

ECE 272 Pre-Lab 3
Fall 2018

Combinational Logic (Seven Segment Driver)
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Design a 7 segment display decoder.

A seven-segment display is an electronic device that uses seven LEDs to display decimal digits (0 - 9). The seven segments are arranged like an italic 8 and have an alphabetical order, as illustrated by Figure 1 below:

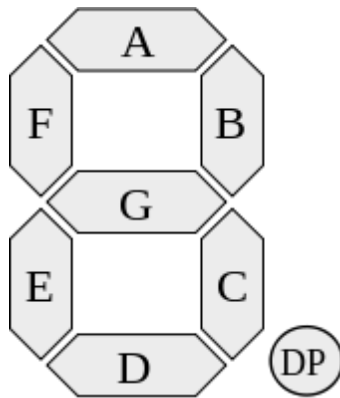


Figure 1: The LED segments and their order in a seven-segment display. [Source](#)

Depending on the input (0 - 9), some LEDs will turn on or off to form a pattern that illustrates the according decimal digit. Based on this concept, the input (0 - 9) can be represented as a 4-bit binary number—as circuits, logic, and computers operate in binary. The decimal digit patterns of the seven-segment display are as in Figure 2 below:

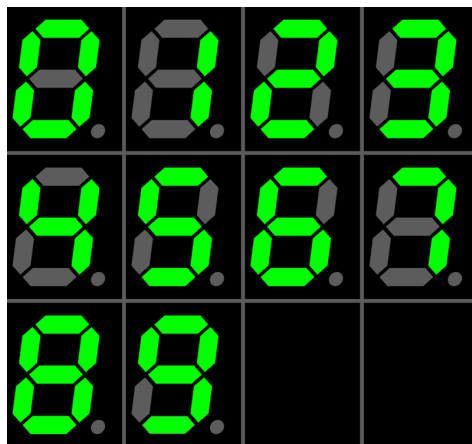


Figure 2: Decimal digits illustrated by a seven-segment display. [Source](#)

Based on these concepts, a truth table converting 4-bit binary numbers to decimal digits on a seven-segment display is shown in Table ??.

Digit	4-bit input				7-segment output						
	A	B	C	D	a	b	c	d	e	f	g
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
3	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1
4	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1
5	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1
6	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1
7	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
8	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
9	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1

Table 1: Truth table showing decimal digits' 4-bit binary inputs and their corresponding 7-segment outputs

To better grasp the layout of the input, output, and the decoder, the block diagrams of the seven-segment display is shown in Figure 3 below:

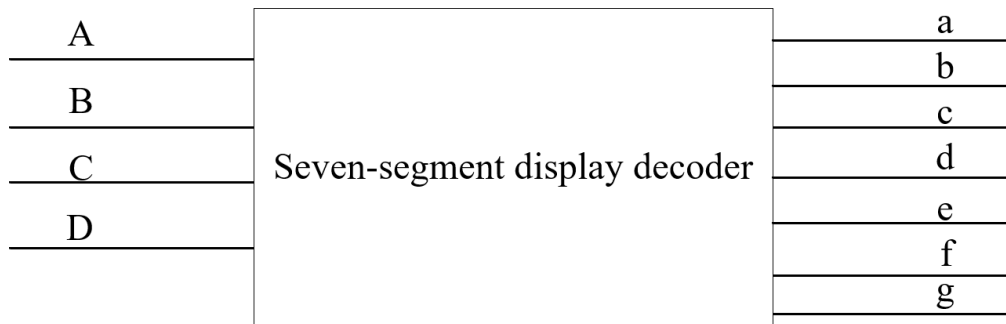


Figure 3: The block diagram of the design

Since the device is a decoder, it asserts exactly one of its outputs depending on the input combination. Based on Table 1, the following Karnaugh maps are constructed:

a

CD \ AB	00	01	11	10
00	1	0	1	1
01	0	1	1	1
11	X	X	X	X
10	1	1	X	X

$$a = BD + C + A + \bar{B}\bar{D}$$

b

CD \ AB	00	01	11	10
00	1	1	1	1
01	1	0	1	0
11	X	X	X	X
10	1	1	X	X

$$b = \bar{B} + \bar{C}\bar{D} + CD$$

c

CD \ AB	00	01	11	10
00	1	1	1	0
01	1	1	1	1
11	X	X	X	X
10	1	1	X	X

$$c = \bar{C} + CD + \bar{A}B$$

d

CD \ AB	00	01	11	10
00	1	0	1	1
01	0	1	0	1
11	X	X	X	X
10	1	1	X	X

$$d = \bar{B}\bar{D} + \bar{B}C + C\bar{D} + \bar{A}\bar{B}$$

e

CD \ AB	00	01	11	10
00	1	0	0	1
01	0	0	0	1
11	X	X	X	X
10	1	0	X	X

$$e = \bar{B}\bar{D} + C\bar{D}$$

f

CD \ AB	00	01	11	10
00	1	0	0	0
01	1	1	0	1
11	X	X	X	X
10	1	1	X	X

$$f = \bar{C}\bar{D} + B\bar{C} + B\bar{D} + A$$

g

CD \ AB	00	01	11	10
00	0	0	1	1
01	1	1	0	1
11	X	X	X	X
10	1	1	X	X

$$g = A + B\bar{C} + C\bar{D} + \bar{B}C$$

Based on these maps,

$$a = BD + C + A + \bar{B}\bar{D} \quad (1)$$

$$b = \bar{B} + \bar{C}\bar{D} + CD \quad (2)$$

$$c = \bar{C} + CD + \bar{A}B \quad (3)$$

$$d = \bar{B}\bar{D} + \bar{B}C + C\bar{D} + A\bar{B} \quad (4)$$

$$e = \bar{B}\bar{D} + C\bar{D} \quad (5)$$

$$f = \bar{C}\bar{D} + B\bar{C} + B\bar{D} + A \quad (6)$$

$$g = A + B\bar{C} + C\bar{D} + \bar{B}C \quad (7)$$

Using the simplified Boolean equation of a , b , c , and d , a schematic of the seven-segment display is as in Figure 4.

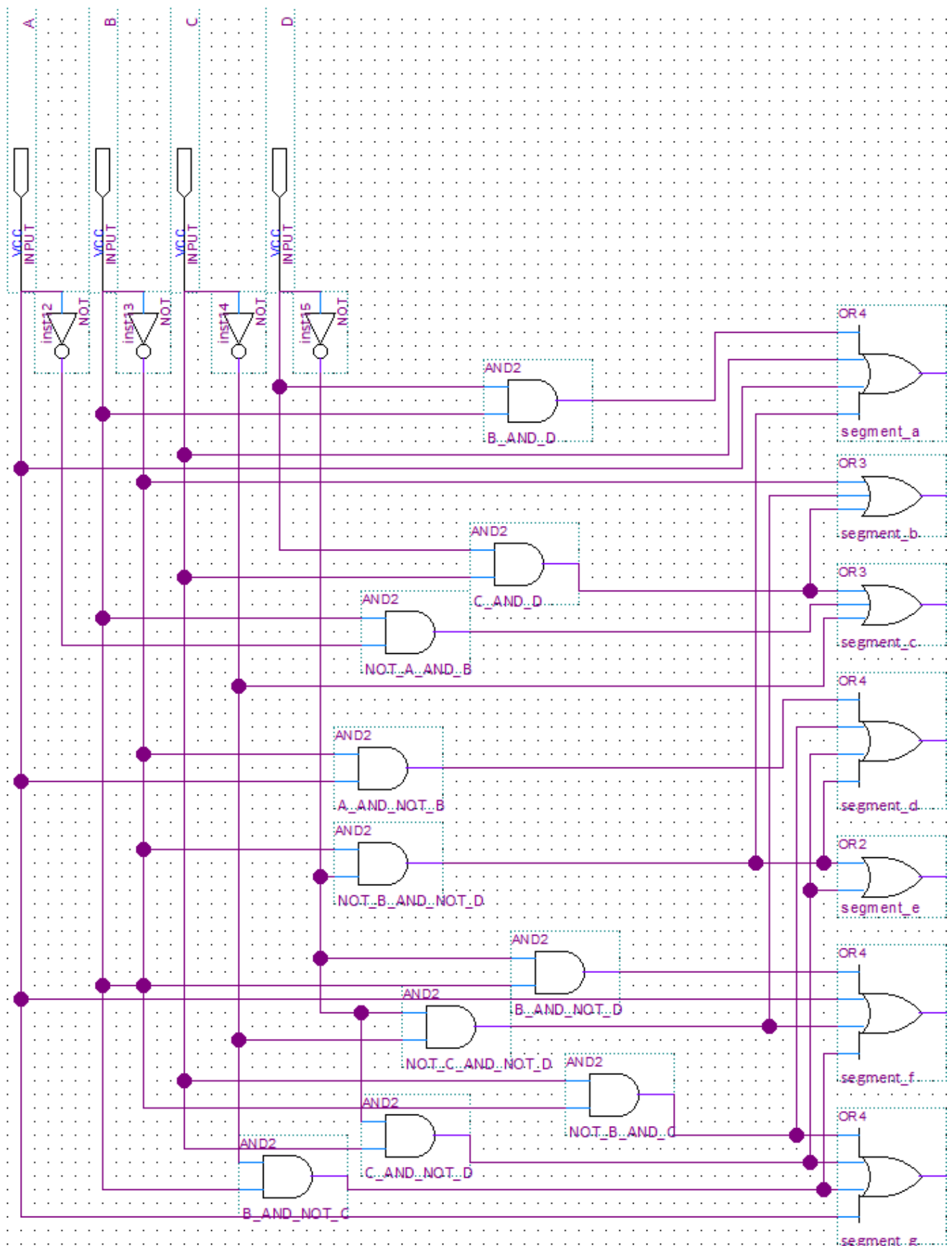


Figure 4: A schematic design of a seven-segment display. Due to limit of space, output pins were not illustrated.