Big Data Analysis using PySpark on NYC Taxi (Jan 2015)

Introduction / Objective

Analyze NYC Taxi Data using PySpark to demonstrate scalable data processing.

```
# pip install pyspark

Requirement already satisfied: pyspark in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (3.5.1)
Requirement already satisfied: py4j==0.10.9.7 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from pyspark) (0.10.9.7)

Double-click (or enter) to edit
```

Load the CSV file

```
data = spark.read.csv("/content/yellow_tripdata_2015-01.csv",header=True, inferSc

data.printSchema()
data.show(5)

    root
```

```
root

|-- VendorID: integer (nullable = true)
|-- tpep_pickup_datetime: timestamp (nullable = true)
|-- tpep_dropoff_datetime: timestamp (nullable = true)
|-- passenger_count: integer (nullable = true)
|-- trip_distance: double (nullable = true)
|-- pickup_longitude: double (nullable = true)
|-- pickup_latitude: double (nullable = true)
|-- RateCodeID: integer (nullable = true)
|-- store_and_fwd_flag: string (nullable = true)
|-- dropoff_longitude: double (nullable = true)
|-- dropoff_latitude: double (nullable = true)
```

```
-- payment type: integer (nullable = true)
 |-- fare amount: double (nullable = true)
 -- extra: double (nullable = true)
 -- mta tax: double (nullable = true)
 |-- tip amount: double (nullable = true)
 -- tolls amount: double (nullable = true)
 |-- improvement surcharge: double (nullable = true)
 |-- total amount: double (nullable = true)
|VendorID|tpep pickup datetime|tpep dropoff datetime|passenger count|trip distance| pickup longitude| pickup latitude|RateCoc
       2 | 2015-01-15 19:05:39 | 2015-01-15 19:23:42
                                                                              1.59 -73.993896484375 40.7501106262207
       1 | 2015-01-10 20:33:38 | 2015-01-10 20:53:28
                                                                             3.3 -74.00164794921875 40.7242431640625
                                                                          1.8 | -73.96334075927734 | 40.80278778076172 |
       1 | 2015-01-10 20:33:38 | 2015-01-10 20:43:41 |
                                                                   11
                                                                   1|
                                                                               0.5 | -74.00908660888672 | 40.71381759643555 |
       1 2015-01-10 20:33:39 2015-01-10 20:35:31
       1 | 2015-01-10 20:33:39 | 2015-01-10 20:52:58
                                                                               3.0 | -73.97117614746094 | 40.762428283691406 |
only showing top 5 rows
```

```
Clean the data
                                                                                                                      Q
*/ Generate
                                                                                                                              Close
df cleaned = data.select("tpep pickup datetime", "total amount", "passenger count") \
               .dropna()
df cleaned.show(5)
df cleaned.printSchema()
     |tpep pickup datetime|total amount|passenger count|
       2015-01-15 19:05:39
                                  17.05
       2015-01-10 20:33:38
                                   17.8
                                                      1
       2015-01-10 20:33:38
                                   10.8
                                                      1
       2015-01-10 20:33:39
                                    4.8
      2015-01-10 20:33:39
                                   16.3
```

```
root
|-- tpep_pickup_datetime: timestamp (nullable = true)
|-- total_amount: double (nullable = true)
|-- passenger_count: integer (nullable = true)
```

Feature Engineering: Pickup Hour

```
from pyspark.sql.functions import hour, col

df_with_hour = df_cleaned.withColumn("pickup_hour", hour(col("tpep_pickup_datetime")))
df_with_hour.show(5)
```

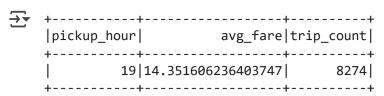
Group by pickup hour

```
from pyspark.sql.functions import avg, count
hourly_summary = df_with_hour.groupBy("pickup_hour") \
    .agg(
```

pickup_hour	avg_fare	trin countl
+	uvg_rurc	
. 0 1	5.886732786137715	4386
: :	5.418101395032073	:
· :	15.46007056451597	:
3	15.63148639681478	1507
4 1	7.949745347698357	1021
5	19.80913300492608	1015
6 1	5.995419145483885	1849
7	14.30300642753471	4823
8	13.98042451853378	4829
9 1	4.040789277736415	5372
•	3.732300063304434	:
: :	3.760901268115767	:
	.3.939763723574393	:
: :	4.124811643835596	:
: :	5.106398791541157	:
: :	15.17538372285789	:
	15.27152296819803	:
	4.768366585563916	:
	4.674131596984688	
19 1	4.351606236403747	8274

Get peak hour

```
peak_hour = hourly_summary.orderBy(col("trip_count").desc()).limit(1)
peak_hour.show()
```



```
pandas_df = hourly_summary.toPandas()
pandas_df
```

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7	\blacksquare	
_	_	

	pickup_hour	avg_fare	trip_count	
0	0	15.886733	4386	ılı
1	1	15.418101	2939	+//
2	2	15.460071	1984	
3	3	15.631486	1507	
4	4	17.949745	1021	
5	5	19.809133	1015	
6	6	15.995419	1849	
7	7	14.303006	4823	
8	8	13.980425	4829	
9	9	14.040789	5372	
10	10	13.732300	4739	
11	11	13.760901	4416	
12	12	13.939764	5629	
13	13	14.124812	5256	
14	14	15.106399	6620	
15	15	15.175384	6033	
16	16	15.271523	5660	
17	17	14.768367	6165	
18	18	14.674132	7295	
19	19	14.351606	8274	
20	20	14.533636	6629	
21	21	14.729137	6674	

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22 22 15.449173 5635 **23** 23 15.908109 5663

Next steps: Generate code with pandas_df

View recommended plots

New interactive sheet

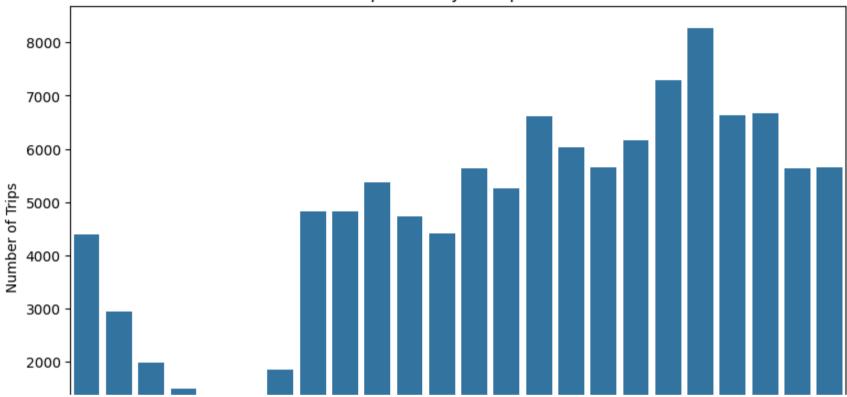
```
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
sns.barplot(x="pickup_hour", y="trip_count", data=pandas_df)
plt.title("Trip Count by Pickup Hour")
plt.xlabel("Hour of Day")
plt.ylabel("Number of Trips")
plt.show()
```

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Trip Count by Pickup Hour



** Average Fare per Passenger Count**

```
| passenger_count| avg_fare|trip_count|
| 0|13.370597014925375| 67|
| 0|14.648879103481534| 80846|
| 2|15.53719369286493| 16299|
| 3|15.101434901878058| 4739|
```

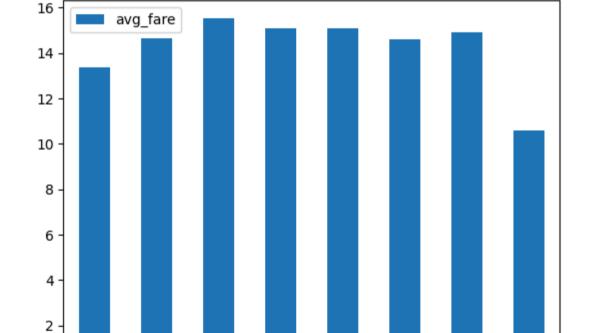
4 15.0924	152243447163	2251
5 14.6022	242945183532	6166
6 14.9115	65281898957	4044
9	10.6	1

df_passenger.toPandas().plot(kind="bar", x="passenger_count", y="avg_fare", title="Average Fare per Passenger Count")
plt.xlabel("Passenger Count")

9

6

→ Text(0.5, 0, 'Passenger Count')



Average Fare per Passenger Count

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m

Passenger Count

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Trip Distance vs Fare Analysis python Copy code

```
df_distance = data.select("trip_distance", "total_amount").dropna()
df_distance = df_distance.filter((col("trip_distance") > 0) & (col("total_amount") > 0))

df_distance_stats = df_distance.agg(
    avg("trip_distance").alias("avg_distance"),
    avg("total_amount").alias("avg_fare")
)
df_distance_stats.show()
```