sunrise and set

```
CAsb <- read.csv("~/gitRepos/teaching/ResearchCircle2020/ca_san_bernardino_2019_08_13.csv")
str(CAsb)
                    90523 obs. of 12 variables:
## 'data.frame':
   $ raw row number : Factor w/ 90523 levels "1","1000|1001",...: 11533 11532 11531 11529 11528 11527 1
                      : Factor w/ 2108 levels "2011-12-13", "2011-12-14", ...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ date
##
   $ time
                     : Factor w/ 53629 levels "00:00:03", "00:00:07",...: 7024 10634 10832 10852 10922 10
## $ location
                      : Factor w/ 21610 levels ",MCDONALDS HL/G",..: 5572 14393 21216 7541 7541 10903 79
                      : num 34.1 NA 34.1 34.1 34.1 ...
## $ lat
                      : num -117 NA -117 -117 -117 ...
   $ lng
##
                     : Factor w/ 1 level "vehicular": NA 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
##
    $ type
## $ disposition
                     : Factor w/ 652 levels "ADM", "ADM|ADV", ...: 9 9 9 9 9 9 233 233 510 233 ...
## $ arrest_made
                     : logi FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE ...
## $ citation_issued: logi FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE ...
                      : Factor w/ 2 levels "arrest", "citation": NA NA NA NA NA NA 2 2 NA 2 \dots
## $ outcome
                     : Factor w/ 2 levels "CKS", "T": 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ raw_CallType
  1. First I notice two things about the date/time. (1) they are coded as factors (they should be dates, but
    at the very minimum, characters), (2) they are separate columns, and they might need to be combined.
NOTICE THE DIFFERENT TYPES OF VARIABLES IN THE COLUMN HEADERS!!!
CAsb <- CAsb %>%
  dplyr::mutate(datetime = lubridate::ymd_hms(paste(as.character(date), as.character(time))),
                date2 = lubridate::as_date(lubridate::ymd(as.character(date))))
# check to make sure it did what we wanted it to do
CAsb %>%
  select(date, date2, time, datetime) %>%
  head()
##
           date
                      date2
                                time
                                                 datetime
## 1 2011-12-13 2011-12-13 04:23:19 2011-12-13 04:23:19
## 2 2011-12-13 2011-12-13 07:14:51 2011-12-13 07:14:51
## 3 2011-12-13 2011-12-13 07:20:38 2011-12-13 07:20:38
## 4 2011-12-13 2011-12-13 07:21:08 2011-12-13 07:21:08
## 5 2011-12-13 2011-12-13 07:22:59 2011-12-13 07:22:59
## 6 2011-12-13 2011-12-13 07:23:59 2011-12-13 07:23:59
  2. Next I tried many of the bazillion different functions in R that will calculate the sunrise times. They
    each had a very specific format for the date/time required. Also, many of them had trouble with
    situations where lat and/or long was missing. The function getSunlightTimes in the package suncalc
    seems to deal well with missing information.
For multiple lat/long/dates, the data= argument is required.
temp <- data.frame(date = CAsb$date2, lat = CAsb$lat, lon = CAsb$lng)</pre>
getSunlightTimes(data = temp, keep = "sunrise") %>%
           date
                     lat
                                lon
                                                 sunrise
```

<NA>

1 2011-12-13 34.12160 -117.2782 2011-12-13 14:47:29

NA

NA

2 2011-12-13

```
## 3 2011-12-13 34.11289 -117.2756 2011-12-13 14:47:27
## 4 2011-12-13 34.07797 -117.2815 2011-12-13 14:47:23
## 5 2011-12-13 34.07797 -117.2815 2011-12-13 14:47:23
## 6 2011-12-13 NA NA <NA>
```

6

<NA>

3. Next I wrote a function (got this idea from the Stack Overflow page when looking at sunriset).

```
oursunriseset <- function(latitude, longitude, date, direction = c("sunrise", "sunset")) {
  date.lat.long <- data.frame(date = date, lat = latitude, lon = longitude)
  if(direction == "sunrise"){
    getSunlightTimes(data = date.lat.long, keep=direction)$sunrise }else{
    getSunlightTimes(data = date.lat.long, keep=direction)$sunset }
}</pre>
```

4. Let's check to make sure the function works how we think it should. Remember that we need it to keep only the **one** column associated with the sunrise (or sunset).

```
oursunriseset(CAsb$lat, CAsb$lng, CAsb$date2, direction = "sunrise") %>% head()
## [1] "2011-12-13 14:47:29 UTC" NA
## [3] "2011-12-13 14:47:27 UTC" "2011-12-13 14:47:23 UTC"
## [5] "2011-12-13 14:47:23 UTC" NA
  5. Let's use it in the mutate function!
CAsb %>%
  dplyr::mutate(sunrise = oursunriseset(lat, lng, date2, direction = "sunrise"),
                sunset = oursunriseset(lat, lng, date2, direction = "sunset")) %>%
  select(date, time, date2, lat, lng, sunrise, sunset) %>%
 head()
##
           date
                    time
                              date2
                                          lat
                                                    lng
                                                                     sunrise
## 1 2011-12-13 04:23:19 2011-12-13 34.12160 -117.2782 2011-12-13 14:47:29
## 2 2011-12-13 07:14:51 2011-12-13
                                           NA
                                                     NA
## 3 2011-12-13 07:20:38 2011-12-13 34.11289 -117.2756 2011-12-13 14:47:27
## 4 2011-12-13 07:21:08 2011-12-13 34.07797 -117.2815 2011-12-13 14:47:23
## 5 2011-12-13 07:22:59 2011-12-13 34.07797 -117.2815 2011-12-13 14:47:23
## 6 2011-12-13 07:23:59 2011-12-13
                                           NA
                                                     NΑ
                                                                        <NA>
##
                  sunset
## 1 2011-12-14 00:41:52
                    < N A >
## 3 2011-12-14 00:41:53
## 4 2011-12-14 00:42:00
## 5 2011-12-14 00:42:00
```