

**NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY MIZORAM**  
**MID SEMESTER EXAM, EVEN 2022-23**  
**4<sup>TH</sup> SEM EEE**  
**Signals and Systems (EEL1406)**

**ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS**

**TOTAL MARKS: 30**

**TIME: 1.30 HR**

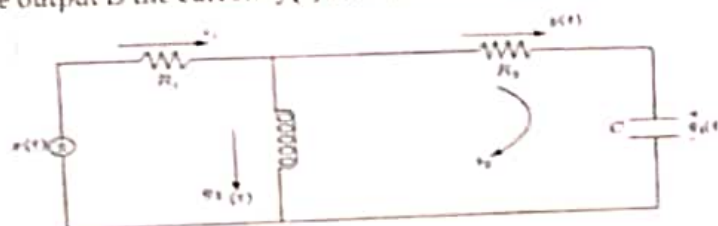
1. Determine the unit step response of the first order system governed by the equation [4]  
 (a) below with zero initial conditions.

$$\frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 0.5y(t) = x(t)$$

- (b) What is the importance of convolution? [1]

- (c) State and prove the associative and commutative properties of convolution. [2]

- (d) Find the state variable description of the circuit below, if the input is the applied voltage  $x(t)$  and the output is the current  $y(t)$  through the resistor  $R_2$ . [3]

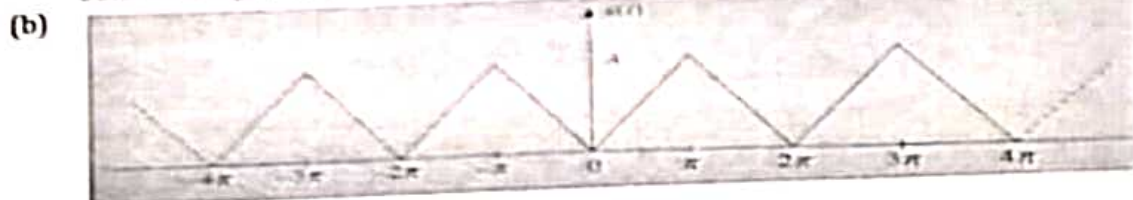


2. The state space representation of a discrete time system is given by, [5]

(a)  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $C = [1 \quad 3]$ ,  $D = [3]$

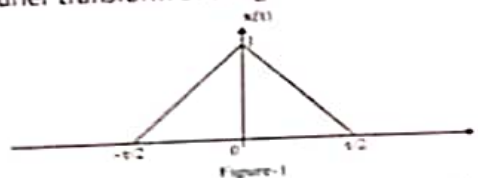
Derive the transfer function of the system.

Obtain the trigonometric series for the waveform shown in figure [3]



- (c) Explain about exponential Fourier series and derive the Fourier series coefficient [2]  
 3. State and prove Parseval's Theorem [2]

- (a) Find the fourier transform of the given waveform [3]  
 (b)



- (c) Determine whether the following signal is energy signal or power signal. Calculate its energy [2]  
 or power?

$$X(t) = 8 \cos 4t \cos 6t$$

- (d) Distinguish causal and anti-causal signals [1+2=3]  
 Sketch the following signal

$$2u(t+2) - 2u(t-3)$$

**National Institute of Technology Mizoram**

**Class Test, Even Semester – 2022-23**

**Signals and Systems (EEL-1406)**

**4<sup>th</sup> Semester EEE& CSE      Full Marks: 15      Duration: 50 mins**

**Answer all Questions**

1. Determine the Nyquist sampling rate and Nyquist sampling interval for the signal  $x(t) = \sin c \left( \frac{2}{\pi} (200\pi t) \right)$  (2)
2. Find the DTFT of  $x[n] = 3^n u[-n]$  (2)
3. If a discrete signal is represented by  $x[n] = a^n u[n]$ , then what is the value of the signal  $g[n] = x[n] - ax[n-1]$ ? (2)
4. Consider the sequence  $x[n] = (4.5)^n u[24]$ . Find the conjugate anti-symmetric part of the sequence (3)
5. A 5-point sequence  $x[n]$  is given as  $x[-3]=1$ ,  $x[-2]=1$ ,  $x[-1]=0$ ,  $x[0]=5$ ,  $x[1]=1$ . Let  $X(e^{j\omega})$  denote the discrete-time Fourier transform of  $x[n]$ . Find the value of  $\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} X(e^{j\omega}) d\omega$  (3)
6. Given the finite length input  $x[n]$  and the corresponding finite length output  $y[n]$  of an LTI system as shown below. Find the impulse response  $h[n]$  of the system. (3)



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National Institute of Technology Mizoram  
End – Semester Examination, Even Semester (2022-23)  
Signals and Systems - (EEL-1402/1406)

4<sup>th</sup> Semester (EEE& CSE)

Full Marks: 50 marks

Duration: 2.5 hours

Answer all 5 (Five) Questions. All Questions Carry Same Marks  
(5 x 10 = 50 Marks)

1. (a) Write the condition for LTI system to be stable and causal. [2]  
 (b) If two LTI systems with impulse responses  $h_1(t) = e^{-at} u(t)$  and  $h_2(t) = e^{-bt} u(t)$  are connected in cascade, what will be the overall impulse response of cascaded system? [2]  
 (c) What are the conditions for a system to be LTI System? [3]  
 (d) What is Impulse Response? Show that the response of an LTI system is convolution integral of its impulse response with input signal? [3]
2. (a) Define Sampling theorem? Prove the sampling theorem and explain how the original signal can be reconstructed from the sampled version. [5]  
 (b) Find the state transition matrix for the continuous time system parameter matrix, [5]  

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$
3. (a) Determine whether the following systems are: i) Memory less, ii) Stable iii) Causal iv) Linear and v) Time-invariant. [4]  
 i)  $y(n) = nx(n)$   
 ii)  $y(t) = e^{x(t)}$
- (b) Find the trigonometric fourier series representation of a periodic square wave [3]  

$$x(t) = 1, \text{ for the interval } (0, \pi)$$

$$= 0, \text{ for the interval } (\pi, 2\pi)$$
- (c) Find the Z transform of the given system [3]  

$$x[n] = (3)^n u[n] + (4)^n u[-n - 1]$$
4. (a) Give the Existence of DTFT [2]  
 (b) Find the Nyquist sampling rate from the analog signal [2]  

$$m(t) = 4 \cos(100\pi t) + 8 \sin(200\pi t) + \cos(300\pi t)$$
- (c) State whether the given signal is energy or power signal [3]  

$$X[n] = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n)$$
- (d) Determine the value of the given signal [3]  

$$I = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} [\cos(\pi t) \cdot \delta(t - 2) + 3\delta(t + 1) + \sin(\pi t) \cdot \delta(2t - 1)] dt$$
5. (a) For the given system determine even, odd conjugate symmetric and conjugate anti symmetric components. [2]  

$$X[n] = \{-4 - 5j, 1 + 2j, 4\}$$
- (b) Find DTFT of the given signal [3]  

$$X[n] = -a^n u[-n - 1]$$
- (c) Calculate Nyquist rate in rad/sec and frequency in Hz for the given signal [2]  

$$m(t) = 2 \sin(4\pi t) + \cos(2\pi t)$$
- (d) Let  $m(t) = 10 \sin(400\pi t)$  to be sampled at 300 Hz and reconstructed using an ideal Low Pass Filter with cut off frequency of 150 Hz. Find the frequencies present in the reconstructed signal. [3]

**National Institute of Technology Mizoram**  
**Mid-Semester Examination, Even Semester-2022**  
**Signals and Systems (EEL-1406)**  
**EEE & CSE 4<sup>th</sup> semester      Full Marks: 15 marks      Duration: 1hour**

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**Answer all the questions**

1. Find the given signal is energy or power signal. [4]  
a)  $x(n) = (1/4)^n u(n)$   
b)  $x(t) = 0.9e^{-3t} u(t)$
2. Determine whether the given systems are: i) memory less, ii) time-invariant, [7]  
iii) linear, iv) causal or v) BIBO stable. Justify your answers.  
a)  $y[n] = x[1-n]$   
b)  $y(t) = x(t)/(1+x(t-1))$
3. Define different types of signals with examples. [4]