

Linear Algebra for Data Science & Machine Learning in Python

Determinants



DETERMINANT



Determinant: is function mapping matrix to real scalars



Determinant: can be computed only for square matrices



Determinant of a 2 x 2 matrix gives the area



Determinant of a 3 x 3 matrix gives the volume

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2 \times 2$$

$$det(M) = |M| = a * d - b * c$$

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 1 \\ 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2 \times 2$$

$$det(M) = 5 * 2 - 1 * 4$$

$$= 10 - 4$$

$$= 6$$

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} a & b & c \\ d & e & f \\ g & h & i \end{bmatrix}$$

$$3 \times 3$$

$$|M| = a \begin{vmatrix} e & f \\ h & i \end{vmatrix} - b \begin{vmatrix} d & f \\ g & i \end{vmatrix} + c \begin{vmatrix} d & e \\ g & h \end{vmatrix}$$

$$|M| = a(e * i - f * h) - b(d * i - f * g) + c(d * h - e * g)$$

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 4 \\ -1 & 5 & -3 \\ 3 & -1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|M| = 2 \begin{vmatrix} 5 & -3 \\ -1 & 4 \end{vmatrix} - 3 \begin{vmatrix} -1 & -3 \\ 3 & 4 \end{vmatrix} + 4 \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 5 \\ 3 & -1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$|M| = 2(5*4 - (-3*-1)) - 3(-1*4 - (-3*3)) + 4(-1*-1 - 5*3)$$

$$|M| = 2(20 - 3) - 3(-4 - (-9)) + 4(1 - 15)$$

$$2(20 - 3) - 3(-4 + 9) + 4(1 - 15)$$

$$2(17) - 3(5) + 4(-14) = 34 - 15 - 56 = -37$$





Determinant of 2 x 2 matrix:

$$|M| = a * d - b * c$$

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Determinant of 3 x 3 matrix:

using |M| of 2×2 submatrices

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Determinant of 4 x 4 matrix:

using |M| of 3×3 submatrices

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Determinant of n x n matrix:

using |M| of $(n-1) \times (n-1)$ submatrices

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & \dots & a_{1n} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & \dots & a_{2n} \\ \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\ a_{n1} & a_{n2} & \dots & a_{nn} \end{bmatrix}$$



Its better to select a row or column of matrix which contains many zeros



Determinant: can be positive, negative or zero



A matrix with Determinant as zero is a singular matrix

