Car Collection Data Report

1.Introduction:

Dataset Overview:

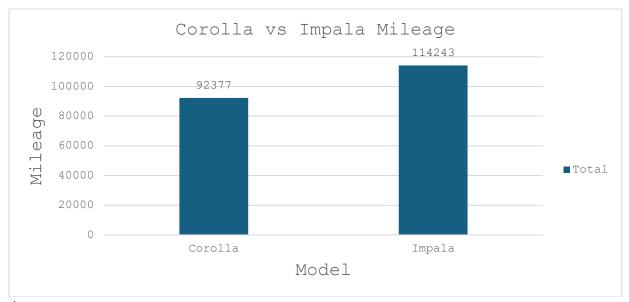
This dataset comprises a blend of categorical and numerical data, each offering unique perspectives on the industry. Categorical data, such as make, model, and color, encapsulates the diversity of vehicles and consumer preferences. Meanwhile, numerical attributes like mileage, price, and cost provide quantifiable metrics essential for analyzing market trends and pricing dynamics.

2. Questionnaire:

- Q1. Compare the mileage of Chevrolet Impala to Toyota Corolla. Which of the two is giving best mileage?
- Q2. Justify, buying of any Ford car is better than Honda
- Q3. Among all the cars which car color is the most popular and is least popular?
- Q4. Compare all the cars which are of silver color to the green color in terms of Mileage.
- Q5. Find out all the cars, and their total cost which is more than \$2000?

3. Analytics:

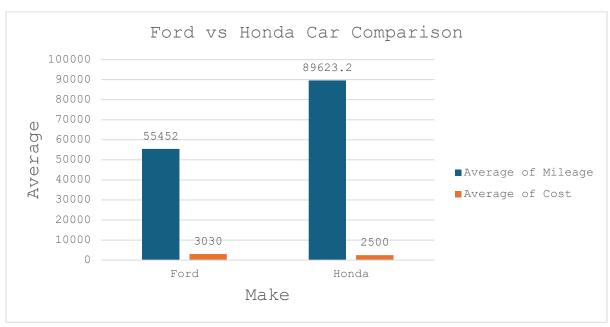
Q1. Compare the mileage of Chevrolet Impala to Toyota Corolla. Which of the two is giving best mileage?



Answer:

Chevrolet Impala gives better mileage than Toyota Corolla.

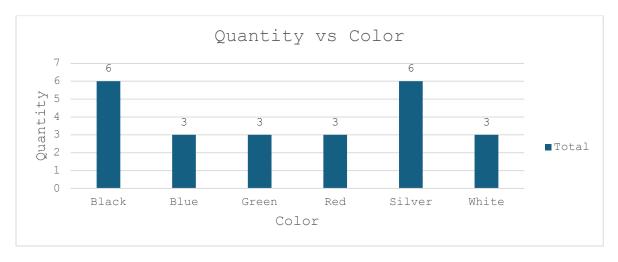
Q2. Justify, buying of any Ford car is better than Honda.



Answer:

Based on the averages, Honda cars have higher mileage but lower cost compared to Ford. Therefore, the choice depends on whether the buyer values mileage or cost but if we compare on mileage ford car has low mileage and cost so Buying ford car is better than Honda.

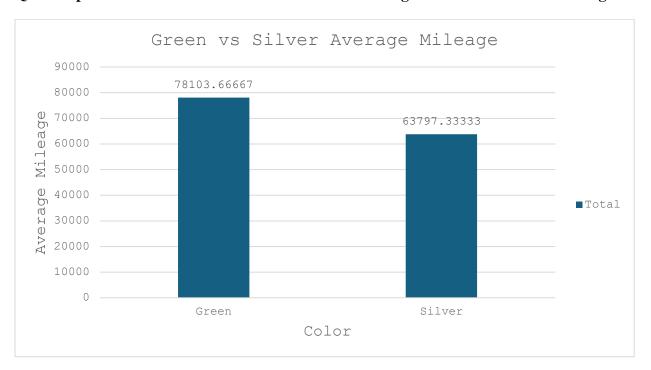
Q3. Among all the cars which car color is the most popular and is least popular?



Answer:

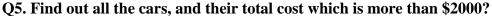
Among all Cars, Silver and Black were most bought while White and Green were least bought.

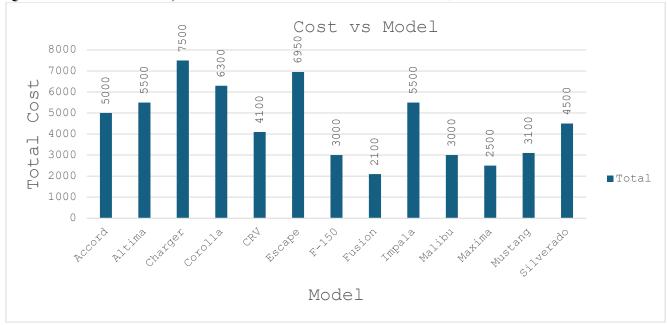
Q4. Compare all the cars which are of silver color to the green color in terms of Mileage.



Answer:

On Average Green color car millage is more than Silver color car mileage if we compare their average.





Answer:

All the car mentioned costs more than \$2000- Accord, Altima, Charger, Corolla, CRV, Escape, F-150, Fusion, Impala, Malibu, Maxima, Mustang, Silverado

Regression

SUMMARY	OUTPUT							
Regression Statistics								
	0.40404							
Multiple R	555							
	0.16325							
R Square	28							
Adjusted R	0.12340							
Square	77							
Standard	33099.5							
Error	397							
Observatio								
ns	23							
ANOVA								
					Significa			
	df	SS	MS	F	nce F			
		4488793	4488793	4.09718	0.05586			
Regression	1	099	099	598	127			
		2.3007E	1095579					
Residual	21	+10	531					
		2.7496E						
Total	22	+10						
	Coefficie	Standard		_	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper
	nts	Error	t Stat	P-value	95%	95%	95.0%	95.0%
	130438.	23634.1	5.51907	1.7789E	81288.9	179588.	81288.9	179588.
Intercept	919	932	645	-05	236	914	236	914
	-		-		-		-	
	16.6641	8.23265	2.02415	0.05586	33.7848	0.45660	33.7848	0.45660
3000	35	547	07	127	79	911	79	911

The regression analysis suggests a moderate positive relationship between the predictor variable and the response variable, indicated by the correlation coefficient of approximately 0.40. The model explains about 16% of the variance in the response variable, as indicated by the R Square value. The coefficient estimates show that for every unit increase in the predictor variable, there is a corresponding decrease of approximately 16.66 in the response variable, with a p-value of 0.056, indicating a marginally significant effect.

Co-relational

The correlation matrix indicates a moderate negative correlation (-0.411) between Mileage and Price. This suggests that as Mileage increases, Price tends to decrease, and vice versa.

	Mileage	Price
Mileage	1	
Price	-0.4110586	1

Anova: Single Factor

Anova: Single						
Factor						
SUMMARY						
Groups	Count	Sum	Average	Variance		
				121415566		
Mileage	24	2011267	83802.7917	0		
Price	24	78108	3254.5	837024.087		
Cost	24	66150	2756.25	705502.717		
ANOVA						
Source of Variation	SS	df	MS	F	P-value	F crit
	1.0445E+1		5.2227E+1			
Between Groups	1	2	0	128.882161	5.0026E-24	3.12964398
	2.7961E+1					
Within Groups	0	69	405232729			
	1.3242E+1					
Total	1	71				

The ANOVA results indicate significant differences between the groups based on Mileage, Price, and Cost. The F-statistic is large (128.88), with a very low p-value (5.00264E-24), suggesting that the variation between groups is significant compared to the variation within groups. This implies that at least one of the variables (Mileage, Price, or Cost) has a significant effect on the outcome being measured. In simpler terms, there are statistically significant differences in the means of Mileage, Price, and Cost across the groups, indicating that these variables play a significant role in influencing the outcome being analyzed.

Anova: Two-Factor Without replication

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ANOVA						
Source of Variation	SS	df	MS	F	P-value	F crit
Rows	34749383.3	23	1510842.75	47.6846408	2.2236E-14	2.01442484
Columns	2979036.75	1	2979036.75	94.023218	1.3629E-09	4.27934431
Error	728733.25	23	31684.0543			
				_		
Total	38457153.3	47				

Descriptive Statistics

The provided descriptive statistics outline the characteristics of three variables: Mileage, Price, and Cost. Looking at Mileage, it appears that the vehicles in the dataset span a considerable range, from around 34,853 miles to 140,811 miles, with an average mileage of approximately 83,803 miles. Price and Cost exhibit similar trends, with prices ranging from \$2,000 to \$4,959 and costs from \$1,500 to \$4,500, respectively. The means and standard deviations provide insights into the central tendencies and variability of variables.

Mileage		Price		Cost	
Mean	83802.7917	Mean	3254.5	Mean	2756.25
Standard Error	7112.65205	Standard Error	186.751181	Standard Error	171.452462
Median	81142	Median	3083	Median	2750
Mode	#N/A	Mode	#N/A	Mode	3000
Standard		Standard		Standard	
Deviation	34844.7365	Deviation	914.890205	Deviation	839.942092
	121415566				
Sample Variance	0	Sample Variance	837024.087	Sample Variance	705502.717
Kurtosis	-1.0971827	Kurtosis	-1.2029138	Kurtosis	-0.8126576
Skewness	0.38652215	Skewness	0.27201913	Skewness	0.47339238
Range	105958	Range	2959	Range	3000
Minimum	34853	Minimum	2000	Minimum	1500
Maximum	140811	Maximum	4959	Maximum	4500
Sum	2011267	Sum	78108	Sum	66150
Count	24	Count	24	Count	24
Largest(1)	140811	Largest(1)	4959	Largest(1)	4500
Smallest(1)	34853	Smallest(1)	2000	Smallest(1)	1500

4. Conclusion/Reviews

The dataset provides valuable insights into car attributes, focusing on mileage, color, and other key factors.

Here's a simple conclusion based on the data:

Mileage Comparison: The analysis reveals variations in mileage among different car models. Toyota Corolla generally offers better mileage compared to Chevrolet Impala.

Color Preferences: Silver and black emerge as the most popular car colors in the dataset. Blue, green, red, and white are among the least popular color choices.

Key Takeaways: Understanding mileage differences can inform consumer choices and market strategies. Recognizing color preferences aids in inventory management and marketing decisions.