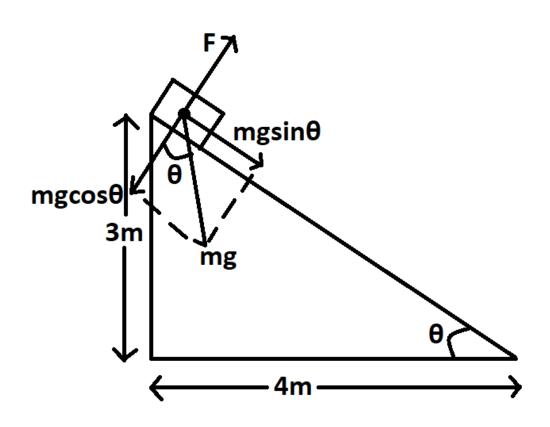
Assignment 2-Game Physics Hardik Dipakbhai Shah-101249099

Problem Solution:

<u>1A)</u>



<u>1B)</u>

We can put the Pythagorean theorem to calculate the length of inclined plane,

$$C^2 = A^2 + B^2$$

$$C = \sqrt{A^2 + B^2}$$

So, if we plug in the values, we know i.e. A=3,B=4

$$C = \sqrt{3^2 + 4^2}$$

$$C = \sqrt{9 + 16}$$

$$C = \sqrt{25}$$

$$C = 5$$

$$Cos\theta = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$Sin\theta = \frac{3}{5}$$

So, We can calculate the net Force

$$F = mgsin\theta$$

$$F = 12.8 \times 9.8 \times (\frac{3}{5})$$

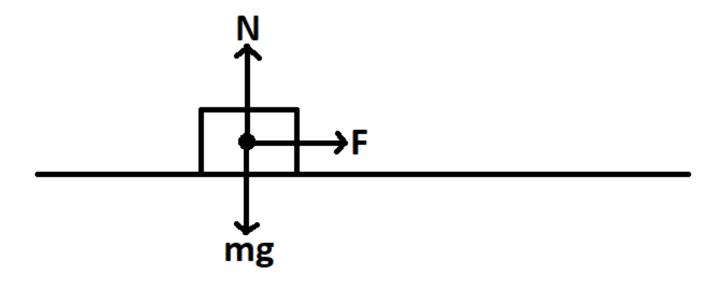
$$F = 75.3 \text{ N}$$

We know that F=ma. So for a

$$a = \frac{F}{m}$$

$$a = \frac{75.3}{12.8}$$

 $a=5.88\ ^m/_{S^2}$, this acceleration is constant down to the incline and the crate will increase it's speed as it moves down towards the Horizontal surface.



$$N = mg$$

$$N = 12.8 \times 9.8 = 125.44 N$$

$$F = \mu \times N = 0.42 \times 125.44 = 52.7$$
 N , to the left side

Again for the acceleration we can apply same equation,

$$a = \frac{F}{m}$$

$$a = \frac{57.2}{12.8}$$

$$a=4.12~^{m}/_{S^{2}}$$
, to the left

1D)

We know that the stored potential energy can be converted into kinetic energy. So, we can say that

$$\Delta K = U$$

$$^{1}/_{2}mv^{2}=mgh$$

$$v^2 = 2gh$$

$$v = \sqrt{2gh}$$

$$v = \sqrt{2 \times 9.8 \times 3}$$

$$v = \sqrt{58.8}$$

$$v = 7.67 \, m/_{S}$$

$$v = v_0 + at$$

$$t = \frac{v - v_0}{a}$$

$$t = \frac{0 - 7.67}{-4.12}$$

$$t = 1.86 s$$

$$v^2 = v_0^2 + 2ad$$

$$d = \frac{v^2 - v_0^2}{2a}$$

$$d = \frac{0 - 7.67}{2 \times (-4.12)}$$

$$d = 7.14 m$$

Assignment Solution Introduction:

Height_Ramp = h Width_Ramp = w

