```
1 import os
In [72]:
           2 os.getcwd()
Out[72]: 'C:\\Users\\HARI KARTHIK.K'
 In [1]:
           1 import sys
           2 print(sys.version)
         3.12.0 (tags/v3.12.0:0fb18b0, Oct 2 2023, 13:03:39) [MSC v.1935 64 bit (AMD64)]
 In [2]:
           1 !jupyter --version
         Selected Jupyter core packages...
         IPython
                          : 7.31.1
         ipykernel
                          : 6.15.2
         ipywidgets
                         : 7.6.5
         jupyter client : 7.3.4
         jupyter core
                          : 4.11.1
         jupyter_server : 1.18.1
         jupyterlab
                          : 3.4.4
         nbclient
                          : 0.5.13
         nbconvert
                          : 6.4.4
         nbformat
                          : 5.5.0
         notebook
                          : 6.4.12
         atconsole
                          : 5.2.2
         traitlets
                          : 5.1.1
In [56]:
           1 import keyword
           2 print(keyword.kwlist)
           3 len(keyword.kwlist)
         ['False', 'None', 'True', 'and', 'as', 'assert', 'async', 'await', 'break', 'class', 'continue', 'def', 'del', 'elif',
         'else', 'except', 'finally', 'for', 'from', 'global', 'if', 'import', 'in', 'is', 'lambda', 'nonlocal', 'not', 'or', 'p
         ass', 'raise', 'return', 'try', 'while', 'with', 'yield']
Out[56]: 35
```

## Python data types

- int
- float
- bool
- string
- complex

Out[1]: 5

In [2]: 1 type(i)

Out[2]: int

Out[3]: 14.03

In [4]: 1 type(f)

Out[4]: float

In [5]: 1 i+f

Out[5]: 19.03

In [6]: 1 i-f

Out[6]: -9.03

```
In [7]:
          1 i*f
Out[7]: 70.1499999999999
In [8]:
          1 i/f
Out[8]: 0.3563791874554526
In [9]:
         1 i//f
Out[9]: 0.0
In [10]:
          1 i%f
Out[10]: 5.0
In [11]:
          1 True
Out[11]: True
In [12]:
          1 False
Out[12]: False
          1 True+False
In [13]:
Out[13]: 1
          1 False+False
In [14]:
Out[14]: 0
In [15]:
          1 True*False
Out[15]: 0
```

```
In [16]:
          1 True-False
Out[16]: 1
In [17]:
          1 s='karthik'
           2 s
Out[17]: 'karthik'
In [18]:
           1 c = 10+20j
           2 d = 20+30j
In [24]:
           1 print(c.real)
           2 print(c.imag)
           3 print(d.real)
           4 print(d.imag)
         10.0
         20.0
         20.0
         30.0
In [26]:
           1 print(c+d)
           2 print(c-d)
           3 print(c*d)
           4 print(c/d)
         (30+50j)
         (-10-10j)
         (-400+700j)
         (0.6153846153846154+0.0769230769230769j)
```

Data Type Casting - Convert one Dataype to Other Dataype

```
In [27]:
          1 int(2.4)
Out[27]: 2
In [28]:
          1 int(True)
Out[28]: 1
In [29]:
          1 int(False)
Out[29]: 0
In [30]:
          1 int('10')
Out[30]: 10
In [32]:
          1 int(1+2j)
                                                   Traceback (most recent call last)
         TypeError
         Cell In[32], line 1
         ----> 1 int(1+2j)
         TypeError: int() argument must be a string, a bytes-like object or a real number, not 'complex'
In [31]:
          1 float(20)
Out[31]: 20.0
In [33]:
          1 float(10,20)
         TypeError
                                                  Traceback (most recent call last)
         Cell In[33], line 1
         ----> 1 float(10,20)
         TypeError: float expected at most 1 argument, got 2
```

```
1 float(1+2j)
In [34]:
         TypeError
                                                   Traceback (most recent call last)
         Cell In[34], line 1
         ----> 1 float(1+2j)
         TypeError: float() argument must be a string or a real number, not 'complex'
In [35]:
           1 float(True)
Out[35]: 1.0
In [36]:
           1 float(False)
Out[36]: 0.0
In [37]:
           1 float('10')
Out[37]: 10.0
In [38]:
           1 float('ten')
         ValueError
                                                   Traceback (most recent call last)
         Cell In[38], line 1
         ----> 1 float('ten')
         ValueError: could not convert string to float: 'ten'
In [39]:
           1 str(8)
Out[39]: '8'
```

```
In [40]:
          1 str(8.8)
Out[40]: '8.8'
In [41]:
          1 str(1+2j)
Out[41]: '(1+2j)'
          1 str(True)
In [42]:
Out[42]: 'True'
In [48]:
          1 str(9,9.0)
                                                  Traceback (most recent call last)
         TypeError
         Cell In[48], line 1
         ---> 1 str(9,9.0)
         TypeError: str() argument 'encoding' must be str, not float
In [50]:
          1 str()
Out[50]: ''
          1 bool()
In [51]:
Out[51]: False
In [52]:
          1 bool(10)
Out[52]: True
In [53]:
          1 bool(9.0)
Out[53]: True
```

```
1 bool('karthik')
In [54]:
Out[54]: True
In [55]:
          1 bool(0)
Out[55]: False
In [56]:
          1 bool(1+2j)
Out[56]: True
In [57]:
          1 complex(10)
Out[57]: (10+0j)
In [58]:
          1 complex(10,20)
Out[58]: (10+20j)
In [59]:
           1 complex(10,20,30)
                                                  Traceback (most recent call last)
         TypeError
         Cell In[59], line 1
         ----> 1 complex(10,20,30)
         TypeError: complex() takes at most 2 arguments (3 given)
In [60]:
          1 complex(10.20,30.8)
Out[60]: (10.2+30.8j)
In [62]:
          1 complex(True)
Out[62]: (1+0j)
```

```
1 complex(False)
In [63]:
Out[63]: 0j
In [64]:
          1 complex('10')
Out[64]: (10+0j)
In [65]:
          1 complex('10','20')
                                                  Traceback (most recent call last)
         TypeError
         Cell In[65], line 1
         ----> 1 complex('10','20')
         TypeError: complex() can't take second arg if first is a string
In [66]:
          1 complex(True,False)
Out[66]: (1+0j)
 In [8]:
          1 str1 = 'HELLO PYTHON'
           2 str1
 Out[8]: 'HELLO PYTHON'
 In [9]:
          1 type(str1)
 Out[9]: str
In [10]:
          1 str1[0]
Out[10]: 'H'
In [11]:
          1 str1[1]
Out[11]: 'E'
```

Forward Index

```
In [15]:
          1 print(str1[0])
           2 print(str1[1])
           3 print(str1[2])
           4 print(str1[3])
           5 print(str1[4])
          6 print(str1[5])
          7 print(str1[6])
          8 print(str1[7])
          9 print(str1[8])
         10 print(str1[9])
         11 print(str1[10])
         12 print(str1[11])
         Н
         Ε
         0
         Ρ
         Н
         0
```

**Backward Index** 

Ν

```
In [17]:
          1 print(str1[-1])
           2 print(str1[-2])
           3 print(str1[-3])
           4 print(str1[-4])
           5 print(str1[-5])
           6 print(str1[-6])
          7 print(str1[-7])
           8 print(str1[-8])
           9 print(str1[-9])
         10 print(str1[-10])
         11 print(str1[-11])
         12 print(str1[-12])
         Ν
         0
         Н
         Т
         Ρ
         Н
In [18]:
          1 str1
Out[18]: 'HELLO PYTHON'
          1 len(str1)
In [19]:
Out[19]: 12
```

Slicing:

Forward Slicing

```
1 print(str1[6:12])
In [29]:
         PYTHON
                Step Slicing
In [32]:
          1 str1[0:12]
Out[32]: 'HELLO PYTHON'
In [33]:
          1 str1[0:12:3]
Out[33]: 'HLPH'
In [36]:
           1 str2='hellopython'
          2 str2[1:8:2]
Out[36]: 'elpt'
In [37]:
          1 str2
Out[37]: 'hellopython'
In [39]:
          1 str2[::2]
Out[39]: 'hloyhn'
In [40]:
          1 str2[::3]
Out[40]: 'hlyo'
```

HARI KARTHIK

Python Basic Operator

Arithematic Operator

```
In [6]: 1 x1,y1 = 10,5

In [7]: 1 x1+y1

Out[7]: 15

In [8]: 1 x1-y1

Out[8]: 5

In [9]: 1 x1*y1

Out[9]: 50

In [10]: 1 x1/y1
```

Out[10]: 2.0

```
In [11]: 1 x1//y1
```

Out[11]: 2

In [12]: 1 x1%y1

Out[12]: 0

In [15]: 1 x1\*\*y1

Out[15]: 100000

In [17]: 1 x2,y2=3,3 x2\*\*y2 3

Out[17]: 27

**Assignment Operator** 

In [24]: 1 y+=2

In [25]: 1 y

Out[25]: 4

```
In [26]: 1 y+=2 y
```

Out[26]: 6

Out[27]: 8

Out[29]: 16

Out[30]: 14

Out[32]: 7.0

Out[33]: 3.0

**Unary Operator** 

5 5 -3 -3

5 -5 -3 3

**Relational Operator** 

```
In [34]: 1 a=5 b=6
```

In [35]: 1 a<b

Out[35]: True

```
In [36]: 1 a>b

Out[36]: False

In [37]: 1 a==b

Out[37]: False

In [39]: 1 a!=b

Out[39]: True

In [40]: 1 b=5

In [41]: 1 a==b

Out[41]: True
```

Logical Operator

```
In [45]:    1    a,b = 5,4

In [46]:    1    a < 8    and    b < 5

Out[46]:    True

In [47]:    1    a < 8    and    b < 2

Out[47]:    False</pre>
```

```
In [48]: 1 a<8 or b<2
Out[48]: True

In [50]: 1 a>8 or b<2
Out[50]: False

In [51]: 1 x=False 2 x
Out[51]: False

In [52]: 1 not x
Out[52]: True
```

Python Bitwise Operator

Complement Operator (~) - Reverse of Binary format

```
In [53]: 1 ~12
Out[53]: -13
In [54]: 1 ~46
Out[54]: -47
```

```
AND operator(&)
In [1]:
        1 12 & 13 # 1100 & 1101 = 1100=>bin(1100)=12
Out[1]: 12
                 OR operator (|)
In [4]:
        Out[4]: 13
                 XOR (^)
In [5]:
        1 12 ^ 13 # 1100 ^ 1101 = 0001 => 1
Out[5]: 1
```

```
In [6]: 1 25 ^ 30 #11001 ^ 11110 => 00111 = 7

Out[6]: 7

Left Swift (<<) -Gain bits
```

```
In [8]: 1 10<<1 #001010<<1 = 010100 = 20
```

Out[8]: 20

```
In [9]: 1 10<<2 #001010<<2 = 101000 = 40
```

Out[9]: 40

Right Shift(>>) - Lose bits

```
In [11]: 1 10>>2 #001010>>2 = 10 => 2
```

Out[11]: 2

Python Number System

- Binary Number System base 2 (0,1)
- Octal Number System base 8 (0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7)
- Decimal Number System base10 (0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9)
- Hexadecimal Number System base16 (0-9,a,b,c,d,e,f)

**Binary Number System** 

```
In [59]: 1 25

Out[59]: 25

In [60]: 1 bin(25)

Out[60]: '0b11001'

In [61]: 1 0b11001

Out[61]: 25

In [62]: 1 oct(25)

Out[62]: '0031'

In [64]: 1 hex(25)

Out[64]: '0x19'
```

```
print()
In [15]:
           1 print(10)
           2 print(10,20)
           3 print('python')
           4 print(10,20,'python',1+2j,True,2.3,[1,2],{1,2})
         10
         10 20
         python
         10 20 python (1+2j) True 2.3 [1, 2] {1, 2}
In [16]:
           1 num1=20
           2 num2=30
           3 res = num1+num2
           4 print(res)
         50
                print result with string
In [19]:
           1 print("The addition of", num1, "&", num2, '=', res)
         The addition of 20 \& 30 = 50
In [20]:
           1 name='Hari Karthik'
           2 age = 22
           3 city = 'Vjw'
           4 print('My name is', name, "I'm", age, 'years old', "and I'm from", city)
```

My name is Hari Karthik I'm 22 years old and I'm from Vjw

```
In [24]:
           1 #print format method
           2 \text{ num1} = 20
           3 \text{ num2} = 30
           4 \text{ res} = 20+30
           5 print('The addition of {} and {} is = {}'.format(num1,num2,res))
         The addition of 20 and 30 is = 50
           1 # print f string method
In [25]:
           3 \mid \text{num1} = 20
           4 \text{ num2} = 30
           5 res = 20+30
           6 print(f'The addition of {num1} and {num2} is = {res}')
         The addition of 20 and 30 is = 50
In [26]:
           1 # END statement
           2 print("hello",end="***")
           3 print("good morning", end="^^")
         hello***good morning^^^
In [27]:
           1 #Seprator
           2 print('hello', 'hai', 'how are you', sep='--->')
         hello--->hai--->how are you
In [32]:
           1 print('hello',end=' ')
           2 print('good morning')
         hello good morning
In [35]:
           1 print('hello',sep='')
           2 print('good morning')
          hello
         good morning
```

## Swapping two variables in python

## - Swap using three variables

```
In [6]: 1 temp = a1 # temp = 10
2 a1 = b1 # a1 = 20
3 b1 = temp # b1 = 10
4 print(a1,b1)
```

20 10

## - Swap using two variables (useful in interviews)