WU #13 - non-nested choices

Math 158 - Jo Hardin

Thursday 3/10/2022

Name:	_
Names of people you worked with:	

Consider the regression model handouts concerning the birth weight data. The task below is to compare two un-nested models. That is, you have to decide if you'd prefer to have smoking habit in the model or term (the length of the pregnancy, as a categorical variable).

According to $R_{a,p}^2$, C_p , and BIC_p , which model (Model 1 or Model 2?) seems better? Which one would you use?

Model 1 is:

$$E[Y] = \beta_0 + \beta_1 gained + \beta_2 mage + \beta_4 term_{full} + \beta_5 term_{late}$$

Model 2 is:

$$E[Y] = \beta_0 + \beta_1 gained + \beta_2 mage + \beta_3 habit$$

You might need the following output (in addition to the output from the larger handout):

```
anova(lm(weight ~ gained + habit + mage + term, data = births14))
```

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Response: weight
                 Sum Sq Mean Sq F value
                                           Pr(>F)
                  33.86 33.860 25.7373 4.718e-07 ***
## gained
              1
## habit
                  25.30
                         25.299 19.2295 1.291e-05 ***
              1
                   6.42
                          6.417 4.8774
                                          0.02745 *
## mage
## term
              2 223.27 111.637 84.8555 < 2.2e-16 ***
## Residuals 935 1230.10
                          1.316
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

Solution: Notice that there is no hypothesis test here!! They are *not* nested models. But we can still consider which one might be better.

$$\begin{split} R_{a,p}^2 &= 1 - \frac{MSE_p}{SSTO/n - 1} \\ C_p &= \frac{SSE_p}{MSE(Full)} - (n - 2p) \\ BIC_p &= n \ln SSE_p - n \ln n + (\ln n)p \end{split}$$

Model 1

$$\begin{array}{lcl} R_{adj,p}^2 & = & 1 - \frac{1.333}{(33.86 + 228.38 + 9.11 + 1247.6)/940} = 1 - \frac{1.333}{1518.9/940} = 0.825 \\ C_p & = & \frac{1247.6}{1230.10/935} - (941 - 2 \cdot 5) = 17.303 \quad \checkmark \\ BIC_p & = & 941 \cdot \ln(1247.6) - 941 \cdot \ln(941) + \ln(941) \cdot 5 = 299.63 \quad \checkmark \end{array}$$

Model 2

$$R_{adj,p}^2 = 1 - \frac{1.551}{(33.86 + 25.30 + 6.42 + 1453.37)/940} = 1 - \frac{1.551}{1518.9/940} = 0.96 \quad \sqrt{C_p} = \frac{1453.37}{1230.10/935} - (941 - 2 \cdot 4) = 171.71$$

$$BIC_p = 941 \cdot \ln(1453.37) - 941 \cdot \ln(941) + \ln(941) \cdot 4 = 436.44$$

 C_p and BIC_p choose model 1, $R^2_{adj,p}$ chooses model 2. I'd probably use model 1. It seems as though term is generally more significant than habit with a smaller MSE. There is no right answer!