

Math 1300-005 - Spring 2017

Quiz 7 - 3/3/17

On my honor, as a University of Colorado at Boulder student, I have neither given nor received unauthorized assistance on this work.

Signature:			

Guidelines: You are permitted to use notes, the book, in-class worksheets/solutions, and your classmates on this quiz. Computers and graphing technology of any kind, including calculators, are not allowed (exceptions made for those who have an e-book). Please show all work and clearly denote your answer.

1. Consider the curve described by points satisfying the equation

$$x^2 + 2x^4y^3 = 14 + y^2 - x.$$

Find an equation of the tangent line to the curve at the point (1, 2).

$$\frac{d}{dx}(x^{3} + 3x^{4}y^{3}) = \frac{d}{dx}(14+y^{3}-x)$$

$$2x + 8x^{3}y^{3} + 6x^{4}y^{3} \cdot y' = 2y \cdot y' - 1$$

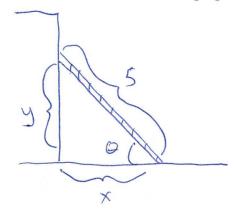
$$6x^{4}y^{2}y' - 3y \cdot y' = -1 - 2x - 8x^{3}y^{3}$$

$$y'(6x^{4}y^{2} - 3y) = -1 - 2x - 8x^{3}y^{3}$$

$$y' = \frac{-1 - 2x - 8x^{3}y^{3}}{(6x^{4}y^{3} - 3y)}$$

$$4+ (1,2), y' = \frac{-1 - 2(1) - 8(1)^{3}(2)^{3}}{(6(1)^{4}(2)^{3} - 2(2))} = \frac{-67}{20}$$
Thus the fangent like 13

2. A 5 meter long ladder is leaning against the side of a building. If the bottom of the ladder is pulled away from the wall so that the angle between the ladder and the ground is changing at a rate of -3 rad/s, at what rate is the distance between the bottom of the ladder and the wall changing when the top of the ladders is 3 meters from the ground?



Known: $\frac{dQ}{dt} = -3 \text{ rad/s}$ Unknown: $\frac{dx}{dt}$ when y = 3 m

Relation: $(65) = \frac{x}{5} \iff x = 5 \cos(6)$.

So $\frac{dx}{at} = 5(-\sin(6))\frac{d\theta}{dt}$. When y=3, $\sin(6) = \frac{\Omega m}{Hyp} = \frac{3}{5}$.

 $\frac{dx}{dt} = 5(-\frac{3}{5})(-3) = \boxed{9 \text{ m/s}}$