

Environment Canada Climate Data Reader

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What We Have

In Canada, Environment Canada is the major source of the climate data (precipitation and temperature). The climate data could be downloaded from Environment Canada website (<http://climate.weather.gc.ca>) for each year in CSV format which contains 27 columns data. To be used in ArcSWAT or SWAT, these files must be processed in following way:

1. Extract min and max temperature and total precipitation from each file;
2. Combine the data of different years from the same station into one dbf or txt file in a format required by ArcSWAT.

Let's take a look. If 5 climate stations are located in/around the study watershed and the simulation period is 20 years, total $5 \times 20 = 100$ CSV files need to be downloaded first and then be processed into 5 dbf/txt files. It may take one or two days to finish this work. No modeler wants this.

Besides time consuming, this process is also error-prone. Large amount of files will be process in a same way. The brain and eye is easy to become tired. Wrong file may be processed or the same file may be processed twice. And the most important is that it's difficult to find these errors. Modeler usually never check the climate data again after they are there, which leave it impossible to figure out climate data related problems in the model.

What We Could Have

Since the climate data preparation process involves many repeated work, a program is the natural solution. Select stations, click a button and then go to get a coffee. All the files are ready when you get back. Ideally? Yes, that's the "Environment Canada Climate Data Reader" is trying to do.

Environment Canada Climate Data Reader, or just call it reader, is a .NET windows program designed to download climate data from Environment Canada and generate result files in a specific format (of course, it supports ArcSWAT dbf and txt format). With it, you could enjoy your coffee when doing work😊

Quick Guide

1. Give Stations – Which stations will be used?

Station ID is the unique ID used by Environment Canada to identify each climate station. Before using reader, these IDs must be retrieved based on station name. If you don't how to get the station id, just hit [Station ID?](#) and a short tutorial will show you how to do that.

How to Find Station ID

How to get station ID from station name

1. Go to <http://climate.weather.gc.ca/>.
2. In Step 1, select "Daily".
3. In Step 2, choose a year in which there could be some daily data.
4. In Step 3, input the station name

Accessing the Data

Follow these steps to access historical climate data:

Step 1: Select data interval

☐ Hourly
 ☒ Daily
 ☐ Monthly

Step 2: Select date

Year:
 Month:
 Day:

Step 3: Type in location name and select Search

☒ contains
 ☐ begins with

5. Hit the "Search" Button.
6. If more than one station is given, select the station you want to use.
7. Then you will be navigated to the daily data report page.

Daily Data Report for December 2013

Already got station IDs? Let's give the ID(s) to the reader first.

Stations

☒ One Station

☐ Multiple Station

Assume the first column is station name and the second column is station id.

1) Only got one station? Good, just select ☒ One Station option and input the station id in the box.

Want to know the information of this station? Hit to check basic information of this station (to make sure correction station is used).

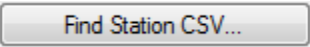
Station Information - 29886

Name	DEERWOOD RCS
Province	MANITOBA
Latitude	49.40
Longitude	-98.32
Elevation	341.40

- 2) Got more than one station? That's normal. First prepare a csv file in Excel or any text editor, in which the first column is the station name and the second column is station id. It may look like this:

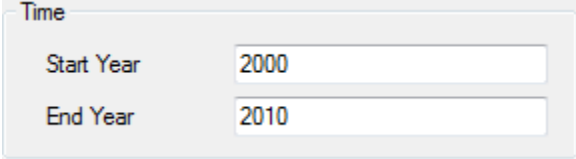
name,id

deerwood,29886

CSV file is ready? Select ☒ Multiple Station option and hit  to load the file.

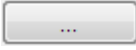
2. Give Time Range – What's your simulation period?


The simulation period may or may not be decided yet. No problem, just make it longer. ArcSWAT and SWAT would read the right data based on date.

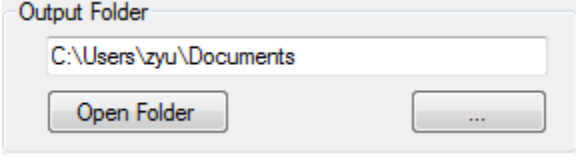


A dialog box titled "Time" with two input fields. The "Start Year" field contains the value "2000" and the "End Year" field contains the value "2010".

3. Select an Output Folder – Where do you want to save the result files?

The default output folder is the my document folder. Hit  if you don't like this.

 will open the given folder, which will allow you to check the result files.



A dialog box titled "Output Folder" with a text field containing the path "C:\Users\zyu\Documents". Below the text field are two buttons: "Open Folder" and a browse button (three dots).

4. Select an Output Format and Data Fields – What format do you prefer and Which data do you like?

Want to just use climate data in ArcSWAT? No problem, just select ☒ ArcSWAT Daily dBase (.dbf) or ☒ ArcSWAT Daily ASCII (.txt) and you are good to go (only min and max temperature and total precipitation will be exported).

Want some free air and do some analysis on the data? No problem, select ☐ Free Format Text (.txt) or ☒ Free Format CSV (.csv) and select any climate data you want in the list.

Want the final SWAT format? Yes, for people who don't use ArcSWAT, just select ☒ SWAT Input (.pcp, .tmp) (only min and max temperature and total precipitation will be exported).

Format

☒ ArcSWAT Daily dBase (.dbf)
☐ ArcSWAT Daily ASCII (.txt)
☐ Free Format Text (.txt)
☐ Free Format CSV (.csv)
☐ SWAT Input (.pcp, .tmp)

☐ Max Temp (°C)
☐ Min Temp (°C)
☐ Mean Temp (°C)
☐ Heat Deg Days (°C)
☐ Cool Deg Days (°C)
☐ Total Rain (mm)
☐ Total Snow (cm)
☐ Total Precip (mm)
☐ Snow on Gmd (cm)
☐ Dir of Max Gust (10s deg)
☐ Spd of Max Gust (km/h)

Download

5. Start Download and Drink Coffee

Ready? Hit [Download](#) to start the work. Progress message will be given on the bottom.

Download Environment Canada Climate Data - Daily

Stations

☒ One Station

☐ Multiple Station

Assume the first column is station name and the second column is station id.

Time

Start Year

End Year

Output Folder

Format

☒ ArcSWAT Daily dBase (.dbf)

☐ ArcSWAT Daily ASCII (.txt)

☐ Free Format Text (.txt)

☐ Free Format CSV (.csv)

☐ SWAT Input (.pcp, .tmp)

☐ Max Temp (°C)

☐ Min Temp (°C)

☐ Mean Temp (°C)

☐ Heat Deg Days (°C)

☐ Cool Deg Days (°C)

☐ Total Rain (mm)

☐ Total Snow (cm)

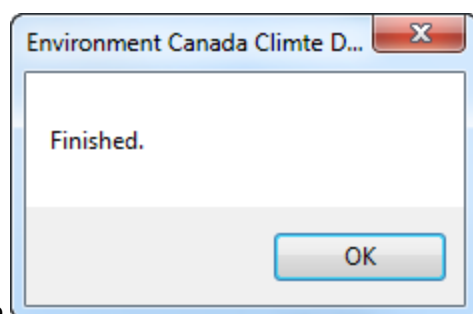
☐ Total Precip (mm)

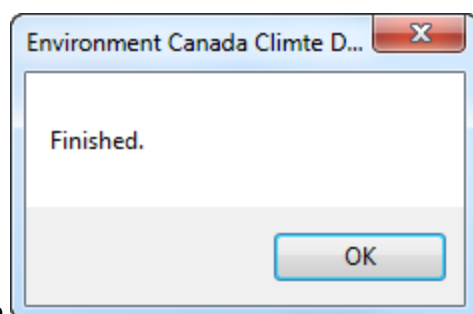
☐ Snow on Gmd (cm)

☐ Dir of Max Gust (10s deg)

☐ Spd of Max Gust (km/h)

Processing station 29886
 C:\Users\zyu\Documents\P29886.dbf
 C:\Users\zyu\Documents\T29886.dbf
 Downloading data for station: 29886, year: 2000
 Writing data
 Downloading data for station: 29886, year: 2001
 Writing data
 Downloading data for station: 29886, year: 2002
 Writing data
 Downloading data for station: 29886, year: 2003
 Writing data
 Downloading data for station: 29886, year: 2004
 Writing data
 Downloading data for station: 29886, year: 2005
 Writing data
 Downloading data for station: 29886, year: 2006
 Writing data
 Downloading data for station: 29886, year: 2007



When you see , it's done.

6. Check Result Files

Curious about the results? Hit to open the output folder and open the result files. You may want to know the name convention for different format.

- 1) ☒ ArcSWAT Daily dBase (.dbf) P[Station ID].dbf for precipitation and T[Station ID].dbf for temperature, e.g. P29886.dbf and T29886.dbf.
- 2) ☐ ArcSWAT Daily ASCII (.txt) P[Station ID].txt for precipitation and T[Station ID].txt for temperature, e.g. P29886.txt and T29886.txt.
- 3) ☐ Free Format Text (.txt) [Station ID].txt, e.g. 29886.txt.
- 4) ☐ Free Format CSV (.csv) [Station ID].csv, e.g. 29886.csv.
- 5) ☐ SWAT Input (.pcp, .tmp) pcp1.pcp for precipitation and tmp1.tmp for temperature.