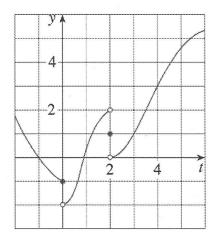
Math 1300-005 - Spring 2017

Introduction to Limits, Pt. II - 1/24/17



Guidelines: Please work in groups of two or three. Please show all work and clearly denote your answer.

1. For the function f whose graph is given below, state the value of each quantity, if it exists. If it does not exist, please explain why.



(a)
$$\lim_{x \to 0^{-}} f(x) = -1$$
 (b) $\lim_{x \to 0^{+}} f(x) = -2$

(b)
$$\lim_{x \to 0^+} f(x) = -2$$

(c)
$$\lim_{x\to 0} f(x)$$
 DNE

Since

(d)
$$\lim_{x \to 2^-} f(x) = 2$$

(e)
$$\lim_{x\to 2^+} f(x) = \bigcirc$$

(f)
$$\lim_{x \to 2} f(x)$$
 ONE

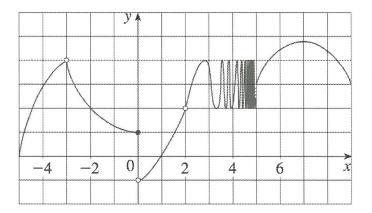
51n4

(g)
$$\lim_{x \to 4} f(x) = 3$$

(h)
$$f(2) = 1$$

SMER

2. For the function g whose graph is given below, state the value of each quantity, if it exists. If it does not exist, please explain why.



(a)
$$\lim_{x \to -3^{-}} g(x) = U$$

(b)
$$\lim_{x \to -3^+} g(x) = \bigcup$$

(c)
$$\lim_{x \to -3} g(x) = 4$$

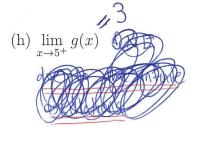
 $SiMIP$
LHL = $4 = 8HL$

(d)
$$\lim_{x \to 0^{-}} g(x) = 1$$

(e)
$$\lim_{x \to 0^+} g(x) = -1$$

(f) $\lim_{x\to 0} g(x)$ DNF SINIP RHL 7 LHL

(g) $\lim_{x\to 2} g(x) = 2$ even though g(2) B not defined !



(i) $\lim_{x\to 5^-} g(x)$ $\int N E$ due to the infinite OSCIllations

(j)
$$g(-3)$$
 Not defined (k) $g(0) = 1$

(k)
$$g(0) = 1$$

(1)
$$g(2)$$
 Not defined