20CS2016L – Database Systems Lab

URK22AI1048

| Ex no: | 8- Creating of Other Database Objects |
|--------|---------------------------------------|
| Date | 12-03-24 |

Aim:

To manage data within a database, utilizing various database objects to facilate data storage, retrieval, manipulation, security.

Description:

Database objects plays a crucial role in structuring and optimizing the performance of a database system these objects include tables, views, index, sequences, and synonyms.

- 1. Table- Basic unit of storage; composed of rows and columns.
- 2. View-Logically represents subsets of data from one or more tables.
- 3. Sequence- Generates primary key values.
- 4. Index- Improves the performance of some queries.
- 5. Synonym- Alternative name for an object

View

You embed a subquery within the CREATE VIEW statement.

CREATE [OR REPLACE] [FORCE|NOFORCE] VIEW view[(alias[, alias]...)]

AS subquery

[WITH CHECK OPTION [CONSTRAINT constraint]]

[WITH READ ONLY [CONSTRAINT constraint]];

Removing a View

DROP VIEW view name;

Inline Views

An inline view is a subquery with an alias (or correlation name) that you can use within a SQL statement.

Top-N Analysis

The high-level structure of a Top-N analysis query is:

SELECT ROWNUM as RANK, last_name, salary FROM (SELECT last_name, salary FROM employees

ORDER BY salary DESC) WHERE ROWNUM <= 3;

Sequence

Define a sequence to generate sequential numbers automatically:

```
CREATE SEQUENCE sequence

[INCREMENT BY n]

[START WITH n]

[{MAXVALUE n | NOMAXVALUE}]

[{MINVALUE n | NOMINVALUE}]

[{CYCLE | NOCYCLE}]

[{CACHE n | NOCACHE}];
```

Insert:

INSERT INTO departments(department_id, department_name, location_id)

VALUES (dept_deptid_seq.NEXTVAL,'Support', 2500);

Removing a Sequence

```
DROP SEQUENCE dept deptid seq;
```

Index

Automatically: A unique index is created automatically when you define a PRIMARY KEY or UNIQUE constraint in a table definition.

Manually: Users can create nonunique indexes on columns to speed up access to the rows.

CREATE INDEX index ON table (column[, column]...);

Removing an Index

DROP INDEX index;

Synonyms

CREATE SYNONYM d sum FOR dept sum vu;

Removing a synonym

DROP SYNONYM sy name;

