

A photograph of a pizza with various toppings including tomatoes, olives, and green herbs, served on a dark surface. The pizza is cut into several slices, with one slice missing. The text "PIZZA SALES REPORT" is overlaid in large, white, bold letters.

# PIZZA SALES REPORT

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## **ABSTRACT**

This study explores various aspects of pizza sales data. We investigate key metrics including total revenue, average order value, total pizzas sold, and total orders. We delve deeper to understand customer behavior by analyzing average pizzas per order, daily and hourly order trends.

To gain insights into product preferences, the analysis explores the percentage of sales by pizza category and size. We further identify the top 5 and bottom 5 best sellers based on total pizza sold, providing a comprehensive picture of customer preferences.

# CHAPTER 1

## INTRODUCTION

Over the past decade, the pizza industry has boomed, fueled by evolving customer tastes, tech leaps, and new ways people dine. This report uses SQL Server 2022 to analyze 2015 sales data from a major pizza chain. With online ordering booming and exciting new toppings and crusts emerging, understanding sales trends and customer behavior is vital to stay ahead of the competition in the pizza game. By harnessing the powerful querying tools of SQL Server 2022, we'll uncover valuable insights into sales performance, who our customers are, and what pizzas they love.

Through this analysis, we seek to answer key questions such as:

- Find the Total Revenue
- Find Average Order Value
- Find Total Pizza Sold
- Find Total Orders
- Find Average Pizzas Per Order
- Daily Trend for Total Orders
- Find Hourly trend for Orders
- Find the Percentage (%) of Sales by Pizza Category
- Find the Percentage (%) of Sales by Pizza Size
- Total Pizza Sold by pizza Category
- Top 5 Best Sellers by Total Pizza Sold
- Bottom 5 Best Sellers by Total Pizza Sold

This report tackles these questions and more to deliver practical info that can guide smart business decisions, pinpoint the right customers for promotions, and ultimately give the pizza chain a stronger edge. By combining SQL queries, data visualizations, and crunching the numbers, we'll create a complete picture of the 2015 pizza sales scene and pinpoint areas for growth and improvement.

# CHAPTER 2

## DATA SOURCE

### 2.1 Pizza Sales Dataset Description:

- Pizza ID: Unique identifier for each pizza order.
- Order ID: Unique identifier for each pizza order.
- Order Date: Date and time when the order was placed.
- Order Time: Time when the order was placed.
- Pizza Name: Type of pizza ordered (e.g., Margherita, Pepperoni, etc.).
- Pizza Size: Size of the pizza ordered (e.g., Small, Medium, Large).
- Unit Price: Total amount paid for the order.
- Total Price: Total amount paid for the order.
- Pizaa Category: Pizza Category (e.g., Veggie, Supreme, Chicken, etc.)
- Pizaa Ingredients: What are the Ingredients are used in the pizaa.

The dataset may have been collected from the pizza chain's internal sales database.

## **2Data Preprocessing:**

The dataset might require preprocessing steps such as handling missing values, standardizing data formats, and removing duplicate entries.

### **FOLLOWING STEPS ARE FOLLOWED:**

Initially SSES (SQL Server Integration Services ) Connected to the SSMS (SQL Server Management Studio)

**STEP 1:** Import the dataset into the excel

**STEP 2:** Change data type

**STEP 3:** After that save as (File name).csv

**STEP 4:** Connect the databases to the SQL server .

**STEP 5:** Import the csv file into the sql server

**STEP 6:** Change the data type in the dataset.

**STEP 7:** Click Finish

**STEP 8:** Start to code execute.

# CHAPTER 3

## REQUIREMENTS

### 3.1 SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS:

- MICROSOFT SQL SERVER MANAGEMENT STUDIO

- (version 20)

- SQL Server Integration Services

Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio (SSMS) is a comprehensive integrated environment for accessing, configuring, managing, and developing SQL Server databases. It provides a wide range of tools and features to facilitate database administration, development, and analysis tasks. Here's an overview of SSMS version 2022

**Object Explorer:** Allows users to browse, manage, and administer database objects such as tables, views, stored procedures, and functions.

**Query Editor:** Provides a powerful interface for writing and executing SQL queries, stored procedures, and scripts. It supports syntax highlighting, IntelliSense, and code debugging.

**Database Diagrams:** Enables users to visualize and design database schemas using graphical representations of tables, relationships, and constraints.

# CHAPTER 4

## QUERY AND RESULT

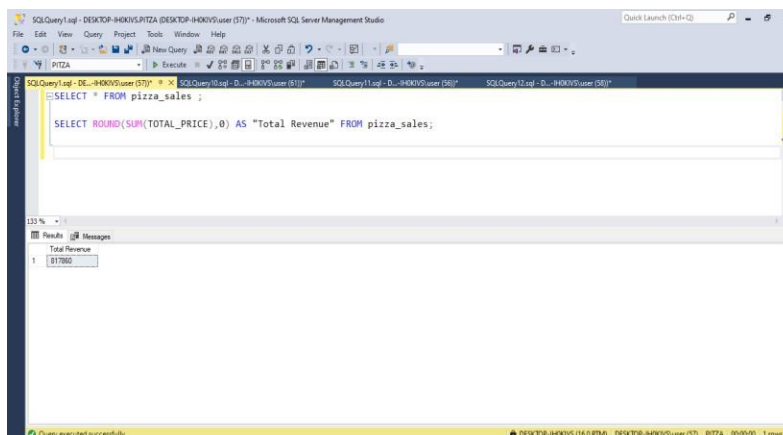
### Total Revenue

Total revenue serves as a primary measure of financial performance, crucial for assessing sales trends, profitability, and making informed business decisions.

1. Find the Total Revenue
2. Find Average Order Value
3. Find Total Pizza Sold
4. Find Total Orders
5. Find Average Pizzas Per Order
6. Daily Trend for Total Orders
7. Find Hourly trend for Orders
8. Find the Percentage(%) of Sales by Pizza Category
9. Find the Percentage(%) of Sales by Pizza Size
10. Total Pizza Sold by pizza Category
11. Top 5 Best Sellers by Total Pizza Sold
12. Bottom 5 Best Sellers by Total Pizza Sold

### QUERY

“ `SELECT ROUND(SUM(TOTAL_PRICE),0) AS "Total Revenue" FROM pizza_sales;` ”

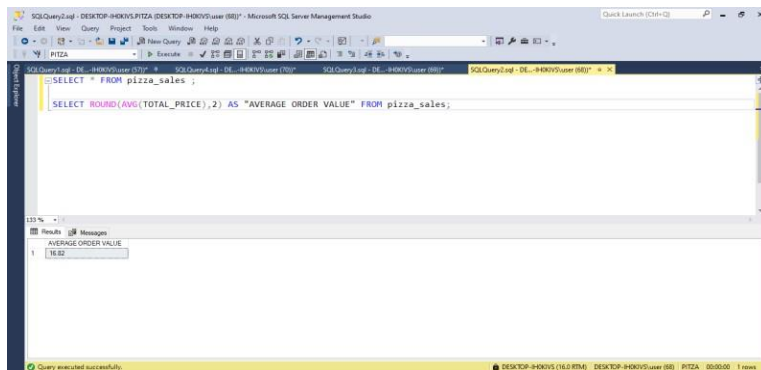




## Average Order Value

Average order value provides insight into customer purchasing behavior and helps assess the effectiveness of upselling strategies, ultimately guiding decisions to increase revenue and profitability.

### QUERY



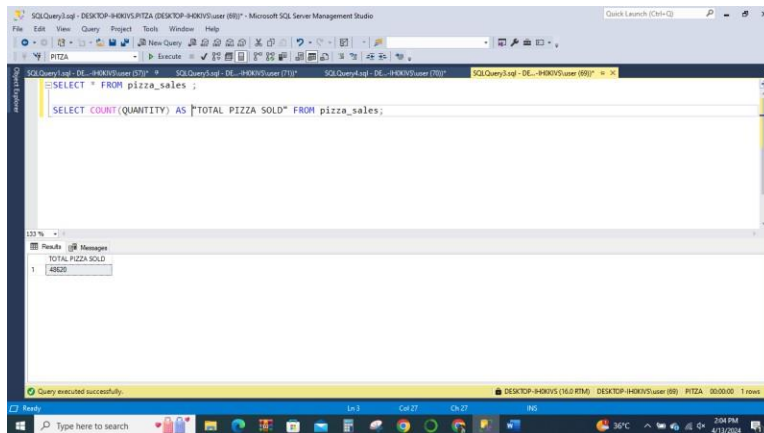
“`SELECT ROUND(AVG(TOTAL_PRICE),2) AS "AVERAGE ORDER VALUE" FROM pizza_sales;`”

## Total Pizza Sold

Total pizzas sold is essential for evaluating demand trends, understanding product popularity, and optimizing inventory management and production planning to meet customer needs efficiently.

### QUERY:

“`SELECT COUNT(QUANTITY) AS "TOTAL PIZZA SOLD" FROM pizza_sales;`”

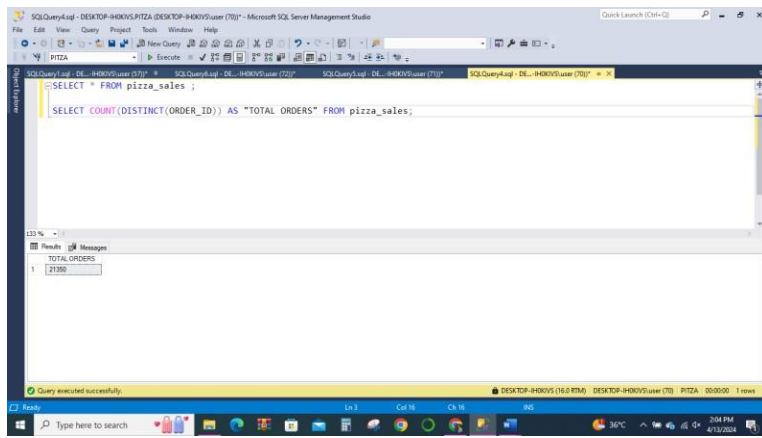


## Total Orders

Finding total orders is crucial for understanding customer transaction volume, evaluating business performance, and identifying opportunities for improving operational efficiency and customer service.

### QUERY:

“`SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT(ORDER_ID)) AS "TOTAL ORDERS" FROM pizza_sales;`”

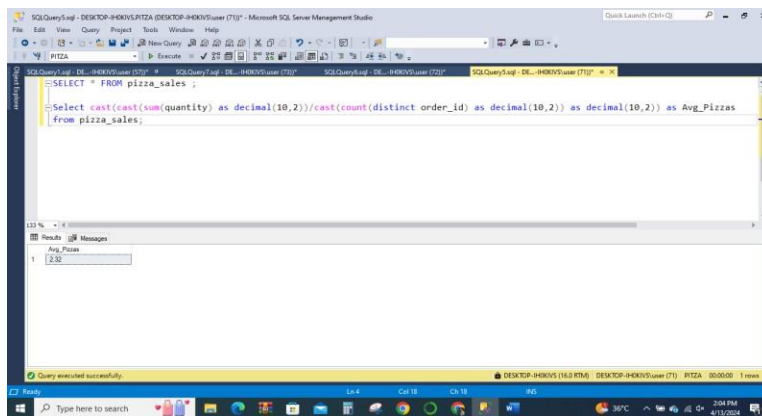


## 📊 Average Pizzas Per Order

Finding the average number of pizzas per order helps gauge customer preferences, optimize menu offerings, and tailor promotional strategies to increase order size and revenue.

### QUERY:

“`Select cast(cast(sum(quantity) as decimal(10,2))/cast(count(distinct order_id) as decimal(10,2)) as decimal(10,2)) as Avg_Pizzas from pizza_sales;`”

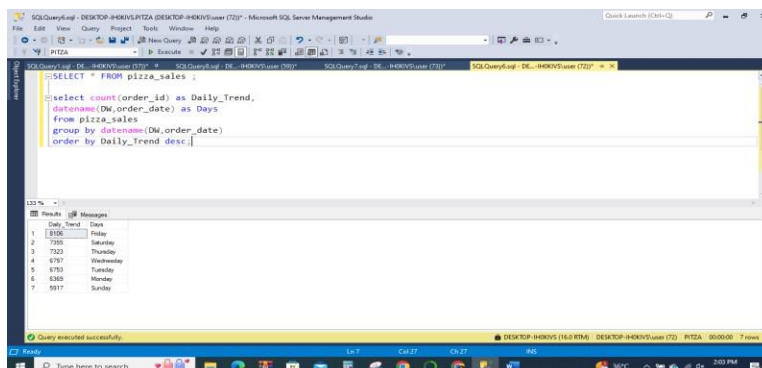


## 📊 Daily Trend for Total Orders

Analyzing the daily trend for total orders per day provides insights into peak demand periods, facilitating resource allocation, staffing decisions, and operational planning to meet customer needs effectively.

### QUERY:

“`select count(order_id) as Daily_Trend, datename(DW,order_date) as Days from pizza_sales group by datename(DW,order_date) order by Daily_Trend desc;`”

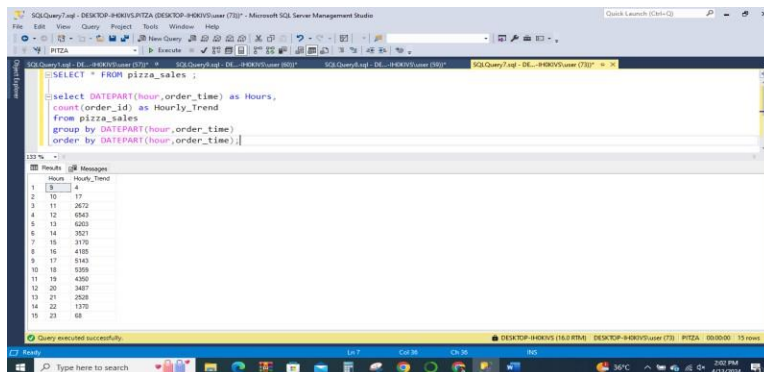


## Hourly trend for Orders

Analyzing the hourly trend for orders offers insights into peak hours of customer activity, aiding in staffing optimization, delivery scheduling, and resource allocation for enhanced service efficiency.

### QUERY:

```
“select DATEPART(hour,order_time) as Hours,count(order_id) as Hourly_Trend from pizza_sales group by DATEPART(hour,order_time) order by DATEPART(hour,order_time);”
```



The screenshot shows a SQL query window with the following query:

```
SELECT * FROM pizza_sales ;
select DATEPART(hour,order_time) as Hours,
count(order_id) as Hourly_Trend
from pizza_sales
group by DATEPART(hour,order_time)
order by DATEPART(hour,order_time);
```

The Results pane shows the following data:

Hours	Hourly_Trend
10	4
10	17
11	2672
12	6843
13	6205
14	3821
15	3170
16	4100
17	5143
18	5228
19	4200
20	3487
21	2528
22	1370
23	48

## The Percentage(%) of Sales by Pizza Category

Analyzing the percentage of sales by pizza category helps identify popular menu items, guide inventory management decisions, and tailor marketing efforts to maximize revenue from high-demand pizza varieties.

### QUERY:

```
“select pizza_category, cast(sum(total_price)*100/(select sum(total_price) from pizza_sales)as decimal(5,2)) as "percentage sales" from pizza_sales group by pizza_category;”
```

SQL Query Editor - Microsoft SQL Server Enterprise 11.0.1705.1 (64-bit) - Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio

File Edit View Query Project Tools Windows Help

SQL Query Editor (1) - PIZZA

```
--SELECT * FROM pizza_sales ;  
  
--select pizza_category, cast(sum(total_price)*100/(select sum(total_price) from pizza_sales) as decimal(5,2)) as "percentage sales"  
from pizza_sales  
group by pizza_category;
```

Results

	percentage sales
1. Cheese	25.51
2. Chicken	23.95
3. Veggie	23.88
4. Supreme	25.46

Query executed successfully.

DESKTOP-H4K0V5 (16.0.1705.1) - PIZZA 30.05/00 4 rows

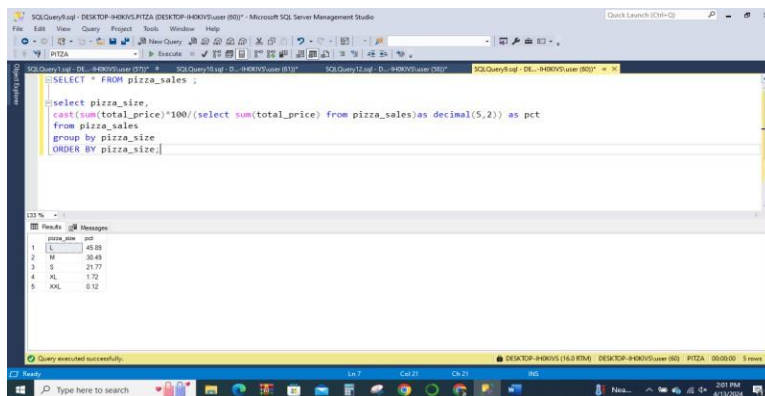
Windows Taskbar: 2:01 PM 4/15/2024

## Find the Percentage(%) of Sales by Pizza Size

Analyzing the percentage of sales by pizza size reveals customer preferences, assists in optimizing portioning and pricing strategies, and informs inventory management decisions to meet demand effectively.

### QUERY:

“  
select pizza\_size, cast(sum(total\_price)\*100/(select sum(total\_price) from Pizza\_sales  
) as decimal(5,2)) as pct from pizza\_sales group by pizza\_size ORDER BY pizza\_size;  
”



The screenshot shows a SQL query in Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio. The query is: `select pizza_size, cast(sum(total_price)*100/(select sum(total_price) from pizza_sales) as decimal(5,2)) as pct from pizza_sales group by pizza_size ORDER BY pizza_size;` The results are displayed in a table with two columns: `pizza_size` and `pct`. The data is as follows:

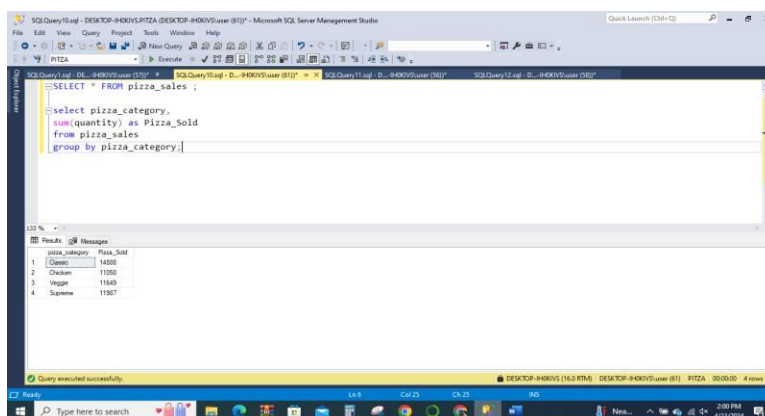
pizza_size	pct
L	45.25
M	35.45
S	21.77
XL	7.72
XXL	0.12

## Total Pizza Sold by pizza Category

Analyzing total pizzas sold by pizza category provides insights into the popularity of different menu items, informs inventory management decisions, and helps tailor marketing strategies to capitalize on high-demand categories, ultimately optimizing sales and profitability.

### QUERY:

“  
select pizza\_category, sum(quantity) as Pizza\_Sold from pizza\_sales group by  
pizza\_category;  
”



The screenshot shows a SQL query in Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio. The query is: `select pizza_category, sum(quantity) as Pizza_Sold from pizza_sales group by pizza_category;` The results are displayed in a table with two columns: `pizza_category` and `Pizza_Sold`. The data is as follows:

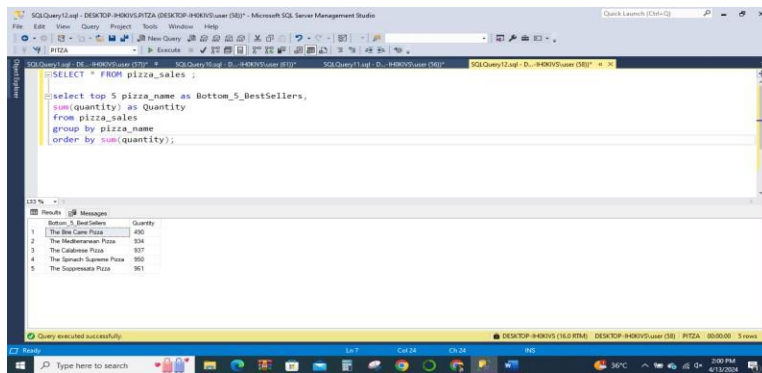
pizza_category	Pizza_Sold
Classic	14008
Chicken	11050
Veggie	11640
Supreme	11987

## 🚩 Top 5 Best Sellers by Total Pizza Sold

Identifying the top 5 best-selling pizzas by total units sold allows businesses to focus on popular menu items, optimize production planning, and strategically allocate resources to meet customer demand effectively, driving sales and customer satisfaction.

### QUERY:

```
“select top 5 pizza_name as Bottom_5_BestSellers,sum(quantity) as Quantity from pizza_sales  
group by pizza_name order by sum(quantity) DESC;”
```



The screenshot shows a SQL Server Enterprise Manager window with a query executed in the SQL Query Editor. The query is: `SELECT * FROM pizza_sales ;` followed by `select top 5 pizza_name as Bottom_5_BestSellers, sum(quantity) as Quantity from pizza_sales group by pizza_name order by sum(quantity);`. The Results pane shows the following data:

	Bottom_5_BestSellers	Quantity
1	The Big Carny Pizza	490
2	The Mediterranean Pizza	434
3	The Calabrese Pizza	437
4	The Spanish Supreme Pizza	460
5	The Supreme Pizza	461

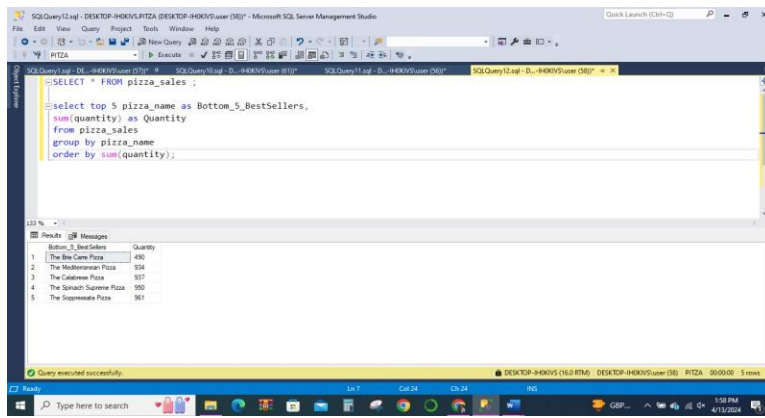
## 🚩 Bottom 5 Best Sellers by Total Pizza Sold

Analyzing the bottom 5 best-selling pizzas by total units sold helps businesses identify underperforming menu items, refine product offerings, and implement targeted marketing strategies to boost sales and optimize profitability by addressing low-demand items.

### QUERY:

```
“select top 5 pizza_name as Bottom_5_BestSellers,sum(quantity) as Quantity from pizza_sales  
group by pizza_name order by sum(quantity);”
```





# CHAPTER 5

## CONCLUSION

The analysis of the 2015 annual pizza sales report using SQL Server Management Studio (SSMS) yielded comprehensive insights into various facets of the pizza chain's performance. By leveraging SSMS's querying and visualization capabilities, we uncovered critical metrics such as total revenue, average order value, and total pizza sold, providing a holistic view of sales dynamics. Furthermore, daily and hourly trends for total orders highlighted peak demand periods, facilitating efficient staffing and resource allocation.

Additionally, the analysis revealed the distribution of sales by pizza category and size, enabling the identification of popular menu items and informing inventory management decisions. The identification of top and bottom 5 best sellers by total pizza sold further guided strategic decisions regarding product offerings and marketing efforts.

Overall, SSMS proved instrumental in extracting actionable insights from the 2015 pizza sales data, empowering the pizza chain to make informed decisions aimed at enhancing sales performance, optimizing operations, and driving customer satisfaction. Through this analysis, SSMS demonstrated its value as a powerful tool for data-driven decision-making, equipping businesses with the insights needed to thrive in the competitive pizza market.