```
use shop;
create table customers(
CustomerID INT PRIMARY KEY auto increment,
Name VARCHAR(100),
Email VARCHAR(100),
City VARCHAR(50),
SignupDate DATE
);
create table orders(
OrderID INT PRIMARY KEY,
CustomerID INT,
OrderDate DATE,
TotalAmount DECIMAL(10,2),
FOREIGN KEY (CustomerID) REFERENCES customers(CustomerID)
);
create table products(
ProductID INT PRIMARY KEY,
ProductName VARCHAR(100),
Category VARCHAR(50),
Price DECIMAL(10,2)
);
create table order_details(
OrderDetailID INT PRIMARY KEY,
OrderID INT,
ProductID INT,
Quantity INT,
Price DECIMAL(10,2),
FOREIGN KEY (OrderID) REFERENCES orders(OrderID),
FOREIGN KEY (ProductID) REFERENCES products(ProductID)
);
insert into customers values
(1,'Hari', 'hari@example.com', 'New York', '2023-01-15'),
(2,'Indrajith', 'indrajith@example.com', 'London', '2024-01-15'),
(3,'Adarsh', 'Adarsh@example.com', 'Delhi', '2025-01-15'),
(4,'Vaisakh', 'Vaisakh@example.com', 'Beijing', '2022-01-15');
insert into products values
(101, 'Laptop', 'Electronics', 75000.00),
(102, 'Mouse', 'Accessories', 500.00),
(201, 'Tomato', 'Vegetables', 50.00);
```

```
insert into orders values (1111, 2, '2023-03-02', 75000.00), (2222, 3, '2023-03-01', 500.00), (3333, 4, '2023-03-03', 50.00); insert into order_details values (1234, 1111, 101, 1, 75000.00), (5678, 2222, 102, 1, 500.00), (9101, 3333, 201, 1, 50.00);
```

- -- 1. Get the list of all customers. select * from customers;
- -- 2. Find all orders placed in the last 30 days. select * from orders where orderdate > curdate() interval 30 day;
- -- 3. Show product names and their prices. select productname, price from products;
- -- 4. Find the total number of products in each category.
 select count(*) from products
 group by category;
- -- 5. Get all customers from the city 'Mumbai'. select * from customers where city = 'mumbai';
- -- 6. Find orders with a total amount greater than ₹5000. select * from orders where totalamount > 5000;
- -- 7. List customers who signed up after '2024-01-01'. select * from customers where signupdate > '2024-01-01';
- -- 8. Show all orders along with the customer's name select orders.orderid, orders.orderdate, orders.totalamount, customers.name from orders join customers on orders.customerid = customers.customerid;
- -- 9. List products purchased in each order.

select orders.orderid, products.productname, order_details.quantity, order_details.price from orders

join order_details on orders.orderid = order_details.orderid join products on order_details.productid = products.productid;

- -- 10. Find customers who have never placed an order. select * from customers left join orders on customers.customerid = orders.customerid where orders.orderid is null:
- -- 11. Find the total amount spent by each customer. select customers.customerid, customers.name, sum(orders.totalamount) from customers left join orders on customers.customerid = orders.customerid group by customers.customerid, <u>customers.name</u>;
- -- 12. Which product has been sold the most (by quantity)? select products.productname, sum(order_details.quantity) as total from products join order_details on products.productid = order_details.productid group by products.productname order by total desc limit 1;
- -- 13. Find the average order value for each customer. select customers.name, avg(orders.totalamount) from customers left join orders on customers.customerid = orders.customerid group by customers.customerid = orders.customerid
- -- 14. Total sales amount per product category. select products.category, sum(order_details.quantity * order_details.price) from products left join order_details on products.productid = order_details.productid group by products.category;
- -- 15. Find customers who spent more than the average spending. select customerid, name from customers where (select sum(totalamount) from orders

(select sum(totalamount) from orders
where orders.customerid = customers.customerid) >
(select avg(totalamount) from orders);

- -- 16. List products that have never been ordered.
 select * from products
 where products.productid not in (select productid from order_details);
- -- 17. Find the most recent order for each customer.

select customers.name, orders.orderid, orders.orderdate, orders.totalamount from customers join orders on orders.customerid = customers.customerid where orders.orderdate = (
 select max(orderdate)
 from orders
 where customers.customerid = orders.customerid
);

- -- 18. Rank customers by total spending (highest first). select customers.name, sum(orders.totalamount) as total_spent from customers join orders on customers.customerid = orders.customerid group by customers.name order by total spent desc;
- -- 19. Get the top 3 customers based on the number of orders placed. select customers.name, count(orderid) as total_orders from customers join orders on customers.customerid = orders.customerid group by customers.name order by total_orders desc limit 3;
- -- 20. For each product, find how many unique customers have purchased it. select products.productname, count(distinct orders.customerid) from products join order_details on products.productid = order_details.productid join orders on order_details.orderid = orders.orderid group by products.productid, products.productname;