



## **PRACTICAL REPORT : Social Engineering Lab: Intel Gathering & Vishing Simulation**

### **Aim / Objective**

The objective of this practical is to study **social engineering attack techniques** by simulating a **vishing (voice phishing) and pretexting scenario** in a controlled virtual environment. The lab focuses on **open-source intelligence (OSINT) gathering, relationship mapping, and understanding social engineering payload workflows**, without performing any real attack.

### **Scope and Ethical Disclaimer**

This experiment was conducted **strictly for educational purposes** using:

- Dummy target identities
- Fictional phone numbers
- Role-play based simulations
- No real victims, calls, payloads, or exploitation

The goal is to understand **attacker methodology** in order to design **better defensive controls**.



## Tools Used

Tool	Purpose
Kali Linux	Security testing operating system
PhoneInfoga	OSINT tool for phone number analysis
Maltego	Relationship and link analysis
Social-Engineer Toolkit (SET)	Social engineering attack simulation
VirtualBox / VMware	Virtual lab environment

## Theoretical :

### ❖ Social Engineering

**Social engineering** is a psychological manipulation technique where attackers exploit **human trust, fear, authority, or urgency** to obtain sensitive information. Unlike technical hacking, it targets **people instead of systems**.

Examples:

- Phishing (email)
- Vishing (voice)



- Smishing (SMS)
- Pretexting

## ❖ Vishing (Voice Phishing)

**Vishing** is a type of social engineering attack where the attacker uses **phone calls** to impersonate trusted entities (IT support, bank officials) to extract confidential information.

Key characteristics:

- Authority impersonation
- Urgency creation
- Emotional manipulation

## ❖ Pretexting

**Pretexting** involves creating a **false but believable story** to convince the victim to share information.

Example:

“I am calling from the IT department regarding a security incident.”

Pretexting is often used **before phishing or vishing**.



## ❖ OSINT (Open-Source Intelligence)

**OSINT** refers to collecting information from **publicly available sources** such as:

- Phone metadata
- Social media
- Public records
- Search engines

OSINT is legal and widely used in:

- Penetration testing
- Threat intelligence
- Digital forensics



## ❖ PhoneInfoga

```
(kali@kali)-[/opt]
└─$ phoneinfoga scan -n 5551234
Running scan for phone number 5551234 ...

Results for googlesearch
Social media:
  URL: https://www.google.com/search?q=site%3Afacebook.com+intext%3A%225551234%22+%7C+intext%3A%222B5551234%22+%7C+intext%3A%2251234%22
  URL: https://www.google.com/search?q=site%3Atwitter.com+intext%3A%225551234%22+%7C+intext%3A%222B5551234%22+%7C+intext%3A%2251234%22
  URL: https://www.google.com/search?q=site%3Alinkedin.com+intext%3A%225551234%22+%7C+intext%3A%222B5551234%22+%7C+intext%3A%2251234%22
  URL: https://www.google.com/search?q=site%3Ainstagram.com+intext%3A%225551234%22+%7C+intext%3A%222B5551234%22+%7C+intext%3A%2251234%22
  URL: https://www.google.com/search?q=site%3Avk.com+intext%3A%225551234%22+%7C+intext%3A%222B5551234%22+%7C+intext%3A%2251234%22
Disposable providers:
  URL: https://www.google.com/search?q=site%3Ahs3x.com+intext%3A%225551234%22
  URL: https://www.google.com/search?q=site%3Areceive-sms-now.com+intext%3A%225551234%22+%7C+intext%3A%2251234%22
  URL: https://www.google.com/search?q=site%3Asmslisten.com+intext%3A%225551234%22+%7C+intext%3A%2251234%22
  URL: https://www.google.com/search?q=site%3Asmsnumberonline.com+intext%3A%225551234%22+%7C+intext%3A%2251234%22
  URL: https://www.google.com/search?q=site%3Afreesmscode.com+intext%3A%225551234%22+%7C+intext%3A%2251234%22
  URL: https://www.google.com/search?q=site%3Acatchsms.com+intext%3A%225551234%22+%7C+intext%3A%2251234%22
  URL: https://www.google.com/search?q=site%3Asmsstibo.com+intext%3A%225551234%22+%7C+intext%3A%2251234%22
```

**PhoneInfoga** is an OSINT tool used to gather intelligence about phone numbers, including:

- Carrier information
- Country/region
- Number validity
- Online references

Attackers use it to build **target profiles** before social engineering attacks.



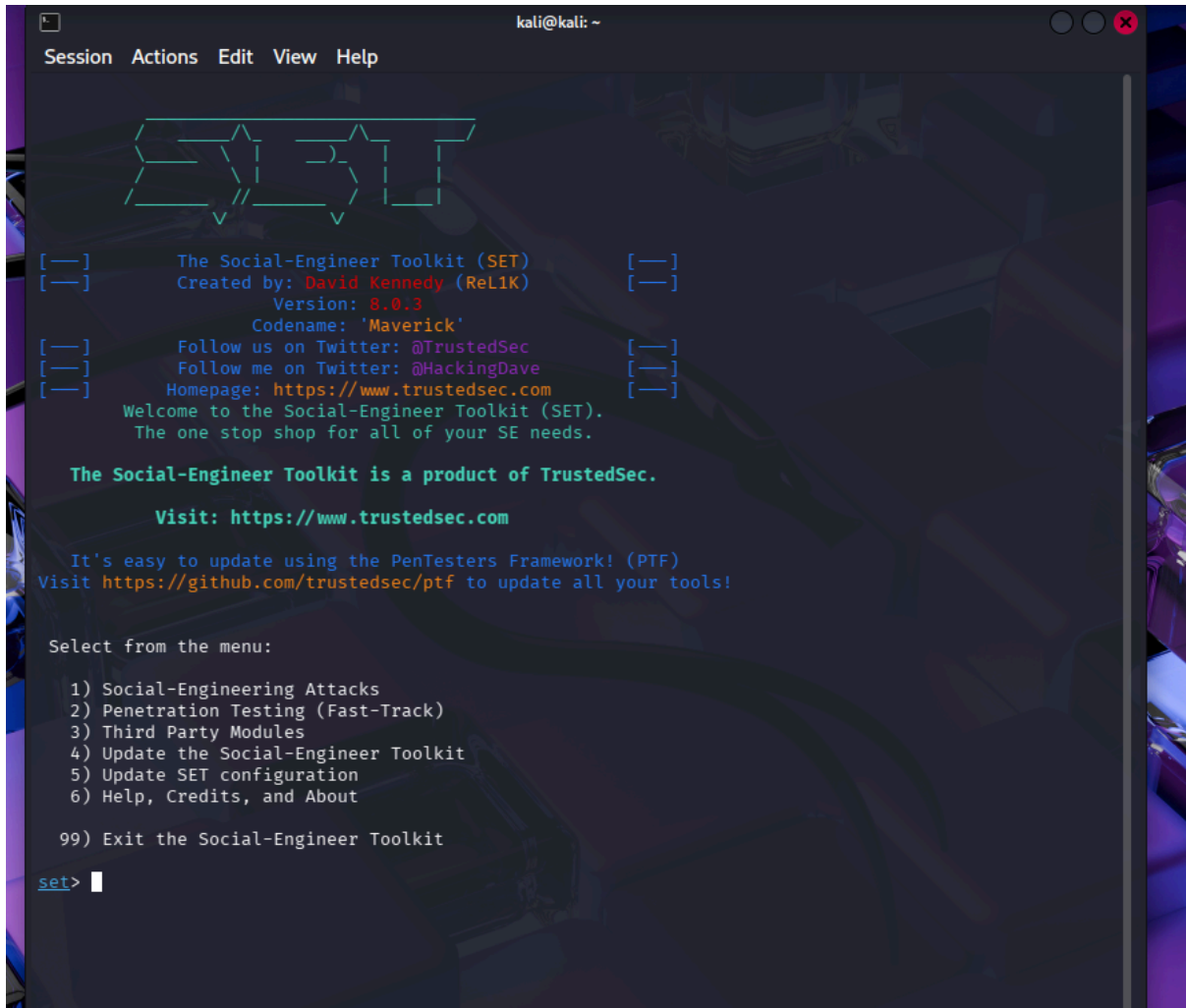
## ❖ Maltego



**Maltego** is a link-analysis tool used to visualize relationships between:

- People
- Phone numbers
- Emails
- Domains
- Organizations

It helps attackers correlate scattered data into **actionable intelligence**.



- Phishing
- Payload generation
- Vishing planning
- Attack workflow study



## ❖ Payload (Theory Only)

A **payload** is a piece of code delivered to a victim system to perform malicious actions such as:

- Reverse shell access
- Remote control
- Data exfiltration

⚠ In this lab, payloads were **not generated or executed**.

## Lab Environment

- **OS:** Kali Linux
- **Target:** Dummy target (TID001)
- **Network:** Isolated virtual environment
- **Attack Type:** Simulated vishing & pretexting

## Step-by-Step Methodology

### Dummy Target Creation

A fictional target profile was defined.





Attribute	Value
Target ID	TID001
Role	Support Staff (Dummy)
Phone Number	555-1234
Organization	DemoCorp (Fictional)

## Intelligence Gathering Using PhoneInfoga

```
URL: https://www.google.com/search?q=site%3Awhynotcall.me+intext%3A%225551234%22+%7C+intext%3A%222B5551234%22+%7C+intext%3A%2251234%22

URL: https://www.google.com/search?q=site%3Alocatefamily.com+intext%3A%225551234%22+%7C+intext%3A%222B5551234%22+%7C+intext%3A%2251234%22

URL: https://www.google.com/search?q=site%3Apytox.com+intext%3A%2251234%22

General:
URL: https://www.google.com/search?q=intext%3A%225551234%22+%7C+intext%3A%222B5551234%22+%7C+intext%3A%2251234%22+%7C+intext%3A%2251234%22

URL: https://www.google.com/search?q=%28ext%3Adoc+%7C+ext%3Adocx+%7C+ext%3Aodt+%7C+ext%3Apdf+%7C+ext%3Artf+%7C+ext%3Asxw+%7C+ext%3Apsw+%7C+ext%3Appt+%7C+ext%3Apptx+%7C+ext%3Apps+%7C+ext%3Acsv+%7C+ext%3Atxt+%7C+ext%3Axls%29+intext%3A%225551234%22+%7C+intext%3A%222B5551234%22+%7C+intext%3A%2251234%22

Results for local
Raw local: 51234
Local: 51234
E164: +5551234
International: 5551234
Country: BR

2 scanner(s) succeeded

(kali@kali)-[~]
$
```

### Command executed:

phoneinfoga scan -n 5551234

### Observed Data:



- Phone number format
- Regional metadata
- Limited OSINT references

### **Problem Faced:**

- Limited results returned

### **Reason:**

- Dummy phone number used

### **Resolution:**

- Data treated as simulated OSINT output

## **Relationship Mapping Using Maltego**

### **Steps:**

1. Launch Maltego
2. Create a new graph
3. Add Phone Number entity
4. Run OSINT transforms



## Observation:

- Minimal results due to fictional data

## Solution:

- Relationships manually documented for simulation

## Intelligence Log

Target ID	Data Source	Information	Notes
TID001	PhoneInfoga	Phone: 555-1234	Dummy
TID001	Maltego	Org association	Simulated

## Social Engineering Simulation Using SET

SET was launched:

```
sudo setoolkit
```

Menu path followed:

Social-Engineering Attacks

→ Create a Payload and Listener

At the payload selection screen, various payload options were displayed such as:



- Reverse TCP shell
- Meterpreter payloads
- HTTPS-based payloads

 **No payload was selected or generated.**

## Mock Vishing Script

**A pretext-based vishing script was designed.**

### Sample Script:

“Hello, this is Alex from the IT security team. We detected suspicious login activity on your account. To prevent suspension, I need to verify your employee ID.”

The script was tested via **role-play only**.

## Impact Analysis (Theoretical)

If such an attack were executed in real life, it could result in:

- Credential theft
- Unauthorized system access
- Data breaches
- Further network compromise



This demonstrates that **human vulnerability is a major security risk**.

## Mitigation and Defensive Measures

1. Security awareness training
2. Caller verification procedures
3. Multi-factor authentication (MFA)
4. Incident reporting policies
5. Zero-trust communication
6. Regular social engineering drills

## Result

- ❖ OSINT gathering simulated successfully
- ❖ Relationship mapping demonstrated
- ❖ Vishing and pretexting workflow understood
- ❖ SET payload workflow observed ethically

## Conclusion

This demonstrated how attackers leverage **OSINT tools and psychological manipulation** to conduct social engineering attacks. Even without exploiting technical vulnerabilities, attackers can gain sensitive information by exploiting human trust. Proper training, verification mechanisms, and awareness are critical defenses against such attacks.