EXP NO: 2a

DATE: 20/02/2024

RSA ALGORITHM

AIM:

To write a python program implementing the RSA algorithm.

ALGORITHM:

- 1. Choose two large prime numbers (p and q)
- 2. Calculate n = p*q and z = (p-1)(q-1)
- 3. Choose a number e where 1 < e < z.
- 4. Calculate $d = e-1 \mod(p-1)(q-1)$
- 5. You can bundle private key pair as (n,d)
- 6. You can bundle public key pair as (n,e)
- 7. Encrypt using public key and decrypt using private key.

PROGRAM:

```
from math import gcd
```

```
# defining a function to perform RSA approch
def RSA(p: int, q: int, message: int):
  # calculating n
  n = p * q
  # calculating totient, t
  t = (p - 1) * (q - 1)
  # selecting public key, e
  for i in range(2, t):
     if gcd(i, t) == 1:
       e = i
       break
  # selecting private key, d
  j = 0
  while True:
     if (j * e) % t == 1:
       d = i
       break
    j += 1
  # performing encryption
  ct = (message ** e) % n
  print(f"Encrypted message is {ct}")
```

```
# performing decryption
  mes = (ct ** d) % n
  print(f"Decrypted message is {mes}")

p=int(input("Enter the value of p: "))
q=int(input("Enter the value of q: "))
msg=int(input("Enter the message: "))
RSA(p,q,msg)
```

OUTPUT:

```
(kali@ kali)-[~/Documents/cnslab]
$ vi rsa.py

(kali@ kali)-[~/Documents/cnslab]
$ python3 rsa.py
Enter the value of p: 11
Enter the value of q: 13
Enter the message: 475
Encrypted message is 84
```

RESULT:

Thus, a python program is implemented to demonstrate RSA Algorithm.

EXP NO: 2b

DATE: 27/02/2024

DIFFIE HELMAN KEY EXCHANGE

AIM:

To write a python program implementing the Diffie Hellman algorithm.

ALGORITHM:

- 1. P, G => available public keys. P, G => available public keys.
- 2. a is selected as a private key. b is selected as a private key.
- 3. Eq. to generate key: x=Ga modP. Eq. to generate key: y=Gb modP.
- 4. After exchanging keys, user1 receives key y. After exchanging keys, user2 receives key x.

PROGRAM:

```
def prime_checker(p):
       # Checks If the number entered is a Prime Number or not
       if p < 1:
               return -1
       elif p > 1:
               if p == 2:
                       return 1
               for i in range(2, p):
                       if p % i == 0:
                              return -1
                      return 1
def primitive_check(g, p, L):
       # Checks If The Entered Number Is A Primitive Root Or Not
       for i in range(1, p):
               L.append(pow(g, i) % p)
       for i in range(1, p):
               if L.count(i) > 1:
                      L.clear()
                       return -1
               return 1
1 = \lceil \rceil
while 1:
       P = int(input("Enter P : "))
       if prime_checker(P) == -1:
               print("Number Is Not Prime, Please Enter Again!")
               continue
       break
while 1:
       G = int(input(f"Enter The Primitive Root Of {P} : "))
       if primitive_check(G, P, l) == -1:
               print(f"Number Is Not A Primitive Root Of {P}, Please Try Again!")
               continue
       break
# Private Keys
x1, x2 = int(input("Enter The Private Key Of User 1:")), int(
       input("Enter The Private Key Of User 2:"))
```

```
while 1:
    if x1 >= P or x2 >= P:
        print(f"Private Key Of Both The Users Should Be Less Than {P}!")
        continue
    break
# Calculate Public Keys
y1, y2 = pow(G, x1) % P, pow(G, x2) % P
# Generate Secret Keys
k1, k2 = pow(y2, x1) % P, pow(y1, x2) % P
print(f"\nSecret Key For User 1 Is {k1}\nSecret Key For User 2 Is {k2}\n")
if k1 == k2:
        print("Keys Have Been Exchanged Successfully")
else:
    print("Keys Have Not Been Exchanged Successfully")
```

OUTPUT:

```
-(kali®kali)-[~/Documents/cnslab]
yi diffie.py
 —(kali⊕kali)-[~/Documents/cnslab]
s python3 diffie.py
Enter P: 23
Enter The Primitive Root Of 23: 9
Number Is Not A Primitive Root Of 23, Please Try Again!
Enter The Primitive Root Of 23: 3
Number Is Not A Primitive Root Of 23, Please Try Again!
Enter The Primitive Root Of 23: 4
Number Is Not A Primitive Root Of 23, Please Try Again!
Enter The Primitive Root Of 23 : 5
Enter The Private Key Of User 1: 4
Enter The Private Key Of User 2 : 3
Secret Key For User 1 Is 18
Secret Key For User 2 Is 18
Keys Have Been Exchanged Successfully
```

RESULT:

Thus, a python program has been implemented to demonstrate Diffie Hellman Key Exchange Algorithm.