# Case Study 2 – Customers and Transactions Data

The required tables CUSTOMERS and TRANSACTIONS are created using the To-do session of Hive basics session.

Creating the tables in hive.

The data from both these tables can be seen below.

```
hive> select * from customer;
oĸ
101
        Amitabh Bacchan 65
                                 Actor
102
        Sharukh Khan
                         45
                                 Doctor
103
        Akshay Kumar
                         38
                                 Dentist
104
        Anubahv kumar
                         58
                                 Business
                Trivedi 34
105
        Pawan
                                 service
                        42
106
        Aamir
                Null
                                 scientest
107
        Salman
                         43
                Khan
                                 Surgen
108
        Ranbir
                Kapoor 26
                                 Industrialist
Time taken: 4.404 seconds, Fetched: 8 row(s)
```

```
hive> select * from transactions;
0K
97834
       05/02/2018
                       101
                                965.0
                                       Entertainment Movie
                                                                Pune
                                                                        Maharashtra
                                                                                        Daughter
                                       Food Grocery<sub>T</sub>Patna
98396
       12/01/2018
                       102
                               239.0
                                                                Bihar
                                                                        Self
                                875.0
                                                                        Karnataka
34908
        06/01/2018
                       101
                                                       <sup>L</sup>Bangalore
                                       Travel Air
                                                                                        Spouse
70958
                                                                Delhi
        17/02/2018
                       104
                                439.0
                                       Food
                                               Restaurant
                                                                        Delhi
                                                                              Wife
9874
        21/01/2018
                       105
                                509.0
                                        Entertainment
                                                       Park
                                                                Kolkata West Bengal
                                                                                        NULL
94585
       19/01/2018
                       106
                                629.0
                                       Rent House
                                                       Hyderabad
                                                                        Telangana
                                                                                        Self
                                953.0
                                       Travel Rail
45509
                                                       Chennai Tamil Nadu
                                                                                Brother
        20/01/2018
                       107
7864
        01/02/2018
                      108
                                569.0
                                       Rent
                                               Parking Goa
                                                                Goa
                                                                        Wife
Time taken: 0.498 seconds, Fetched: 8 row(s)
```

### **Objective 1:**

### Find out the number of transaction done by each customer.

Only the custno and the number of transactions can be queries only the transactions table.

select custno, count(\*) from TRANSACTIONS group by custno;

The custid, along with the customer's first name can be queried as follows.

select t.custno,c.fname, count(\*) from CUSTOMER c, TRANSACTIONS t where c.custid=t.custno group by c.fname,t.custno;

```
Stage-Stage-2: Map: 1
                        Reduce: 1
                                     Cumulative CPU:
Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 7 seconds 450 msec
oĸ
106
        Aamir
101
        Amitabh 2
        Anubahv 1
104
105
        Pawan
                 1
108
        Ranbir
                 1
107
        Salman
                 1
102
        Sharukh
                1
Fime taken: 136.514 seconds, Fetched: 7 row(s)
```

The custid, customer name and the count of times the customer has occurred in the Transactions table is shown, thus showing the number of transactions per each customer.

#### **Objective 2:**

Create a new table called TRANSACTIONS\_COUNT. This table should have 3 fields - custid, fname and count.

```
create table TRANSACTIONS_COUNT(
    custid INT,
    fname STRING,
    count INT)
    row format delimited fields terminated by ',';
```

The table with the given column names is created.

# **Objective 3:**

Now write a hive query in such a way that the query populates the data obtained in Step 1 above and populate the table in step 2 above.

insert overwrite table TRANSACTIONS\_COUNT select t.custno,c.fname, count(\*) from CUSTOMER c, TRANSACTIONS t where c.custid=t.custno group by c.fname,t.custno;

```
Stage-Stage-2: Map: 1
                       Reduce: 1
                                    Cumulative CPU: 7.77 sec
Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 7 seconds 770 msec
oĸ
Time taken: 125.207 seconds
hive> select * from TRANSACTIONS COUNT;
oĸ
106
        Aamir
                1
101
        Amitabh 2
104
        Anubahv 1
105
        Pawan
                1
108
        Ranbir
                1
107
        Salman
                1
102
        Sharukh 1
Time taken: 0.54 seconds, Fetched: 7 row(s)
```

The data from step 1 is inserted into the newly created table TRANSACTIONS\_COUNT. The first line OK in the above screenshot is from when the command is run. And when queried the new table, the data is there.

# **Objective 4:**

Now let's make the TRANSACTIONS\_COUNT table Hbase complaint. In the sense, use Ser Des and Storage handler features of hive to change the TRANSACTIONS\_COUNT table to be able to create a TRANSACTIONS table in Hbase.

For a table to be Hbase compliant and to load data into a hbase table from hive, a table has to be created in HBASE. Then, that table name can be specified in the serde properties command in Hive.

Creation of table in Hbase.

create 'TRANSACTIONS','txn details'

```
hbase(main):001:0> create 'TRANSACTIONS','txn_details'
0 row(s) in 11.5330 seconds
=> Hbase::Table - TRANSACTIONS
```

The table name is TRANSACTIONS and column family is txn\_details. The columns from hive can be added into this column family.

Then, we have to create the Hive external table on top of HBase table that you want to populate.

CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE HBASE\_TRANSACTIONS (custid INT,fname STRING, count INT)

STORED BY 'org.apache.hadoop.hive.hbase.HBaseStorageHandler'

WITH SERDEPROPERTIES ("hbase.columns.mapping" =

":key,txn\_details:fname,txn\_details:count")

TBLPROPERTIES("hbase.table.name"="transactions");

An external table is created. The HBaseStorageHandler is used in creation of the table because the table has to be Hbase compliant.

In the serde properties, the column mappings are specified as to which column in hive table is mapped to which column in which column family in Hbase.

Then in the table properties, the name of the Hbase table is specified.

#### **Objective 5:**

Now insert the data in TRANSACTIONS\_COUNT table using the query in step 3 again, this should populate the Hbase TRANSACTIONS table automatically.

Populating the newly created external table.

insert into HBASE\_TRANSACTIONS select t.custno,c.fname, count(\*) from CUSTOMER c, TRANSACTIONS t where c.custid=t.custno group by c.fname,t.custno;

```
hive> insert into HBASE_TRANSACTIONS select t.custno,c.fname, count(*) from CUSTOMER c, TRANSACTIONS t where c.custid=t.custno o group by c.fname,t.custno;

WARNING: Hive-on-MR is deprecated in Hive 2 and may not be available in the future versions. Consider using a different execution engine (i.e. spark, tez) or using Hive 1.X releases.

Query ID = acadgild_20180708233544_9c9d2590-b747-4b30-92ca-4b9cf22413a9

Total jobs = 1

SLF4J: Class path contains multiple SLF4J bindings.

SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/home/acadgild/install/hive/apache-hive-2.3.2-bin/lib/log4j-slf4j-impl-2.6.2.jar!/org/slf4j/impl/StaticLoggerBinder.class]

SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/home/acadgild/install/hadoop/hadoop-2.6.5/share/hadoop/common/lib/slf4j-log4j12-1.7.5.jar!

/org/slf4j/impl/StaticLoggerBinder.class]

SLF4J: See http://www.slf4j.org/codes.html#multiple_bindings for an explanation.

SLF4J: Actual binding is of type [org.apache.logging.slf4j.Log4jLoggerFactory]

2018-07-08 23:36:02 Starting to launch local task to process map join; maximum memory = 518979584

2018-07-08 23:36:06 Dump the side-table for tag: 0 with group count: 8 into file: file:/tmp/acadgild/5171622c-dc38-4236-8

547-311a499ee3bd/hive_2018-07-08_23-35-44_149_4150623491756838210-1/-local-10002/HashTable-Stage-4/MapJoin-mapfile20--.hashtable
```

Once the command is successfully executed, the data can be seen in Hbase table too.

```
hbase(main):003:0> scan 'TRANSACTIONS'
ROW
 101
                                      column=txn_details:count, timestamp=1531073229277, value=2
 101
                                      column=txn_details:fname, timestamp=1531073229277, value=Amitabh
 102
                                      column=txn_details:count, timestamp=1531073229277, value=1
                                      column=txn details:fname, timestamp=1531073229277, value=Sharukh
 102
 104
                                      column=txn_details:count, timestamp=1531073229277, value=1
                                      column=txn_details:fname, timestamp=1531073229277, value=Anubahv
column=txn_details:count, timestamp=1531073229277, value=1
 104
 105
 105
                                      column=txn_details:fname, timestamp=1531073229277, value=Pawan
 106
                                      column=txn_details:count, timestamp=1531073229277, value=1
                                      column=txn_details:fname, timestamp=1531073229277, value=Aamir
 106
 107
                                      column=txn_details:count, timestamp=1531073229277, value=1
                                      column=txn_details:fname, timestamp=1531073229277, value=Salman
column=txn_details:count, timestamp=1531073229277, value=1
 107
 108
                                      column=txn_details:fname, timestamp=1531073229277, value=Ranbir
 108
 row(s) in 0.6750 seconds
```

The table contents in hbase are displayed and the 7 rows can be seen in hbase too.

So, the table in Hbase is automatically populated when the hive table is populated.

#### **Objective 6:**

Now from the Hbase level, write the Hbase java API code to access and scan the TRANSACTIONS table data from java level.

```
package com.acadgild.cs2;
import java.io.IOException;
import org.apache.hadoop.conf.Configuration;
import org.apache.hadoop.hbase.HBaseConfiguration;
import org.apache.hadoop.hbase.util.Bytes;
import org.apache.hadoop.hbase.client.HTable;
import org.apache.hadoop.hbase.client.Result;
import org.apache.hadoop.hbase.client.ResultScanner;
import org.apache.hadoop.hbase.client.Scan;
public class ScanTable {
  public static void main(String args[]) throws IOException {
    Configuration config = HBaseConfiguration.create();
    @SuppressWarnings({ "deprecation", "resource" })
    HTable table = new HTable(config, "TRANSACTIONS");
    Scan scan = new Scan();
    scan.addColumn(Bytes.toBytes("txn_details"), Bytes.toBytes("count"));
    scan.addColumn(Bytes.toBytes("txn_details"), Bytes.toBytes("fname"));
    ResultScanner scanner = table.getScanner(scan);
    for (Result result = scanner.next(); result != null; result = scanner.next()) {
      String Row = Bytes.toString(result.getRow());
      String name = Bytes.toString(result.getValue("txn details".getBytes(),
"fname".getBytes()));
      String count = Bytes.toString(result.getValue("txn_details".getBytes(),
"count".getBytes()));
      System.out.println(Row + "," + name + "," + count);
      scanner.close();
```

```
■ *ScanTable.java 

□
    public class ScanTable {
         public static void main(String args[]) throws IOException {
 13
             Configuration config = HBaseConfiguration.create();
@SuppressWarnings({ "deprecation", "resource" })
HTable table = new HTable(config, "TRANSACTIONS");
 15
 16
              Scan scan = new Scan();
              scan.addColumn(Bytes.toBytes("txn_details"), Bytes.toBytes("count"));
 18
              scan.addColumn(Bytes.toBytes("txn details"), Bytes.toBytes("fname"));
 20
              ResultScanner scanner = table.getScanner(scan);
 21
22
23
24
25
26
27
              for (Result result = scanner.next(); result != null; result = scanner.next()) {
                  String Row = Bytes.toString(result.getRow());
                  String name = Bytes.toString(result.getValue("txn details".getBytes(), "fname".getBytes())
                  String count = Bytes.toString(result.getValue("txn_details".getBytes(), "count".getBytes()
                  System.out.println(Row + "," + name + "," + count);
                  scanner.close();
         }
                                                              M 0
🙎 Problems @ Javadoc 🚨 Declaration 📮 Console 🛭
<terminated> ScanTable [Java Application] /usr/java/jdk1.8.0_151/bin/java (Jul 10, 2018, 12:02:13 AM)
2018-07-10 00:02:36,448 INFO [main-SendThread(localhost:2181)] zookeeper.ClientCnxn (ClientCnxn.java:onConn
101,Amitabh,2
102,Sharukh,1
104,Anubahv,1
105,Pawan,1
106,Aamir,1
107,Salman,1
108,Ranbir,1
```

The data is displayed in the data in console. 7 rows are displayed from the table 'TRANSACTIONS'. The data from the table is displayed.