...formData,
       date: e.target.value })}
    required
  />
</div>
```

```
<div className="space-y-2">
          <Label htmlFor="description">Description </Label</pre>
          <Input
             id="description"
             placeholder="Enter-description"
             value={formData.description}
            onChange={(e) => setFormData({ ...formData,
                description: e.target.value })}
             required
        </div>
      </div>
      <Button type="submit" className="w-full">Add
         Expense </Button>
    </form>
  </div>
);
```

6.4 Analytics.tsx

```
"use client";
import { Card } from "@/components/ui/card";
import { PieChart, Pie, Cell, ResponsiveContainer, BarChart
   , Bar, XAxis, YAxis, Tooltip \ from "recharts";
const COLORS = ['hsl(var(--chart -1))', 'hsl(var(--chart -2))]
   ', 'hsl(\mathbf{var}(--\text{chart}-3))', 'hsl(\mathbf{var}(--\text{chart}-4))', 'hsl(
   \mathbf{var}(--\mathbf{chart}-5))'];
export default function Analytics ({ expenses }) {
  // Process data for charts
  const categoryData = expenses.reduce((acc, expense) => {
    acc[expense.category] = (acc[expense.category] | | 0) +
       Number (expense.amount);
    return acc;
  }, {});
  const pieData = Object.entries(categoryData).map(([name,
     value]) \Rightarrow (\{
```

```
name,
  value
}));
// Process daily spending data
const dailySpending = expenses.reduce((acc, expense) => {
  acc[expense.date] = (acc[expense.date] || 0) + Number(
     expense.amount);
  return acc;
}, {});
const barData = Object.entries(dailySpending).map(([date,
    amount]) \Rightarrow (\{
  date,
  amount
}));
const formatCurrency = (value) => ' $ {value}';
return (
  <div className="space-y-8">
    <h2 className="text-2xl-font-semibold-mb-4">Spending
       Analytics </h2>
    <div className="grid gap-6 md: grid-cols-2">
      <Card className="p-4">
        <h3 className="text-lg-font-medium-mb-4">Spending
            by Category </h3>
        <div className="h-[300px]">
          < Responsive Container width="100%" height="100%"
            <PieChart>
               <Pie
                 data={pieData}
                 cx = "50\%"
                 cv = 50\%
                 outerRadius={80}
                 fill="#8884d8"
                 dataKey="value"
                 label = \{(\{ name, percent \}) \Rightarrow `\$\{name\} \$
                    \{(percent * 100).toFixed(0)\}\%'\}
                 {pieData.map((entry, index) => (
                   <Cell key={'cell-${index}'} fill={
                      COLORS[index % COLORS.length]} />
                 ))}
```

```
</Pie>
         <Tooltip formatter={formatCurrency} />
       </PieChart>
     </ResponsiveContainer>
   </div>
 </Card>
 <Card className="p-4">
   <h3 className="text-lg font-medium mb-4">Daily
      Spending</h3>
   <div className="h-[300px]">
     < Responsive Container width="100%" height="100%"
       >
       <BarChart data={barData}>
         <XAxis dataKey="date" />
         <YAxis tickFormatter={formatCurrency} />
         <Tooltip formatter={formatCurrency} />
         <Bar dataKey="amount" fill="hsl(var(--chart</pre>
           -1))"/>
       </BarChart>
     </ResponsiveContainer>
   </div>
 </Card>
</div>
<Card className="p-6">
 <h3 className="text-lg-font-medium-mb-4">Spending
    In sights </h3>
 <div className="space-y-4">
   <div>
     Total Spent:
                     {expenses.reduce((sum, exp)
         \Rightarrow sum + Number(exp.amount), 0)}
     Most Expensive Category: {
         Object.entries(categoryData).reduce((a, b)
           \Rightarrow a[1] > b[1] ? a : b)[0]
       }
     Number of Transactions: {expenses.length}
     </div>
 </div>
</Card>
```

```
</div>
);
}
```

6.5 BudgetOverview.tsx

```
"use-client";
import { Progress } from "@/components/ui/progress";
import { Card } from "@/components/ui/card";
export default function BudgetOverview({ expenses }) {
 const totalBudget = 100000;
 const totalExpenses = expenses.reduce((sum, expense) =>
    sum + Number(expense.amount), 0);
 const remainingBudget = totalBudget - totalExpenses;
 const progressPercentage = (totalExpenses / totalBudget)
     * 100;
 const categoryBudgets = {
    Food: 25000,
    Transportation: 15000,
    Entertainment: 10000,
    Shopping: 20000,
    Bills: 20000,
    Healthcare: 5000,
    Other: 5000
  };
 const categoryExpenses = expenses.reduce((acc, expense)
    => {
    acc[expense.category] = (acc[expense.category] || 0) +
      Number (expense.amount);
    return acc;
 }, {});
 return (
   <div className="space-y-6">
      <h2 className="text-2xl-font-semibold-mb-4">Budget
         Overview </h2>
     <div className="space-y-4">
        <div className="flex-justify-between-mb-2">
          <span>Total Budget: { totalBudget}</span>
```

```
<span>Remaining:
                               {remainingBudget}</span>
        </div>
        <Progress value={progressPercentage} className="h-2"</pre>
      </div>
      <div className="grid gap-4 md: grid-cols-2">
        {Object.entries(categoryBudgets).map(([category,
           budget]) \Rightarrow \{
          const spent = categoryExpenses[category]
          const progress = (spent / budget) * 100;
          return (
            <Card key={category} className="p-4">
              <div className="flex-justify-between-mb-2">
                <span className="font-medium">{category}
                   span>
                          {spent} / {budget} </span>
                <span>
              </div>
              <Progress value={progress} className="h-2" />
            </Card>
        })}
      </div>
    </div>
  );
}
```

6.6 ExpenseList.tsx

```
"use-client";
import { useState } from "react";
import {
   Table,
   TableBody,
   TableCell,
   TableHead,
   TableHeader,
   TableRow,
} from "@/components/ui/table";
import { ArrowUpDown, Trash2 } from "lucide-react";
import { Button } from "@/components/ui/button";
```

```
export default function ExpenseList({ expenses }) {
 const [sortConfig , setSortConfig] = useState({
    key: null,
    direction: "ascending",
 });
 const sortedExpenses = [...expenses].sort((a, b) => {
    if (!sortConfig.key) return 0;
    const aValue = a [sortConfig.key];
    const bValue = b[sortConfig.key];
    if (sortConfig.key === "amount") {
      return sortConfig.direction == "ascending"
        ? Number (aValue) - Number (bValue)
        : Number(bValue) - Number(aValue);
    }
    if (sortConfig.key == "date") {
      return sortConfig.direction == "ascending"
        ? new Date(aValue).getTime() - new Date(bValue).
           getTime()
        : new Date(bValue).getTime() - new Date(aValue).
           getTime();
    }
   return sortConfig.direction == "ascending"
      ? aValue.localeCompare(bValue)
      : bValue.localeCompare(aValue);
 });
 const requestSort = (key) \Rightarrow \{
    let direction = "ascending";
    if (sortConfig.key === key && sortConfig.direction ===
      "ascending") {
      direction = "descending";
    setSortConfig({ key, direction });
  };
 const getSortIcon = (key) \Rightarrow \{
    if (sortConfig.key === key) {
      return (
        <ArrowUpDown
          className = \{ ml-2 \ h-4 \ w-4 \ inline \ \}
```

```
sortConfig.direction == "descending"?"
             transform - rotate - 180": ""
    );
  return <ArrowUpDown className="ml-2-h-4-w-4-inline-
     opacity -20" />;
};
return (
  <div>
    <h2 className="text-2xl-font-semibold-mb-4">Recent
       Expenses </h2>
    <Table>
      <TableHeader>
        <TableRow>
          <TableHead>
            <Button
              variant="ghost"
              onClick={() => requestSort("date")}
              className="hover:bg-transparent-p-0-font-
                 medium"
              Date {getSortIcon("date")}
            </Button>
          </TableHead>
          <TableHead>
            <Button
              variant="ghost"
              onClick={() => requestSort("category")}
              className="hover:bg-transparent-p-0-font-
                 medium"
              Category {getSortIcon("category")}
            </Button>
          </TableHead>
          <TableHead>
            <Button
              variant="ghost"
              onClick={() => requestSort("description")}
              className="hover:bg-transparent-p-0-font-
                 medium"
            >
              Description {getSortIcon("description")}
            </Button>
```

```
</TableHead>
          <TableHead className="text-right">
            <Button
               variant="ghost"
               onClick={() => requestSort("amount")}
               className="hover:bg-transparent-p-0-font-
                 medium - ml-auto"
              Amount {getSortIcon("amount")}
            </Button>
          </TableHead>
        </TableRow>
      </TableHeader>
      <TableBody>
        {sortedExpenses.map((expense) => (
          <TableRow key={expense.id}>
            <TableCell>{expense.date}</TableCell>
            <TableCell>{expense.category}</TableCell>
            <TableCell>{expense.description}</TableCell>
            <TableCell className="text-right"> {expense
                .amount}</TableCell>
            <TableCell>
              <button>
                <Trash2 color="#f17e70"/>
              </button>
            </TableCell>
          </TableRow>
        ))}
      </TableBody>
    </Table>
  </div>
);
```

7. Conclusion

The AI-Powered Expense Tracker application successfully addresses the challenges associated with traditional expense management by leveraging cutting-edge technologies such as Next.js 14 and GPT-40. By intelligently categorizing expenses and providing insightful financial analytics, the application significantly reduces the time and effort required for expense tracking and analysis.

The integration of GPT-40 enables a seamless user experience where financial insights are automatically generated, helping users make better financial decisions. The application's responsive design ensures accessibility across different devices, allowing users to manage their expenses anytime, anywhere.

Future enhancements could include integration with banking APIs for automatic transaction imports, advanced budget forecasting using predictive AI models, and expanded reporting capabilities for business users. As AI technology continues to evolve, the expense tracker can be further refined to provide even more personalized financial insights and recommendations.